# MITSUBISHI 

Mitsubishi Programmable Controller वलELSEE $L$

## MELSEC-L LD77MH Simple Motion Module User's Manual

Positioning Control

## Lseries

## - SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

(Please read these instructions before using this equipment.)
Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals introduced in this manual carefully and pay full attention to safety to handle the product correctly.
Refer to the Users manual of the CPU module to use for a description of the PLC system safety precautions.
In this manual, the safety instructions are ranked as "DANGER" and "CAUTION".


Depending on circumstances, procedures indicated by $\widehat{\$}$ CAUTION may also be linked to serious results.
In any case, it is important to follow the directions for usage.
Please save this manual to make it accessible when required and always forward it to the end user.

## For Safe Operations

1. Prevention of electric shocks

## 〔. DANGER

- Never open the front case or terminal covers while the power is ON or the unit is running, as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Never run the unit with the front case or terminal cover removed. The high voltage terminal and charged sections will be exposed and may lead to electric shocks.
- Never open the front case or terminal cover at times other than wiring work or periodic inspections even if the power is OFF. The insides of the module and servo amplifier are charged and may lead to electric shocks.
- Completely turn off the externally supplied power used in the system before mounting or removing the module, performing wiring work, or inspections. Failing to do so may lead to electric shocks.
- When performing wiring work or inspections, turn the power OFF, wait at least ten minutes, and then check the voltage with a tester, etc. Failing to do so may lead to electric shocks.
- Be sure to ground the module, servo amplifier and servomotor (Ground resistance: $100 \Omega$ or less). Do not ground commonly with other devices.
- The wiring work and inspections must be done by a qualified technician.
- Wire the units after installing the module, servo amplifier and servomotor. Failing to do so may lead to electric shocks or damage.
- Never operate the switches with wet hands, as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Do not damage, apply excessive stress, place heavy things on or sandwich the cables, as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Do not touch the module, servo amplifier, servomotor connector or terminal blocks while the power is ON , as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Do not touch the built-in power supply, built-in grounding or signal wires of the module and servo amplifier, as this may lead to electric shocks.


## 2. For fire prevention

## ©CAUTION

- Install the module, servo amplifier, servomotor and regenerative resistor on incombustible. Installing them directly or close to combustibles will lead to fire.
- If a fault occurs in the module or servo amplifier, shut the power OFF at the servo amplifier's power source. If a large current continues to flow, fire may occur.
- When using a regenerative resistor, shut the power OFF with an error signal. The regenerative resistor may abnormally overheat due to a fault in the regenerative transistor, etc., and may lead to fire.
- Always take heat measures such as flame proofing for the inside of the control panel where the servo amplifier or regenerative resistor is installed and for the wires used. Failing to do so may lead to fire.
- Do not damage, apply excessive stress, place heavy things on or sandwich the cables, as this may lead to fire.


## 3. For injury prevention

## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- Do not apply a voltage other than that specified in the instruction manual on any terminal. Doing so may lead to destruction or damage.
- Do not mistake the terminal connections, as this may lead to destruction or damage.
- Do not mistake the polarity ( + / - ), as this may lead to destruction or damage.
- Do not touch the heat radiating fins of module or servo amplifier, regenerative resistor and servomotor, etc., while the power is ON and for a short time after the power is turned OFF. In this timing, these parts become very hot and may lead to burns.
- Always turn the power OFF before touching the servomotor shaft or coupled machines, as these parts may lead to injuries.
- Do not go near the machine during test operations or during operations such as teaching. Doing so may lead to injuries.


## 4. Various precautions

Strictly observe the following precautions. Mistaken handling of the unit may lead to faults, injuries or electric shocks.
(1) System structure

## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- Always install a leakage breaker on the module and servo amplifier power source.
- If installation of an electromagnetic contactor for power shut off during an error, etc., is specified in the instruction manual for the servo amplifier, etc., always install the electromagnetic contactor.
- Install the emergency stop circuit externally so that the operation can be stopped immediately and the power shut off.
- Use the module, servo amplifier, servomotor and regenerative resistor with the correct combinations listed in the instruction manual. Other combinations may lead to fire or faults.
- Use the CPU module and Simple Motion module with the correct combinations listed in the instruction manual. Other combinations may lead to faults.
- If safety standards (ex., robot safety rules, etc.,) apply to the system using the module, servo amplifier and servomotor, make sure that the safety standards are satisfied.
- Construct a safety circuit externally of the module or servo amplifier if the abnormal operation of the module or servo amplifier differ from the safety directive operation in the system.
- In systems where coasting of the servomotor will be a problem during the forced stop, emergency stop, servo OFF or power supply OFF, use dynamic brakes.
- Make sure that the system considers the coasting amount even when using dynamic brakes.
- In systems where perpendicular shaft dropping may be a problem during the forced stop, emergency stop, servo OFF or power supply OFF, use both dynamic brakes and electromagnetic brakes.
- The dynamic brakes must be used only on errors that cause the forced stop, emergency stop, or servo OFF. These brakes must not be used for normal braking.
- The brakes (electromagnetic brakes) assembled into the servomotor are for holding applications, and must not be used for normal braking.


## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- The system must have a mechanical allowance so that the machine itself can stop even if the stroke limits switch is passed through at the max. speed.
- Use wires and cables that have a wire diameter, heat resistance and bending resistance compatible with the system.
- Use wires and cables within the length of the range described in the instruction manual.
- The ratings and characteristics of the parts (other than module, servo amplifier and servomotor) used in a system must be compatible with the module, servo amplifier and servomotor.
- Install a cover on the shaft so that the rotary parts of the servomotor are not touched during operation.
- There may be some cases where holding by the electromagnetic brakes is not possible due to the life or mechanical structure (when the ball screw and servomotor are connected with a timing belt, etc.). Install a stopping device to ensure safety on the machine side.
(2) Parameter settings and programming
$\triangle$ CAUTION
- Set the parameter values to those that are compatible with the module, servo amplifier, servomotor and regenerative resistor model and the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- The regenerative resistor model and capacity parameters must be set to values that conform to the operation mode and servo amplifier. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- Set the mechanical brake output and dynamic brake output validity parameters to values that are compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- Set the stroke limit input validity parameter to a value that is compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the setting is incorrect.
- Set the servomotor encoder type (increment, absolute position type, etc.) parameter to a value that is compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the setting is incorrect.
- Set the servomotor capacity and type (standard, low-inertia, flat, etc.) parameter to values that are compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- Set the servo amplifier capacity and type parameters to values that are compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- Use the program commands for the program with the conditions specified in the instruction manual.
- Set the sequence function program capacity setting, device capacity, latch validity range, I/O assignment setting, and validity of continuous operation during error detection to values that are compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.


## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- Some devices used in the program have fixed applications, so use these with the conditions specified in the instruction manual.
- The input devices and data registers assigned to the link will hold the data previous to when communication is terminated by an error, etc. Thus, an error correspondence interlock program specified in the instruction manual must be used.
- Use the interlock program specified in the intelligent function module's instruction manual for the program corresponding to the intelligent function module.


## (3) Transportation and installation

## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- Transport the product with the correct method according to the mass.
- Use the servomotor suspension bolts only for the transportation of the servomotor. Do not transport the servomotor with machine installed on it.
- Do not stack products past the limit.
- When transporting the module or servo amplifier, never hold the connected wires or cables.
- When transporting the servomotor, never hold the cables, shaft or detector.
- When transporting the module or servo amplifier, never hold the front case as it may fall off.
- When transporting, installing or removing the module or servo amplifier, never hold the edges.
- Install the unit according to the instruction manual in a place where the mass can be withstood.
- Do not get on or place heavy objects on the product.
- Always observe the installation direction.
- Keep the designated clearance between the module or servo amplifier and control panel inner surface or the module and servo amplifier, module or servo amplifier and other devices.
- Do not install or operate modules, servo amplifiers or servomotors that are damaged or that have missing parts.
- Do not block the intake/outtake ports of the servo amplifier and servomotor with cooling fan.
- Do not allow conductive matter such as screw or cutting chips or combustible matter such as oil enter the module, servo amplifier or servomotor.
- The module, servo amplifier and servomotor are precision machines, so do not drop or apply strong impacts on them.
- Securely fix the module, servo amplifier and servomotor to the machine according to the instruction manual. If the fixing is insufficient, these may come off during operation.
- Always install the servomotor with reduction gears in the designated direction. Failing to do so may lead to oil leaks.


## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- Store and use the unit in the following environmental conditions.

| Environment | Conditions |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Module/Servo amplifier | Servomotor |
| Ambient temperature | According to each instruction manual. | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (With no freezing) $\left(32^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \text { to }+104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| Ambient humidity | According to each instruction manual. | $80 \%$ RH or less <br> (With no dew condensation) |
| Storage temperature | According to each instruction manual. | $\begin{aligned} & -20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+65^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \left(-4^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \text { to }+149^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) \end{aligned}$ |
| Atmosphere | Indoors (where not subject to direct sunlight). <br> No corrosive gases, flammable gases, oil mist or dust must exist |  |
| Altitude | 1000 m ( 3280.84 ft .) or less above sea level |  |
| Vibration | According to each instruction manual |  |

- When coupling with the servomotor shaft end, do not apply impact such as by hitting with a hammer. Doing so may lead to detector damage.
- Do not apply a load larger than the tolerable load onto the servomotor shaft. Doing so may lead to shaft breakage.
- When not using the module for a long time, disconnect the power line from the module or servo amplifier.
- Place the module and servo amplifier in static electricity preventing vinyl bags and store.
- When storing for a long time, please contact with our sales representative.

Also, execute a trial operation.

- Make sure that the connectors for the servo amplifier and peripheral devices have been securely installed until a click is heard.
Not doing so could lead to a poor connection, resulting in erroneous input and output.
(4) Wiring


## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- Correctly and securely wire the wires. Reconfirm the connections for mistakes and the terminal screws for tightness after wiring. Failing to do so may lead to run away of the servomotor.
- After wiring, install the protective covers such as the terminal covers to the original positions.
- Do not install a phase advancing capacitor, surge absorber or radio noise filter (option FR-BIF) on the output side of the servo amplifier.
- Correctly connect the output side (terminal U, V, W). Incorrect connections will lead the servomotor to operate abnormally.
- Do not connect a commercial power supply to the servomotor, as this may lead to trouble.


## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- Do not mistake the direction of the surge absorbing diode installed on the DC relay for the control signal output of brake signals, etc. Incorrect installation may lead to signals not being output when trouble occurs or the protective functions not functioning.


For the sink output interface


For the source output interface

- Do not connect or disconnect the connection cables between each unit, the encoder cable or PLC expansion cable while the power is ON.
- Securely tighten the cable connector fixing screws and fixing mechanisms. Insufficient fixing may lead to the cables combing off during operation.
- Do not bundle the power line or cables.
- Use applicable solderless terminals and tighten them with the specified torque. If any solderless spade terminal is used, it may be disconnected when the terminal screw comes loose, resulting in failure.


## (5) Trial operation and adjustment

## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- Confirm and adjust the program and each parameter before operation. Unpredictable movements may occur depending on the machine.
- Extreme adjustments and changes may lead to unstable operation, so never make them.
- When using the absolute position system function, on starting up, and when the module or absolute value motor has been replaced, always perform a home position return.
- Before starting test operation, set the parameter speed limit value to the slowest value, and make sure that operation can be stopped immediately by the forced stop, etc. if a hazardous state occurs.


## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- Immediately turn OFF the power if smoke, abnormal sounds or odors are emitted from the module, servo amplifier or servomotor.
- Always execute a test operation before starting actual operations after the program or parameters have been changed or after maintenance and inspection.
- Do not attempt to disassemble and repair the units excluding a qualified technician whom our company recognized.
- Do not make any modifications to the unit.
- Keep the effect or electromagnetic obstacles to a minimum by installing a noise filter or by using wire shields, etc.
Electromagnetic obstacles may affect the electronic devices used near the module or servo amplifier.
- When using the CE Mark-compliant equipment design, refer to the "EMC Installation Guidelines" (data number IB(NA)-67339) and refer to the corresponding EMC guideline information for the servo amplifiers and other equipment.
- Note that when the reference axis speed is designated for interpolation operation, the speed of the partner axis (2nd axis, 3rd axis and 4th axis) may be larger than the set speed (larger than the speed limit value).
- Use the units with the following conditions.

| Item | Conditions |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | L61P | L63P |  |
| Input power | 100 to $240 \mathrm{VAC}_{-15 \%}^{+10 \%}$ <br> $(85$ to 264 VAC$)$ | $24 \mathrm{VDC}_{-55 \%}^{+30 \%}$ <br> $(15.6$ to 31.2 VDC$)$ |  |
| Input frequency | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 5 \%$ |  |  |
| Tolerable momentary <br> power failure | 10 ms or less |  |  |

## ©CAUTION

- If an error occurs in the self diagnosis of the module or servo amplifier, confirm the check details according to the instruction manual, and restore the operation.
- If a dangerous state is predicted in case of a power failure or product failure, use a servomotor with electromagnetic brakes or install a brake mechanism externally.
- Use a double circuit construction so that the electromagnetic brake operation circuit can be operated by emergency stop signals set externally.

- If an error occurs, remove the cause, secure the safety and then resume operation after alarm release.
- The unit may suddenly resume operation after a power failure is restored, so do not go near the machine. (Design the machine so that personal safety can be ensured even if the machine restarts suddenly.)
(8) Maintenance, inspection and part replacement


## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- Perform the daily and periodic inspections according to the instruction manual.
- Perform maintenance and inspection after backing up the program and parameters for the module and servo amplifier.
- Do not place fingers or hands in the clearance when opening or closing any opening.
- Periodically replace consumable parts such as batteries according to the instruction manual.
- Do not touch the lead sections such as ICs or the connector contacts.
- Before touching the module, always touch grounded metal, etc. to discharge static electricity from human body. Failure to do so may cause the module to fail or malfunction.
- Do not directly touch the module's conductive parts and electronic components.

Touching them could cause an operation failure or give damage to the module.

- Do not place the module or servo amplifier on metal that may cause a power leakage or wood, plastic or vinyl that may cause static electricity buildup.
- Do not perform a megger test (insulation resistance measurement) during inspection.
- When replacing the module or servo amplifier, always set the new module settings correctly.


## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- When the module or absolute value motor has been replaced, carry out a home position return operation using one of the following methods, otherwise position displacement could occur.

1) After writing the servo data to the Simple Motion module using programming software, switch on the power again, then perform a home position return operation.

- After maintenance and inspections are completed, confirm that the position detection of the absolute position detector function is correct.
- Do not drop or impact the battery installed to the module.

Doing so may damage the battery, causing battery liquid to leak in the battery. Do not use the dropped or impacted battery, but dispose of it.

- Do not short circuit, charge, overheat, incinerate or disassemble the batteries.
- The electrolytic capacitor will generate gas during a fault, so do not place your face near the module or servo amplifier.
- The electrolytic capacitor and fan will deteriorate. Periodically replace these to prevent secondary damage from faults. Replacements can be made by our sales representative.
- Lock the control panel and prevent access to those who are not certified to handle or install electric equipment.
- Do not mount/remove the module or terminal block more than 50 times (IEC61131-2-compliant), after the first use of the product. Failure to do so may cause malfunction.
- Do not burn or break a module and servo amplifier. Doing so may cause a toxic gas.
(9) About processing of waste

When you discard module, servo amplifier, a battery (primary battery) and other option articles, please follow the law of each country (area).

## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- This product is not designed or manufactured to be used in equipment or systems in situations that can affect or endanger human life.
- When considering this product for operation in special applications such as machinery or systems used in passenger transportation, medical, aerospace, atomic power, electric power, or submarine repeating applications, please contact your nearest Mitsubishi sales representative.
- Although this product was manufactured under conditions of strict quality control, you are strongly advised to install safety devices to forestall serious accidents when it is used in facilities where a breakdown in the product is likely to cause a serious accident.


## (10) General cautions

## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- All drawings provided in the instruction manual show the state with the covers and safety partitions removed to explain detailed sections. When operating the product, always return the covers and partitions to the designated positions, and operate according to the instruction manual.


## - CONDITIONS OF USE FOR THE PRODUCT

(1) Mitsubishi programmable controller ("the PRODUCT") shall be used in conditions;
i) where any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT, if any, shall not lead to any major or serious accident; and
ii) where the backup and fail-safe function are systematically or automatically provided outside of the PRODUCT for the case of any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT.
(2) The PRODUCT has been designed and manufactured for the purpose of being used in general industries. MITSUBISHI SHALL HAVE NO RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY AND ALL RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY BASED ON CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, PRODUCT LIABILITY) FOR ANY INJURY OR DEATH TO PERSONS OR LOSS OR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY CAUSED BY the PRODUCT THAT ARE OPERATED OR USED IN APPLICATION NOT INTENDED OR EXCLUDED BY INSTRUCTIONS, PRECAUTIONS, OR WARNING CONTAINED IN MITSUBISHI'S USER, INSTRUCTION AND/OR SAFETY MANUALS, TECHNICAL BULLETINS AND GUIDELINES FOR the PRODUCT.
("Prohibited Application")
Prohibited Applications include, but not limited to, the use of the PRODUCT in;

- Nuclear Power Plants and any other power plants operated by Power companies, and/or any other cases in which the public could be affected if any problem or fault occurs in the PRODUCT.
- Railway companies or Public service purposes, and/or any other cases in which establishment of a special quality assurance system is required by the Purchaser or End User.
- Aircraft or Aerospace, Medical applications, Train equipment, transport equipment such as Elevator and Escalator, Incineration and Fuel devices, Vehicles, Manned transportation, Equipment for Recreation and Amusement, and Safety devices, handling of Nuclear or Hazardous Materials or Chemicals, Mining and Drilling, and/or other applications where there is a significant risk of injury to the public or property.

Notwithstanding the above, restrictions Mitsubishi may in its sole discretion, authorize use of the PRODUCT in one or more of the Prohibited Applications, provided that the usage of the PRODUCT is limited only for the specific applications agreed to by Mitsubishi and provided further that no special quality assurance or fail-safe, redundant or other safety features which exceed the general specifications of the PRODUCTs are required. For details, please contact the Mitsubishi representative in your region.

## INTRODUCTION

Thank you for purchasing the Mitsubishi MELSEC-L series programmable controllers.
This manual describes the functions and programming of the Simple Motion module.

Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals carefully and develop familiarity with the functions and performance of the MELSEC-L series programmable controller to handle the product correctly.
When applying the program examples introduced in this manual to the actual system, ensure the applicability and confirm that it will not cause system control problems.

Please make sure that the end users read this manual.

## REMARK

- Unless otherwise specified, this manual describes the program examples in which the I/O numbers of X/Y00 to X/Y1F are assigned for an L series Simple Motion module. I/O number assignment is required for using the program examples described in the manual.
For I/O number assignment, refer to the following.
MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program
Fundamentals)
- Operating procedures are explained using GX Works2. When using GX Developer, refer to Appendix 6.

REVISIONS

* The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover.

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| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Jan., 2011 | $\mathrm{IB}(\mathrm{NA}) 0300172$-A | First edition |
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Japanese Manual Version IB-0300162

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## COMPLIANCE WITH THE EMC AND LOW VOLTAGE DIRECTIVES

(1) For programmable controller system

To configure a system meeting the requirements of the EMC and Low Voltage Directives when incorporating the Mitsubishi programmable controller (EMC and Low Voltage Directives compliant) into other machinery or equipment, refer to the Safety Guidelines provided with the PLC CPU module. Also, refer to "Example of measure against noise for compliance with the EMC directive" of the Section 4.3.1 of this manual.

The CE mark, indicating compliance with the EMC and Low Voltage Directives, is printed on the rating plate of the programmable controller.
(2) For the product

To make this product comply with EMC and Low Voltage Directives, refer to Section 4.3.1 "Precautions for wiring".

## RELEVANT MANUALS

(1) Simple motion module user's manual

| Manual Name <br> <Manual number (model code)> | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| MELSEC-L LD77MH Simple Motion Module User's Manual <br> (Positioning Control) | Specifications of the LD77MH and information on how to <br> establish a system, maintenance and inspection, and <br> troubleshooting <br> <unctions, programming and buffer memory for the |
| MELSEC-L LD77MH Simple Motion Module User's Manual <br> (Synchronous Control) | Functions, programming and buffer memory for the <br> positioning control of the LD77MH |

(2) CPU module user's manual

| Manual Name <br> <Manual number (model code)> | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual <br> (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection) | Specifications of the CPU modules, power supply modules, <br> display unit, SD memory cards, and batteries, information on <br> <SH-080890ENG, 13JZ36> <br> troubleshooting |
| MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual <br> (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals) <br> <SH-080889ENG, 13JZ35> | Functions and devices of the CPU module, and <br> programming |

(3) Operating manual

| Manual Name <br> <Manual number (model code)> | Description |
| :--- | :--- |

*1: The manual is included in the CD-ROM of the software package in a PDF-format file.
For users interested in buying the manual separately, a printed version is available. Please contact us with the manual number (model code) in the list above.

## MANUAL PAGE ORGANIZATION

$\square$ The symbols used in this manual are shown below.
The following symbols represent the buffer memories supported for each axis.
(A serial No. is inserted in the "*" mark.)

| Symbol | Description | Reference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pr. * | Symbol that indicates positioning parameter and OPR parameter item. | Chapter 5 |
| Da. * | Symbol that indicates positioning data, block start data and condition data item. |  |
| Md. * | Symbol that indicates monitor data item. |  |
| Cd. * | Symbol that indicates control data item. |  |
| LD77MH4 | Symbol that indicates correspondence to only LD77MH4. | - |
| LD77MH16 | Symbol that indicates correspondence to only LD77MH16. |  |

Representation of numerical values used in this manual.

- Buffer memory addresses, error codes and warning codes are represented in decimal.
- X/Y devices are represented in hexadecimal
- Setting data and monitor data are represented in decimal or hexadecimal. Data ended by " H " or " h " is represented in hexadecimal.
(Example) 10.........Decimal
10H......Hexadecimal

TERMS

Unless otherwise specified, this manual uses the following terms.

| Term | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| PLC CPU | Abbreviation for the MELSEC-L series PLC CPU module. |
| LCPU | Another term for the MELSEC-L series PLC CPU module. |
| LD77MH | Another term for the MELSEC-L series Simple Motion module. |
| MR-J3(W)-B | Servo amplifier: Abbreviation for MR-J3(W)-DB. (ロ = capacity) |
| Programming tool | Generic term for GX Works2, GX Developer and MR Configurator2. |
| GX Works2 | Product name of the software package for the MELSEC programmable controllers (Version <br> 1.31 H or later). |
| MR Configurator2 | Product name of the setup software for the servo amplifier (Version 1.01B or later). |
| GX Developer | Product name of the software package for the MELSEC programmable controllers (Version <br> $8.89 T$ <br> or later). |
| GX Configurator-QP | Product name of the setting and monitoring tool for the Simple Motion module (Version 2.34L <br> or later). |
| Intelligent function module | A MELSEC-Q/L series module that has functions other than input or output, such as A/D <br> converter module and D/A converter module |
| Servo amplifier (drive unit) | Abbreviation for SSCNETII compatible servo amplifier (drive unit). |
| Manual pulse generator | Abbreviation for manual pulse generator (MR-HDP01) (prepared by user). |
| OPR | Generic term for "Home position return". |
| OP | Generic term for "Home position". |
| SSCNETIII ${ }^{\text {(Note) }}$ | High speed synchronous communication network between LD77MH and servo amplifier. |

(Note): SSCNET: Servo System Controller NETwork

The following items are included in the package of this product. Before use, check that all the items are included.
(1) LD77MH4


LD77MH4
(2) LD77MH16

LD77MH16



Before Using the Product


Before Using the Product

## Section 1 Product Specifications and Handling

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Chapter 2 System Configuration. ..... 2-1 to 2- 6
Chapter 3 Specifications and Functions ..... 3-1 to 3- 32
Chapter 4 Installation, Wiring and Maintenance of the Product ..... 4-1 to 4- 22
Chapter 5 Data Used for Positioning Control ..... 5-1 to 5-172
Chapter 6 Sequence Program Used for Positioning Control. ..... 6-1 to 6-76
Chapter 7 Memory Configuration and Data Process ..... 7-1 to 7-18

MEMO

## Chapter 1 Product Outline

The purpose and outline of positioning control using LD77MH are explained in this chapter. Reading this chapter will help you understand what can be done using the positioning system and which procedure to use for a specific purpose.

By understanding "What can be done", and "Which procedure to use" beforehand, the positioning system can be structured smoothly.
1.1 Positioning control ..... 1- 2
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1.1.2 Purpose and applications of positioning control ..... 1- 6
1.1.3 Mechanism of positioning control ..... 1- 8
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### 1.1 Positioning control

### 1.1.1 Features of LD77MH

The LD77MH has the following features.
(1) High-speed start time

High-speed start time " 0.88 ms " (LD77MH4 use) during positioning control is achieved.
(2) Wide variety of positioning control functions

The main functions (such as OPR control, positioning control and manual control) which are required for any positioning system and the sub functions which limit and add functions to those controls are supported.
(a) Enhanced OPR control

1) Additional features of OPR control

Five machine OPR methods are provided: one near-point dog method, two count methods, one data set method and one scale origin signal detection method. Select an applicable method according to the system.
2) OPR retry function

The OPR retry function is provided so that the machine OPR control can be performed from any position, regardless of the machine stop position when the system is powered on.
(b) Wide variety of control methods Positioning controls, such as position control, speed control, speed-position switching control, position-speed switching control, and other controls, are provided.

1) Independent control of each axis

Controls, such as position control and speed control, can be performed independently for each axis at any given timing.
2) Interpolation control

Interpolation controls using multiple axes can be performed.
(2- to 4-axis linear interpolation control, 2-axis circular interpolation control, 2- to 4-axis speed control, etc.)
3) Speed-torque control

Speed control and torque control not including position loop can be performed.
(c) Large amount of data

Up to 600 positioning data (combinations of data, such as control system, positioning address, and command speed) per axis can be set.
(d) Continuous processing of multiple positioning data Multiple positioning data can be processed continuously within one positioning operation.
Continuous positioning control can be executed over multiple blocks, where each block consists of multiple positioning data.
This reduces the number of executions of positioning, management of execution status, and others.
(e) Acceleration/deceleration processing

Two acceleration/deceleration processing methods are provided: trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration and S-curve acceleration/deceleration. The acceleration/deceleration curve can be selected according to the machine characteristic.
(3) Synchronous control

The synchronous control and electronic cam control can be performed.
(4) Mark detection function LD77MH16

The mark detection to latch any data by the external command signal [DI1 to DI4] can be performed.
(5) High maintainability

Maintainability is enhanced in the LD77MH.
(a) Data retention without battery

Data such as the positioning data and parameters can be stored in the flash
ROM inside the LD77MH. This feature allows the module retain the data without a battery.
(b) Module error collection function LD77MH16

The LD77MH notifies error details to the PLC CPU when an error occurs.
Storing the error information in the PLC CPU allows the user to check the error from the programming tool even after the module is powered off or reset.
(6) Support of intelligent function module dedicated instructions Dedicated instructions such as the positioning start instruction (Axis 1 to Axis 4) and teaching instruction (Axis 1 to Axis 4 ) are provided. The use of such dedicated instructions simplifies programs. The dedicated instructions are fully compatible with the QD75MH.
(7) Setting, monitoring, and testing through GX Works2

Parameters and positioning data for the LD77MH can be set using GX Works2 (Simple Motion Module Setting).
Moreover, using the test function of GX Works2 (Simple Motion Module Setting), users can check the wiring status and the validity of the preset parameters and positioning data by performing test operation before creating a program for positioning control.
The control monitor function of GX Works2 allows user to debug programs efficiently.
The servo parameters can be set easily by using the GX Works2 in combination with the MR Configurator2.
(8) Compatibility with the QD75MH

The proven programs in QD75MH can be used because the LD77MH is compatible with the QD75MH.

## (9) Forced stop function

The batch forced stop is available for all axes of servo amplifier by the forced stop input signal of the external input.
"Valid/Invalid" of the forced stop input signal can be selected by the parameters.
(10) Connection between the LD77MH and servo amplifier with high speed synchronous network by SSCNETIII
The LD77MH can be directly connected to the Mitsubishi servo amplifiers of MR-J3-B series using the SSCNETIII.
(a) Because the high speed synchronous network by SSCNETIII is used to connect the LD77MH and the servo amplifier, or servo amplifiers, saving wiring can be realized. The maximum distance between the LD77MH and servo amplifier, servo amplifier and servo amplifier of the SSCNETIII cable on the same bus was set to 50(164.04)[m(ft.)], and the flexibility will improve at the system design.
(b) By the use of SSCNETIII cable (Optical communication), influence of electromagnetic noise and others from servo amplifier, etc. are reduced.
(c) The servo parameters can be set on the LD77MH side to write or read them to/from the servo amplifier using the SSCNETIII communication.
(d) The actual current value and error description contained in the servo can be checked by the buffer memory of the LD77MH.
(e) The communication between the MR Configurator2 and servo amplifiers is possible via the PLC CPU.
(11) Easy application to the absolute position system
(a) The MR-J3-B series servo amplifiers and servo motors correspond to the absolute position system. It can be realized only at connecting the battery for absolute position system to the servo amplifier.
(b) Once the OP have been established, the OPR operation is unnecessary at the system's power supply ON.
(c) With the absolute position system, the data set method OPR is used to establish the OP. The wiring of near-point dog, etc. is unnecessary.
(d) When the setting unit is "degree", the absolute position system with unlimited length fed can be configured.

### 1.1.2 Purpose and applications of positioning control

"Positioning" refers to moving a moving body, such as a workpiece or tool (hereinafter, generically called "workpiece") at a designated speed, and accurately stopping it at the target position. The main application examples are shown below.

Punch press (X, Y feed positioning)


- To punch insulation material or leather, etc., as the same shape at a high yield, positioning is carried out with the $X$ axis and $Y$ axis servos.
- After positioning the table with the $X$ axis servo, the press head is positioned with the $Y$ axis servo, and is then punched with the press.
- When the material type or shape changes, the press head die is changed, and the positioning pattern is changed.


Compact machining center (ATC magazine positioning)


Lifter


### 1.1.3 Mechanism of positioning control

In the positioning system using the LD77MH, various software and devices are used for the following roles.
The LD77MH realizes complicated positioning control when it reads in various signals, parameters and data and is controlled with the PLC CPU.


### 1.1.4 Overview of positioning control functions

The outline of the "overview of positioning control" and "overview of individual positioning control and continuous positioning control", "overview of block positioning control" and "overview of acceleration/deceleration processing control" is shown below.

Positioning control
An overview of positioning using positioning data described below.
(1) Linear control
(a) 1-axis linear control

This performs positioning from the start point address (location the axis is presently stopped) defined on the specified axis to the specified position.
[Control using the absolute system]

1) This performs positioning from the start point address to the specified position.
2) The start point address and the specified address determine the movement direction.

## [Example]

The following figure shows the operations when the start point address is 5000 and the positioning address are 2000 and 8000 :

[Control using the increment system]

1) This performs positioning from the specified increment of travel from the start point address.
2) The sign of the travel increment determines the direction of travel.

- For positive travel increment.......Positioning in the positive direction (direction of address increase)
- For negative travel increment......Positioning in the negative direction (direction of address decrease)


## [Example]

The following figure shows the operations when the start point address is 5000 and the travel increments are 3000 and -3000 :

(b) 2-axis linear interpolation control ${ }^{(N o t e)}$

This controls interpolation along a linear locus from the start point address (current stop position) defined by two axes.
[Control using the absolute system]

1) This performs linear interpolation using two axes from the start point address to the endpoint address.
2) The start point address and the specified address determine the direction of travel.
[Example]
The operation when the start point address is 800 for axis 1 and 2000 for axis 2 and the positioning address specified to 2000 for axis 1 and 8000 for axis 2 , is shown below.

[Control using the increment system]
3) This performs positioning from the specified increment of travel from the start point address.
4) The sign of the travel increment determines the direction of travel.

- For positive travel increment.......Positioning in the positive direction (direction of address increase)
- For negative travel increment.......Positioning in the negative direction (direction of address decrease)


## [Example]

The operation when the start point address is 800 for axis 1 and 2000 for axis 2 and the positioning address specified to 1200 for axis 1 and 6000 for axis 2 , is shown below.


## REMARK

(Note): The interpolation speed during linear interpolation control can be selected from "composite speed" and "reference axis speed" using the interpolation speed designation method of detailed parameter 1. (Refer to Section 5.2.3 information about setting " Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method" of the detailed parameter 1.)

## (2) Circular interpolation control ${ }^{(N o t e)}$

There are two types of circular interpolation controls: circular interpolation with a specified sub point and circular interpolation with the specified center point.
(a) Circular interpolation with a specified sub point

Circular interpolation is performed using the specified endpoint address and sub point (passing point) address.
Two methods are available: absolute system and increment system.

(b) Circular interpolation with the specified center point Circular interpolation is performed using the specified endpoint address and center point address.
Two methods are available: absolute system and increment system. Also, the direction of movement can be selected from clockwise or counterclockwise.


## REMARK

(Note): The interpolation speed during circular interpolation control may only be set to "composite speed" for the interpolation speed designation method of detailed parameter 1. (Refer to Section 5.2.3 information about setting "Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method" of the detailed parameter
1.)

## (3) Fixed-feed control

This performs positioning for the specified increment of travel.

(4) Speed control

After command is executed, control continues with the command speed until the stop command is input.


## (5) Speed-position switching control

This starts positioning under speed control, and switches to position control according to the input of the LD77MH speed-position switching signal and perform positioning for the specified increment of travel.


Individual positioning control and continuous positioning control
The LD77MH performs positioning according to the user-set positioning data, which is a set of information comprised of the control method (position control, speed control, speed-position switching control), positioning address, operation pattern, and so on. Up to 600 of positioning data are assigned respectively to positioning data Nos. 1 to 600 per axis and registered to the LD77MH.
The operation pattern set in each positioning data by the user determines whether to perform positioning operation with one positioning data item or to perform continuous positioning operation with multiple positioning data items.
(1) Independent positioning control (operation pattern = 00: positioning complete)
The operation completed upon completion of positioning for the specified positioning data. The positioning completion of this operation pattern is also used as the operation pattern for the last positioning data of continuous positioning and continuous-locus positioning.

(2) Continuous positioning control (operation pattern $=01$ : positioning continues)
The operation stops temporarily upon the completion of positioning for the specified positioning data, and then continues with the next positioning data number.
This is specified when performing positioning in which the direction changes because of multiple positioning data items having consecutive positioning data numbers.

(3) Continuous path control (operation pattern = 11: positioning continue)
After executing positioning using the specified positioning data, the operation changes its speed to that of the next positioning data number and continues positioning.
This is specified when continuously executing multiple positioning data items having consecutive positioning data numbers at a specified speed.


Block positioning control
Block positioning is a control that continuously executes the positioning of specified blocks. One block equivalent to a series of positioning data up to the completion of positioning (operation pattern $=00$ ) by Independent or continuous positioning control. A maximum of 50 blocks per axis can be specified.
Using a one-time start command from the PLC CPU or external, complex positioning control can be performed.
The block positioning control can be performed by specifying the positioning start number and positioning start information in the buffer memory.


Overview of acceleration/deceleration processing control
Acceleration/deceleration processing for the positioning processing, manual pulsegenerator processing, OPR processing and JOG processing is performed using the user-specified method, acceleration time and deceleration time.
(1) Acceleration/deceleration method

There are two types of acceleration and deceleration processing: the trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration processing method and S-curve acceleration/ deceleration processing method. A detailed parameter is used to set which method is used. The specified acceleration/deceleration method is applied to all accelerations and decelerations when starting and completing positioning processing, OPR processing and JOG processing, as well as when changing the speed.
(a) Trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration processing method This is a method in which linear acceleration/deceleration is carried out based on the acceleration time, deceleration time, and speed limit value set by the user.

(b) S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing method This method reduces the load on the motor when starting and stopping. This is a method in which acceleration/deceleration is carried out gradually, based on the acceleration time, deceleration time, speed limit value, and " Pr. 35 S-curve ratio" (1 to 100\%) set by the user.

(2) Acceleration time, deceleration time, sudden-stop deceleration time
(a) For types each of the acceleration time and deceleration time for positioning control can be set using basic parameters 2 and detailed parameters 2.

- Acceleration time.......The time elapses before the speed of 0 reaches the limit value.
- Deceleration time.......The time elapses before the speed at the limit value reaches 0 .
(b) The sudden-stop deceleration time (1 to 8388608 ms ) is set using the acceleration time/deceleration time setting size selection of detailed parameters 2.


### 1.1.5 Outline design of positioning system

The outline of the positioning system operation and design using the LD77MH is shown below.
(1) Positioning system using LD77MH


Fig. 1.1 Outline of the operation of positioning system using LD77MH

### 1.1.6 Communicating signals between LD77MH and each module

The outline of the signal communication between the LD77MH and PLC CPU, GX Works2 and servo amplifier, etc., is shown below.
(GX Works2 communicates with the LD77MH via the PLC CPU to which it is connected.)
(1) LD77MH4


## (2) LD77MH16



LD77MH ↔PLC CPU
The LD77MH and PLC CPU communicate the following data.

| Communication Direction | LD77MH $\rightarrow$ PLC CPU | PLC CPU $\rightarrow$ LD77MH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Control signal * | Signal indicating LD77MH state <br> - LD77 READY signal <br> - BUSY signal and etc. | Signal related to commands <br> - PLC READY signal <br> - All axis servo ON signal <br> - Positioning start signal and etc. |
| Data (read/write) | - Parameter <br> - Positioning data <br> - Block start data <br> - Control data <br> - Monitor data | - Parameter <br> - Positioning data <br> - Block start data <br> - Control data |

* Refer to Section 3.3 "Specifications of input/output signals with PLC CPU" for details.

LD77MH $\leftrightarrow$ GX Works2
The LD77MH and GX Works2 communicate the following data via the PLC CPU:

| Direction |  | LD77MH $\rightarrow$ GX Works2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |$\quad$| GX Works2 $\rightarrow$ LD77MH |
| :--- |

LD77MH $\leftrightarrow$ Servo amplifier
The LD77MH and servo amplifier communicate the following data via the SSCNETII.

| Direction Communication | LD77MH $\rightarrow$ Servo amplifier | Servo amplifier $\rightarrow$ LD77MH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SSCNETIII | - Positioning commands <br> - Control commands <br> - Servo parameter | - Operating information of the servo amplifier <br> - Servo parameter <br> - External input signal of the servo amplifier |

LD77MH $\leftrightarrow$ Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder The LD77MH and manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder communicate the following data via the external input signal connector.

|  | Direction | LD77MH $\rightarrow$ Manual pulse <br> generator/Incremental synchronous <br> encoder |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | | Manual pulse generator/Incremental <br> synchronous encoder $\rightarrow$ LD77MH |
| :---: |
| Pulse signal |

LD77MH $\leftrightarrow$ External signal
The LD77MH and external signal communicate the following data via the external input signal connector.

| Direction | LD77MH $\rightarrow$ External signal | External signal $\rightarrow$ LD77MH |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Communication | - | $\bullet$ Forced stop input signal |
| Control signal |  |  |

### 1.2 Flow of system operation

### 1.2.1 Flow of all processes

The positioning control processes, using the LD77MH, are shown below.


The following work is carried out with the processes shown on the previous page.

|  | Details | Reference |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1) | Understand the product functions and usage methods, the configuration devices <br> and specifications required for positioning control, and design the system. | • Chapter 1 <br> - Chapter 2 <br> - Chapter 3 <br> - Chapter 8 to Chapter 14 |
| 2) | Install the LD77MH onto the PLC CPU, wire the LD77MH and external connection <br> devices (servo amplifier, etc.) and wire the PLC CPU and peripheral devices. | - Chapter 4 |

### 1.2.2 Outline of starting

The outline for starting each control is shown with the following flowchart. *It is assumed that each module is installed, and the required system configuration, etc., has been prepared.


## Setting method



### 1.2.3 Outline of stopping

Each control is stopped in the following cases.
(1) When each control is completed normally.
(2) When the Servo READY signal is turned OFF.
(3) When a PLC CPU error occurs.
(4) When the PLC READY signal is turned OFF.
(5) When an error occurs in the LD77MH.
(6) When control is intentionally stopped (Stop signal from PLC CPU turned ON, etc.).

The outline for the stopping process in these cases is shown below. (Excluding (1) for normal stopping.)
Refer to Section 12.1 "Speed-torque control" for the stop processing during the speed control mode or torque control mode.


| Stop cause |  | Stop axis | M code ON signal after stop | Axis operation status after stopping <br> ( Md. 26 ) | Stop process |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | OPR control |  |  | Major positioning control | High-level positioning control | Manual control |  |
|  |  | Machine OPR control |  |  |  |  | Fast OPR control | JOG/ Inching operation | Manual pulse generator operation |
| Relatively safe stop (Stop group 3) | Axis error detection (Error other than stop group 1 or 2) (Note-1) |  | Each axis | No change | Error | Deceleration stop/sudden stop <br> (Select with " Pr. 39 Stop group 3 sudden stop selection".) |  |  |  |  | Deceleration stop |
|  | "Stop signal" from GX Works2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Intentional stop <br> (Stop group 3) | "Axis stop signal" ON from PLC CPU | Each axis | No change | Stopped (Standby) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(Note-1): If an error occurs in a positioning data due to an invalid setting value, when the continuous positioning control uses multiple positioning successively, it automatically decelerates at the previous positioning data. It does not stop suddenly even the setting value is sudden stop in stop group 3. If any of the following error occurs, the operation is performed up to the positioning data immediately before the positioning data where an error occurred, and then stops immediately.

- No command speed (Error code 503)
- Outside linear movement amount range (Error code 504)
- Large arc error deviation (Error code 506)
- Software stroke limit + (Error code 507)
- Software stroke limit - (Error code 508)
- Sub point setting error (Error code 525)
- End point setting error (Error code 526)
- Center point setting error (Error code 527)
- Outside radius range (Error code 544)
- Illegal setting of ABS direction in unit of degree (Error code 546)


## REMARK

Provide the emergency stop circuits external to the servo system to prevent cases where danger may result from abnormal operation of the overall in the event of a power supply fault or servo system failure.

### 1.2.4 Outline for restarting

When a stop cause has occurred during operation with position control causing the axis to stop, positioning to the end point of the positioning data can be restarted from the stopped position by using the " Cd. 6 Restart command". If issued during a continuous positioning or continuous path control operation, the restart command will cause the positioning to be re-executed using the current position (pointed by the positioning data No. associated with the moment when the movement was interrupted) as the start point.

## When " Cd. 6 Restart command" is ON

(1) If the "Md. 26 Axis operation status" is stopped, positioning to the end point of the positioning data will be restarted from the stopped position regardless of the absolute system or incremental system.
(2) When " Md. 26 Axis operation status" is not stopped, the warning "Restart not possible" (warning code: 104) will be applied, and the restart command will be ignored.
[Example for incremental system]
(a) The restart operation when the axis 1 movement amount is 300 , and the axis 2 movement amount is 600 is shown below.



## REMARK

If the positioning start signal/external command signal * is turned ON while the " Md. 26 Axis operation status" is standby or stopped, positioning will be restarted from the start of the positioning start data regardless of the absolute system or incremental system. ( $*$ : When the external command signal is set to "External positioning start") (Same as normal positioning.)
[Example for incremental system]
(a) The positioning start operation when the axis 1 movement amount is 300 and the axis 2 movement amount is 600 is shown below.


## Chapter 2 System Configuration

In this chapter, the general image of the system configuration of the positioning control using LD77MH, the configuration devices, applicable CPU and the precautions of configuring the system are explained.
Prepare the required configuration devices to match the positioning control system.
2.1 General image of system ..... 2-2
2.2 Component list ..... 2-3
2.3 Applicable system ..... 2-4
2.4 How to check the function version and SERIAL No. ..... 2-5
2.5 Restrictions by the SERIAL No. and version ..... 2-5

### 2.1 General image of system

The general image of the system, including such as the LD77MH, PLC CPU and peripheral devices is shown below.


### 2.2 Component list

The positioning system using the LD77MH is configured of the following devices.

| No. | Part name | Type | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Simple Motion module | LD77MH4 |  |
|  |  | LD77MH16 |  |
| 2 | GX Works2 | - | Refer to the "GX Works2 Version1 Operating Manual (Common)" for details. |
| 3 | MR Configurator2 | - | Refer to the help of MR Configurator2 for details. |
| 4 | Personal computer | Personal computer which supports Windows ${ }^{\circledR}$ | (Prepared by user) <br> Refer to the "GX Works2 Version1 Operating Manual (Common)" for details. |
| 5 | USB cable | - | (Prepared by user) <br> A USB cable is needed for connecting the CPU module with a personal computer. <br> Refer to the "GX Works2 Version1 Operating Manual (Common)" for details. |
| 6 | Ethernet cable | - | (Prepared by user) <br> An Ethernet cable is needed for connecting the CPU module with a personal computer. |
| 7 | Servo amplifier | - | (Prepared by user) |
| 8 | Manual pulse generator | - | (Prepared by user) <br> Recommended: MR-HDP01 (Mitsubishi Electric) |
| 9 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { SSCNETIII } \\ \text { cable } \end{array}$ | - | (Prepared by user) <br> Cables are needed to connect the LD77MH with the servo amplifier, or between servo amplifiers. |
| 10 | External input signal cable ${ }^{\text {(Note-1) }}$ | - | (Prepared by user) <br> Cables are needed to connect the LD77MH with the external device. (Prepare them referring to the manuals for the connected devices and information given in 3.4.2 of this manual.) |

(Note-1): The SSCNETIII cable connecting the LD77MH and servo amplifier, or between servo amplifiers, external input signal connector has been prepared.
[SSCNETIII cable]

| Model name |  | Cable length [m(ft.)] | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MR-J3BUSDM ${ }^{\text {(Note-2) }}$ <br> (Standard cord for inside panel) | MR-J3BUS015M | 0.15 (0.49) | - LD77MH $\leftrightarrow$ MR-J3(W)-DB <br> - MR-J3(W)-ロB $\leftrightarrow M R-J 3(W)-\square B$ |
|  | MR-J3BUS03M | 0.3 (0.98) |  |
|  | MR-J3BUS05M | 0.5 (1.64) |  |
|  | MR-J3BUS1M | 1 (3.28) |  |
|  | MR-J3BUS3M | 3 (9.84) |  |
| MR-J3BUSDM-A ${ }^{\text {(Note-2) }}$ (Standard cable for outside panel) | MR-J3BUS5M-A | 5 (16.40) |  |
|  | MR-J3BUS10M-A | 10 (32.81) |  |
|  | MR-J3BUS20M-A | 20 (65.62) |  |
| MR-J3BUSDM-B ${ }^{\text {(Note-2) }}$ <br> (Long distance cable) | MR-J3BUS30M-B | 30 (98.43) |  |
|  | MR-J3BUS40M-B | 40 (131.23) |  |
|  | MR-J3BUS50M-B | 50 (164.04) |  |

(Note-2): $\square=$ Cable length
(015: $0.15 \mathrm{~m}(0.49 \mathrm{ft}$ ), $03: 0.3 \mathrm{~m}$ ( 0.98 ft.$), 05: 0.5 \mathrm{~m}(1.64 \mathrm{ft}), 1:. 1 \mathrm{~m}(3.28 \mathrm{ft}), 3:. 3 \mathrm{~m}(9.84 \mathrm{ft}), 5:. 5 \mathrm{~m}(16.40 \mathrm{ft}$.$) ,$ 10: 10 m (32.81ft.), 20: 20 m ( 65.62 ft.$), 30: 30 \mathrm{~m}(98.43 \mathrm{ft}$ ), $40: 40 \mathrm{~m}$ (131.23ft.), $50: 50 \mathrm{~m}(164.04 \mathrm{ft}$.$) )$
[External input signal connector]

| Part name | Specification |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Applicable connector | LD77MHIOCON |  |
| Applicable wire size | AWG24 to AWG30 $\left(0.2 \text { to } 0.05 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)^{(\text {Note-3) }}$ |  |

(Note-3): AWG24 ( $0.2 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) is recommended.

Specifications of recommended manual pulse generator

| Item | Specification |
| :---: | :---: |
| Model name | MR-HDP01 |
| Ambient temperature | -10 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (14 to $140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) |
| Pulse resolution | 25PLS/rev ( $100 \mathrm{PLS} / \mathrm{rev}$ after magnification by 4) |
| Output method | Voltage-output (power supply voltage -1 V or more), Output current Max. 20mA |
| Power supply voltage | 4.5 to 13.2 VDC |
| Current consumption | 60 mA |
| Output level | "H" level : Power supply voltage ${ }^{\text {(Note-1) }}-1 \mathrm{~V}$ or more (in no load) "L" level: 0.5V or less (with maximum leading-in) |
| Life time | 1000000 revolutions (at $200 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ ) |
| Permitted axial loads | Radial load: Max. 19.6N |
|  | Thrust load: Max. 9.8 N |
| Weight | 0.4 (0.88) [kg(lb)] |
| Number of max. revolution | Instantaneous Max.600r/min. normal 200r/min |
| Pulse signal status | 2 signals: A phase, B phase, $90^{\circ}$ phase difference |
| Start friction torque | $0.06 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\left(20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right.$ ) |

(Note-1): If a separate power supply is used, use a stabilized power supply of voltage $5 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 0.25 \mathrm{~V}$.

### 2.3 Applicable system

(1) Number of applicable modules

The LD77MH is regarded as two modules by the CPU module.
The number of maximum applicable modules is five.
Pay attention to the power supply capacity before mounting modules because power supply capacity may be insufficient depending on the combination with other modules or the number of mounted modules.
If the power supply capacity is insufficient, change the combination of the modules.
For the number of applicable modules, refer to the "MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)".
(2) Programming tool

The applicable programming tool's versions of the LD77MH are shown below. (For the applicable programming tool's versions of the CPU module, refer to the "MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)".)

|  | Version |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | GX Works2 |  |
| MR Configurator2 |  |  |
| LD77MH4 | Version 1.31H or later | Version 1.01B or later |
| LD77MH16 | Version 1.48A or later |  |

## REMARK

Refer to APPENDIX 6 to use GX Developer and GX Configurator-QP.
LD77MH16 cannot be supported with GX Developer and GX Configurator-QP. Use GX Works2 to use LD77MH16.

### 2.4 How to check the function version and SERIAL No.

For how to check the function version and the SERIAL No. of the LD77MH, refer to the "MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)".

### 2.5 Restrictions by the SERIAL No. and version

There are restrictions in the function that can be used by the version of the SERIAL No. and software of LD77MH.
The combination of each version and function is shown below.

| Function | LD77MH4 |  | LD77MH16 |  | Reference section |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Five digits of SERIAL NO. | MELSOFT <br> GX Works2 | Five digits of SERIAL NO. | MELSOFT <br> GX Works2 |  |
| Mark detection function |  |  | - | Version 1.48A or later | Section 14.10 |
| Optional data monitor function |  | $1$ | - | Version 1.48A or later | Section 14.11 |
| Module error collection function |  |  | - | Version 1.48A or later | Section 14.12 |
| Manual pulse generator input multiplied by 1 |  |  | - | Version 1.48A or later |  |
| Condition selection function of position-torque control mode switching |  |  | - | Version 1.48A or later |  |
| Start history of speedtorque control |  |  | - | Version 1.48A or later |  |
| High speed input request of external command function selection |  |  | - | Version 1.48A or later |  |

-: There is no restriction by the version.

## MEMO

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## Chapter 3 Specifications and Functions

The various specifications of the LD77MH are explained in this chapter
The "General specifications", "Performance specifications", "List of functions", "Specifications of input/output signals with PLC CPU", and the "Specifications of input/output interfaces with external devices", etc., are described as information required when designing the positioning system.
Confirm each specification before designing the positioning system.
3.1 Performance specifications ..... 3- 2
3.2 List of functions ..... 3-4
3.2.1 LD77MH control functions ..... 3- 4
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### 3.1 Performance specifications

| Item Model |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of control axes |  | 4 axes | 16 axes |
| Operation cycle |  | 0.88 ms | $0.88 \mathrm{~ms} / 1.77 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Interpolation function |  | 2-, 3-, or 4-axis linear interpolation, 2-axis circular interpolation |  |
| Control system |  | PTP (Point To Point) control, path control (both linear and arc can be set), speed control, speed-position switching control, position-speed switching control, Speed-torque control |  |
| Control unit |  | mm, inch, degree, PLS |  |
| Positioning data |  | 600 data/axis <br> (Can be set with GX Works2 or sequence program.) |  |
| Backup |  | Parameters, positioning data, and block start data can be saved on flash ROM (battery-less backup) |  |
| Positioning | Positioning system | PTP control: Incremental system/absolute system <br> Speed-position switching control: Incremental system/absolute system <br> Position-speed switching control: Incremental system <br> Path control: Incremental system/absolute system |  |
|  | Positioning range | In absolute system <br> --214748364.8 to 214748364.7 ( $\mu \mathrm{m}$ ) <br> - -21474.83648 to 21474.83647 (inch) <br> - 0 to 359.99999 (degree) <br> - -2147483648 to 2147483647 (PLS) <br> In incremental system <br> - -214748364.8 to $214748364.7(\mu \mathrm{~m})$ <br> - -21474.83648 to 21474.83647 (inch) <br> - -21474.83648 to 21474.83647 (degree) <br> - -2147483648 to 2147483647 (PLS) |  |
|  | Speed command | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0.01 \text { to } 20000000.00(\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}) \\ 0.001 \text { to } 2000000.000 \text { (inch } / \mathrm{min}) \\ 0.001 \text { to } 2000000.000(\text { degree } / \mathrm{min}) \\ 1 \text { to } 50000000(\mathrm{PLS} / \mathrm{s}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
|  | Acceleration/ deceleration process | Trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration, S-curve acceleration/deceleration |  |
|  | Acceleration/ deceleration time | 1 to 8388608 (ms) |  |
|  | Sudden stop deceleration time | 1 to 8388608 (ms) |  |


| Item Model |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Starting time (ms) ${ }^{(\text {Note-3) }}$ |  |  |  |
| 1-axis linear control |  |  |  |
| 1-axis speed control |  |  |  |
| 2-axis linear interpolation control (Composite speed) |  |  |  |
| 2-axis linear interpolation <br> control (Reference axis speed) <br> 2 -axis |  |  |  |
| 2-axis circular interpolation control |  | 0.88 | 1.77 |
| 2-axis speed control |  |  |  |
| 3-axis linear interpolation control (Composite speed) |  |  |  |
| 3-axis linear interpolation control (Reference axis speed) |  |  |  |
| 3-axis speed control |  |  |  |
| 4-axis linear interpolation control |  |  |  |
| 4-axis speed control |  |  |  |
| External wiring connection system |  | 26-pin connector |  |
| Applicable wire size |  | AWG24 to AWG30 (0.2 to $\left.0.05 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)^{(N o t e-4)}$ |  |
| Applicable connector for external input signal |  | LD77MHIOCON |  |
| SSCNETIIIcable | $\underset{(\text { Note-5) }}{\text { MR-J3BUSDM }}$ | - LD77MH $\leftrightarrow ~ M R-J 3(W)-\square B / M R-J 3(W)-\square B \leftrightarrow M R-J 3(W)-\square B$ <br> - Standard cord for inside panel $0.15 \mathrm{~m}(0.49 \mathrm{ft} .), 0.3 \mathrm{~m}(0.98 \mathrm{ft} .), 0.5 \mathrm{~m}(1.64 \mathrm{ft} .), 1 \mathrm{~m}(3.28 \mathrm{ft} .), 3 \mathrm{~m}(9.84 \mathrm{ft} .)$ |  |
|  | $\underset{(N o t e-5)}{\text { MR-J3BUSDM-A }}$ | $\cdot$ LD77MH $\leftrightarrow M R-J 3(W)-\square B / M R-J 3(W)-\square B \leftrightarrow M R-J 3(W)-\square B$ <br> - Standard cable for outside panel <br> 5 m (16.40ft.), $10 \mathrm{~m}(32.81 \mathrm{ft}$.), 20 m ( 65.62 ft .) |  |
|  | MR-J3BUSDM-B (Note-5), (Note-6) | $\cdot$ LD77MH $\leftrightarrow$ MR-J3(W)-पB/MR-J3(W)-पB $\leftrightarrow M R-J 3(W)-\square B$ <br> - Long distance cable $30 \mathrm{~m}(98.43 \mathrm{ft} .), 40 \mathrm{~m}(131.23 \mathrm{ft} .), 50 \mathrm{~m}(164.04 \mathrm{ft} .)$ |  |
| 5VDC internal current consumption [A] |  | 0.55 | 0.70 |
| Flash ROM write count |  | Max. 100000 times |  |
| Number of occupied I/O points [points] |  | 32 (I/O assignment: Intelligent function module 32 points) |  |
| Number of applicable modules |  | Up to 5 modules |  |
| External dimensions [mm(inch)] |  | 90.0 (3.54) (H) × 45.0 (1.77) (W) $\times 95.0$ (3.74) (D) |  |
| Mass [kg] |  | 0.22 |  |

(Note-1): In speed-position switching control (ABS mode), the control unit available is "degree" only. (For details, refer to Section 9.2.17)
(Note-2): When "Speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis function" is valid, this will be the setting range 0.01 to 20000000.00 (degree/min). (For details, refer to Section 13.7.10.)
(Note-3): Time from accepting the positioning start signal until BUSY signal turns ON.
(Note-4): AWG24 $\left(0.2 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ is recommended.
(Note-5): $\square=$ Cable length
(015: 0.15 m ( 0.49 ft ), 03: 0.3 m ( 0.98 ft. ), $05: 0.5 \mathrm{~m}(1.64 \mathrm{ft}), 1:. 1 \mathrm{~m}(3.28 \mathrm{ft}), 3:. 3 \mathrm{~m}$ ( 9.84 ft ), $5: 5 \mathrm{~m}$ (16.40ft.), $10: 10 \mathrm{~m}(32.81 \mathrm{ft}), 20:$. 20 m (65.62ft.), 30: 30 m ( 98.43 ft .), 40: 40 m (131.23ft.), $50: 50 \mathrm{~m}$ (164.04ft.) )
(Note-6): For the cable of less than $30[\mathrm{~m}](98.43[\mathrm{ft}]$.$) , contact your nearest Mitsubishi sales representative.$

### 3.2 List of functions

### 3.2.1 LD77MH control functions

The LD77MH has several functions. In this manual, the LD77MH functions are categorized and explained as follows.

## Main functions

(1) OPR control
"OPR control" is a function (Fast OPR) that established the start point for carrying out positioning control, and carries out positioning toward that start point (Machine OPR). This is used to return a workpiece, located at a position other than the OP when the power is turned ON or after positioning stop, to the OP. The "OPR control" is pre-registered in the LD77MH as the "Positioning start data No. 9001 (Machine OPR)", and "Positioning start data No. 9002 (Fast OPR). (Refer to Chapter 8 "OPR Control".)
(2) Major positioning control

This control is carried out using the "Positioning data" stored in the LD77MH. Positioning control, such as position control and speed control, is executed by setting the required items in this "positioning data" and starting that positioning data. An "operation pattern" can be set in this "positioning data", and with this whether to carry out control with continuous positioning data (ex.: positioning data No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, ...) can be set. (Refer to Chapter 9 "Major Positioning Control".)
(3) High-level positioning control

This control executes the "positioning data" stored in the LD77MH using the "block start data". The following types of applied positioning control can be carried out.

- Random blocks, handling several continuing positioning data items as "blocks", can be executed in the designated order.
- "Condition judgment" can be added to position control and speed control.
- The operation of the designated positioning data No. that is set for multiple axes can be started simultaneously. (Command is output simultaneously to multiple servo amplifiers.)
- The designated positioning data can be executed repeatedly, etc., (Refer to Chapter 10 "High-Level Positioning Control".)
(4) Manual control

This control executes the random positioning operation by inputting a signal into the LD77MH from an external device. Use this manual control to move the workpiece to a random position (JOG operation), and to finely adjust the positioning (inching operation, manual pulse generator operation), etc. (Refer to Chapter 11 "Manual Control".)
(5) Expansion control

The following controls other than the positioning control can be executed.

- Speed control and torque control not including position loop for the command to servo amplifier (Speed-torque control). (Refer to Section 12 "Expansion Control".)
- Synchronous control with gear, shaft, change gear and cam not by mechanical, but by software use "synchronous control parameter", and is synchronized with input axis (Synchronous control).

Sub functions
When executing the main functions, control compensation, limits and functions can be added. (Refer to Chapter 13 "Control Sub Functions".)

Common functions
Common control using the LD77MH for "parameter initialization" or "backup of execution data" can be carried out. (Refer to Chapter 14 "Common Functions".)


### 3.2.2 LD77MH main functions

The outline of the main functions for positioning control with the LD77MH is described below. (Refer to "Section 2" for details on each function.)

| Main functions |  |  | Details | Reference section |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Machine OPR control |  | Mechanically establishes the positioning start point using a near-point dog. (Positioning start No. 9001) | 8.2 |
|  | Fast OPR control |  | Positions a target to the OP address (Md. 21 Machine feed value) stored in the LD77MH using machine OPR. (Positioning start No. 9002) | 8.3 |
|  | Position control | Linear control <br> (1-axis linear control) <br> (2-axis linear interpolation control) <br> (3-axis linear interpolation control) <br> (4-axis linear interpolation control) | Positions a target using a linear path to the address set in the positioning data or to the position designated with the movement amount. | $\begin{aligned} & 9.2 .2 \\ & 9.2 .3 \\ & 9.2 .4 \\ & 9.2 .5 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | Fixed-feed control (1-axis fixed-feed control) (2-axis fixed-feed control) (3-axis fixed-feed control) (4-axis fixed-feed control) | Positions a target by the movement amount designated with the amount set in the positioning data. <br> (With fixed-feed control, the"Md. 20 Current feed value" is set to " 0 " when the control is started. With 2-, 3-, or 4-axis fixed-feed control, the fixed-feed is fed along a linear path obtained by interpolation.) | $\begin{aligned} & 9.2 .6 \\ & 9.2 .7 \\ & 9.2 .8 \\ & 9.2 .9 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 2-axis circular interpolation control | Positions a target using an arc path to the address set in the positioning data, or to the position designated with the movement amount, sub point or center point. | $\begin{aligned} & 9.2 .10 \\ & 9.2 .11 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Speed control | Speed control (1-axis speed control) (2-axis speed control) (3-axis speed control) (4-axis speed control) | Continuously outputs the command corresponding to the command speed set in the positioning data. | $\begin{aligned} & 9.2 .12 \\ & 9.2 .13 \\ & 9.2 .14 \\ & 9.2 .15 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Speed-position switching control |  | First, carries out speed control, and then carries out position control (positioning with designated address or movement amount) by turning the "speed-position switching signal" ON. | $\begin{aligned} & 9.2 .16 \\ & 9.2 .17 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Position-speed switching control |  | First, carries out position control, and then carries out speed control (continuous output of the command corresponding to the designated command speed) by turning the "position-speed switching signal" ON. | 9.2.18 |
|  | Other control | Current value changing | Changes the Current feed value ( Md. 20 ) to the address set in the positioning data. <br> The following two methods can be used. <br> (The machine feed value (Md.21) cannot be changed.) <br> - Current value changing using positioning data <br> - Current value changing using current value changing start No. (No. 9003) | 9.2.19 |
|  |  | NOP instruction | No execution control system. When NOP instruction is set, this instruction is not executed and the operation of the next data is started. | 9.2.20 |
|  |  | JUMP instruction | Unconditionally or conditionally jumps to designated positioning data No. | 9.2.21 |
|  |  | LOOP | Carries out loop control with repeated LOOP to LEND. | 9.2.22 |
|  |  | LEND | Returns to the beginning of the loop control with repeated LOOP to LEND. | 9.2.23 |


|  | Main functions | Details | Reference section |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Block start (Normal start) | With one start, executes the positioning data in a random block with the set order. | 10.3.2 |
|  | Condition start | Carries out condition judgment set in the "condition data" for the designated positioning data, and then executes the "block start data". When the condition is established, the "block start data" is executed. When not established, that "block start data" is ignored, and the next point's "block start data" is executed. | 10.3.3 |
|  | Wait start | Carries out condition judgment set in the "condition data" for the designated positioning data, and then executes the "block start data". <br> When the condition is established, the "block start data" is executed. When not established, stops the control until the condition is established. (Waits.) | 10.3.4 |
|  | Simultaneous start | Simultaneously executes the positioning data having the No. for the axis designated with the "condition data". (Outputs commands at the same timing.) | 10.3.5 |
|  | Repeated start (FOR loop) | Repeats the program from the block start data set with the "FOR loop" to the block start data set in "NEXT" for the designated number of times. | 10.3.6 |
|  | Repeated start (FOR condition) | Repeats the program from the block start data set with the "FOR condition" to the block start data set in "NEXT" until the conditions set in the "condition data" are established. | 10.3.7 |
|  | Multiple axes simultaneous start control | Starts the operation of multiple axes simultaneously according to the command output level. <br> (Positioning start No. 9004, same as the "simultaneous start" above) | 10.5 |
|  | JOG operation | Outputs a command to servo amplifier while the JOG start signal is ON. | 11.2 |
|  | Inching operation | Outputs commands corresponding to minute movement amount by manual operation to servo amplifier. <br> (Performs fine adjustment with the JOG start signal.) | 11.3 |
|  | Manual pulse generator operation | Outputs pulses commanded with the manual pulse generator to servo amplifier. | 11.4 |
|  | Speed-torque control | Carries out the speed control or torque control that does not include the position loop for the command to servo amplifier by switching control mode. | 12.1 |
|  | Synchronous control | Carries out the synchronous control that synchronizes with input axis by setting the system such as gear, shaft change gear and cam to the "synchronous control parameter". | - |

With the "major positioning control" ("high-level positioning control"), whether or not to continuously execute the positioning data can be set with the "operation pattern". Outlines of the "operation patterns" are given below.

| Da.1 Operation pattern | Details | Reference <br> section |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Independent positioning control <br> (positioning complete) | When "independent positioning control" is set for the operation pattern of <br> the started positioning data, only the designated positioning data will be <br> executed, and then the positioning will end. |  |
| Continuous positioning control | When "continuous positioning control" is set for the operation pattern of <br> the started positioning data, after the designated positioning data is <br> executed, the program will stop once, and then the next following <br> positioning data will be executed. | 9.1 .2 |
| Continuous path control | When "continuous path control" is set for the operation pattern of the <br> started positioning data, the designated positioning data will be <br> executed, and then without decelerating, the next following positioning <br> data will be executed. |  |

### 3.2.3 LD77MH sub functions

The functions that assist positioning control using the LD77MH are described below.
(Refer to "Section 2" for details on each function.

|  | Sub function | Details | Reference section |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Functions characteristic to machine OPR | OPR retry function | This function retries the machine OPR with the upper/lower limit switches during OPR. This allows machine OPR to be carried out even if the axis is not returned to before the near-point dog with JOG operation, etc. | 13.2.1 |
|  | OP shift function | After returning to the machine OP, this function compensates the position by the designated distance from the machine OP position and sets that position as the OP address. | 13.2.2 |
| Functions that compensate control | Backlash compensation function | This function compensates the mechanical backlash amount. Feed commands equivalent to the set backlash amount are output each time the movement direction changes. | 13.3.1 |
|  | Electronic gear function | By setting the movement amount per pulse, this function can freely change the machine movement amount per commanded pulse. <br> When the movement amount per pulse is set, a flexible positioning system that matches the machine system can be structured. | 13.3.2 |
|  | Near pass function *1 | This function suppresses the machine vibration when the positioning data is switched during continuous path control in the interpolation control. | 13.3.3 |
| Functions that limit control | Speed limit function | If the command speed exceeds " Pr. 8 Speed limit value" during control, this function limits the commanded speed to within the " Pr. 8 Speed limit value" setting range. | 13.4.1 |
|  | Torque limit function | If the torque generated by the servomotor exceeds " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value" during control, this function limits the generated torque to within the " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value" setting range. | 13.4.2 |
|  | Software stroke limit function | If a command outside of the upper/lower limit stroke limit setting range, set in the parameters, is issued, this function will not execute positioning for that command. | 13.4.3 |
|  | Hardware stroke limit function | This function carries out deceleration stop with the hardware stroke limit switch. | 13.4.4 |
|  | Forced stop function | This function is stopped the all axis of the servo amplifier when the forced stop input signal of the LD77MH external input signal connector is turned ON. | 13.4.5 |
| Functions that change control details | Speed change function | This function changes the speed during positioning. Set the new speed in the speed change buffer memory ( Cd. 14 New speed value), and change the speed with the Speed change request ( Cd.15). | 13.5.1 |
|  | Override function | This function changes the speed within a percentage of 1 to $300 \%$ during positioning. This is executed using " Cd. 13 Positioning operation speed override". | 13.5.2 |
|  | Acceleration/deceleration time change function | This function changes the acceleration/deceleration time during speed change. (Functions added to the speed change function and override function) | 13.5.3 |
|  | Torque change function | This function changes the "torque limit value" during control. | 13.5.4 |
|  | Target position change function | This function changes the target position during positioning. Position and speed can be changed simultaneously. | 13.5.5 |


| Sub function |  | Details | Reference section |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Absolute position system |  | This function restores the absolute position of designated axis. If the OPR is executed at the start of system, after that, it is unnecessary to carry out the OPR when the power is turned ON. | 13.6 |
| Other functions | Step function | This function temporarily stops the operation to confirm the positioning operation during debugging, etc. <br> The operation can be stopped at each "automatic deceleration" or "positioning data". | 13.7.1 |
|  | Skip function | This function stops (decelerates to a stop) the positioning being executed when the skip signal is input, and carries out the next positioning. | 13.7.2 |
|  | M code output function | This function issues a command for a sub work (clamp or drill stop, tool change, etc.) corresponding to the M code No. ( 0 to 65535) that can be set for each positioning data. | 13.7.3 |
|  | Teaching function | This function stores the address positioned with manual control into the "Da.6 Positioning address/movement amount" having the designated positioning data No. (Cd.39). | 13.7.4 |
|  | Command in-position function | At each automatic deceleration, this function calculates the remaining distance for the LD77MH to reach the positioning stop position. When the value is less than the set value, the "command in-position flag" is set to "1". When using another auxiliary work before ending the control, use this function as a trigger for the sub work. | 13.7.5 |
|  | Acceleration/deceleration processing function | This function adjusts the acceleration/deceleration. | 13.7.6 |
|  | Continuous operation interrupt function | This function interrupts continuous operation. When this request is accepted, the operation stops when the execution of the current positioning data is completed. | 6.5.4 |
|  | Pre-reading start function | This function shortens the virtual start time. | 13.7.7 |
|  | Deceleration start flag function | Function that turns ON the flag when the constant speed status or acceleration status switches to the deceleration status during position control, whose operation pattern is "Positioning complete", to make the stop timing known. | 13.7.8 |
|  | Stop command processing for deceleration stop function | Function that selects a deceleration curve when a stop cause occurs during deceleration stop processing to speed 0 . | 13.7.9 |
|  | Follow up function | This function monitors the motor rotation amount with the servo turned OFF, and reflects it on the current feed value. | 13.8.2 |
|  | Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis function | This function is executed the positioning control by the 10 x speed of the command speed and the speed limit value when the setting unit is "degree". | 13.7.10 |
|  | Operation setting for incompletion of OPR function | This function is provided to select whether positioning control is operated or not, when OPR request flag is ON. | 13.7.11 |

* 1: The near pass function is featured as standard and is valid only for position control. It cannot be set to be invalid with parameters.


### 3.2.4 LD77MH common functions

The outline of the functions executed as necessary are described below.
(Refer to "Section 2" for details on each function.)

| Common functions | Details | Reference <br> section |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Parameter initialization function | This function returns the "parameters" stored in the LD77MH <br> buffer memory and flash ROM to the default values. <br> The following two methods can be used. <br> 1) Method using sequence program <br> 2) Method using GX Works2 | 14.2 |
| Execution data backup function | This function stores the "setting data", currently being executed, <br> into the flash ROM. <br> 1) Method using sequence program <br> 2) Method using GX Works2 | 14.3 |
| External signal selection function | This function is used to the external input signal of servo <br> amplifier as the upper/lower limit signal and the Near-point dog <br> signal. | 14.4 |
| External I/O signal logic switching function | This function switches I/O signal logic according to externally <br> connected devices. <br> This function enables the use of the system that does not use b <br> (N.C.)-contact signals, such as Upper/lower limit signal, by <br> setting parameters to positive logic. | 14.5 |
| History monitor function | This function monitors errors, warnings, and start history of all <br> axes. | 14.6 |
| Amplifier-less operation function | This function executes the positioning control of LD77MH without <br> connecting to the servo amplifiers. <br> It is used to debug the program at the start-up of the device or <br> simulate the positioning operation. | 14.7 |
| Virtual servo amplifier function | This function executes the operation as the axis (virtual servo <br> amplifier axis) that operates only command (instruction) virtually <br> without servo amplifiers. | 14.8 |
| Module error collection function | This function uses the master-slave operation function of servo <br> amplifier. The positioning control of master axis is executed with <br> LD77MH, and the slave axis is controlled by data communication <br> (driver communication) between servo amplifiers without <br> LD77MH. | 14.9 |
| Master-slave operation function | This function is used to latch any data at the input timing of the <br> mark detection signal (DI1 to DI4). | 14.10 |
| Optional data monitor function | This function is used to store the data selected by user up to 4 <br> data per axis to buffer memory and monitor them. | 14.11 |
|  | This function collects errors occurred in the LD77MH in the PLC <br> CPU. <br> Holding the error contents in the PLC CPU, this function enables <br> to check the error history even after the PLC CPU in powered off <br> or reset. | 14.12 |

### 3.2.5 Combination of LD77MH main functions and sub functions

With positioning control using the LD77MH, the main functions and sub functions can be combined and used as necessary. A list of the main function and sub function combinations is given below.


* 1: The operation pattern is one of the "positioning data" setting items.
*2: The near pass function is featured as standard and is valid only for setting continuous path control for position control.
* 3 : Invalid during creep speed.
* 4: Invalid during continuous path control.
*5: Combination with the inching operation is not available. (Inching operation does not perform acceleration/deceleration processing.)
*6: Valid for the reference axis only.
* 7: Valid for only the case where a deceleration start is made during position control.
* 8: Change the current value using the positioning data. Disabled for a start of positioning start No. 9003.
* 9: Valid for "Md. 22 Feedrate " and "Md. 28 Axis feedrate".
* 10: Valid for a start of positioning start No.9003, but invalid for a start of positioning data (No. 1 to 600).
* 11: OPR retry function cannot be used during the scale origin signal detection method machine OPR.
* 12: Refer to Section 12.1 "Speed-torque control" for acceleration/deceleration processing in the speed-torque control.

| Functions that limit control |  |  |  |  | Functions that change control details |  |  |  |  | Other functions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 흘 } \\ & \text { 들 } \\ & \text { 트 } \\ & \underline{0} \\ & \text { 흔 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | () | $\bigcirc$ | $\underset{* 3}{\triangle}$ | $\triangle$ | $\triangle$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ |
| $\bigcirc$ | 0 | $\times$ | () | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ |
| $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | © | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\stackrel{\triangle}{*}$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | (0) | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\begin{gathered} \triangle \\ * 6 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | (0) | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | ( | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\begin{gathered} \triangle \\ * 6 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | (0) | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | (0) | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | (0) | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | O | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\triangle$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | © | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\frac{\triangle}{* 8}$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\triangle$ <br> $* 10$ <br> $\times$ |
| $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ |
| $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | (0) | $\bigcirc$ | $\begin{gathered} \triangle \\ * 5 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \triangle \\ * 5 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \triangle 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\begin{array}{\|} \triangle \\ * 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ |
| $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | (0) | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\begin{gathered} \triangle \\ * 9 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\times$ |
| $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | ( $)$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\triangle$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |

© : Always combine, $\bigcirc$ : Combination possible, $\triangle$ : Combination limited, $\times$ : Combination not possible

### 3.3 Specifications of input/output signals with PLC CPU

### 3.3.1 List of input/output signals with PLC CPU

The LD77MH uses 32 input points and 32 output points for exchanging data with the PLC CPU.
The input/output signals when the head I/O number of LD77MH is set to " 0 H " are shown below.
If it is set to other than " OH ", change the I/O number according to setting of head I/O number.
Device $X$ refers to the signals input from the LD77MH to the PLC CPU, and device Y refers to the signals output from the PLC CPU to the LD77MH.
(1) LD77MH4


## Important

[Y2, Y3], [Y18 to Y1F], [X2, X3], and [X18 to X1F] are used by the system, and cannot be used by the user.
If these devices are used, the operation of the LD77MH4 will not be guaranteed.

## (2) LD77MH16

| Signal direction: LD77MH16 $\rightarrow$ PLC CPU |  |  | Signal direction: PLC CPU $\rightarrow$ LD77MH16 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Device No. |  | Signal name | Device No. |  | Signal name |
| X0 |  | LD77 READY | Y0 |  | PLC READY |
| X1 |  | Synchronization flag | Y1 |  | All axis servo ON |
| X2 | Use prohibited |  | Y2 | Use prohibited |  |
| X3 |  |  | Y3 |  |  |
| X4 |  |  | Y4 |  |  |
| X5 |  |  | Y5 |  |  |
| X6 |  |  | Y6 |  |  |
| X7 |  |  | Y7 |  |  |
| X8 |  |  | Y8 |  |  |
| X9 |  |  | Y9 |  |  |
| XA |  |  | YA |  |  |
| XB |  |  | YB |  |  |
| XC |  |  | YC |  |  |
| XD |  |  | YD |  |  |
| XE |  |  | YE |  |  |
| XF |  |  | YF |  |  |
| X10 | Axis 1 | BUSY | Y10 | Axis 1 | Positioning start |
| X11 | Axis 2 |  | Y11 | Axis 2 |  |
| X12 | Axis 3 |  | Y12 | Axis 3 |  |
| X13 | Axis 4 |  | Y13 | Axis 4 |  |
| X14 | Axis 5 |  | Y14 | Axis 5 |  |
| X15 | Axis 6 |  | Y15 | Axis 6 |  |
| X16 | Axis 7 |  | Y16 | Axis 7 |  |
| X17 | Axis 8 |  | Y17 | Axis 8 |  |
| X18 | Axis 9 |  | Y18 | Axis 9 |  |
| X19 | Axis 10 |  | Y19 | Axis 10 |  |
| X1A | Axis 11 |  | Y1A | Axis 11 |  |
| X1B | Axis 12 |  | Y1B | Axis 12 |  |
| X1C | Axis 13 |  | Y1C | Axis 13 |  |
| X1D | Axis 14 |  | Y1D | Axis 14 |  |
| X1E | Axis 15 |  | Y1E | Axis 15 |  |
| X1F | Axis 16 |  | Y1F | Axis 16 |  |

## POINT

(1) For LD77MH16, M code ON signal, error detection signal, start complete signal and positioning complete signal are assigned to the bit of "Md. 31 Status".
(2) For LD77MH16, axis stop signal, forward run JOG start signal, reverse run JOG start signal, execution prohibition flag are assigned to the buffer memory Cd. 180 to Cd.183.

| Important |
| :--- |
| [Y2 to YF] and [X2 to XF] are used by the system, and cannot be used by the user. |
| If these devices are used, the operation of the LD77MH16 will not be guaranteed. |

### 3.3.2 Details of input signals (LD77MH $\rightarrow$ PLC CPU)

The ON/OFF timing and conditions of the input signals are shown below.
(1) LD77MH4

| Device No. | Signal name |  |  | Details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| X0 | LD77 R | READY | ON: READY <br> OFF: Not READY/ <br> Watch dog <br> timer error | - When the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns from OFF to ON, the parameter setting range is checked. If no error is found, this signal turns ON. <br> - When the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns OFF, this signal turns OFF. <br> - When watch dog timer error occurs, this signal turns OFF. <br> - This signal is used for interlock in a sequence program, etc. |
| X1 | Synchro | ronization flag | OFF:Module  <br>  access <br> ON: disabled <br>  Module <br> access <br>  enabled | - After the PLC is turned ON or the CPU module is reset, this signal turns ON if the access from the CPU module to the LD77MH is possible. <br> - When "Asynchronous" is selected in the module synchronization setting of the CPU module, this signal can be used as interlock for the access from a sequence program to the LD77MH. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X} 4 \\ & \text { X5 } \\ & \text { X6 } \\ & \text { X7 } \end{aligned}$ | Axis 1 <br> Axis 2 <br> Axis 3 <br> Axis 4 | M code ON | OFF: $M$ code is not set <br> ON: M code is set | - In the WITH mode, this signal turns ON when the positioning data operation is started. In the AFTER mode, this signal turns ON when the positioning data operation is completed. <br> - This signal turns OFF with the " Cd. 7 M code OFF request". <br> - When $M$ code is not designated (when" Da.10 M code" is " 0 "), this signal will remain OFF. <br> - With using continuous path control for the positioning operation, the positioning will continue even when this signal does not turn OFF. However, a warning will occur. <br> (Warning code: 503) <br> - When the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns OFF, the M code ON signal will also turn OFF. <br> - If operation is started while the M code is ON , an error will occur. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X8} \\ & \mathrm{X} 9 \\ & \mathrm{XA} \\ & \text { XB } \end{aligned}$ | Axis 1 <br> Axis 2 <br> Axis 3 <br> Axis 4 | Error detection | OFF: No error ON: Error occurrence | - This signal turns ON when an error listed in Section 16.4 occurs, and turns OFF when the error is reset on "Cd. 5 Axis error reset". |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { XC } \\ & X D \\ & X E \\ & X F \end{aligned}$ | Axis 1 <br> Axis 2 <br> Axis 3 <br> Axis 4 | BUSY <br> (Note-1) | OFF: Not BUSY ON: BUSY | - This signal turns ON at the start of positioning, OPR or JOG operation. It turns OFF when the " Da. 9 Dwell time" has passed after positioning stops. (This signal remains ON during positioning.) This signal turns OFF when the positioning is stopped with step operation. <br> - During manual pulse generator operation, this signal turns ON while the " Cd. 21 Manual pulse generator enable flag" is ON. <br> - This signal turns OFF at error completion or positioning stop. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X} 10 \\ & \mathrm{X} 11 \\ & \mathrm{X} 12 \\ & \mathrm{X} 13 \end{aligned}$ | Axis 1 <br> Axis 2 <br> Axis 3 <br> Axis 4 | Start complete | OFF: Start incomplete <br> ON: Start complete | - This signal turns ON when the positioning start signal turns ON and the LD77MH starts the positioning process. <br> (The start complete signal also turns ON during OPR control.) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X} 14 \\ & \mathrm{X} 15 \\ & \mathrm{X} 16 \\ & \mathrm{X} 17 \end{aligned}$ | Axis 1 <br> Axis 2 <br> Axis 3 <br> Axis 4 | Positioning complete (Note-2) | OFF: Positioning incomplete <br> ON: Positioning complete | - This signal turns ON for the time set in " Pr. 40 Positioning complete signal output time" from the instant when the positioning control for each positioning data No. is completed. <br> For the interpolation control, the positioning completed signal of interpolation axis turns ON during the time set to the reference axis. <br> (It does not turn ON when " Pr. 40 Positioning complete signal output time" is "0".) <br> - If positioning (including OPR), JOG/Inching operation, or manual pulse generator operation is started while this signal is ON, the signal will turn OFF. <br> - This signal will not turn ON when speed control or positioning is canceled midway. |

## Important

(Note-1): The BUSY signal turns ON even when position control of movement amount 0 is executed. However, since the ON time is short, the ON status may not to be detected in the sequence program.
(Note-2): "Positioning complete" of the LD77MH4 refers to the point when the pulse output from LD77MH4 is completed. Thus, even if the LD77MH4's positioning complete signal turns ON, the system may continue operation.
(2) LD77MH16

| Device <br> No. | Signal name |  |  | Details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| X0 | LD77 RE | EADY | ON: READY <br> OFF: Not READY/ <br> Watch dog timer error | - When the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns from OFF to ON, the parameter setting range is checked. If no error is found, this signal turns ON. <br> - When the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns OFF, this signal turns OFF. <br> - When watch dog timer error occurs, this signal turns OFF. <br> - This signal is used for interlock in a sequence program, etc. |
| X1 | Synchr | zation flag | OFF:Module  <br> access  <br> ON: disabled <br> Module <br> access <br> enabled | - After the PLC is turned ON or the CPU module is reset, this signal turns ON if the access from the CPU module to the LD77MH is possible. <br> - When "Asynchronous" is selected in the module synchronization setting of the CPU module, this signal can be used as interlock for the access from a sequence program to the LD77MH. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { X10 } \\ & \text { X11 } \\ & \text { X12 } \\ & \text { X13 } \\ & \text { X14 } \\ & \text { X15 } \\ & \text { X16 } \\ & \text { X17 } \\ & \text { X18 } \\ & \text { X19 } \\ & \text { X1A } \\ & \text { X1B } \\ & \text { X1C } \\ & \text { X1D } \\ & \text { X1E } \\ & \text { X1F } \end{aligned}$ | Axis 1 Axis 2 Axis 3 Axis 4 Axis 5 Axis 6 Axis 7 Axis 8 Axis 9 Axis 10 Axis 11 Axis 12 Axis 13 Axis 14 Axis 15 Axis 16 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { BUSY } \\ (\text { Note-1) } \end{array}$ | OFF: Not BUSY ON: BUSY | - This signal turns ON at the start of positioning, OPR or JOG operation. It turns OFF when the " Da. 9 Dwell time" has passed after positioning stops. (This signal remains ON during positioning.) This signal turns OFF when the positioning is stopped with step operation. <br> - During manual pulse generator operation, this signal turns ON while the " Cd. 21 Manual pulse generator enable flag" is ON. <br> - This signal turns OFF at error completion or positioning stop. |

## Important

(Note-1): The BUSY signal turns ON even when position control of movement amount 0 is executed. However, since the ON time is short, the ON status may not to be detected in the sequence program.

### 3.3.3 Details of output signals (PLC CPU $\rightarrow$ LD77MH)

The ON/OFF timing and conditions of the output signals are shown below.
(1) LD77MH4

| Device No. | Signal name |  |  | Details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y0 | PLC RE | EADY | OFF: <br> PLC READY OFF ON: <br> PLC READY ON | (a) This signal notifies the LD77MH that the PLC CPU is normal. <br> - It is turned ON/OFF with the sequence program. <br> - The PLC READY signal is turned ON during positioning control, OPR control, JOG operation, inching operation, manual pulse generator operation and speed-torque control etc. unless the system is in the GX Works2 test function. <br> (b) When the data (parameter etc.) are changed, the PLC READY signal is turned OFF depending on the parameter (Refer to Chapter 7.). <br> (c) The following processes are carried out when the PLC READY signal turns from OFF to ON. <br> - The parameter setting range is checked. <br> - The LD77 READY signal [X0] turns ON. <br> (d) The following processes are carried out when the PLC READY signal turns from ON to OFF. <br> In these cases, the OFF time should be set to 100 ms or more. <br> - The LD77 READY signal [X0] turns OFF. <br> - The operating axis stops. <br> - The $M$ code ON signal [X4 to X 7 ] for each axis turns OFF, and " 0 " is stored in " Md. 25 Valid M code". <br> (e) When parameters or positioning data (No. 1 to 600) are written from the GX Works2 or PLC CPU to the flash ROM, the PLC READY signal will turn OFF. |
| Y1 | All axis | servo ON | ```OFF: Servo OFF ON: Servo ON``` | - The servo for all the servo amplifiers connected to the LD77MH is turned ON or OFF. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Y4 } \\ & \text { Y5 } \\ & \text { Y6 } \\ & \text { Y7 } \end{aligned}$ | Axis 1 <br> Axis 2 <br> Axis 3 <br> Axis 4 | Axis stop | OFF: <br> Axis stop not requested <br> ON: <br> Axis stop requested | - When the axis stop signal turns ON, the OPR control, positioning control, JOG operation, inching operation, manual pulse generator operation and speed-torque control etc. will stop. <br> - By turning the axis stop signal ON during positioning operation, the positioning operation will be "stopped". <br> - Whether to decelerate stop or suddenly stop can be selected with " Pr. 39 Stop group 3 sudden stop selection". <br> - During interpolation control of the positioning operation, if the axis stop signal of any axis turns ON, all axes in the interpolation control will decelerate and stop. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Y8 } \\ & \text { Y9 } \\ & \text { YA } \\ & \text { YB } \\ & \text { YC } \\ & \text { YD } \\ & \text { YE } \\ & \text { YF } \end{aligned}$ | Axis 1 <br> Axis 1 <br> Axis 2 <br> Axis 2 <br> Axis 3 <br> Axis 3 <br> Axis 4 <br> Axis 4 | Forward run JOG start Reverse run JOG start Forward run JOG start Reverse run JOG start Forward run JOG start Reverse run JOG start Forward run JOG start Reverse run JOG start | OFF: <br> JOG not started ON: <br> JOG started | - When the JOG start signal is ON, JOG operation will be carried out at the " Cd. 17 JOG speed". When the JOG start signal turns OFF, the operation will decelerate and stop. <br> - When inching movement amount is set, the designated movement amount is output for one operation cycle and then the operation stops. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Y10 } \\ & \text { Y11 } \\ & \text { Y12 } \\ & \text { Y13 } \end{aligned}$ | Axis 1 <br> Axis 2 <br> Axis 3 <br> Axis 4 | Positioning start | OFF: <br> Positioning start not requested <br> ON: <br> Positioning start requested | - OPR operation or positioning operation is started. <br> - The positioning start signal is valid at the rising edge, and the operation is started. <br> - When the positioning start signal turns ON during BUSY, the operation starting warning will occur (warning code: 100). |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Y14 } \\ & \text { Y15 } \\ & \text { Y16 } \\ & \text { Y17 } \end{aligned}$ | Axis 1 <br> Axis 2 <br> Axis 3 <br> Axis 4 | Execution prohibition flag | OFF: Not during execution prohibition ON: During execution prohibition | - If the execution prohibition flag is ON when the positioning start signal turns ON, positioning control does not start until the execution prohibition flag turns OFF. Used with the "Pre-reading start function". (Refer to Section 13.7.7) |

## (2) LD77MH16

| Device No. | Signal name |  |  | Details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y0 | PLC RE | ADY | OFF: <br> PLC READY OFF ON: <br> PLC READY ON | (a) This signal notifies the LD77MH that the PLC CPU is normal. <br> - It is turned ON/OFF with the sequence program. <br> - The PLC READY signal is turned ON during positioning control, OPR control, JOG operation, inching operation, manual pulse generator operation and speed-torque control etc. unless the system is in the GX Works2 test function. <br> (b) When the data (parameter etc.) are changed, the PLC READY signal is turned OFF depending on the parameter (Refer to Chapter 7.). <br> (c) The following processes are carried out when the PLC READY signal turns from OFF to ON. <br> - The parameter setting range is checked. <br> - The LD77 READY signal [X0] turns ON. <br> (d) The following processes are carried out when the PLC READY signal turns from ON to OFF. <br> In these cases, the OFF time should be set to 100 ms or more. <br> - The LD77 READY signal [X0] turns OFF. <br> - The operating axis stops. <br> - The M code ON signal (Md.31 Status: b12) for each axis turns OFF, and " 0 " is stored in "Md. 25 Valid M code". <br> (e) When parameters or positioning data (No. 1 to 600) are written from the GX Works2 or PLC CPU to the flash ROM, the PLC READY signal will turn OFF. |
| Y1 | All axis | ervo ON | ```OFF: Servo OFF ON: Servo ON``` | - The servo for all the servo amplifiers connected to the LD77MH is turned ON or OFF. |
| Y10 Y11 Y12 Y13 Y14 Y15 Y16 Y17 Y18 Y19 Y1A Y1B Y1C $Y 1 D$ $Y 1 E$ $Y 1 F$ | Axis 1 <br> Axis 2 <br> Axis 3 <br> Axis 4 <br> Axis 5 <br> Axis 6 <br> Axis 7 <br> Axis 8 <br> Axis 9 <br> Axis 10 <br> Axis 11 <br> Axis 12 <br> Axis 13 <br> Axis 14 <br> Axis 15 <br> Axis 16 | Positioning start | OFF: <br> Positioning start not requested <br> ON: <br> Positioning start requested | - OPR operation or positioning operation is started. <br> - The positioning start signal is valid at the rising edge, and the operation is started. <br> - When the positioning start signal turns ON during BUSY, the operation starting warning will occur (warning code: 100). |

### 3.4 Specifications of interfaces with external devices

### 3.4.1 Electrical specifications of input signals

(1) External command signal/Switching signal
(a) Specifications of external command signal/switching signal

| Item |  | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of input points |  | 4 points |
| Input method |  | Positive common/Negative common shared |
| Common terminal arrangement |  | 4 points/common (Common contact: COM) |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler |
| Rated input voltage |  | 24VDC |
| Rated input current (IIN) |  | Approx. 5mA |
| Operating voltage range |  | 21.6 to 26.4 VDC $(24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$, ripple ratio $5 \%$ or less) |
| ON voltage/current |  | 17.5 VDC or more/3.5mA or more |
| OFF voltage/current |  | 5 VDC or less $/ 0.9 \mathrm{~mA}$ or less |
| Input resistance |  | Approx. $5.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Response time | OFF to ON | 1 ms or less |
|  | ON to OFF |  |
| Recommended wire size |  | AWG24 (0.2mm ${ }^{2}$ ) |

(2) Forced stop input
(a) Specifications of forced stop input signal

| Item |  | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of input points |  | 1 point |
| Input method |  | Positive common/Negative common shared |
| Common terminal arrangement |  | 1 point/common (Common contact: EMI.COM) |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler |
| Rated input voltage |  | 24VDC |
| Rated input current (lin) |  | Approx. 2.4 mA |
| Operating voltage range |  | 20.4 to 26.4VDC <br> (24VDC $+10 /-15 \%$, ripple ratio $5 \%$ or less) |
| ON voltage/current |  | 17.5 VDC or more/2.0mA or more |
| OFF voltage/current |  | 1.8 VDC or less/ 0.18 mA or less |
| Input resistance |  | Approx. 10k $\Omega$ |
| Response time | OFF to ON | 1 ms or less |
|  | ON to OFF |  |
| Recommended wire size |  | AWG24 (0.2mm ${ }^{2}$ ) |

(3) Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input
(a) Specifications of manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder

| Item |  | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Signal input form ${ }^{(\text {Note-1) }}$ |  | Phase A/Phase B (Magnification by 4/ Magnification by $1{ }^{\left({ }^{(\text {Note-2) })} \text {, PLS/SIGN }\right.}$ |
| Differential-output type (26LS31 or equivalent ) | Maximum input pulse frequency | 1Mpps (After magnification by 4, up to 4Mpps) ${ }^{\text {(Note-3) }}$ |
|  | Pulse width | $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ or more |
|  | Leading edge/trailing edge time | $0.25 \mu s$ or less |
|  | Phase difference | $0.25 \mu$ s or more |
|  | High-voltage | 2.0 to 5.25VDC |
|  | Low-voltage | 0 to 0.8VDC |
|  | Differential voltage | $\pm 0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | Cable length | Up to 30m (98.43ft.) |
|  | Example of waveform |  |
| Voltage-output/ Open-collector type (5VDC) | Maximum input pulse frequency | 200kpps (After magnification by 4, up to 800kpps) ${ }^{(\text {Note-3) }}$ |
|  | Pulse width | $5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ or more |
|  | Leading edge/trailing edge time | $1.2 \mu$ s or less |
|  | Phase difference | $1.2 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ or more |
|  | High-voltage | 3.0 to 5.25 VDC |
|  | Low-voltage | 0 to1.0VDC |
|  | Cable length | Up to 10m (32.81ft.) |
|  | Example of waveform |  |

(Note-1): Set the signal input form in "Pr. 24 Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input selection".

| Pr. 24 Manual pulse generator/ Incremental synchronous encoder input selection | Pr. 22 Input signal logic selection |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Positive logic | Negative logic |  |
|  | Forward run $\quad$ Reverse run | Forward run | Reverse run |
| Phase A/Phase B | * * * 4 4 ~ | $\begin{aligned} & 74 \uparrow \\ & \square \leftarrow \downarrow \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 74 * 5 \\ & 74 * * \end{aligned}$ |
| PLS/SIGN | $\square$ | $\geq \sqrt{\text { LoW }}$ |  |

(Note-2): LD77MH16 only.
(Note-3): Maximum input pulse frequency is magnified by 4, when "Phase A/Phase B Magnification by 4" is set in "Pr. 24 Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input selection".

## MEMO

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### 3.4.2 Signal layout for external input signal connector

The specifications of the connector section, which is the input/output interface for the LD77MH and external device, are shown below.
The signal layout for the LD77MH external input signal connector is shown.

| Pin layout | Pin No. | Signal name | Pin No. | Signal name |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Front view of the module | 1 | 5 V | 14 | 5V |
|  | 2 | SG | 15 | SG |
|  | 3 | HA ${ }^{\text {(Note-1), }}$ (Note-2), (Note-3) | 16 | $\mathrm{HB}^{\text {(Note-1), }}$ (Note-2), (Note-3) |
|  | 4 | HAH ${ }^{(\text {Note-1), }}$ (Note-2), (Note-4) | 17 | HBH ${ }^{\text {(Note-1), }}$ (Note-2), (Note-4) |
|  | 5 | HAL ${ }^{\text {(Note-1), }}$ ( (ote-2), (Note-4) | 18 | HBL ${ }^{\text {(Note-1), ( }}$ (Note-2), (Note-4) |
|  | 6 |  | 19 |  |
|  | 7 | No connect (Note-5) | 20 | (Note-5) |
|  | 8 | No connect | 21 | No connect |
|  | 9 |  | 22 |  |
|  | 10 | EMI | 23 | EMI. COM |
|  | 11 | DI1 ${ }^{\text {(Note-6) }}$ | 24 | DI2 ${ }^{\text {(Note-6) }}$ |
|  | 12 | DI3 ${ }^{\text {(Note-6) }}$ | 25 | DI4 ${ }^{\text {(Note-6) }}$ |
|  | 13 | COM ${ }^{(\text {Note-7) }}$ | 26 | COM ${ }^{(\text {Note-7) }}$ |

(Note-1): Input type from manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder is switched in "Pr. 89
Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection". (Only the value specified against the axis 1 is valid.)

- 0: Differential-output type (Default value)
- 1: Voltage-output/open-collector type
(Note-2): Set the signal input form in "Pr. 24 Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input selection".
(Note-3): Voltage-output/open-collector type
Connect the A-phase/PLS signal to HA, and the B-phase/SIGN signal to HB.
(Note-4): Differential-output type
Connect the A-phase/PLS signal to HAH, and the A-phase/PLS inverse signal to HAL.
Connect the B-phase/SIGN signal to HBH, and the B-phase/SIGN inverse signal to HBL.
(Note-5): Do not connect to any of the terminal is explained as "No connect".
(Note-6): Set the external command signal [DI] in "Pr. 95 External command signal selection" at LD77MH16 use.
(Note-7): "COM" is the common terminal of DI1, DI2, DI3 and DI4.


### 3.4.3 List of input signal details

The details of each LD77MH external input signal connector are shown below.


| Signal name | Pin No. | Signal details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| External command signal/ switching signal | 11 | - Input a control switching signal during speed-position or position-speed switching control. <br> - Use this signal as the input signal of positioning start, speed change request, skip request and mark detection from an external device. <br> Set the function to use this signal in "Pr. 42 External command function selection". (Note): Set the signal in "Pr. 95 External command signal selection" at LD77MH16 use. |
|  | 24 |  |
|  | 12 |  |
|  | 25 |  |
| Common (COM) | $\begin{array}{r} 13 \\ 26 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | - Common for external command signal/switching signals. |
| Forced stop input signal (EMI) | 10 | - This signal is input when batch forced stop is available for all axes of servo amplifier. <br> EMI ON (Opened) : Forced stop <br> EMI OFF (24VDC input) : Forced stop release |
| Forced stop input signal common (EMI.COM) | 23 |  |
| Manual pulse generator power supply output $(+5 \mathrm{VDC}) \quad(5 \mathrm{~V})$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 14 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | - Power supply for manual pulse generator. (+5VDC) |
| Manual pulse generator power supply output (GND) (SG) | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ 15 \end{gathered}$ | - Power supply for manual pulse generator. (GND) |

### 3.4.4 Interface internal circuit

The outline diagrams of the internal circuits for the LD77MH external device connection interface are shown below.
(1) Interface between external command signal/switching signal

| Input or output | Signal name |  | Pin No. |  |  |  | Wiring example | Internal circuit | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |
| Input | External command/ Switching | DIL $\square^{\text {(Note-1) }}$ | 11 | 24 | 12 | 25 | $\bigcirc$ | $\square \cdot \square$ | External |
|  |  | COM | 13 |  |  |  |  |  | Switching signal |

(Note-1): $\square=1$ to 4
(Note-2): As for the 24VDC sign, both "+" and "-" are possible.
(2) Interface between forced stop input signal

| Input or output | Signal name |  | Pin No. | Wiring example | Internal circuit | Descreption |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output | Forced stop input | EMI | 10 | -To |  | Forced stop input signal |
|  |  | EMI.COM | 23 |  |  |  |

(Note-1): As for the 24VDC sign, both "+" and "-" are possible.
(3) Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input
(a) Interface between manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder (Differential-output type)

(Note-1): Set "0: Differential-output type" in " Pr. 89 Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection" if the manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder of differential-output type is used. The default value is " 0 : Differential-output type".
(Note-2): Set the signal input from in " Pr. 24 Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input selection". (Note-3): The 5VDC power supply from the LD77MH must not be used if a separate power supply is applied to the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder.
If a separate power supply is used, use a stabilized power supply of voltage 5VDC.
Anything else may cause a failure.
(b) Interface between manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder (Voltage-output/open-collector type)

| Input or Output | Signal name | Pin No. | Wiring example | Internal circuit | Specification | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input <br> (Note-1), <br> (Note-2) | Manual pulse generator, phase A/PLS HA | 3 |  |  | - Rated input voltage 5.5VDC or less <br> - HIGH level <br> 3 to $5.25 \mathrm{VDC/}$ <br> 2 mA or less <br> -LOW level 1VDC or less/ 5 mA or more | For connection manual pulse generator/ incremental synchronous encoder <br> - Pulse width |
|  | Manual pulse generator, phase B/SIGN HB | 16 |  |  |  | (Duty ratio: 50\%) <br> - Leading edge, Trailing edge time $\cdots 1.2 \mu$ s or less <br> - Phase difference (Phases A, B) |
| Power supply | $5 \mathrm{~V}^{\text {(Note-3) }}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 14 \end{gathered}$ | 5 V | Power supply 5VDC |  | (1) Positioning address |
|  | SG | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ 15 \end{gathered}$ | SG | $J-$ |  | increases if Phase A leads Phase B. <br> (2) Positioning address decreases if Phase B leads Phase A. |

(Note-1): Set "1: Voltage-output/open-collector type" in " Pr. 89 Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection" if the manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder of voltage-output/open-collector type is used.
The default value is " 0 : Differential-output type".
(Note-2): Set the signal input from in " Pr. 24 Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input selection".
(Note-3): The 5VDC power supply from the LD77MH must not be used if a separate power supply is applied to the manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder.
If a separate power supply is used, use a stabilized power supply of voltage 5VDC.
Anything else may cause a failure.

### 3.5 External circuit design

Configure up the power supply circuit and main circuit which turn off the power supply after detection alarm occurrence and servo forced stop. When designing the main circuit of the power supply, make sure to use a no fuse breaker (NFB).
The outline diagrams of the internal circuits for the external device connection interface are shown below.

3-phase 200 to 230VAC


## POINT

(1) *1: Configure up the power supply circuit which switch off the electromagnetic contactor ( MC ) after detection alarm occurrence on the PLC CPU.
(2) $* 2$ : It is also possible to use a full wave rectified power supply as the power supply for the electromagnetic brake.
(3) $* 3$ : It is also possible to use forced stop signal of the servo amplifier.
(4) $* 4$ : Set the rotary axis setting switch of servo amplifier as follows to set the axis No. of servo amplifier.

| - Axis 1: 0 | - Axis 5: 4 | - Axis 9: 8 | - Axis 13: C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Axis 2: 1 | - Axis 6: 5 | - Axis 10: 9 | - Axis 14: D |
| - Axis 3: 2 | - Axis 7: 6 | - Axis 11: A | - Axis 15: E |
| - Axis 4: 3 | - Axis 8: 7 | - Axis 12: B | - Axis 16: F |

(5) $* 5$ : The status of forced stop input signal can be confirmed with "Md.50 Forced stop input".
(6) *6: It recommends using one leakage breaker for one servo amplifier. When electric power is supplied to multiple servo amplifiers for one leakage breaker, select the wire connected to the servo amplifier according to the capacity of the leakage breaker.

(Note-1) : When the control power supply of servo amplifier is shut off, it is not possible to communicate with the servo amplifier after that. Example) When the control power supply L11/L21 of servo amplifier in above B figure is shut off, it is also not possible to communicate with the servo amplifier C .
If only a specific servo amplifier control power supply is shut off, be sure to shut off the main circuit power supply L1/L2/L3, and do not shut off the control power supply L11/L21.
(Note-2) : Be sure to shut off the both of main circuit power supply L1/L2/L3 and control power supply L11/L21 at the time of exchange of servo amplifier. At this time, it is not possible to communicate between the servo amplifier and LD77MH. Therefore, be sure to exchange the servo amplifier after stopping the operating of machine beforehand.
(Note-3): If the emergency stop signal of LD77MH turns OFF when setting of "Pr. 82 Forced stop valid/invalid selection" to "0:Valid", servomotor is stopped with dynamic brake. (The LED display of servo amplifier indicates "E7" (Controller forced stop warning).)
(2) Example when using the forced stop of the LD77MH and MR-J3-B


## POINT

(1) $* 1$ : Configure up the power supply circuit which switch off the electromagnetic contactor $(\mathrm{MC})$ after detection alarm occurrence on the PLC CPU.
(2) $* 2$ : It is also possible to use a full wave rectified power supply as the power supply for the electromagnetic brake.
(3) $* 3$ : Set the rotary axis setting switch of servo amplifier as follows to set the axis No. of servo amplifier.

- Axis 1: 0
- Axis 5: 4
- Axis 9: 8
- Axis 13: C
- Axis 2: $1 \quad$ - Axis 6: 5
- Axis 10: 9
- Axis 14: D
- Axis 3: $2 \quad$ - Axis 7: 6
- Axis 11: A
- Axis 15: E
- Axis 4: $3 \quad$ - Axis $8: 7$
- Axis 12: B
- Axis 16: F
(4) *4: It recommends using one leakage breaker for one servo amplifier. When electric power is supplied to multiple servo amplifiers for one leakage breaker, select the wire connected to the servo amplifier according to the capacity of the leakage breaker.
(5) $* 5$ : The status of forced stop input signal can be confirmed with "Md.50 Forced stop input".

(Note-1) : When the control power supply of servo amplifier is shut off, it is not possible to communicate with the servo amplifier after that. Example) When the control power supply L11/L21 of servo amplifier in above B figure is shut off, it is also not possible to communicate with the servo amplifier C .
If only a specific servo amplifier control power supply is shut off, be sure to shut off the main circuit power supply L1/L2/L3, and do not shut off the control power supply L11/L21.
(Note-2) : Be sure to shut off the both of main circuit power supply L1/L2/L3 and control power supply L11/L21 at the time of exchange of servo amplifier. At this time, it is not possible to communicate between the servo amplifier and LD77MH. Therefore, be sure to exchange the servo amplifier after stopping the operating of machine beforehand.
(Note-3): The dynamic brake is operated, and servomotor occurs to the free run when EM1 (forced stop) of servo amplifier turn OFF. At the time, the display shows the servo forced stop warning (E6).
During ordinary operation, do not used forced stop signal to alternate stop and run.
The service life of the servo amplifier may be shortened.


## MEMO

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# Chapter 4 Installation, Wiring and Maintenance of the Product 

> The installation, wiring and maintenance of the LD77MH are explained in this chapter.
> Important information such as precautions to prevent malfunctioning of the LD77MH, accidents and injuries as well as the proper work methods are described.
> Read this chapter thoroughly before starting installation, wiring or maintenance, and always following the precautions.
4.1 Outline of installation, wiring and maintenance ..... 4- 2
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### 4.1 Outline of installation, wiring and maintenance

### 4.1.1 Installation, wiring and maintenance procedures

The outline and procedures for LD77MH installation, wiring and maintenance are shown below.


### 4.1.2 Names of each part

(1) The part names of the LD77MH are shown below.


| No. | Name |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1) | RUN indicator LED, ERR indicator LED | Description |
| 2$)$ | Axis display LED (AX1 to AX4) | Refer to this section (2). |
| 3$)$ | Axis display LED (AX1 to AX16) |  |
| 4$)$ | External input signal connector | Connector to connect the mechanical system input, manual <br> pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder, or forced <br> stop input. (26-pin connector) <br> Refer to Section 3.4.2 for details. |
| 5$)$ | SSCNET III cable connector | Connector to connect the servo amplifier. |
| 6$)$ | FG terminal block | Earth terminal block (with M3 $\times 6$ screw) ${ }^{\text {(Note-1) }}$ |
| 7$)$ | Serial number plate | Indicates the serial number written on the rating plate. |

(Note-1): Ground the FG terminal block by using the wire AWG16 to AWG20 (1.31 to $0.517 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) with crimping terminal RAV1.25-3 for wiring.
(2) The LED display indicates the following operation statuses of the LD77MH and axes.

LD77MH4


LD77MH16


| LED Display |  |  |  |  |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LD77MH4 |  |  | LD77MH16 |  |  |
| RUN LED is OFF. | RUN <br> ERR $\square$ | AX | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \square \\ & 2 \square \\ & 3 \square \\ & 4 \square \end{aligned}$ | RUN <br> ERR. | AX 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 <br> $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ <br> 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 <br> $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ | Hardware failure, watch dog timer error |
| Steady RUN LED display. <br> ERR. LED is OFF. | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{RUN} \\ \boldsymbol{\square} \\ \mathrm{ERR} \\ \square \end{gathered}$ | AX | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \square \\ & 2 \square \\ & 3 \square \\ & 4 \square \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { RUN } \\ \text { ERR. } \end{gathered}$ | AX 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 <br> $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$  <br> 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16  <br> $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$  | The module operates normally. |
| Steady ERR. LED display. | $\begin{gathered} \text { RUN } \\ \text { ERR. } \end{gathered}$ | AX | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \square \\ & 2 \square \\ & 3 \square \\ & 4 \square \end{aligned}$ | RUN <br> ERR. | $\begin{array}{rllllllll} \hline \mathrm{AX} & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ \square & \square & \square & \square & \square & \square & \square & \square \\ 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 16 \\ \square & \square & \square & \square & \square & \square & \square & \square \end{array}$ | System error |
| AX1 LED to AX4 LED are OFF. | $\begin{gathered} \text { RUN } \\ \text { ERR. } \end{gathered}$ | AX | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \square \\ & 2 \square \\ & 3 \square \\ & 4 \square \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RUN } \\ & \text { ERR. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{rllllllll} \mathrm{AX} & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ \square & \square & \square & \square & \square & \square & \square & \square \\ 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 16 \\ \square & \square & \square & \square & \square & \square & \square & \square \end{array}$ | During axis stop, during axis standby. |
| Steady AX1 (or other axis) LED display. | $\begin{gathered} \text { RUN } \\ \text { ERR. } \end{gathered}$ | AX | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \square \\ & 2 \square \\ & 3 \square \\ & 4 \square \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { RUN } \\ \text { ERR. } \end{gathered}$ | AX 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 <br> $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ <br> 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 <br> $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ | During axis operation. |
| ERR. LED remains flashing. AX1 (or other axis) remains flashing. | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{RUN} \\ \mathrm{ERR} \end{gathered}$ | AX | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \square \\ & 2 \square \\ & 3 \square \\ & 4 \square \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RUN } \\ & \text { ERR. } \end{aligned}$ | AX 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 <br> $\bullet$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ <br> 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 <br> $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ | Axis error |
| Steady all LEDs display. | $\begin{gathered} \text { RUN } \\ \square \\ \text { ERR. } \\ \square \end{gathered}$ | , | $\begin{aligned} & 1 ■ \\ & 2 ■ \\ & 3 \\ & 4 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | RUN <br> ERR. |  | Hardware failure |

The symbols in the Display column indicate the following LED statuses:
$\square$ : OFF, ■:ON , Flashing

### 4.1.3 Handling precautions

Handle the LD77MH and cable while observing the following precautions.

## [1] Handling precautions

## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- Use the programmable controller in an environment that meets the general specifications in the "MELSEC-L CPU module User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)". Using the programmable controller in an environment outside the range of the general specifications could result in electric shock, fire, operation failure, and damage to or deterioration of the product.
- Do not directly touch the module's conductive parts and electronic components. Doing so may could cause an operation failure or give damage to the module.
- Be sure there are no foreign matters such as sawdust or wiring debris inside the module. Such debris could cause fire, damage, or operation failure.
- Never try to disassemble or modify the modules. It may cause product failure, operation failure, injury or fire.
- Completely turn off the externally supplied power used in the system before installation or removing the module. Not doing so could result in damage to the module.
- Because the connector has its orientation, check it before attaching or detaching the connector straight from the front.
Unless it is properly installed, a poor contact may occur, resulting in erroneous input and output.


## [2] Other precautions

(1) Main body

- The main body case is made of plastic. Take care not to drop or apply strong impacts onto the case.
- Do not remove the LD77MH PCB from the case. Failure to observe this could lead to faults.
- Handle the module carefully. In order to protect the module, place the module in a horizontal position when the module is on a desk or cart.

(2) Cable
- Do not press on the cable with a sharp object.
- Do not twist the cable with force.
- Do not forcibly pull on the cable.
- Do not step on the cable.
- Do not place objects on the cable.
- Do not damage the cable sheath.


## (3) Installation environment

Do not install the module in the following type of environment.

- Where the ambient temperature exceeds the 0 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ range.
- Where the ambient humidity exceeds the 5 to $95 \%$ RH range.
- Where there is sudden temperature changes, or where dew condenses.
- Where there is corrosive gas or flammable gas.
- Where there are high levels of dust, conductive powder, such as iron chips, oil mist, salt or organic solvents.
- Where the module will be subject to direct sunlight.
- Where there are strong electric fields or magnetic fields.
- Where vibration or impact could be directly applied onto the main body.


### 4.2 Installation

### 4.2.1 Precautions for installation

The precautions for installing the LD77MH are given below. Refer to this section as well as Section 4.1.3 "Handling precautions" when carrying out the work.

Precautions for installation

## §DANGER

- Completely turn off the externally supplied power used in the system before installing or removing the module.
Not doing so could result in electric shocks, an operation failure or damage to the module.


## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- Never try to disassemble or modify the modules. It may cause product failure, operation failure, injury or fire.
- Completely turn off the externally supplied power used in the system before installation or removing the module.
Not doing so could result in an operation failure or damage to the module.
- After the first use of the module, the number of connections/disconnections is limited to 50 times (in accordance with IEC 61131-2). Exceeding the limit may cause malfunction.
- Use the programmable controller in an environment that meets the general specifications in the "MELSEC-L CPU module User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)". Using the programmable controller in an environment outside the range could result in electric shock, fire, operation failure, and damage to or deterioration of the product.
- Do not directly touch the module's conductive parts and electronic components. Doing so may could cause an operation failure or give damage to the module.
- To interconnect modules, engage the respective connectors and securely lock the module joint levers. Incorrect installation of the module can cause an operation failure, damage or drop.
- Lock the control panel and prevent access to those who are not certified to handle or install electric equipment.


### 4.3 Wiring

The precautions for wiring the LD77MH are given below. Refer to this section as well as Section 4.1.3 "Handling precautions" when carrying out the work.

### 4.3.1 Precautions for wiring

## §DANGER

- Completely turn off the externally supplied power used in the system before installation or wiring. Not doing so could result in electric shock or damage to the product.


## ©CAUTION

- Be sure to ground the earth terminal FG and LG. (Ground resistance: $100 \Omega$ or less) Not doing so could result in electric shock or operation failure. Securely tighten the screw of FG terminal.
- Check the layout of the terminals and then properly route the wires to the module.
- Connectors for external input signal must be crimped with the tool specified by the manufacturer, or must be correctly soldered. Insufficient connections may cause short circuit, fire, or malfunction.
- Be careful not to let foreign matter such as sawdust or wire chips get inside the module. These may cause fires, failure or malfunction.
- The top surface of the module is covered with protective films to prevent foreign objects such as cable off cuts from entering the module when wiring. Do not remove this film until the wiring is complete. Before operating the system, be sure to remove the film to provide adequate ventilation.
- Securely connect the connector for SSCNETIII cable to the front connector on the module.
- When removing the cable from the module, do not pull the cable. Hold the connector that is connected to the module. Pulling the cable that is still connected to the module may cause malfunction or damage to the module or cable.
- The external input/output signal cable of the LD77MH and the communication cable should not be routed near or bundled with the main circuit cable, power cable and/or other such load carrying cables other than those for the PLC. These cables should be separated by at least 100 mm (3.94inch) or more. They can cause electrical interference, surges and inductance that can lead to mis-operation.
- The shielded cable for connecting LD77MH can be secured in place. If the shielded cable is not secured, unevenness or movement of the shielded cable or careless pulling on it could result in damage to the LD77MH, servo amplifier or shielded cable or defective cable connections could cause mis-operation of the unit.
- If the cable connected to the LD77MH and the power line must be adjacently laid (less than 100 mm (3.94inch)), use a shielded cable. Ground the shield of the cable securely to the control panel on the LD77MH side. (A wiring example is given on this section "[1] Precautions for wiring").


## $\triangle$ CAUTION

－Forcibly removal the SSCNETIII cable from the LD77MH will damage the LD77MH and SSCNETIII cables．
－After removal of the SSCNETIII cable，be sure to put a cap on the SSCNETIII connector． Otherwise，adhesion of dirt deteriorates in characteristic and it may cause malfunctions．
－Do not remove the SSCNETIII cable while turning on the power supply of LD77MH and servo amplifier．Do not see directly the light generated from SSCNETIII connector and the end of SSCNETIII cable．When the light gets into eye，may feel something is wrong for eye．（The light source of SSCNETIII cable complies with class1 defined in JISC6802 or IEC60825－1．）
－If the SSCNETIII cable is added a power such as a major shock，lateral pressure，haul，sudden bending or twist，its inside distorts or breaks，and optical transmission will not be available． Be sure to take care enough so that the short SSCNETIII cable is added a twist easily．
－Be sure to use the SSCNETIII cable within the range of operating temperature described in this manual．Especially，as optical fiber for MR－J3BUSロM and MR－J3BUSDM－A are made of synthetic resin，it melts down if being left near the fire or high temperature．Therefore，do not make it touched the part which becomes high temperature，such as radiator or regenerative option of servo amplifier，or servomotor．
－When laying the SSCNETIII cable，be sure to secure the minimum cable bend radius or more． （Refer to this Section［2］Precautions for SSCNETIII cable wiring．）
－Put the SSCNETIII cable in the duct or fix the cable at the closest part to the LD77MH with bundle material in order to prevent SSCNETIII cable from putting its own weight on SSCNETIII connector．When laying cable，the optical cord should be given loose slack to avoid from becoming smaller than the minimum bend radius，and it should not be twisted．
Also，fix and hold it in position with using cushioning such as sponge or rubber which does not contain plasticizing material．
－Migrating plasticizer is used for vinyl tape．Keep the MR－J3BUSロM，and MR－J3BUSDM－A cables away from vinyl tape because the optical characteristic may be affected．


| SSCNETIII cable | Cord | Cable |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| MR－J3BUS $\square$ M | $\triangle$ |  |
| MR－J3BUS $\square$ M－A | $\triangle$ | $\triangle$ |
| MR－J3BUS $\square$ M－B | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |

O：Normally，cable is not affected by plasticizer．
$\triangle$ ：Phthalate ester plasticizer such as DBP and DOP may affect optical characteristic of cable．
Generally，soft polyvinyl chloride（PVC），polyethylene resin（PE）and fluorine resin contain non－ migrating plasticizer and they do not affect the optical characteristic of SSCNETIII cable．
However，some wire sheaths and cable ties，which contain migrating plasticizer（phthalate ester），may affect MR－J3BUSロM and MR－J3BUSロM－A cables（made of plastic）． In addition，MR－J3BUSロM－B cable（made of quartz glass）is not affected by plasticizer．

## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- If the adhesion of solvent and oil to the cord part of SSCNETIII cable may lower the optical characteristic and machine characteristic. If it is used such an environment, be sure to do the protection measures to the cord part.
- When keeping the LD77MH or servo amplifier, be sure to put on a cap to connector part so that a dirt should not adhere to the end of SSCNETIII connector.
- SSCNETIII connector to connect the SSCNETIII cable is put a cap to protect light device inside connector from dust. For this reason, do not remove a cap until just before connecting SSCNETIII cable. Then, when removing SSCNETIII cable, make sure to put a cap.
- Keep the cap and the tube for protecting light cord end of SSCNETIII cable in a plastic bag with a zipper of SSCNETIII cable to prevent them from becoming dirty.
- When exchanging the LD77MH or servo amplifier, make sure to put cap on SSCNETIII connector. When asking repair of LD77MH or servo amplifier for some troubles, make also sure to put a cap on SSCNETIII connector. When the connector is not put a cap, the light device may be damaged at the transit. In this case, exchange and repair of light device is required.
[1] Precautions for wiring
(1) Use separate cables for connecting to the LD77MH and for the power cable that create surge and inductance.
(2) The cable for connecting LD77MH can be placed in the duct or secured in place by clamps. If the cable is not placed in the duct or secured by clamps, unevenness or movement of the cable or careless pulling on it could result in damage to the unit or cable or defective cable connections could cause mis-operation of the unit.
(3) If a duct is being used and cables to connect to LD77MH are separated from the power line duct, use metal piping.
Ground the pipes securely after metal piping.
(4) Use the twisted pair shielded cable (wire size AWG24 to AWG30 (0.2 to $\left.0.05 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ ). The shielded must be grounded in the cable connector shell. (The following figure shows a wiring example.)
(5) Use separate shielded cables of the forced stop input signal (EMI, EMI.COM), external command signal/switching signal (DI1, DI2, DI3, DI4, COM), and manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder input signal (HAH, HAL, HBH, HBL, HA, HB, 5V, SG) for connecting to the LD77MH. They can cause electrical interference, surges and inductance that can lead to mis-operation.
[Wiring example of shielded cable]

The following shows a wiring example for noise reduction in the case when the connector (LD77MHIOCON) is used.


## [Processing example of shielded cables]

Connections of FG wire and each shielded cable


## Assembling of connector (LD77MHIOCON)


(6) To make this product conform to the EMC directive instruction and Low Voltage Directives, be sure to used of a AD75CK type cable clamp (manufactured by Mitsubishi Electric) for grounding connected to the control box and the shielded cable.

[How to ground shielded cable using AD75CK]


Using the AD75CK, you can tie four cables of about 7 mm outside diameter together for grounding.
(Refer to the "AD75CK-type Cable Clamping Instruction Manual" (IB-68682).)

## © CAUTION

Do not ground the cable clamp to the top of control panel. Doing so may lead to damage by damage of screws, etc. during installation or removing the cable clamp.

## [2] Precautions for SSCNETIII cable wiring

SSCNETIII cable is made from optical fiber. If optical fiber is added a power such as a major shock, lateral pressure, haul, sudden bending or twist, its inside distorts or breaks, and optical transmission will not be available. Especially, as optical fiber for MR-J3BUSロM, MR-J3BUS $\square M-A$ is made of synthetic resin, it melts down if being left near the fire or high temperature. Therefore, do not make it touched the part which becomes high temperature, such as radiator or regenerative option of servo amplifier and servomotor. Be sure to use optical fiber within the range of operating temperature described in this manual. Read described item of this section carefully and handle it with caution.
(1) Minimum bend radius

Make sure to lay the cable with greater radius than the minimum bend radius.
Do not press the cable to edges of equipment or others. For SSCNETIII cable, the appropriate length should be selected with due consideration for the dimensions and arrangement of LD77MH or servo amplifier. When closing the door of control panel, pay careful attention for avoiding the case that SSCNETIII cable is hold down by the door and the cable bend becomes smaller than the minimum bend radius.

| Model name of SSCNET II cable | Minimum bend radius [mm] ([inch]) |
| :--- | :--- |
| MR-J3BUS $\square$ M | 25 (0.98) |
| MR-J3BUS $\square$ M-A | Enforced covering cord: 50 (1.97), Cord: 25 (0.98) |
| MR-J3BUS $\square$ M-B | Enforced covering cord: 50 (1.97), Cord: 30 (1.18) |

## (2) Tension

If tension is added on the SSCNETIII cable, the increase of transmission loss occurs because of external force which concentrates on the fixing part of SSCNETIII cable or the connecting part of SSCNETIII connector. At worst, the breakage of SSCNETIII cable or damage of SSCNETIII connector may occur. For cable laying, handle without putting forced tension. (Refer to Section Appendix 2.2 "Wiring of SSCNETIII cables" for the tension strength.)

## (3) Lateral pressure

If lateral pressure is added on the SSCNETIII cable, the cable itself distorts, internal optical fiber gets stressed, and then transmission loss will increase. At worst, the breakage of SSCNETIII cable may occur. As the same condition also occurs at cable laying, do not tighten up SSCNETIII cable with a thing such as nylon band (TY-RAP).
Do not trample it down or tuck it down with the door of control box or others.

## (4) Twisting

If the SSCNETIII cable is twisted, it will become the same stress added condition as when local lateral pressure or bend is added. Consequently, transmission loss increases, and the breakage of SSCNETIII cable may occur at worst.
(5) Disposal

When incinerating optical cable (cord) used for SSCNETIII cable, hydrogen fluoride gas or hydrogen chloride gas which is corrosive and harmful may be generated. For disposal of SSCNETIII cable, request for specialized industrial waste disposal services who has incineration facility for disposing hydrogen fluoride gas or hydrogen chloride gas.
(6) Wiring process of SSCNETIII cable

Put the SSCNETIII cable in the duct or fix the cable at the closest part to the LD77MH with bundle material in order to prevent SSCNETIII cable from putting its own weight on SSCNETIII connector. Leave the following space for wiring.

- Putting in the duct

- Bundle fixing

Optical cord should be given loose slack to avoid from becoming smaller than the minimum bend radius, and it should not be twisted. When laying cable, fix and hold it in position with using cushioning such as sponge or rubber which does not contain plasticizing material.


## [3] Precautions for FG terminal wiring

(1) Wiring

Use the thickest wires (Up to $1.31 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) possible to reduce the voltage drop to the minimum for the FG cable of the LD77MH.
Use the wires of the following core size and crimping terminal for wiring.
(a) Ground wire

| Application | Recommended core size | AWG $^{\text {(Note-1) }}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Ground wire | 1.31 to $0.517 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | AWG16 to AWG20 |

(b) Crimping terminal

| Applicable name | Recommended core size | AWG $^{\text {(Note-1) }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RAV1.25-3 | 1.31 to $0.517 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | AWG16 to AWG20 |

(Note-1): AWG stands for "American Wire Gauge". AWG is a unit of the thickness of conducting wire.
(2) Grounding

For grounding, follow the steps (a) to (c) shown below.
(a) Use a dedicated grounding wire as far as possible.
(Ground resistance: $100 \Omega$ or less)
(b) When a dedicated grounding cannot be performed, use 2) Common grounding shown below.

(c) For grounding a cable, use the cable of AWG16 to AWG20 (1.31 to $0.517 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ).
Position the ground-contact point as nearly to the LD77MH as possible, and reduce the length of the grounding cable as much as possible.
[4] Example of measure against noise for compliance with the EMC directive.


1) Install a ferrite core. (Approx. 2 turn)
2) Ground the cables at a position 10 to 20 cm ( 3.94 to 7.87 inch ) away from the module, or at a position 5 to 10 cm ( 1.97 to 3.94 inch) away from the exit/entrance of the control panel with the cable clamp, etc.
3) Wire the power supply cable as short as possible using the twisted cable ( $2 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or more).
4) Use the shielded twisted cable (cable length: 30m (98.43ft.) or less) for each I/O signal cable.
5) Wire the cable connected to secondary side of 24 VDC power supply module as short as possible using the shielded twisted cable
6) Wire the cable connected to FG terminal of LD77MH as short as possible using the cable of 0.517 to $1.31 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, and ground to the control panel.
7) Wire the power supply and 24VDC power supply as short as possible using the cable of approx. $2 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, and ground to the control panel.
(1) Refer to this chapter or "EMC and Low Voltage Directives" of "MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)" for basic wire. We examined LD77MH by the above example.
(2) In wiring inside the panel, the power line connected to the power or servo amplifier and the communication cable such as bus connection cable or network cable must not be mixed. If the cables are installed closely with each other for wiring reasons, using a separator (made of metal) can make the cables less influenced by noise.
Mixing the power line and communication cable may cause malfunction due to noise.

### 4.4 Confirming the installation and wiring

### 4.4.1 Items to confirm when installation and wiring are completed

Check the following points when completed with the LD77MH installation and wiring.

- Is the module correctly wired?

The following four points are confirmed using the positioning test function of GX Works2.
With this function, "whether the direction that the LD77MH recognizes as forward run matches the address increment direction in the actual positioning work", and "whether the LD77MH recognizes the external input signals such as the manual pulse generator and forced stop", etc., can be checked.

- Are the LD77MH and servo amplifier correctly connected?
- Are the servo amplifier and servomotor correctly connected?
- Are the LD77MH and external devices (input signals) correctly connected?
- Are the servo amplifier and external wiring (FLS, RLS, DOG) correctly connected?

Refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2 for details of "Positioning test function".

Note that the monitor data of the "Md. 30 External input signal" in the GX Works2 may also be used to "confirm the connection between the LD77MH and external devices (input signals)".

## Important

If the LD77MH is faulty, or when the required signals such as the near-point dog signal and forced stop signal are not recognized, unexpected accidents such as "not decelerating at the near-point dog during machine OPR and colliding with the stopper", or "not being able to stop with the forced stop signal" may occur. Execute a checking wiring of external input signal. The connection confirmation by positioning test function must be carried out not only when structuring the positioning system, but also when the system has been changed with module replacement or rewiring, etc.

### 4.5 Maintenance

### 4.5.1 Precautions for maintenance

The precautions for servicing the LD77MH are given below. Refer to this section as well as Section 4.1.3 "Handling precautions" when carrying out the work.

## $\triangle$ DANGER

- Completely turn off the externally supplied power used in the system before clearing or tightening the connector screws.
Not doing so could result in electric shocks.


## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- Never try to disassemble or modify the modules.

It may cause product failure, operation failure, injury or fires.

- Completely turn off the externally supplied power used in the system before installation or removing the module.
Not doing so could result in electric shock, damage to the module or operation failure.


### 4.5.2 Disposal instructions

When you discard LD77MH, servo amplifier, a battery (primary battery) and other option articles, please follow the law of each country (area).

## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- This product is not designed or manufactured to be used in equipment or systems in situations that can affect or endanger human life.
- When considering this product for operation in special applications such as machinery or systems used in passenger transportation, medical, aerospace, atomic power, electric power, or submarine repeating applications, please contact your nearest Mitsubishi sales representative.
- Although this product was manufactured under conditions of strict quality control, you are strongly advised to install safety devices to forestall serious accidents when it is used in facilities where a breakdown in the product is likely to cause a serious accident.


## MEMO

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## Chapter 5 Data Used for Positioning Control

> The parameters and data used to carry out positioning control with the LD77MH are explained in this chapter.
> With the positioning system using the LD77MH, the various parameters and data explained in this chapter are used for control. The parameters and data include parameters set according to the device configuration, such as the system configuration, and parameters and data set according to each control. Read this section thoroughly and make settings according to each control or application. *: Refer to "Section 2 " for details on each control.
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### 5.1 Types of data

### 5.1.1 Parameters and data required for control

The parameters and data required to carry out control with the LD77MH include the "setting data", "monitor data" and "control data" shown below.

Setting data (Data set beforehand according to the machine and application, and stored in the flash ROM.)

$\diamond$ The following methods are available for data setting:

- Set using GX Works2.
- Create the sequence program for data setting using GX Works2 and execute it. In this manual, the method using the GX Works2 will be explained.
(Refer to "Point" on the next page.)
$\diamond$ The basic parameters 1, detailed parameters 1, OPR parameters, and "Pr. 83 Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis", " Pr. 89 Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection", " Pr. 90 Operation setting for speed-torque control mode" and "Pr. 95 External command signal selection" become valid when the PLC READY signal [YO] turns from OFF to ON.
$\diamond$ The basic parameters 2, detailed parameters 2 (Note that this excludes "Pr. 83 Speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis", " Pr. 89 Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection", "Pr. 90 Operation setting for speed-torque control mode" and "Pr. 95 External command signal selection".) become valid immediately when they are written to the buffer memory, regardless of the state of the PLC READY signal [Y0].
$\diamond$ Even when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is ON, the values or contents of the following can be changed: basic parameters 2, detailed parameters 2, positioning data, and block start data.
$\diamond$ The expansion parameter and servo parameter is transmitted from LD77MH to the servo amplifier when the initialized communication carried out after the power supply is turned ON or the PLC CPU is reset.
The power supply is turned ON or the PLC CPU is reset after writing servo parameter in flash ROM of LD77MH if the servo parameter is transmitted to the servo amplifier.
The following servo parameter in the buffer memory is transmitted to the servo amplifier when the PLC READY [Y0] turns from OFF to ON.
- Pr. 108 Auto tuning mode (Basic setting parameters)
- Pr. 109 Auto tuning response (Basic setting parameters)
- Pr. 122 Feed forward gain (Gain/filter parameters)
-Pr. 124 Ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment (Gain/filter parameters)
- Pr. 125 Model loop gain (Gain/filter parameters)
- Pr. 126 Position loop gain (Gain/filter parameters)
- Pr. 127 Speed loop gain (Gain/filter parameters)
- Pr. 128 Speed integral compensation (Gain/filter parameters)
- Pr. 129 Speed differential compensation (Gain/filter parameters)
$\diamond$ The only valid data assigned to basic parameter 2, detailed parameter 2, positioning data or block start data are the data read at the moment when a positioning or JOG operation is started. Once the operation has started, any modification to the data is ignored.
Exceptionally, however, modifications to the following are valid even when they are made during a positioning operation: acceleration time 0 to 3 , deceleration time 0 to 3, and external start command.
- Acceleration time 0 to 3 and deceleration time 0 to 3 :

Positioning data are pre-read and pre-analyzed. Modifications to the data four or more steps after the current step are valid.

- External command function selection: The value at the time of detection is valid.

Monitor data
(Data that indicates the control state. Stored in the buffer memory, and monitors as necessary.)


Axis monitor data
Monitors the data related to the operating axis, such as the current position and speed.
(Md. 20 to Md. 48 , Md. 100 to Md. 116, Md. 120 to Md.123)
$\diamond$ The following methods are available for data monitoring:

- Set using GX Works2.
- Create the sequence program for monitoring using GX Works2 and execute it. In this manual, the method using the GX Works2 will be explained.


Control using the control data is carried out with the sequence program.
" Cd. 41 Deceleration start flag valid" is valid for only the value at the time when the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns from OFF to ON.

## POINT

(1) The "setting data" is created for each axis.
(2) The "setting data" parameters have determined default values, and are set to the default values before shipment from the factory. (Parameters related to axes that are not used are left at the default value.)
(3) The "setting data" can be initialized with GX Works2 or the sequence program.
(4) It is recommended to set the "setting data" with GX Works2. The sequence program for data setting is complicated and many devices must be used. This will increase the scan time.

### 5.1.2 Setting items for positioning parameters

The table below lists items set to the positioning parameters. Setting of positioning parameters is similarly done for individual axes for all controls achieved by the LD77MH.
For details of controls, refer to "Section 2". For details of setting items, refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters".


[^1]
© : Always set
○: Set as required ("-" when not set)

- : Setting not required (This is an irrelevant item, so the setting value will be ignored. If the value is the default value or within the setting range, there is no problem.)


## Checking the positioning parameters

Pr. 1 to Pr. 90 , Pr. 95 are checked with the following timing.

- When the "PLC READY signal [Y0]" output from the PLC CPU to the LD77MH changes from OFF to ON.
- When the positioning test of GX Works2 is executed.


## REMARK

"High-level positioning control" is carried out in combination with the "major positioning control".
Refer to the "major positioning control" parameter settings for details on the parameters required for "high-level positioning control".

### 5.1.3 Setting items for OPR parameters

When carrying out "OPR control", the "OPR parameters" must be set. The setting items for the "OPR parameters" are shown below.
The "OPR parameters" are set commonly for each axis.
Refer to Chapter 8 "OPR control" for details on the "OPR control", and refer to Section
5.2 "List of parameters" for details on each setting item.

| OPR parameters OPR control |  |  | Machine OPR control |  |  |  |  | Fast OPR control |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\stackrel{\varrho}{\Phi}$ | Pr. 43 | OPR method |  |  |  |  |  | Preset parameters are used for machine OPR control. |
|  | Pr. 44 | OPR direction | ( | ( $)^{\text {a }}$ | ( | ( | ( |  |
|  | Pr. 45 | OP address | ( | ( ${ }^{\text {) }}$ | ( | ( | ( |  |
|  | Pr. 46 | OPR speed | (0) | (0) | ( | - | ( |  |
|  | Pr. 47 | Creep speed | ( | ( ${ }^{\text {) }}$ | ( | - | ( |  |
|  | Pr. 48 | OPR retry | R | R | R | - | - |  |
|  | Pr. 50 | Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON | - | ( ${ }^{\text {) }}$ | ( | - | - |  |
|  | Pr. 51 | OPR acceleration time selection | ( ) | ( $)$ | ( | - | ( |  |
|  | Pr. 52 | OPR deceleration time selection | ( | (0) | (o) | - | ( |  |
|  | Pr. 53 | OP shift amount | S | S | S | - | S |  |
|  | Pr. 54 | OPR torque limit value | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  | Pr. 55 | Operation setting for incompletion of OPR | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |
|  | Pr. 56 | Speed designation during OP shift | S | S | S | - | S | Preset parameters are used for |
|  | Pr. 57 | Dwell time during OPR retry | R | R | R | - | - |  |

(0) : Always set

- : Set as required
- : Setting not required (This is an irrelevant item, so the setting value will be ignored. If the value is the default value or within the setting range, there is no problem.)
R : Set when using the "13.2.1 OPR retry function". ("-" when not set.)
S : Set when using the "13.2.2 OP shift function". ("-" when not set.)
Checking the OPR parameters.
Pr. 43 to Pr. 57 are checked with the following timing.
- When the "PLC READY signal [Y0]" output from the PLC CPU to the LD77MH changes from OFF to ON.
- When the positioning test of GX Works2 is executed.


### 5.1.4 Setting items for expansion parameters

The setting items for the "expansion parameters" are shown below. The "expansion parameters" are set commonly for each axis.
Refer to "Section 2" for details on the each control, and refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for details on each setting item.

| Expansion parameter |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Related sub function |  |  |  |
| Optional data monitor: <br> Data type setting parameter <br> LD77MH16 | Pr.91 | Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1 | 14.11 |
|  | Pr.92 | Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2 |  |
|  | Pr.93 | Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3 |  |
|  | Pr.94 | Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4 | - |
|  | Pr.96 | Operation cycle setting |  |

### 5.1.5 Setting items for servo parameters

The servo parameters are used to control the servo motor and the data that is determined by the specification of the servo amplifier being used.
The setting item is different depending on the servo amplifier being used.
Refer to Section 5.2.8 "Servo parameters" for details.

| Servo parameter |  | Remark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pr. 100 | Servo series | Set the servo series connected to LD77MH. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Pr. } 101 \text { to Pr. } 118 \text {, } \\ & \text { Pr. } 332 \end{aligned}$ | Basic setting parameters | Setting items are different according to the servo series. |
| Pr. 119 to Pr. 163 | Gain/filter parameters |  |
| Pr. 164 to Pr. 195 | Expansion setting parameters |  |
| Pr. 196 to Pr. 227 | Input/output setting parameters |  |
| Pr. 228 to Pr. 267 | Extension control parameters |  |
| Pr. 268 to Pr. 299 | Special setting parameters |  |
| Pr. 300 to Pr. 315 | Other setting parameters |  |
| Pr. 316 to Pr. 331 | Option unit parameters |  |

### 5.1.6 Setting items for positioning data

Positioning data must be set for carrying out any "major positioning control". The table below lists the items to be set for producing the positioning data.
One to 600 positioning data items can be set for each axis.
For details of the major positioning controls, refer to Chapter 9 "Major Positioning Control". For details of the individual setting items, refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data".

| Major positioning control |  |  | Position control |  |  |  |  |  | Other control |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & .0 \\ & \text { 음 } \\ & \text { D } \\ & .0 \\ & \stackrel{=}{0} \\ & 0 \\ & \text { Z } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \hline 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 号 |
| Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Independent positioning control | © | © | © | © | © | ( ) | - | ( | - | - | - |
|  |  | Continuous positioning control | ( | © | ( | $\times$ | ( | $\times$ | - | © | - | - | - |
|  |  | Continuous path control | ( ) | $\times$ | © | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | - | $\times$ | - | - | - |
| Da. 2 | Control system |  | Linear 1 <br> Linear 2 <br> Linear 3 <br> Linear 4 <br> * | Fixedfeed 1 <br> Fixed- <br> feed 2 <br> Fixed- <br> feed 3 <br> Fixed- <br> feed 4 | Circular sub Circular right Circular left * | Forward run speed 1 Reverse run speed 1 Forward run speed 2 Reverse run speed 2 Forward run speed 3 Reverse run speed 3 Forward run speed 4 Reverse run speed 4 | Forward run speed/ position Reverse run speed/ position | Forward run position/ speed Reverse run position/ speed | NOP instruction | Current value changing | JUMP instruction | LOOP | LEND |
| Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | - | - |
| Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | - | - |
| Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolatedLD77MH4 |  | (0): 2 axes -: 1 axis, 3 axes, 4 axes |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount |  | ( ) | ( | ( ) | - | ( ) | ( ) | - | New address | - | - | - |
| Da. 7 | Arc address |  | - | - | © | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Da. 8 | Command speed |  | ( | ( | ( | ( | (0) | ( | - | - | - | - | - |
| Da. 9 | Dwell time (JUMP destination positioning data No.) |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | JUMP destination positioning data No. | - | - |
| Da. 10 | M code (JUMP condition data No.) |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ | JUMP <br> condition data No. | Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions | - |

© : Always set
○ : Set as required (Read "-" when not required.)
$\times$ :Setting not possible

- : Setting not required.
(This is an irrelevant item, so the set value will be ignored. If the value is the default value or within the setting range, there is no problem.)
* :Two control systems are available: the absolute (ABS) system and incremental (INC) system.

|  |  | Position control |  |  |  |  |  | Other control |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | O | $\underset{\text { ® }}{\text { ¢ }}$ |
| Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated 1 LD77MH16 | (0): 2 axes, 3 axes, 4 axes -: 1 axis |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated 2 LD77MH16 | (0): 3 axes, 4 axes -: 1 axis, 2 axes |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated 3 LD77MH16 | (0): 4 axes -: 1 axis, 2 axes, 3 axes |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

(0) : Always set

○ : Set as required (Read "-" when not required.)
$\times$ :Setting not possible

- :Setting not required.
(This is an irrelevant item, so the set value will be ignored. If the value is the default value or within the setting range, there is no problem.)
* :Two control systems are available: the absolute (ABS) system and incremental (INC) system.

Checking the positioning data
The items Da. 1 to Da. 10 , Da. 20 to Da. 22 are checked at the following timings:

- Startup of a positioning operation


### 5.1.7 Setting items for block start data

The "block start data" must be set when carrying out "high-level positioning control". The setting items for the " block start data" are shown below. Up to 50 points of " block start data" can be set for each axis.
Refer to Chapter 10 "High-Level Positioning Control" for details on the "high-level positioning control", and to Section 5.4 "List of block start data" for details on each setting item.

|  |  | Block start (Normal start) | Condition start | Wait start | Simultaneous start | Repeated start (FOR loop) | Repeated start (FOR condition) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Da. 11 | Shape (end/continue) | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Da. 12 | Start data No. | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Da. 13 | Special start instruction | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Da. 14 | Parameter | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |

$\bigcirc$ : Set as required ("-" when not set)

- : Setting not required (This is an irrelevant item, so the setting value will be ignored. If the value is the default value or within the setting range, there is no problem.)

Checking the block start data
Da. 11 to Da. 14 are checked with the following timing.

- When the "Block start data" starts


### 5.1.8 Setting items for condition data

When carrying out "high-level positioning control" or using the JUMP instruction in the "major positioning control", the "condition data" must be set as required. The setting items for the "condition data" are shown below.
Up to 10 "condition data" items can be set for each axis.
Refer to Chapter 10 "High-Level Positioning Control" for details on the "high-level positioning control", and to Section 5.5 "List of condition data" for details on each setting item.

|  |  | Major positioning control |  | High-level positioning control |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Other than JUMP instruction | JUMP instruction | Block start (Normal start ) | Condition start | Wait start | Simultaneous start | Repeated start (FOR loop) | Repeated start (FOR condition) |
| Da. 15 | Condition target | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ |
| Da. 16 | Condition operator | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ |
| Da. 17 | Address | - | $\triangle$ | - | $\triangle$ | $\triangle$ | - | - | $\triangle$ |
| Da. 18 | Parameter 1 | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\triangle$ | - | $\bigcirc$ |
| Da. 19 | Parameter 2 | - | $\triangle$ | - | $\triangle$ | $\triangle$ | $\triangle$ | - | $\triangle$ |
| Da. 23 | Number of simultaneously starting axes LD77MH16 | - | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | - |
| Da. 24 | Simultaneously starting axis No. 1 LD77MH16 | - | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | - |
| Da. 25 | Simultaneously starting axis No. 2 LD77MH16 | - | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | - |
| Da. 26 | Simultaneously starting axis No. 3 LD77MH16 | - | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | - |

O: Set as required ("-" when not set)
$\triangle$ : Setting limited

- : Setting not required (This is an irrelevant item, so the setting value will be ignored. If the value is the default value or within the setting range, there is no problem.)

Checking the condition data
Da. 15 to Da. 19 , Da. 23 to Da. 26 are checked with the following timing.

- When the " Block start data" starts
- When "JUMP instruction" starts


### 5.1.9 Types and roles of monitor data

The monitor data area in the buffer memory stores data relating to the operating state of the positioning system, which are monitored as required while the positioning system is operating.
The following data are available for monitoring.

- System monitoring:

Monitoring of the LD77MH configuration and operation history (through the system monitor data Md. 1 to Md.19, Md. 50 to Md. 56 , Md.130 to Md.135)

- Axis operation monitoring:

Monitoring of the current position and speed, and other data related to the movements of axes (through the axis monitor data Md. 20 to Md.48, Md. 100 to Md.116, Md.120 to Md.123)

## [1] Monitoring the system

Monitoring the positioning system operation history

| Monitoring details |  |  | Corresponding item |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Whether the system is in the test mode or not |  |  | Md. 1 | In test mode flag |
| History of data that started an operation | Start information |  | Md. 3 | Start information |
|  | Start No. |  | Md. 4 | Start No. |
|  | Start | Year: month | Md. 54 | Start Year: month |
|  |  | Day: hour | Md. 5 | Start Day: hour |
|  |  | Minute: second | Md. 6 | Start Minute: second |
|  | Error upon starting |  | Md. 7 | Error judgment |
|  | Pointer No. next to the pointer No. where the latest history is stored |  | Md. 8 | Start history pointer |
| History of all errors | Axis in which the error occurred |  | Md. 9 | Axis in which the error occurred |
|  | Axis error No. |  | Md. 10 | Axis error No. |
|  | Axis error occurrence | Year: month | Md. 55 | Axis error occurrence (Year: month) |
|  |  | Day: hour | Md. 11 | Axis error occurrence (Day: hour) |
|  |  | Minute: second | Md. 12 | Axis error occurrence (Minute: second) |
|  | Pointer No. next to the pointer No. where the latest history is stored |  | Md. 13 | Error history pointer |
| History of all warnings | Axis in which the warning occurred |  | Md. 14 | Axis in which the warning occurred |
|  | Axis warning No. |  | Md. 15 | Axis warning No. |
|  | Axis warning occurrence | Year: month | Md. 56 | Axis warning occurrence (Year: month) |
|  |  | Day: hour | Md. 16 | Axis warning occurrence (Day: hour) |
|  |  | Minute: second | Md. 17 | Axis warning occurrence (Minute: second) |
|  | Pointer No. next to the pointer No. where the latest history is stored |  | Md. 18 | Warning history pointer |


| Monitoring details |  | Corresponding item |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number of write accesses <br> to the flash ROM after the <br> power is switched ON | Number of write accesses to flash ROM | Md.19 | Number of write accesses to flash ROM |
| Forced stop input signal <br> turn ON/OFF | Forced stop input signal (EMI) <br> information | Md.50 | Forced stop input |
| Monitor whether the system is in amplifier-less operation | Md.51 | Amplifier-less operation mode status |  |
| Monitor the detection status of axis that set communication between <br> amplifiers | Md.52 | Communication between amplifiers axes <br> searching flag |  |
| Monitor the first five digits of product information | Md.130 | OS version |  |
| Monitor the RUN status of digital oscilloscope | Md.131 | Digital oscilloscope executing |  |
| Monitor the current operation cycle. | Md.132 | Operation cycle setting LDT7MH16 |  |
| Monitor whether the operation cycle time exceeds operation cycle. | Md.133 | Operation cycle over flag LD77MH16 |  |
| Monitor the time that took for operation every operation cycle. | Md.134 | Operation time |  |
| Monitor the maximum value of operation time after each module's <br> power supply ON. | Md.135 | Maximum operation time |  |

## [2] Monitoring the axis operation state

Monitoring the position

| Monitor details | Corresponding item |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Monitor the current machine feed value | Md.21 | Machine feed value |
| Monitor the current "current feed value" | Md.20 | Current feed value |
| Monitor the current target value | Md.32 | Target value |

Monitoring the speed

| Monitor details |  |  |  |  | Corresponding item |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Monitor the current speed | During independent axis control |  | Indicates the speed of each axis | Md. 22 | Feedrate |
|  | During interpolation control | When "0: <br> Composite speed" is set for " Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method" | Indicates the composite speed |  |  |
|  |  | When "1: <br> Reference axis speed" is set for " Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method" | Indicates the reference axis speed |  |  |
|  | Monitor "Da. 8 Command speed" currently being executed. |  |  | Md. 27 | Current speed |
|  | Constantly indicates the speed of each axis |  |  | Md. 28 | Axis feedrate |
| Monitor the current target speed |  |  |  | Md. 33 | Target speed |
| Monitor the command speed at speed control mode in the speedtorque control |  |  |  | Md. 122 | Speed during command |

Monitoring the status of servo amplifier

| Monitor details |  | Corresponding item |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Monitor the real current value (current feed value - deviation counter). | Md. 101 | Real current value |
| Monitor the difference between current feed value and real current value. | Md. 102 | Deviation counter value |
| Monitor the motor speed of servo motor. | Md. 103 | Motor rotation speed |
| Monitor the current value of servo motor. | Md. 104 | Motor current value |
| Monitor the software No. of servo amplifier. | Md. 106 | Servo amplifier software No. |
| Monitor the parameter No. that an error occurred. | Md.107 | Parameter error No. |
| Monitor the status (servo status) of servo amplifier. | Md. 108 | Servo status |
| - Monitor the percentage of regenerative power to permissible regenerative value. <br> - Monitor the content of " Pr. 91 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1 " at optional data monitor data type setting. | Md. 109 | Regenerative load ratio/Optional data monitor output 1 |
| - Monitor the continuous effective load torque. <br> - Monitor the content of " Pr. 92 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2" at optional data monitor data type setting. LD77MH16 | Md. 110 | Effective load torque/Optional data monitor output 2 |
| - Monitor the maximum generated torque. <br> - Monitor the content of " Pr. 93 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3 " at optional data monitor data type setting. | Md. 111 | Peak torque ratio/Optional data monitor output 3 |
| Monitor the content of "Pr. 94 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4" at optional data monitor data type setting. | Md. 112 | Optional data monitor output 4 LD77MH16 |
| Monitor the status of semi closed loop control/fully closed loop control. | Md. 113 | Semi/Fully closed loop status |
| Monitor the alarm of servo amplifier. | Md. 114 | Servo alarm |
| Monitor the option information of encoder. | Md.116 | Encoder option information |

Monitoring the state

| Monitor details |  | Corresponding item |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Monitor the axis operation state | Md.26 | Axis operation status |
| Monitor the latest error code that occurred with the axis | Md.23 | Axis error No. |
| Monitor the latest warning code that occurred with the axis | Md.24 | Axis warning No. |
| Monitor the external input/output signal and flag | Md.30 | External input signal Status |
| Monitor the valid M codes | Md.31 |  |
| Monitor whether the speed is being limited | Md.25 | Valid M code |
| Monitor whether the speed is being changed | Md.39 | In speed limit flag |
| Monitor the "start data" point currently being executed | Md.40 | In speed change processing flag |
| Monitor the "positioning data No." currently being executed | Md.43 | Start data pointer being executed |
| Monitor the remaining number of repetitions (special start) | Md.44 | Positioning data No. being executed |
| Monitor the remaining number of repetitions (control system) | Md.41 | Special start repetition counter |
| Monitor the block No. | Md.42 | Control system repetition counter |
|  | $M d .45$ | Block No. being executed |


| Monitor details | Corresponding item |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Monitor the current torque limit value | Md. 35 | Torque limit stored value/forward torque limit stored value |
|  | Md. 120 | Reverse torque limit stored value |
| Monitor the command torque at torque control mode in the speedtorque control. | Md. 123 | Torque during command |
| Monitor the "instruction code" of the special start data when using special start | Md. 36 | Special start data instruction code setting value |
| Monitor the "instruction parameter" of the special start data when using special start | Md. 37 | Special start data instruction parameter setting value |
| Monitor the "start data No." of the special start data when using special start | Md. 38 | Start positioning data No. setting value |
| Monitor the "positioning data No." executed last | Md. 46 | Last executed positioning data No. |
| Monitor the positioning data currently being executed | Md. 47 | Positioning data being executed |
| Monitor the movement amount after the current position control switching when using "speed-position switching control". | Md. 29 | Speed-position switching control positioning amount |
| Monitor switching from the constant speed status or acceleration status to the deceleration status during position control whose operation pattern is "Positioning complete" | Md. 48 | Deceleration start flag |
| Monitor the movement amount from near-point dog ON to machine OPR completion. | Md. 34 | Movement amount after near-point dog ON |
| Monitor the distance that travels to zero point after stop once at OPR. | Md. 100 | OPR re-travel value |

### 5.1.10 Types and roles of control data

Operation of the positioning system is achieved through the execution of necessary controls. (Data required for controls are given through the default values when the power is switched ON, which can be modified as required by the sequence program.) Controls are performed over system data or machine operation.

- Controlling the system data :

Setting and resetting LD77MH setting data (through the system control data Cd.1, Cd.2)

- Controlling the operation :

Setting operation parameters, changing speed during operation, interrupting or restarting operation (through the system control data Cd.41, Cd.42, Cd.137, axis control data Cd. 3 to Cd.40, Cd.43, Cd.100, Cd.101, Cd.108, Cd.112, Cd.113, Cd. 130 to Cd.133, Cd. 136 to Cd.146, expansion axis control data Cd. 180 to Cd.183)

## [1] Controlling the system data

Setting and resetting the setting data

| Control details | Controlled data item |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Write setting data from buffer memory to flash ROM. | Cd.1 | Flash ROM write request |
| Reset (initialize) parameters. | Cd.2 | Parameter initialization request |

## [2] Controlling the operation

Controlling the operation

| Control details | Corresponding item |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Set which positioning to execute (start No.). | Cd. 3 | Positioning start No. |
| Clear (reset) the axis error ( Md.23) and warning ( Md.24). | Cd. 5 | Axis error reset |
| Issue instruction to restart (When axis operation is stopped). | Cd. 6 | Restart command |
| Stop axis in control. | Cd. 180 | Axis stop LD77MH16 |
| Execute start request of JOG operation or inching operation. | Cd. 181 | Forward run JOG start LD77MH16 |
|  | Cd. 182 | Reverse run JOG start LD77MH16 |
| Execute pre-reading at positioning start. | Cd. 183 | Execution prohibition flag LD77MH16 |
| Set start point No. for executing block start. | Cd. 4 | Positioning starting point No. |
| Stop continuous control. | Cd. 18 | Interrupt request during continuous operation |
| Set number of simultaneous starting axes and target axis. | Cd. 43 | Simultaneous starting axis LD77MH16 |
| Set axis 1 start data Nos. for axes that start up simultaneously. | Cd. 30 | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 1 start data No.) LD77MH4 |
| Set start data No. of own axis at multiple axes simultaneous starting. |  | Simultaneous starting own axis start data No. LD77MH16 |
| Set axis 2 start data Nos. for axes that start up simultaneously. | Cd. 31 | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 2 start data No.) LD77MH4 |
| Set start data No. 1 for axes that start up simultaneously. |  | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 1 LD77MH16 |
| Set axis 3 start data Nos. for axes that start up simultaneously. | Cd. 32 | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 3 start data No.) LD77MH4 |
| Set start data No. 2 for axes that start up simultaneously. |  | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 2 LD77MH16 |
| Set axis 4 start data Nos. for axes that start up simultaneously. | Cd. 33 | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 4 start data No.) LD77MH4 |
| Set start data No. 3 for axes that start up simultaneously. |  | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 3 LD77MH16 |
| Specify write destination for teaching results. | Cd. 38 | Teaching data selection |
| Specify data to be taught. | Cd. 39 | Teaching positioning data No. |

Controlling operation per step

| Control details |  | Corresponding item |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Stop positioning operation after each operation. | Cd.35 | Step valid flag |
| Set unit to carry out step. | Cd.34 | Step mode |
| Continuous operation from stopped step. | Cd.36 | Step start information |

Controlling the speed

| Control details |  | Corresponding item |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Set new speed when changing speed during operation. | Cd.14 | New speed value |  |
| Issue instruction to change speed in operation to <br> (Only during positioning operation and JOG operation). | value. | Cd.15 | Speed change request |
| Change positioning operation speed between 1 and $300 \%$ range. | Cd.13 | Positioning operation speed override |  |
| Set inching movement amount. | Cd.16 | Inching movement amount |  |
| Set JOG speed. | Cd.17 | JOG speed |  |
| When changing acceleration time during speed change, set new <br> acceleration time. | Cd.10 | New acceleration time value |  |
| When changing deceleration time during speed change, set new <br> deceleration time. | Cd.11 | New deceleration time value |  |
| Set acceleration/deceleration time validity during speed change. | Cd.12 | Acceleration/deceleration time change <br> during speed change, enable/disable <br> selection |  |


| Control details |  | Corresponding item |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Turn M code ON signal OFF. | Cd. | M code OFF request |
| Set new value when changing current value. | Cd.9 | New current value |
| Validate speed-position switching signal from external device. | Cd.24 | Speed-position switching enable flag |
| Change movement amount for position control during speed- <br> position switching control (INC mode). | Cd.23 | Speed-position switching control <br> movement amount change register |
| Validate external position-speed switching signal. | Cd.26 | Position-speed switching enable flag |
| Change speed for speed control during position-speed switching <br> control. | Cd.25 | Position-speed switching control speed <br> change register |
| Set up a flag when target position is changed during positioning. | Cd.29 | Target position change request flag |
| Set new positioning address when changing target position during <br> positioning. | Cd.27 | Target position change value(new <br> address) |
| Set new speed when changing target position during positioning. | Cd.28 | Target position change value(new speed) |
| Set absolute (ABS) moving direction in degrees. | Cd.40 | ABS direction in degrees |
| Set manual pulse generator operation validity. | Cd.21 | Manual pulse generator enable flag |
| Set scale per pulse of number of input pulses from manual pulse <br> generator. | Cd.20 | Manual pulse generator 1 pulse input <br> magnification |
| Change OPR request flag from "ON to OFF". | Cd.19 | OPR request flag OFF request |
| Validate external command signal. | Cd.8 | External command valid |
| Set "same setting/individual setting" of the forward torque limit value <br> or reverse torque limit value in the torque change function. | Cd.112 | Torque change function switching request |
| Change " Md.35 Torque limit stored value/forward torque limit <br> stored value". | Cd.22 | New torque value/forward new torque <br> value |
| Change "Md.120 Reverse torque limit stored value". | Cd.113 | Reverse new torque value |
| Set whether " Md.48 Deceleration start flag" is valid or invalid | Cd.41 | Deceleration start flag valid |


| Control details |  | Corresponding item |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Set the stop command processing for deceleration stop function (deceleration curve re-processing/deceleration curve continuation) |  | Cd. 42 | Stop command processing for deceleration stop selection |
| Turn Servo ON/OFF command ON by the buffer memory ON. |  | Cd. 100 | Servo OFF command |
| Set torque limit value |  | Cd. 101 | Torque output setting value |
| Set whether gain changing is execution or not. |  | Cd. 108 | Gain changing command |
| Set the semi closed loop control/fully closed loop control. |  | Cd. 133 | Semi/Fully closed loop switching request |
| Set the PI-PID switching to servo amplifier. |  | Cd. 136 | PI-PID switching request |
| Speed-torque control | Switch the control mode. | Cd. 138 | Control mode switching request |
|  | Set the control mode to switch. | Cd. 139 | Control mode setting |
|  | Set the command speed during speed control mode. | Cd. 140 | Command speed at speed control mode |
|  | Set the acceleration time during speed control mode. | Cd. 141 | Acceleration time at speed control mode |
|  | Set the deceleration time during speed control mode. | Cd. 142 | Deceleration time at speed control mode |
|  | Set the command torque during torque control mode. | Cd. 143 | Command torque at torque control mode |
|  | Set the time constant to torque forward direction during torque control mode. | Cd. 144 | Torque time constant at torque control mode (Forward direction) |
|  | Set the time constant to torque reverse direction during torque control mode. | Cd. 145 | Torque time constant at torque control mode (Reverse direction) |
|  | Set the speed limit value during torque control mode. | Cd. 146 | Speed limit value at torque control mode |

## Change operation mode

| Control details |  | Corresponding item |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Change operation mode. | Cd.137 | Amplifier-less operation mode switching <br> request |

### 5.2 List of parameters

The setting items of the positioning parameter, OPR parameter or servo parameter are explained in this section.

- Guide to buffer memory address

In the buffer memory address, " $n$ " in "1+150n", etc. indicates a value corresponding to axis No. such as the following table.

| Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 9 | 8 | 13 | 12 |
| 2 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 10 | 9 | 14 | 13 |
| 3 | 2 | 7 | 6 | 11 | 10 | 15 | 14 |
| 4 | 3 | 8 | 7 | 12 | 11 | 16 | 15 |

(Note-1): Calculate as follows for the buffer memory address corresponding to each axis.
(Example) For axis No. 16
1+150n ( Pr. 4 Unit magnification (AM)) $=1+150 \times 15=2251$
$53+150 n$ ( Pr. 35 S-curve ratio) $=53+150 \times 15=2303$
(Note-2): The range ( $n=0$ to 3 ) of axis No. 1 to 4 is valid in the LD77MH4.

### 5.2.1 Basic parameters 1

| Item |  | Setting value, setting range |  | Default value | Setting value buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Value set with GX Works2 | Value set with sequence program |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Pr. 1 | Unit setting | 0: mm | 0 | 3 | 0+150n |  |
|  |  | 1 : inch | 1 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2: degree | 2 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 3 : PLS | 3 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Number of pulses per rotation (AP) <br> (Unit : PLS) | 1 to 200000000 | 1 to 200000000 | 20000 |  |  |
|  | Pr. 3 <br> Movement amount per rotation (AL) | The setting value range differs according to the " Pr. 1 Unit setting". |  | 20000 |  |  |
|  |  | 1:1 times | 1 | 1 | 1+150n |  |
|  | Pr. 4 | 10: 10 times | 10 |  |  |  |
|  | Unit magnification (AM) | 100: 100 times | 100 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1000: 1000 times | 1000 |  |  |  |
| $\operatorname{Pr} .7$ <br> Bias speed at start |  | The setting value range differs according to the " Pr. 1 Unit setting". |  | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 6+150 n \\ & 7+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  |

n : Axis No.-1

## Pr. 1 Unit setting

Set the unit used for defining positioning operations. Choose from the following units depending on the type of the control target: mm, inch, degree, or PLS. Different units can be defined for different axes.
(Example) Different units (mm, inch, degree, and PLS) are applicable to different systems:

- mm or inch .
$X-Y$ table, conveyor (Select mm or inch depending on the machine specifications.)
- degree ............ Rotating body (360 degrees/rotation)
- PLS................. X-Y table, conveyor
*: When you change the unit, note that the values of other parameters and data will not be changed automatically.
After changing the unit, check if the parameter and data values are within the allowable range.
Set "degree" to exercise speed-position switching control (ABS mode).


## Pr. 2 to Pr. 4 Electronic gear

Mechanical system value used when the LD77MH performs positioning control.
The settings are made using Pr. 2 to Pr. 4 .
The electronic gear is expressed by the following equation.

Electronic gear $=\frac{\text { Number of pulses per rotation (AP) }}{\text { Movement amount per rotation (AL) } \times \text { Unit magnification (AM) }}$
*: When positioning has been performed, an error (mechanical system error) may be produced between the specified movement amount and the actual movement amount. (Refer to Section 13.3.2 "Electronic gear function".)

## POINT

(1) Set the electronic gear within the following range.

If the value outside the setting range is set, the "Outside electronic gear setting range (error code: 907)" will occur.
0.001 SElectronic gear $\left(\frac{\mathrm{AP}}{\mathrm{AL} \times \mathrm{AM}}\right) \leq 20000$
(2) The result of below calculation (round up after decimal point) is a minimum pulse when the current feed value is updated at follow-up processing. (The movement amount for droop pulse is reflected as the current feed value when the droop pulse becomes more than above calculated value in pulse unit of motor end.)

Number of pulses per rotation (AP) $\div$ (Movement amount per rotation (AL) $\times$ Unit magnification $(A M) \times 3375)[P L S]$

Refer to Section 13.8 .2 for the follow-up processing.

## Pr. 2 Number of pulses per rotation (AP)

Set the number of pulses required for a complete rotation of the motor shaft. If you are using the Mitsubishi servo amplifier MR-J3(W)-B set the value given as the "resolution per servomotor rotation" in the speed/position detector specifications.

Number of pulses per rotation (AP) = Resolution per servomotor rotation
Pr. 3 Movement amount per rotation (AL), Pr. 4 Unit magnification (AM)
The amount how the workpiece moves with one motor rotation is determined by the mechanical structure.
If the worm gear lead ( $\mu \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{rev}$ ) is PB and the deceleration rate is $1 / \mathrm{n}$, then

$$
\text { Movement amount per rotation }(\mathrm{AL})=\mathrm{PB} \times 1 / \mathrm{n}
$$

However, the maximum value that can be set for this "movement amount per rotation (AL)" parameter is $20000000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}(20 \mathrm{~m})$. Set the "movement amount per rotation (AL)" as shown below so that the "movement amount per rotation (AL)" does not exceed this maximum value.

```
Movement amount per rotation (AL)
    \(=P B \times 1 / n\)
    = Movement amount per rotation (AL) \(\times\) Unit magnification (AM)
```

Note) The unit magnification (AM) is a value of $1,10,100$ or 1000 . If the "PB $\times$ $1 / \mathrm{n}$ " value exceeds $20000000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ (20m), adjust with the unit magnification so that the "movement amount per rotation (AL) " does not exceed $20000000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}(20 \mathrm{~m})$.
*1: Refer to Section 13.3.2 "Electric gear function" information about electric gear.

| Pr. 1 setting value | Value set with GX Works2 <br> (unit) | Value set with sequence program <br> (unit) $* 1$ |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $0: \mathrm{mm}$ | 0.1 to $2000000.0(\mu \mathrm{~m})$ | 1 to $200000000\left(\times 10^{-1} \mu \mathrm{~m}\right)$ |
| $1:$ inch | 0.00001 to 2000.00000 (inch) | 1 to $200000000\left(\times 10^{-5} \mathrm{inch}\right)$ |
| $2:$ degree | 0.00001 to 2000.00000 (degree) | 1 to $200000000\left(\times 10^{-5}\right.$ degree) |
| $3:$ PLS | 1 to 200000000 (PLS) | 1 to 200000000 (PLS) |

## Pr. 7 Bias speed at start

Set the bias speed (minimum speed) upon starting.
The specified "bias speed at start" will be valid during the following operations:

- Positioning operation
- OPR operation
- JOG operation

Set the value that the bias speed should not exceed "Pr. 8 Speed limit value".

| Pr. 1 setting value | Value set with sequence program (unit) |
| :---: | :--- |
| $0: \mathrm{mm}$ | 0 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right)$ |
| $1:$ inch | 0 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-3} \mathrm{inch} / \mathrm{min}\right)$ |
| $2:$ degree | 0 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-3}\right.$ degree $\left./ \mathrm{min}\right) * 1$ |
| $3:$ PLS | 0 to $50000000(\mathrm{PLS} / \mathrm{s})$ |

[^2]
### 5.2.2 Basic parameters 2

| Item | Setting value, setting range |  | Default value | Setting value buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Value set with GX Works2 | Value set with sequence program |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| $\text { Pr. } 8$ <br> Speed limit value | The setting range differs depending on the "Pr. 1 Unit setting". |  | 200000 | $\begin{aligned} & 10+150 n \\ & 11+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\text { Pr. } 9$ <br> Acceleration time 0 | 1 to 8388608 (ms) | 1 to 8388608 (ms) | 1000 |  |  |
| $\text { Pr. } 10$ <br> Deceleration time 0 | 1 to 8388608 (ms) | 1 to 8388608 (ms) | 1000 |  |  |

n : Axis No.-1
Pr. 8 Speed limit value
Set the maximum speed during positioning, OPR and speed-torque operations.

| Pr. 1 setting value | Value set with GX Works2 (unit) | Value set with sequence program (unit) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $0: \mathrm{mm}$ | 0.01 to $20000000.00(\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min})$ | 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right)$ |
| $1:$ inch | 0.001 to $2000000.000(\mathrm{inch} / \mathrm{min})$ | 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-3} \mathrm{inch} / \mathrm{min}\right)$ |
| $2:$ degree | 0.001 to $2000000.000($ degree $/ \mathrm{min}) * 1$ | 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-3} \mathrm{degree} / \mathrm{min}\right) * 2$ |
| $3:$ PLS | 1 to $50000000(\mathrm{PLS} / \mathrm{s})$ | 1 to $50000000(\mathrm{PLS} / \mathrm{s})$ |

* 1: Range of speed limit value when "Pr. 83 Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to valid: 0.01 to 20000000.00 (degree/min).
*2: Range of speed limit value when "Pr. 83 Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to valid: 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-2}\right.$ degree $\left./ \mathrm{min}\right)$


## Pr. 9 Acceleration time 0, Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0

" Pr. 9 Acceleration time 0" specifies the time for the speed to increase from zero to the "Pr. 8 Speed limit value" ("Pr. 31 JOG speed limit value" at JOG operation control). "Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0" specifies the time for the speed to decrease from the "Pr. 8 Speed limit value" ("Pr. 31 JOG speed limit value" at JOG operation control) to zero.


1) If the positioning speed is set lower than the parameter-defined speed limit value, the actual acceleration/deceleration time will be relatively short. Thus, set the maximum positioning speed equal to or only a little lower than the parameter-defined speed limit value.
2) These settings are valid for OPR, positioning and JOG operations.
3) When the positioning involves interpolation, the acceleration/deceleration time defined for the reference axis is valid.

### 5.2.3 Detailed parameters 1

| Item | Setting value, setting range |  | Default value | Setting value buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Value set with GX Works2 | Value set with sequence program |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Pr. 11 <br> Backlash compensation amount | The setting value range differs according to the " Pr. 1 Unit setting". |  | 0 |  | 50n |
| Pr. 12 <br> Software stroke limit upper limit value |  |  | 2147483647 |  |  |
| Pr. 13 <br> Software stroke limit lower limit value |  |  | -2147483648 |  |  |
| $\text { Pr. } 14$ | 0 : Apply software stroke limit on current feed value | 0 | 0 | $22+150 n$ |  |
| Software stroke limit selection | 1 : Apply software stroke limit on machine feed value | 1 |  |  |  |
| $\text { Pr. } 15$ | 0 : Software stroke limit valid during JOG operation, inching operation and manual pulse generator operation | 0 | 0 | $23+150 n$ |  |
| Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting | 1 : Software stroke limit invalid during JOG operation, inching operation and manual pulse generator operation | 1 |  |  |  |
| Pr. 16 <br> Command in-position width | The setting value range differs depending on the " Pr. 1 Unit setting". |  | 100 |  |  |
| $\text { Pr. } 17$ <br> Torque limit setting value | 1 to 1000 (\%) | 1 to 1000 (\%) | 300 | 26+150n |  |
| Pr. 18 | 0 : WITH mode | 0 | 0 | 27+150n |  |
| M code ON signal output timing | 1 : AFTER mode | 1 |  |  |  |
| Pr. 19 | 0 : Standard speed switching mode | 0 | 0 | $28+150 n$ |  |
| Speed switching mode | 1 : Front-loading speed switching mode | 1 |  |  |  |
| Pr. 20 | 0 : Composite speed | 0 | 0 | $29+150 n$ |  |
| Interpolation speed designation method | 1 : Reference axis speed | 1 |  |  |  |
| Pr. 21 | 0 : Do not update current feed value | 0 | 0 | $30+150 n$ |  |
| Current feed value during speed control | 1: Update current feed value | 1 |  |  |  |
|  | 2 : Clear current feed value to zero | 2 |  |  |  |

n : Axis No.-1

| Item | Setting value, setting range |  |  |  | Default value | Setting value buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Value set with GX Works2 |  |  | Value set with sequence program |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Pr. 22 <br> Input signal logic selection | b0 | Lower limit | 0: Negative logic <br> 1: Positive logic <br> (Note-1): <br> Only the value specified against the axis 1 is valid. |  | 0 | $31+150 n$ |  |
|  | b1 | Upper limit |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | b2 | Not used |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | b3 | Not used |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | b4 | External command/ switching signal ${ }^{(N o t e-1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | b5 | Not used |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | b6 | Near-point dog signal |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | b7 | Not used |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | b8 | Manual pulse generator input |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | b9 <br> to <br> b15 | Not used |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pr. 80 <br> External input signal selection | 1: External input signal of servo amplifier |  |  | 1 | 1 | 32+150n |  |
| Pr. 24 <br> Manual pulse generator/ Incremental synchronous encoder input selection | 0: A-phase/B-phase multiplied by 4 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 33 |  |
|  | 2: A-phase/B-phase multiplied by 1 LD77MH16 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |
|  | 3: PLS/SIGN |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |
| Pr. 81 <br> Speed-position function selection | 0: Speed-position switching control (INC mode) |  |  | 0 | 0 | 34+150n |  |
|  | 2: Speed-position switching control (ABS mode) |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |
| $\text { Pr. } 82$ | 0: Valid |  |  | 0 | 0 | 35 |  |
| selection | 1: Invalid |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |

n : Axis No.-1

## Pr. 11 Backlash compensation amount

The error that occurs due to backlash when moving the machine via gears can be compensated.
When the backlash compensation amount is set, commands equivalent to the compensation amount will be output each time the direction changes during positioning.


1) The backlash compensation is valid after machine OPR. Thus, if the backlash compensation amount is set or changed, always carry out machine OPR once.
2) "Pr. 2 Number of pulses per rotation", " Pr. 3 Movement amount per rotation", "Pr. 4 Unit magnification" and "Pr. 11 Backlash compensation amount" which satisfies the following (1) can be set up.
$0 \leq \frac{(\text { Pr. } 11 \text { Backlash compensation amount }) \times(\text { Pr. } 2 \text { Number of pulses per rotation })}{(\text { Pr. } 3 \text { Movement amount per rotation }) \times(\text { Pr. } 4 \text { Unit magnification })}(=A) \leq 65535$ (PLS)
An error (error code: 920) occurs when "Pr. 2 Number of pulses per rotation", " Pr. 3 Movement amount per rotation", " Pr. 4 Unit magnification" and "Pr. 11 Backlash compensation amount" setting range is lower 0, or 65536 or more. (the calculation result of the following (1) )
A servo alarm (error code: 2031, 2035 etc.) may be made to occur by kinds of servo amplifier (servomotor), load inertia and the amount of command of a cycle time (LD77MH) is set so that the calculation result of the following (1) may satisfy "Pr. 2 Number of pulses per rotation", "Pr. 3 Movement amount per rotation ", "Pr. 4 Unit magnification" and "Pr. 11 Backlash compensation amount" setting range is 0 to 65535 .

Reduce the setting value of "Pr. 11 Backlash compensation amount" if a servo alarm occurs. Use the value of the following (2) as a measure that a servo alarm does not occur.
$\mathrm{A} \leq \frac{(\text { Maximum motor speed }(\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min})) \times 1.2 \times(\text { Encoder resolution }(\mathrm{PLS} / \mathrm{r})) \times(\text { Operation cycle }(\mathrm{ms}))}{60(\mathrm{~s}) \times 1000(\mathrm{~ms})}$

| Pr. 1 <br> setting value | Value set with GX Works2 <br> (unit) | Value set with sequence program <br> (unit) $*$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0: \mathrm{mm}$ | 0 to $6553.5(\mu \mathrm{~m})$ | 0 to $65535\left(\times 10^{-1} \mu \mathrm{~m}\right)$ |
| $1:$ inch | 0 to 0.65535 (inch) | 0 to $65535\left(\times 10^{-5}\right.$ inch) |
| $2:$ degree | 0 to 0.65535 (degree) | 0 to $65535\left(\times 10^{-5} \mathrm{degree}\right)$ |
| $3:$ PLS | 0 to 65535 (PLS) | 0 to $65535($ PLS $)$ |

* 0 to 32767 : Set as a decimal

32768 to 65535 : Convert into hexadecimal and set

## Pr. 12 Software stroke limit upper limit value

Set the upper limit for the machine's movement range during positioning control.

| Pr. 1 <br> setting value | Value set with GX Works2 <br> (unit) | Value set with sequence program <br> (unit) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $0: \mathrm{mm}$ | -214748364.8 to $214748364.7(\mu \mathrm{~m})$ | -2147483648 to $2147483647\left(\times 10^{-1} \mu \mathrm{~m}\right)$ |
| $1:$ inch | -21474.83648 to 21474.83647 (inch) | -2147483648 to $2147483647\left(\times 10^{-5} \mathrm{inch}\right)$ |
| $2:$ degree | 0 to 359.99999 (degree) | 0 to $35999999\left(\times 10^{-5}\right.$ degree) |
| $3:$ PLS | -2147483648 to 2147483647 (PLS) | -2147483648 to 2147483647 (PLS) |

## Pr. 13 Software stroke limit lower limit value

Set the lower limit for the machine's movement range during positioning control.


1) Generally, the $O P$ is set at the lower limit or upper limit of the stroke limit.
2) By setting the upper limit value or lower limit value of the software stroke limit, overrun can be prevented in the software. However, an emergency stop limit switch must be installed nearby outside the range.
To invalidate the software stroke limit, set the setting value to "upper limit value = lower limit value". (If it is within the setting range, the setting value can be anything.)
When the unit is "degree", the software stroke limit check is invalid during speed control (including speed-position switching control, position-speed switching control) or during manual control.

## Pr. 14 Software stroke limit selection

Set whether to apply the software stroke limit on the "current feed value" or the "machine feed value". The software stroke limit will be validated according to the set value.
To invalidate the software stroke limit, set the setting value to "current feed value". When " 2 : degree" is set in "Pr. 1 Unit setting", set the setting value of software stroke limit to "current feed value".
The "Software stroke limit error" (error code: 923) will occur if "machine feed value" is set.

## Pr. 15 Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting

Set whether to validate the software stroke limit during JOG/Inching operation and manual pulse generator operation.

## Pr. 16 Command in-position width

Set the remaining distance that turns the command in-position ON. The command in-position signal is used as a front-loading signal of the positioning complete signal. When positioning control is started, the "Command in-position flag (Md. 31 Status: b2)" turns OFF, and the "command in-position flag" turns ON at the set position of the command in-position signal.


| Pr. 1 setting value | Value set with GX Works2 <br> (unit) | Value set with sequence program <br> (unit) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $0: \mathrm{mm}$ | 0.1 to $214748364.7(\mu \mathrm{~m})$ | 1 to $2147483647\left(\times 10^{-1} \mu \mathrm{~m}\right)$ |
| $1:$ inch | 0.00001 to 21474.83647 (inch) | 1 to $2147483647\left(\times 10^{-5}\right.$ inch) |
| $2:$ degree | 0.00001 to 21474.83647 (degree) | 1 to $2147483647\left(\times 10^{-5}\right.$ degree) |
| $3:$ PLS | 1 to $2147483647($ PLS $)$ | 1 to $2147483647($ PLS $)$ |

## Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value

Set the maximum value of the torque generated by the servomotor as a percentage between 1 and $1000 \%$.

* The torque limit function limits the torque generated by the servomotor within the set range.
If the torque required for control exceeds the torque limit value, it is controlled with the set torque limit value.
(Refer to Section 13.4.2 "Torque limit function".)


## Pr. 18 M code ON signal output timing

This parameter sets the $M$ code $O N$ signal output timing.
Choose either WITH mode or AFTER mode as the M code ON signal output timing.


Note: If AFTER mode is used with speed control, an $M$ code will not be output and the $M$ code $O N$ signal will not be turned ON.

An $M$ code is a number between 0 and 65535 that can be assigned to each positioning data (Da.10).
The sequence program can be coded to read an $M$ code from the buffer memory address specified by "Md. 25 Valid M code" whenever the M code ON signal turns ON so that a command for the sub work (e.g. clamping, drilling, tool change) associated with the $M$ code can be issued.

## Pr. 19 Speed switching mode

Set whether to switch the speed switching mode with the standard switching or front-loading switching mode.

0 : Standard switching $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .$| Switch the speed when executing the next |
| :--- |
| positioning data. |

1 : Front-loading switching ........ | The speed switches at the end of the positioning |
| :--- |
| data currently being executed. |


<For standard switching>

<For front-loading switching>

## Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method

When carrying out linear interpolation/circular interpolation, set whether to designate the composite speed or reference axis speed.
0 : Composite speed $\qquad$ The movement speed for the control target is designated, and the speed for each axis is calculated by the LD77MH.
1: Reference axis speed ........... The axis speed set for the reference axis is designated, and the speed for the other axis carrying out interpolation is calculated by the LD77MH.


<When reference axis speed is designated>

Note: Always specify the reference axis speed if the 4 -axis linear interpolation or 2 to 4 axis speed control has to be performed
If you specify the composite speed for a positioning operation that involves the 4-axis linear interpolation or 2 to 4 axis speed control, the error code 523 "interpolation mode error" will be output when the positioning operation is attempted. For a positioning operation that involves the circular interpolation, specify the composite speed always.

## Pr. 21 Current feed value during speed control

Specify whether you wish to enable or disable the update of " Md. 20 Current feed value" while operations are performed under the speed control (including the speed-position and position-speed switching control).
0 : The update of the current feed value is disabled
The current feed value will not change.
(The value at the beginning of the speed control will be kept.)
1: The update of the current feed value is enabled
The current feed value will be updated.
(The current feed value will change from the initial.)
2: The current feed value is cleared to zero
The current feed will be set initially to zero and change from zero while the speed control is in effect.
Note1: When the speed control is performed over two to four axes, the choice between enabling and disabling the update of " Md. 20 Current feed value" depends on how the reference axis is set.
Note2: Set "1" to exercise speed-position switching control (ABS mode).

## Pr. 22 Input signal logic selection

Set the input signal logic that matches the signaling specification of the connected external device.
Negative logic
(1) When the input signal contact is not flowed with the current.
(a) FLS, RLS $\rightarrow$ ON (Limit signal turn ON)
(b) DOG, DI $\rightarrow$ OFF
(2) When the input signal contact is flowed with the current.
(a) FLS, RLS $\rightarrow$ OFF (Limit signal turn OFF)
(b) DOG, DI $\rightarrow$ ON

Positive logic
Opposite the concept of negative logic.
Note1: A mismatch in the signal logic will disable normal operation. Be careful of this when you change from the default value.
Note2: Set the manual pulse generator input logic selection (b8) to axis 1. (Setting of any of other than axis 1 is invalid.)
Note3: The lower limit switch logic selection (b0), the upper limit switch logic selection (b1), and the near-point dog signal logic selection (b3) become valid when the external input signal of servo amplifier is set to the "Pr. 80 External input signal selection".
Note4: Only the value specified against the axis 1 is valid for the logic selection of external signal/switching signal (b4).

Pr. 80 External input signal selection
Do not set except default value "1: External input signal of servo amplifier".

## Pr. 24 Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input selection

Set the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder input pulse mode. (Only the value specified against the axis 1 is valid.)
0 : A-phase/B-phase multiplied by 4
2: A-phase/B-phase; multiplied by 1 LD77MH16
3: PLS/SIGN
Set the positive logic or negative logic in "Pr. 22 Input signal logic selection".
(1) A-phase/B-phase mode

- When the A-phase is $90^{\circ}$ ahead of the B-phase, the motor will forward run.
- When the B-phase is $90^{\circ}$ ahead of the A-phase, the motor will reverse run.
(a) A-phase/B-phase multiplied by 4

The positioning address increases or decreases at rising or falling edges of A-phase/B-phase.

(b) A-phase/B-phase multiplied by 1 The positioning address increases or decreases at twice rising or twice falling edges of A-phase/B-phase.

| Pr. 22 Input signal logic selection |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Positive logic | Negative logic |
|  |  |

(2) PLS/SIGN

| Pr.22 Input signal logic selection |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Positive logic | Negative logic |
| Forward run and reverse run are controlled with the ON/OFF of the direction sign (SIGN). <br> - The motor will forward run when the direction sign is HIGH. <br> - The motor will reverse run when the direction sign is LOW. | Forward run and reverse run are controlled with the ON/OFF of the direction sign (SIGN). <br> - The motor will forward run when the direction sign is LOW. <br> - The motor will reverse run when the direction sign is HIGH. |
|  |  |

## Pr. 81 Speed-position function selection

Select the mode of speed-position switching control.
0 : INC mode
2: ABS mode
Note1: If the setting is other than 0 and 2, operation is performed in the INC mode with the setting regarded as 0 .

## Pr. 82 Forced stop valid/invalid selection

Set the forced stop valid/invalid. (Only the value specified against the axis 1 is valid.)
All axis of the servo amplifier are made to batch forced stop when the forced stop input signal is turned on.
But "Servo READY signal OFF during operation" (error code: 102) does not occur even if the forced input signal is turned on the during operation.
0 : Valid (Forced stop is used)
1: Invalid (Forced stop is not used)
Note1: If the setting is other than 0 and 1 , "Forced stop valid/invalid setting error" (error code: 937) occurs.
Note2: The " Md. 50 Forced stop input" is stored "1" by setting "Forced stop valid/invalid selection" to invalid.

### 5.2.4 Detailed parameters 2

| Item | Setting value, setting range |  | Default value | Setting value buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Value set with GX Works2 | Value set with sequence program |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1 | 1 to 8388608 (ms) | 1 to 8388608 (ms) | 1000 | $\begin{aligned} & 36+150 n \\ & 37+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Pr. 26 Acceleration time 2 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 38+150 n \\ & 39+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Pr. 27 Acceleration time 3 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 40+150 n \\ & 41+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Pr. 28 Deceleration time 1 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 42+150 n \\ & 43+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Pr. 29 Deceleration time 2 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 44+150 n \\ & 45+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Pr. 30 Deceleration time 3 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 46+150 n \\ & 47+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\text { Pr. } 31$ <br> JOG speed limit value | The setting range differs depending on the " Pr. 1 Unit setting". |  | 20000 | $\begin{aligned} & 48+150 n \\ & 49+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Pr. 32 <br> JOG operation acceleration time selection | 0: Pr. 9 Acceleration time 0 | 0 | 0 | 50+150n |  |
|  | 1: Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1 | 1 |  |  |  |
|  | 2: Pr. 26 Acceleration time 2 | 2 |  |  |  |
|  | 3: Pr. 27 Acceleration time 3 | 3 |  |  |  |
|  | 0: Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0 | 0 | 0 | 51+150n |  |
| Pr. 33 | 1: Pr. 28 Deceleration time 1 | 1 |  |  |  |
| JOG operation deceleration time selection | 2: Pr. 29 Deceleration time 2 | 2 |  |  |  |
|  | 3: Pr. 30 Deceleration time 3 | 3 |  |  |  |
| $\text { Pr. } 34$ | 0 : Trapezoid acceleration/ deceleration process | 0 | 0 | 52+150n |  |
| Acceleration/deceleration process selection | 1 : S-curve acceleration/ deceleration process | 1 |  |  |  |
| $\text { Pr. } 35$ <br> S-curve ratio | 1 to 100 (\%) | 1 to 100 (\%) | 100 | 53+150n |  |
| Pr. 36 <br> Sudden stop deceleration time | 1 to 8388608 (ms) | 1 to 8388608 (ms) | 1000 | $\begin{aligned} & 54+150 n \\ & 55+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Pr. 37 <br> Stop group 1 sudden stop selection | 0 : Normal deceleration stop | 0 | 0 | 56+150n |  |
| Pr. 38 <br> Stop group 2 sudden stop selection | 1 : Sudden stop | 1 |  | 57+150n |  |
| Pr. 39 <br> Stop group 3 sudden stop selection |  |  |  | 58+150n |  |
| Pr. 40 <br> Positioning complete signal output time | 0 to 65535 (ms) |  | 300 | 59+150n |  |

n: Axis No.-1

n : Axis No.-1

## Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1 to Pr. 27 Acceleration time 3

These parameters set the time for the speed to increase from zero to the "Pr. 8 Speed limit value" ("Pr.31]JOG speed limit value" at JOG operation control) during a positioning operation.

Pr. 28 Deceleration time 1 to Pr. 30 Deceleration time 3
These parameters set the time for the speed to decrease from the "Pr. 8 Speed limit value" ("Pr.31JOG speed limit value" at JOG operation control) to zero during a positioning operation.

## Pr. 31 JOG speed limit value

Set the maximum speed for JOG operation.
Note) • Set the "JOG speed limit value" to less than " Pr. 8 Speed limit value". If the "speed limit value" is exceeded, the "JOG speed limit value error" (error code: 956) will occur.

| Pr. 1 setting value | Value set with GX Works2 <br> (unit) | Value set with sequence program <br> (unit) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $0: \mathrm{mm}$ | 0.01 to $20000000.00(\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min})$ | 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right)$ |
| $1:$ inch | 0.001 to $2000000.000(\mathrm{inch} / \mathrm{min})$ | 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-3 \mathrm{inch} / \mathrm{min})}\right.$ |
| $2:$ degree | 0.001 to $2000000.000($ degree $/ \mathrm{min})$ <br> $* 1$ | 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-3} \mathrm{degree} / \mathrm{min}\right)$ <br> $* 2$ |
| $3:$ PLS | 1 to $50000000(\mathrm{PLS} / \mathrm{s})$ | 1 to $50000000(\mathrm{PLS} / \mathrm{s})$ |

*1: The JOG speed limit value setting range is 0.001 to 2000000.000 [degree/min], but it will be decupled and become 0.01 to 20000000.00 [degree/min] by setting "Pr. 83 Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" to valid.
*2: The JOG speed limit value setting range is 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-3}\right.$ degree $\left./ \mathrm{min}\right)$, but it will be decupled and become 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-2}\right.$ degree $/ \mathrm{min}$ ) by setting " Pr. 83 Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" to valid.

## Pr. 32 JOG operation acceleration time selection

Set which of "acceleration time 0 to 3 " to use for the acceleration time during JOG operation.
0 : Use value set in " Pr. 9 Acceleration time 0".
1 : Use value set in " Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1".
2 : Use value set in " Pr. 26 Acceleration time 2".
3 : Use value set in " Pr. 27 Acceleration time 3".

## Pr. 33 JOG operation deceleration time selection

Set which of "deceleration time 0 to 3 " to use for the deceleration time during JOG operation.
0 : Use value set in " Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0".
1 : Use value set in " Pr. 28 Deceleration time 1".
2 : Use value set in " Pr. 29 Deceleration time 2".
3 : Use value set in " Pr. 30 Deceleration time 3".

## Pr. 34 Acceleration/deceleration process selection

Set whether to use trapezoid acceleration/deceleration or S-curve acceleration/ deceleration for the acceleration/deceleration process.

Note) Refer to Section 13.7.6 "Acceleration/deceleration processing function" for details.

<Trapezoid acceleration/deceleration>

<S-curve acceleration/deceleration>

## Pr. 35 S-curve ratio

Set the S-curve ratio (1 to 100\%) for carrying out the S-curve acceleration/ deceleration process.
The S-curve ratio indicates where to draw the acceleration/deceleration curve using the Sin curve as shown below.


## Pr. 36 Sudden stop deceleration time

Set the time to reach speed 0 from " Pr. 8 Speed limit value" ("Pr. 31 JOG speed limit value" at JOG operation control) during the sudden stop. The illustration below shows the relationships with other parameters.


## Pr. 37 Stop group 1 sudden stop selection <br> to

## Pr. 39 Stop group 3 sudden stop selection

Set the method to stop when the stop causes in the following stop groups occur.

- Stop group 1

Stop with hardware stroke limit

- Stop group 2 .............. Error occurrence of the PLC CPU, PLC READY signal [Y0] OFF, Fault in test mode
- Stop group 3 .............. Axis stop signal from PLC CPU

Stop signal from test function of GX Works2
Error occurrence (excludes errors in stop groups 1 and 2:
includes only the software stroke limit errors during JOG operation, speed control, speed-position switching control, and position-speed switching control)

The methods of stopping include " 0 : Normal deceleration stop" and "1: Sudden stop".
If "1: Sudden stop" is selected, the axis will suddenly decelerate to a stop when the stop cause occurs.

## Pr. 40 Positioning complete signal output time

Set the output time of the positioning complete signal output from the LD77MH. A positioning completes when the specified dwell time has passed after the LD77MH had terminated the command output.
For the interpolation control, the positioning completed signal of interpolation axis is output only during the time set to the reference axis.


Positioning complete signal output time

## Pr. 41 Allowable circular interpolation error width

The allowable error range of the calculated arc path and end point address is set. *1 If the error of the calculated arc path and end point address is within the set range, circular interpolation will be carried out to the set end point address while compensating the error with spiral interpolation.
The allowable circular interpolation error width is set in the following axis buffer memory addresses.
(Example) - If axis 1 is the reference axis, set in the axis 1 buffer memory address [60, 61].

- If axis 4 is the reference axis, set in the axis 4 buffer memory address [510, 511].

*1: With circular interpolation control using the center point designation, the arc path calculated with the start point address and center point address and the end point address may deviate.

| Pr. 1 setting value | Value set with GX Works2 <br> (unit) | Value set with sequence program <br> (unit) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $0: \mathrm{mm}$ | 0 to $10000.0(\mu \mathrm{~m})$ | 0 to $100000\left(\times 10^{-1} \mu \mathrm{~m}\right)$ |
| $1:$ inch | 0 to 1.00000 (inch) | 0 to $100000\left(\times 10^{-5} \mathrm{inch}\right)$ |
| $2:$ degree | 0 to 1.00000 (degree) | 0 to $100000\left(\times 10^{-5}\right.$ degree) |
| $3:$ PLS | 0 to $100000($ PLS $)$ | 0 to $100000(\mathrm{PLS})$ |

## Pr. 42 External command function selection

Select a command with which the external command signal should be associated.
0 : External positioning start
The external command signal input is used to start a positioning operation.
1: External speed change request
The external command signal input is used to change the speed in the current positioning operation. The new speed should be set in the " Cd. 14 New speed value"

2: Speed-position, position-speed switching request
The external command signal input is used to switch from the speed control to the position control while in the speed-position switching control mode, or from the position control to the speed control while in the position-speed switching control mode. To enable the speed-position switching control, set the
" Cd. 24 Speed-position switching enable flag" to "1".
To enable the position-speed switching control, set the
" Cd. 26 Position-speed switching enable flag" to "1".
3: Skip request
The external command signal input is used skip the current positioning operation.
4: High speed input request LD77MH16
The external command signal input is used to execute the mark detection. And, also set to use the external command signal in the synchronous control.

## POINT

To enable the external command signal, set the " Cd. 8 External command valid" to "1".

## Pr. 83 Speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis

Set the speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis when you use command speed and speed limit value set by the positioning data and the parameter at "Pr. 1 Unit setting" setup degree by ten times at the speed.

0 : Invalid
1: Valid
Normally, the speed specification range is 0.001 to 2000000.000 [degree/min], but it will be decupled and become 0.01 to 20000000.00 [degree/min] by setting "Pr. 83 Speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis" to valid.

Note) The speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis is included in detailed parameters 2 , but it will be valid at the rising edge (OFF to ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].
*1: Refer to Section 13.7.10 "Speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis function" about speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis.

| Pr. 83 setting value | Value set with GX Works2 <br> (unit) | Value set with sequence program (unit) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0:$ Invalid | 0.001 to $2000000.000($ degree $/ \mathrm{min})$ | 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-3} \mathrm{degree} / \mathrm{min}\right)$ |
| 1 : Valid | 0.01 to $20000000.00($ degree $/ \mathrm{min})$ | 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{degree} / \mathrm{min}\right)$ |

## Pr. 84 Restart allowable range when servo OFF to ON

(1) What is the restart function when servo OFF to ON ?

The LD77MH restart function when servo OFF changes to ON, performs continuous positioning operation (positioning start, restart) when the servo is switched from OFF to ON in the stopped state (including LD77MH's forced stop, servo forced stop).
Restart when servo OFF changes to ON can be performed when the difference between the last command position of LD77MH when it stopped and the present value when servo OFF changed to ON, is less than the value set in the buffer memory for the restart allowable range setting.
(a) Servo emergency stop processing

1) The positioning operation is judged as stopped and can be restarted if the difference between the last command position of LD77MH at the LD77MH's forced stop input or servo forced stop input and the present value at LD77MH's forced stop release or servo forced stop release is lower than the value set in the buffer memory for the restart allowable range setting.
2) When the difference between the last command position of the LD77MH at the time the servo stop signal turned ON and the present value at the time the servo stop signal turned OFF is greater than the value set in the buffer memory for the restart allowable range setting, the positioning operation is judged as on-standby and cannot be restarted.

(b) Processing when the servo ON signal changes from OFF to ON.
3) The positioning operation is stopped and restart can be performed when the difference between the last command position of the LD77MH when the servo ON signal went from OFF to ON is lower than the value set in the buffer memory for restart allowable range setting.
4) When the difference between the last command position of the LD77MH at the time the servo ON signal when from ON to OFF and the present value at the time the servo ON signal went from OFF to ON is greater than the value set in the buffer memory for the restart allowable range setting, the positioning operation is judged as onstandby and cannot be restarted.

(2) Setting method

When performing restart at the time servo OFF changes to ON, set the restart allowable range in the following buffer memory.

| Setting value buffer memory <br> address | Item | Setting range | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 |  |  |  |
| $64+150 \mathrm{n}$ <br> $65+150 \mathrm{n}$ |  | Restart allowable range <br> when servo OFF to ON | 0,1 to 327680 (PLS) <br> $0:$ restart not allowed |

[Setting example]
A program in which the restart allowable range for axis 1 is set to 10000 PLS is shown below.

(3) Precautionary notes
(a) The difference between the last command position when the servo turned OFF and the present value when the servo turned ON, is output at the first operation of restart. If the restart allowable range is large at this time, an overload may occur on the servo side.
Set the "restart allowable range when servo OFF changes to ON" to a value where the mechanical system will not be affected by a signal output.
(b) The restart servo OFF changes to ON is valid only for the first time servo OFF changes to ON. From the second time servo OFF changes to ON, the setting for restart allowable range when servo OFF changes to ON is disregarded.
(c) Execute servo OFF when the mechanical system is in complete stop state. The restart when servo OFF changes to ON cannot be applied to a system in which the mechanical system operated by external pressure or other force while the servo is OFF.
(d) Restart can only be executed while the operating status of the axis is "stop". Restart cannot be executed when the operation status of the axis is other than "stop".
(e) If the PLC READY signal is changed from OFF to ON while servo is OFF, restarting is not possible.
If restart is requested, a warning "Restart not possible" (warning code: 104) will occur.
(f) Do not restart while a stop command is ON.

If restart is executed while stopped, an error (error code 106: Stop signal ON at start) is generated, and the operating status of the axis becomes "ERR".
Therefore, restart cannot be performed even if the error is reset.
(g) Restart can also be executed while the positioning starts signal is ON. However do not set the positioning start signal from OFF to ON while stopped.
If the positioning start signal switches ON from OFF, positioning is performed from the positioning data number set in "Cd.3 Positioning start No." or from the positioning data number of the specified point.
(h) If positioning is terminated by a continuous-operation interrupt request, restart cannot be performed.
If a restart request is made, a warning (warring code 104: Restart disabled) is generated.
[Operation at the time an emergency stop is input]

[Operation when a restart is performed]


## Pr. 89 Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection

Set the input type from the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder. (Only the value specified against the axis 1 is valid.)
0: Differential output type
1: Voltage output/open collector type
Note) The "Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection" is included in detailed parameters 2 , but it will be valid at the rising edge (OFF to ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].

Refer to Section 3.4 "Specifications of interfaces with external devices" for details.

## Pr. 90 Operation setting for speed-torque control mode

Operation setting of the speed control mode or torque control mode at the speedtorque control use is executed.
(1) Speed initial value selection

Set the initial speed at switching from position control mode to speed control mode.
0 : Command speed .........Speed that position command at switching is converted into the motor speed.
1: Feedback speed ..........Motor speed received from servo amplifier at switching
(2) Condition selection at mode switching LD77MH16

Set to switch the control mode to torque control mode without stop of servomotor during positioning in position control mode.
0 : Switching conditions valid (for switching control mode)
1: Zero speed ON condition invalid (when switching between position and torque modes)

Note) The "Operation setting for speed-torque control mode" is included in detailed parameters 2, but it will be valid at the rising edge (OFF to ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].

## POINT

Set normally "0". Set "1" to shift to torque control without waiting for stop of servo motor immediately after positioning completion, in the case of stopper, etc.

## Pr. 95 External command signal selection LD77MH16

Set the external command signal.
0: Not used ........ External command signal is not used.
1: DI1 ................. DI1 is used as external command signal.
2: DI2 ................. DI2 is used as external command signal.
3: DI3 ................. DI3 is used as external command signal.
4: DI4 ................. DI4 is used as external command signal.
Note) The "External command signal selection" is included in detailed parameters 2, but it will be valid at the rising edge (OFF to ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].

## POINT

Same external command signal can be used in the multiple axes.

### 5.2.5 OPR basic parameters

| Item | Setting value, setting range |  | Default value | Setting value buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Value set with GX Works2 | Value set with sequence program |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Pr. 43OPR method | 0 : Near-point dog method | 0 | 0 | 70+150n |  |
|  | 4 : Count method 1) | 4 |  |  |  |
|  | 5 : Count method 2) | 5 |  |  |  |
|  | 6 : Data set method | 6 |  |  |  |
|  | 7 : Scale origin signal detection method | 7 |  |  |  |
| Pr. 44 | 0 : Positive direction (address increment direction) | 0 | 0 | 71+150n |  |
| OPR direction | 1: Negative direction (address decrement direction) | 1 |  |  |  |
| $\text { Pr. } 45$ <br> OP address | The setting value range differs depending on the " Pr. 1 Unit setting". |  | 0 |  |  |
| $\text { Pr. } 46$ <br> OPR speed |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| $\text { Pr. } 47$ <br> Creep speed |  |  | 1 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 50n } \\ & 50 n \end{aligned}$ |
| $\text { Pr. } 48$ | 0 : Do not retry OPR with limit switch | 0 | 0 | 78+150n |  |
| OPR retry | 1 : Retry OPR with limit switch | 1 |  |  |  |

n : Axis No.-1

## Pr. 43 OPR method

Set the "OPR method" for carrying out machine OPR.
0 : Near-point dog method ........ After decelerating at the near-point dog ON, stop at the zero signal and complete the machine OPR.
4 : Count method 1) .................. After decelerating at the near-point dog ON, move the designated distance, and complete the machine OPR with the zero signal.
5 : Count method 2) .................. After decelerating at the near-point dog ON, move the designated distance, and complete the machine OPR.
6 : Data set method.................. The position where the machine OPR has been made will be the OP.
7: Scale origin signal detection method

If it moves in the opposite direction against of OPR direction after deceleration stop at the nearpoint dog ON, And it moves in OPR direction after deceleration stop once at the detection of the first zero signal. Then, it stops at the detected nearest zero signal, and complete the machine OPR.

Note) Refer to Section 8.2 "Machine OPR" for details on the OPR methods.
(1) Start machine OPR.
(Start movement at the " Pr. 46 OPR speed" in the
" Pr. 44 OPR direction".)
(2) Detect the near-point dog ON, and start deceleration.
(3) Decelerate to " Pr. 47 Creep speed", and move with the creep speed.
(At this time, the near-point dog must be ON. If the nearpoint dog is OFF, the axis will decelerate to a stop.)
(4) At the first zero signal after the near-point dog turned OFF, machine OPR is completed.
Note) After the home position return (OPR) has been started, the zero point of the encoder must be passed at least once before point $A$ is reached. However, if selecting "1: Not need to pass motor Zphase after the power supply is switched on." with " Pr. 180 Function selection C-4", it is possible to carried out the home position return (OPR).


## 4 : Count method 1)

(1) Start machine OPR.
(Start movement at the " Pr. 46 OPR speed" in the
" Pr. 44 OPR direction".)
(2) Detect the near-point dog ON, and start deceleration.
(3) Decelerate to " Pr. 47 Creep speed", and move with the creep speed.
(4) After the near-point dog turns ON and the movement amount set in " Pr. 50 Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON" has passed, the LD77MH stops with the first zero signal, and the machine OPR is completed
Note) After the home position return (OPR) has been started, the zero point of the encoder must be passed at least once before point A is reached.
However, if selecting "1: Not need to pass motor Z-phase after the power supply is switched on." with " Pr. 180 Function selection C-4", it is possible to carried out the home position return (OPR).

5 : Count method 2)
(1) Start machine OPR.
(Start movement at the " Pr. 46 OPR speed" in the " Pr. 44 OPR direction".)
(2) Detect the near-point dog ON, and start deceleration.
(3) Decelerate to " Pr. 47 Creep speed", and move with the creep speed.
(4) After the near-point dog turns ON and the movement amount set in " Pr. 50 Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON" has passed, machine OPR is completed.


## 6 : Data set method

The position where the machine OPR has been made will be the OP.
(Perform after the servo amplifier has been turned ON and the servomotor has been rotated at least once using the JOG or similar operation. However, if selecting "1: Not need to pass motor Z-phase after the power supply is switched on." with " Pr. 180 Function selection C-4", it is possible to carried out the home position return (OPR).)

## 7 : Scale origin signal detection method

(1) Start machine OPR.
(Start movement at the " Pr. 46 OPR speed" in the
" Pr. 44 OPR direction".)
(2) Detect the near-point dog ON, and start deceleration.
(3) After deceleration stop, it moves in the opposite direction against of OPR at the " Pr. 46 OPR speed".
(4) During movement, the machine begins decelerating when the first zero signal is detected.
(5) After deceleration stop, it moves in direction of OPR at the speed set in " Pr. 47 Creep speed", and stops at the detected nearest zero signal to complete the machine OPR.


## Pr. 44 OPR direction

Set the direction to start movement when starting machine OPR.
0 : Positive direction (address increment direction)
Moves in the direction that the address increments. (Arrow 2))
1: Negative direction (address decrement direction)
Moves in the direction that the address decrements. (Arrow 1))
Normally, the OP is set near the lower limit or the upper limit, so " Pr. 44 OPR direction" is set as shown below.


## Pr. 45 OP address

Set the address used as the reference point for positioning control (ABS system). (When the machine OPR is completed, the stop position address is changed to the address set in " Pr. 45 OP address". At the same time, the " Pr. 45 OP address" is stored in " Md. 20 Current feed value" and " Md. 21 Machine feed value".)

| Pr. 1 setting value | Value set with GX Works2 <br> (unit) | Value set with sequence program <br> (unit) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $0: \mathrm{mm}$ | -214748364.8 to $214748364.7(\mu \mathrm{~m})$ | -2147483648 to $2147483647\left(\times 10^{-1} \mu \mathrm{~m}\right)$ |
| $1:$ inch | -21474.83648 to 21474.83647 (inch) | -2147483648 to $2147483647\left(\times 10^{-5}\right.$ inch $)$ |
| $2:$ degree | 0 to 359.99999 (degree) | 0 to $35999999\left(\times 10^{-5}\right.$ degree) |
| $3:$ PLS | -2147483648 to $2147483647($ PLS $)$ | -2147483648 to 2147483647 (PLS) |

## Pr. 46 OPR speed

Set the speed for OPR.
Note) Set the "OPR speed" to less than " Pr. 8 Speed limit value". If the "speed limit value" is exceeded, the error "outside speed limit value range" (error code: 910 ) will occur, and OPR will not be executed.
The "OPR speed" should be equal to or faster than the " Pr. 7 Bias speed at start" and " Pr. 47 Creep speed".

| Pr. 1 setting value | Value set with GX Works2 <br> (unit) | Value set with sequence program <br> (unit) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $0: \mathrm{mm}$ | 0.01 to $20000000.00(\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min})$ | 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right)$ |
| $1:$ inch | 0.001 to $2000000.000(\mathrm{inch} / \mathrm{min})$ | 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-3} \mathrm{inch} / \mathrm{min}\right)$ |
| $2:$ degree | 0.001 to $2000000.000(\mathrm{degree} / \mathrm{min})^{`} * 1$ | 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-3} \mathrm{degree} / \mathrm{min}\right) * 2$ |
| $3:$ PLS | 1 to $50000000(\mathrm{PLS} / \mathrm{s})$ | 1 to $50000000(\mathrm{PLS} / \mathrm{s})$ |
* 1 : The OPR speed setting range is 0.001 to 2000000.000 [degree/min], but it will be decupled and become 0.01 to 20000000.00[degree/min] by setting "[Pr. 83 Speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis" to valid.
*2: The OPR speed setting range is 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-3}\right.$ degree $\left./ \mathrm{min}\right)$, but it will be decupled and become 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-2}\right.$ degree $\left./ \mathrm{min}\right)$ by setting " Pr .83 Speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis" to valid.

## Pr. 47 Creep speed

Set the creep speed after near-point dog ON (the low speed just before stopping after decelerating from the OPR speed).
The creep speed is set within the following range.
(Pr. 46 OPR speed $) \geq($ Pr. 47 Creep speed $) \geq$ (Pr. 7 Bias speed at start $)$


| Pr. 1 setting value | Value set with GX Works2 <br> (unit) | Value set with sequence program <br> (unit) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $0: \mathrm{mm}$ | 0.01 to $20000000.00(\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min})$ | 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right)$ |
| $1:$ inch | 0.001 to $2000000.000(\mathrm{inch} / \mathrm{min})$ | 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-3 \mathrm{inch} / \mathrm{min})}\right.$ |
| $2:$ degree | 0.001 to $2000000.000($ degree $/ \mathrm{min})$ <br> $* 1$ | 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-3} \mathrm{degree} / \mathrm{min}\right)$ <br> $* 2$ |
| $3:$ PLS | 1 to $50000000(\mathrm{PLS} / \mathrm{s})$ | 1 to $50000000(\mathrm{PLS} / \mathrm{s})$ |

*1: The creep speed setting range is 0.001 to 2000000.000 [degree $/ \mathrm{min}$ ], but it will be decupled and become 0.01 to 20000000.00 [degree/min] by setting "Pr. 83 Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" to valid.
*2: The creep speed setting range is 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-3}\right.$ degree $\left./ \mathrm{min}\right)$, but it will be decupled and become 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-2}\right.$ degree $\left./ \mathrm{min}\right)$ by setting " Pr. 83 Speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis" to valid.

## Pr. 48 OPR retry

Set whether to carry out OPR retry.
When the OPR retry function is validated and the machine OPR is started, first the axis will move in the OPR direction (1)). If the upper/lower limit signal turns OFF before the near-point dog signal ON is detected (2)), the axis will decelerate to a stop, and then will move in the direction opposite the OPR direction (3)). If the following edge of the near-point dog signal is detected during movement in the opposite direction, the axis will decelerate to a stop (4)), and then will carry out machine OPR again (5), 6)).

[Operation for OPR retry function]

1) Movement in the OPR direction starts with the machine OPR start.
2) The axis decelerates when the limit switch is detected.
3) After stopping at detection the limit signal OFF, the axis moves at the OPR speed in the direction opposite to the specified OPR direction.
4) The axis decelerates when the near-point dog signal turns OFF.
5) After stopping with the near-point dog signal OFF, start machine OPR in the OPR direction.
6) The machine begins decelerating when the near-point dog ON is detected and completes machine OPR.

### 5.2.6 OPR detailed parameters

| Item | Setting value, setting range |  | Default value | Setting value buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Value set with GX Works2 | Value set with sequence program |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| $\text { Pr. } 50$ <br> Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON | The setting value range differs depending on the " Pr. 1 Unit setting". |  | 0 |  |  |
| Pr. 51 <br> OPR acceleration time selection | 0 : Pr. 9 Acceleration time 0 | 0 | 0 | 82+150n |  |
|  | 1: Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1 | 1 |  |  |  |
|  | 2: Pr. 26 Acceleration time 2 | 2 |  |  |  |
|  | 3 : Pr. 27 Acceleration time 3 | 3 |  |  |  |
| Pr. 52 <br> OPR deceleration time selection | 0 : Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0 | 0 | 0 | $83+150 n$ |  |
|  | 1: Pr. 28 Deceleration time 1 | 1 |  |  |  |
|  | 2: Pr. 29 Deceleration time 2 | 2 |  |  |  |
|  | 3 : Pr. 30 Deceleration time 3 | 3 |  |  |  |
| $\text { Pr. } 53$ <br> OP shift amount | The setting value range differs depending on the " Pr. 1 Unit setting". |  | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 84+150 n \\ & 85+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\text { Pr. } 54$ <br> OPR torque limit value | 1 to 1000 (\%) | 1 to 1000 (\%) | 300 | 86+150n |  |
| Pr. 55 <br> Operation setting for incompletion of OPR | 0 : Positioning control is not <br> executed. <br> $1:$Positioning control is <br> executed. | 0 1 | 0 | 87+150n |  |
| Pr. 56 | 0 : OPR speed | 0 | 0 | 88+150n |  |
| Speed designation during OP shift | 1 : Creep speed | 1 |  |  |  |
| $\text { Pr. } 57$ <br> Dwell time during OPR retry | 0 to 65535 (ms) | 0 to $65535(\mathrm{~ms})$  <br> 0 to 32767 : Set as a <br> 32768 to 65535 decimal <br> Convert into <br> hexadecimal <br> and set | 0 | $89+150 n$ |  |

n : Axis No.-1

## Pr. 50 Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON

When using the count method 1) or 2), set the movement amount to the OP after the near-point dog signal turns ON.
(The movement amount after near-point dog ON should be equal to or greater than the sum of the "distance covered by the deceleration from the OPR speed to the creep speed" and "distance of movement in 10 ms at the OPR speed".)

## Example of setting for " Pr. 50 Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON"

Assuming that the "Pr. 8 Speed limit value" is set to $200 \mathrm{kPLS} / \mathrm{s}$, "Pr. 46 OPR speed" to $10 \mathrm{kPLS} / \mathrm{s}$,
"Pr. 47 Creep speed" to $1 \mathrm{kPLS} / \mathrm{s}$, and deceleration time to 300 ms , the minimum value of "Pr. 50 Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON" is calculated as follows:


| Pr. 1 setting value | Value set with GX Works2 <br> (unit) | Value set with sequence program <br> (unit) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $0: \mathrm{mm}$ | 0 to $214748364.7(\mu \mathrm{~m})$ | 0 to $2147483647\left(\times 10^{-1} \mu \mathrm{~m}\right)$ |
| $1:$ inch | 0 to 21474.83647 (inch) | 0 to $2147483647\left(\times 10^{-5} \mathrm{inch}\right)$ |
| $2:$ degree | 0 to 21474.83647 (degree) | 0 to $2147483647\left(\times 10^{-5}\right.$ degree) |
| $3:$ PLS | 0 to 2147483647 (PLS) | 0 to $2147483647(\mathrm{PLS})$ |

## Pr. 51 OPR acceleration time selection

Set which of "acceleration time 0 to 3 " to use for the acceleration time during OPR. 0 : Use the value set in " Pr. 9 Acceleration time 0".
1 : Use the value set in " Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1".
2 : Use the value set in " Pr. 26 Acceleration time 2".
3 : Use the value set in " Pr. 27 Acceleration time 3".

## Pr. 52 OPR deceleration time selection

Set which of "deceleration time 0 to 3 " to use for the deceleration time during OPR.
0 : Use the value set in " Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0".
1 : Use the value set in "Pr. 28 Deceleration time 1".
2 : Use the value set in " Pr. 29 Deceleration time 2".
3 : Use the value set in " Pr. 30 Deceleration time 3".

## Pr. 53 OP shift amount

Set the amount to shift (move) from the position stopped at with machine OPR. * The OP shift function is used to compensate the OP position stopped at with machine OPR.
If there is a physical limit to the OP position, due to the relation of the near-point dog installation position, use this function to compensate the OP to an optimum position.


| Pr. 1 setting value | Value set with GX Works2 <br> (unit) | Value set with sequence program <br> (unit) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $0: \mathrm{mm}$ | -214748364.8 to $214748364.7(\mu \mathrm{~m})$ | -2147483648 to $2147483647\left(\times 10^{-1} \mu \mathrm{~m}\right)$ |
| $1:$ inch | -21474.83648 to 21474.83647 (inch) | -2147483648 to $2147483647\left(\times 10^{-5} \mathrm{inch}\right)$ |
| $2:$ degree | -21474.83648 to 21474.83647 (degree) | -2147483648 to $2147483647\left(\times 10^{-5}\right.$ degree) |
| $3:$ PLS | -2147483648 to $2147483647($ PLS $)$ | -2147483648 to $2147483647(\mathrm{PLS})$ |

## Pr. 54 OPR torque limit value

Set the value to limit the servomotor torque after reaching the creep speed during machine OPR.
Refer to Section 13.4.2 "Torque limit function" for details on the torque limits.

## Pr. 55 Operation setting for incompletion of OPR

Set whether the positioning control is executed or not (When the OPR request flag is ON .).
0 : Positioning control is not executed.
1: Positioning control is executed.
(1) When OPR request flag is ON, selecting " 0 : Positioning control is not executed" will result in an "Operation starting at incompletion of OPR" error (error code: 547), and positioning control will not be performed. At this time, operation with the manual control (JOG operation, inching operation, manual pulse generator operation) is available.
The positioning control can be executed even if the OPR request flag is ON when selecting "1: Positioning control is executed".
(2) The following shows whether the positioning control is possible to start/restart or not when selecting " 0 : Positioning control is not executed".
(a) Start possible

Machine OPR, JOG operation, inching operation, manual pulse generator operation, current value changing using current value changing start No. (9003).
(b) Start/restart impossible control The positioning control is impossible to start/restart in the following case. 1-axis linear control, 2/3/4-axis linear interpolation control, $1 / 2 / 3 / 4$-axis fixed-feed control, 2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation, 2-axis circular interpolation control with center point designation, 1/2/3/4-axis speed control, Speed-position switching control (INC mode/ ABS mode), Position-speed switching control, current value changing using current value changing (No. 1 to 600).
(3) When OPR request flag is ON, starting Fast OPR will result in an "Home positioning return (OPR) request flag ON" error (error code: 207) despite the setting value of "Operation setting incompletion of OPR", and Fast OPR will not be executed.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- Do not execute the positioning control in home position return request signal ON for the axis which uses in the positioning control.
Failure to observe this could lead to an accident such as a collision.


## Pr. 56 Speed designation during OP shift

Set the operation speed for when a value other than "0" is set for "Pr. 53 OP shift amount". Select the setting from " Pr. 46 OPR speed" or " Pr. 47 Creep speed". 0 : Designate " Pr. 46 OPR speed" as the setting value.
1 : Designate " Pr. 47 Creep speed" as the setting value.
Pr. 57 Dwell time during OPR retry
When OPR retry is validated (when "1" is set for Pr. 48 ), set the stop time after decelerating in 2 ) and 4 ) in the following drawing.


### 5.2.7 Expansion parameters

| Item | Setting value, setting range |  | Default value | Setting value buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Value set with GX Works2 | Value set with sequence program |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| $\square$ <br> Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1 LD77MH16 | 0 : No setting <br> 1 : Effective load ratio <br> 2 : Regenerative load ratio <br> 3 : Peak load factor <br> 4 : Load inertia ratio <br> 5 : Position loop gain 1 <br> 6 : Bus voltage <br> 7 : Servo motor rotation speed <br> 20 : Position feed back (Note-1) <br> 21 : Absolute position encoder single revolution position (Note-1) <br> 22 : Select synchronous position droop ${ }^{(\text {Note-1) }}$ | 01234567202122 | 0 |  | 100+150n |
| Pr. 92 <br> Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2 LD77MH16 |  |  | 0 |  | 101+150n |
| Pr. 93 <br> Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3 LD77MH16 |  |  | 0 |  | $102+150 n$ |
| $\square$ <br> Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4 LD77MH16 |  |  | 0 |  | $103+150 n$ |
| Pr. 96 <br> Operation cycle setting LD77MH16 | $\begin{aligned} & 0: 0.88 \mathrm{~ms} \\ & 1: 1.77 \mathrm{~ms} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | 1 |  | $105^{(\text {Note-2) }}$ |

n : Axis No. -1
(Note-1): Used point: 2 words
(Note-2): Only the value specified against the axis 1 is valid.

## Pr. 91 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1 to Pr. 94 Optional data

 monitor: Data type setting 4 LD77MH16Set the data type monitored in optional data monitor function.
$0 \quad$ : No setting ${ }^{\text {(Note) }}$
1 : Effective load ratio
2 : Regenerative load ratio
3 : Peak load factor
4 : Load inertia ratio
5 : Position loop gain 1
6 : Bus voltage
7 : Servo motor rotation speed
20 : Position feed back (Used point: 2 words)
21 : Absolute position encoder single revolution position (Used point: 2 words)
22 : Select synchronous position droop (Used point: 2 words)
Others : No monitor ("0" is stored.)
(Note): The stored value of "Md. 109 Regenerative load ratio/Optional data monitor output 1 " to "Md. 112 Optional data monitor output 4 " is different every data type setting 1 to 4. (Refer to Section 5.6.2)

## POINT

(1) The monitor address of optional data monitor is registered to servo amplifier with initialized communication after power supply ON or PLC CPU reset.
(2) Set the data type of "used point: 2 words" in "Pr. 91 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1" or "Pr. 93 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3". If it is set in "Pr. 92 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2" or "Pr. 94 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4", the warning (warning code: 116) will occur with initialized communication to servo amplifier, and " 0 " is set in Md. 109 to Md.112.
(3) Set " 0 " in "Pr. 92 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2" when the data type of "used point: 2 words" is set in "Pr. 91 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1", and set " 0 " in "Pr. 94 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4" when the data type of "used point: 2 words" is set in "Pr. 93 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3". When other than " 0 " is set, the warning (warning code: 116) will occur with initialized communication to servo amplifier, and " 0 " is set in Md.109 to Md.112.
(4) When the data type of "used point: 2 words is set, the monitor data of low-order is "Md. 109 Regenerative load ratio/Optional data monitor output 1" or "Md.111Peak torque ratio/Optional data monitor output 3".

## Pr. 96 Operation cycle setting LD77MH16

Set the operation cycle. (Only the value specified against the axis 1 is valid.) 0: 0.88ms 1: 1.77 ms

POINT
(1) In this parameter, the value set in flash ROM of LD77MH is valid at power supply ON or PLC CPU reset. Fetch by PLC READY signal OFF to ON is not executed. Execute flash ROM writing to change after setting a value to buffer memory. Confirm the current operation cycle in "Md. 132 Operation cycle setting".
(2) When " 0 ': 0.88 ms " is set, confirm that "Md. 133 Operation cycle over flag" does not turn ON. If the flag is ON, the operation cycle over has been generated. Correct the positioning content or set "1: 1.77 ms ".

### 5.2.8 Servo parameters

(1) Servo series

| Item |  | Setting details | Setting range | Default value | Setting value buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 |  |  | LD77MH16 |
| Pr. 100 | Servo series |  | Used to select the servo amplifier series, which is connected to the LD77MH. <br> POINT <br> Be sure to set up servo series. Communication with servo amplifier isn't started by the initial value " 0 " in default value. <br> (The LED indication of servo amplifier indicates "Ab".) | 0 : Servo series is not set <br> 1: MR-J3- $\square B$ <br> MR-J3W- $\square$ B (For 2-axis type) <br> 3: MR-J3- $\square \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{RJ} 006$ <br> (For fully closed loop control) <br> MR-J3- $\square$ BS (For safety servo) <br> 4: MR-J3- $\square \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{RJO04}$ <br> (For liner servo) <br> 6: MR-J3-■B-RJ080 <br> (For direct drive motor) <br> 4097: Virtual servo amplifier | 0 | $30100+200 n$ | 28400+100n |

n: Axis No. -1
(2) Parameters of MR-J3(W)-पB

The parameter list for MR-J3(W)- $\square \mathrm{B}$ is shown below.
Refer to the "Servo amplifier Instruction Manual" for details of setting items.
Do not change other than the buffer memory addresses of the parameters described in "Servo amplifier Instruction Manual".

| Servo amplifier type | $\quad$ Instruction manual name |
| :--- | :--- |
| MR-J3- $\square$ B | SSCNETII Compatible MR-J3- $\square$ B Servo amplifier Instruction Manual (SH-030051) |
| MR-J3W- $\square$ B | SSCNETIII interface 2-axis AC Servo amplifier MR-J3W- $\square$ B Servo amplifier <br> Instruction Manual (SH-030073) |
| MR-J3- $\square$ B-RJ004 | SSCNETII Compatible Linear Servo MR-J3- $\square$ B-RJ004 Instruction Manual <br> (SH-030054) |
| MR-J3- $\square$ B-RJ006 | SSCNETII Compatible Fully Closed Loop Control MR-J3- $\square$ B-RJ006 Servo <br> amplifier Instruction Manual (SH-030056) |
| MR-J3- $\square$ BS | SSCNETII interface Drive Safety integrated MR-J3- $\square$ B Safety Servo amplifier <br> Instruction Manual (SH-030084) |

## POINT

Set the parameter value and switch power off once (The parameter is transferred to servo amplifier from LD77MH), and then switch it on again to make that parameter setting valid.
(a) Basic setting parameters

| Item | Servo amplifier <br> parameter No. | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH16 |  |
| Pr.101 | PA01 | $30101+200 n$ | $28401+100 \mathrm{n}$ |
| Pr.102 | PA02 | $30102+200 n$ | $28402+100 n$ |
| Pr.103 | PA03 | $30103+200 n$ | $28403+100 n$ |
| Pr.104 | PA04 | $30104+200 n$ | $28404+100 n$ |
| Pr.105 | PA05 | $30105+200 n$ | $28405+100 n$ |
| Pr.106 | PA06 | $30106+200 n$ | $28406+100 n$ |
| Pr.107 | PA07 | $30107+200 n$ | $28407+100 n$ |
| Pr.108 | PA08 | $30108+200 n$ | $28408+100 n$ |
| Pr.109 | PA09 | $30109+200 n$ | $28409+100 n$ |
| Pr.110 | PA10 | $30110+200 n$ | $28410+100 n$ |


| Item | Servo amplifier <br> parameter No. | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH16 |  |
| Pr.111 | PA11 | $30111+200 \mathrm{n}$ | $28411+100 \mathrm{n}$ |
| Pr.112 | PA12 | $30112+200 \mathrm{n}$ | $28412+100 \mathrm{n}$ |
| Pr.113 | PA13 | $30113+200 \mathrm{n}$ | $28413+100 \mathrm{n}$ |
| Pr.114 | PA14 | $30114+200 \mathrm{n}$ | $28414+100 \mathrm{n}$ |
| Pr.115 | PA15 | $30115+200 \mathrm{n}$ | $28415+100 \mathrm{n}$ |
| Pr.116 | PA16 | $30116+200 \mathrm{n}$ | $28416+100 \mathrm{n}$ |
| Pr.117 | PA17 | $30117+200 \mathrm{n}$ | $28417+100 \mathrm{n}$ |
| Pr.118 | PA18 | $30118+200 \mathrm{n}$ | $28418+100 \mathrm{n}$ |
|  | PA19 | $30932+50 n$ | Set with <br> GX Works2 |

n: Axis No.-1

## (b) Gain/filter parameters

| Item | Servo amplifier parameter No. | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Pr. 119 | PB01 | $30119+200 n$ | 28419+100n |
| Pr. 120 | PB02 | $30120+200 n$ | 28420+100n |
| Pr. 121 | PB03 | $30121+200 n$ | $28421+100 \mathrm{n}$ |
| Pr. 122 | PB04 | $30122+200 n$ | 28422+100n |
| Pr. 123 | PB05 | $30123+200 n$ | 28423+100n |
| Pr. 124 | PB06 | 30124+200n | 28424+100n |
| Pr. 125 | PB07 | $30125+200 n$ | 28425+100n |
| Pr. 126 | PB08 | $30126+200 n$ | 28426+100n |
| Pr. 127 | PB09 | $30127+200 n$ | 28427+100n |
| Pr. 128 | PB10 | 30128+200n | 28428+100n |
| Pr. 129 | PB11 | $30129+200 n$ | $28429+100 n$ |
| Pr. 130 | PB12 | $30130+200 n$ | $28430+100 n$ |
| Pr. 131 | PB13 | $30131+200 n$ | $28431+100 n$ |
| Pr. 132 | PB14 | $30132+200 n$ | 28432+100n |
| Pr. 133 | PB15 | 30133+200n | 28433+100n |
| Pr. 134 | PB16 | 30134+200n | $28434+100 n$ |
| Pr. 135 | PB17 | $30135+200 n$ | $28435+100 n$ |
| Pr. 136 | PB18 | $30136+200 n$ | $28436+100 n$ |
| Pr. 137 | PB19 | $30137+200 n$ | 28437+100n |
| Pr. 138 | PB20 | $30138+200 n$ | 28438+100n |
| Pr. 139 | PB21 | $30139+200 n$ | 28439+100n |
| Pr. 140 | PB22 | $30140+200 n$ | $28440+100 n$ |
| Pr. 141 | PB23 | $30141+200 n$ | 28441+100n |


| Item | Servo amplifier parameter No. | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Pr. 142 | PB24 | $30142+200 n$ | 28442+100n |
| Pr. 143 | PB25 | $30143+200 n$ | 28443+100n |
| Pr. 144 | PB26 | 30144+200n | 28444+100n |
| Pr. 145 | PB27 | $30145+200 n$ | $28445+100 n$ |
| Pr. 146 | PB28 | 30146+200n | 28446+100n |
| Pr. 147 | PB29 | $30147+200 n$ | 28447+100n |
| Pr. 148 | PB30 | $30148+200 n$ | 28448+100n |
| Pr. 149 | PB31 | $30149+200 n$ | 28449+100n |
| Pr. 150 | PB32 | $30150+200 n$ | $28450+100 n$ |
| Pr. 151 | PB33 | $30151+200 n$ | 28451+100n |
| Pr. 152 | PB34 | $30152+200 n$ | 28452+100n |
| Pr. 153 | PB35 | $30153+200 n$ | $28453+100 n$ |
| Pr. 154 | PB36 | 30154+200n | 28454+100n |
| Pr. 155 | PB37 | 30155+200n | 28455+100n |
| Pr. 156 | PB38 | 30156+200n | 28456+100n |
| Pr. 157 | PB39 | $30157+200 n$ | 28457+100n |
| Pr. 158 | PB40 | $30158+200 n$ | $28458+100 n$ |
| Pr. 159 | PB41 | $30159+200 n$ | 28459+100n |
| Pr. 160 | PB42 | $30160+200 n$ | $28460+100 n$ |
| Pr. 161 | PB43 | $30161+200 n$ | $28461+100 \mathrm{n}$ |
| Pr. 162 | PB44 | $30162+200 n$ | $28462+100 n$ |
| Pr. 163 | PB45 | $30163+200 n$ | 28463+100n |

n : Axis No.-1
(c) Expansion setting parameters

| Item | Servo amplifier <br> parameter No. | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH16 |  |
| Pr.164 | PC01 | $30164+200 n$ | $28464+100 n$ |
| Pr.165 | PC02 | $30165+200 n$ | $28465+100 n$ |
| Pr.166 | PC03 | $30166+200 n$ | $28466+100 n$ |
| Pr.167 | PC04 | $30167+200 n$ | $28467+100 n$ |
| Pr.168 | PC05 | $30168+200 n$ | $28468+100 n$ |
| Pr.169 | PC06 | $30169+200 n$ | $28469+100 n$ |
| Pr.170 | PC07 | $30170+200 n$ | $28470+100 n$ |
| Pr.171 | PC08 | $30171+200 n$ | $28471+100 n$ |
| Pr.172 | PC09 | $30172+200 n$ | $28472+100 n$ |
| Pr.173 | PC10 | $30173+200 n$ | $28473+100 n$ |
| Pr.174 | PC11 | $30174+200 n$ | $28474+100 n$ |
| Pr.175 | PC12 | $30175+200 n$ | $28475+100 n$ |
| Pr.176 | PC13 | $30176+200 n$ | $28476+100 n$ |
| Pr.177 | PC14 | $30177+200 n$ | $28477+100 n$ |
| Pr.178 | PC15 | $30178+200 n$ | $28478+100 n$ |
| Pr.179 | PC16 | $30179+200 n$ | $28479+100 n$ |


| Item | Servo amplifier <br> parameter No. | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH16 |  |
| Pr.180 | PC17 | $30180+200 n$ | $28480+100 n$ |
| Pr.181 | PC18 | $30181+200 n$ | $28481+100 n$ |
| Pr.182 | PC19 | $30182+200 n$ | $28482+100 n$ |
| Pr.183 | PC20 | $30183+200 n$ | $28483+100 n$ |
| Pr.184 | PC21 | $30184+200 n$ | $28484+100 n$ |
| Pr.185 | PC22 | $30185+200 n$ | $28485+100 n$ |
| Pr.186 | PC23 | $30186+200 n$ | $28486+100 n$ |
| Pr.187 | PC24 | $30187+200 n$ | $28487+100 n$ |
| Pr.188 | PC25 | $30188+200 n$ | $28488+100 n$ |
| Pr.189 | PC26 | $30189+200 n$ | $28489+100 n$ |
| Pr.190 | PC27 | $30190+200 n$ | $28490+100 n$ |
| Pr.191 | PC28 | $30191+200 n$ | $28491+100 n$ |
| Pr.192 | PC29 | $30192+200 n$ | $28492+100 n$ |
| Pr.193 | PC30 | $30193+200 n$ | $28493+100 n$ |
| Pr.194 | PC31 | $30194+200 n$ | $28494+100 n$ |
| Pr.195 | PC32 | $30195+200 n$ | $28495+100 n$ |

n: Axis No.-1
(d) Input/output setting parameters

| Item | Servo amplifier <br> parameter No. | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH16 |  |
| Pr.196 | PD01 | $30196+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.197 | PD02 | $30197+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.198 | PD03 | $30198+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.199 | PD04 | $30199+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.200 | PD 05 | $30200+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.201 | PD06 | $30201+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.202 | PD07 | $30202+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.203 | PD08 | $30203+200 n$ | Set with |
| Pr.204 | PD09 | $30204+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.205 | PD10 | $30205+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.206 | PD11 | $30206+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.207 | PD12 | $30207+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.208 | PD13 | $30208+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.209 | PD14 | $30209+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.210 | PD15 | $30210+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.211 | PD16 | $30211+200 n$ |  |


| Item | Servo amplifier <br> parameter No. | Buffer memory address |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH16 |  |
| Pr.212 | PD17 | $30212+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.213 | PD18 | $30213+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.214 | PD19 | $30214+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.215 | PD20 | $30215+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.216 | PD21 | $30216+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.217 | PD22 | $30217+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.218 | PD23 | $30218+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.219 | PD24 | $30219+200 n$ | Set with |
| Pr.220 | PD25 | $30220+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.221 | PD26 | $30221+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.222 | PD27 | $30222+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.223 | PD28 | $30223+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.224 | PD29 | $30224+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.225 | PD30 | $30225+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.226 | PD31 | $30226+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.227 | PD32 | $30227+200 n$ |  |

n : Axis No.-1
(e) Extension control parameters

| Item | Servo amplifier | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | parameter No. | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Pr.228 | PE01 | $30228+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.229 | PE02 | $30229+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.230 | PE03 | $30230+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.231 | PE04 | $30231+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.232 | PE05 | $30232+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.233 | PE06 | $30233+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.234 | PE07 | $30234+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.235 | PE08 | $30235+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.236 | PE09 | $30236+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.237 | PE10 | $30237+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.238 | PE11 | $30238+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.239 | Set with |  |  |
| Pr.240 | PE12 | $30239+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.241 | PE13 | $30240+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.242 | PE15 | $30241+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.243 | PE16 | $30242+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.244 | PE17 | $30243+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.245 | PE18 | $30245+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.246 | PE19 | $30246+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.247 | PE20 | $30247+200 n$ |  |


| Item | Servo amplifier parameter No. | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Pr. 248 | PE21 | $30248+200 n$ | Set with GX Works2 |
| Pr. 249 | PE22 | $30249+200 n$ |  |
| Pr. 250 | PE23 | $30250+200 n$ |  |
| Pr. 251 | PE24 | $30251+200 n$ |  |
| Pr. 252 | PE25 | $30252+200 n$ |  |
| Pr. 253 | PE26 | $30253+200 n$ |  |
| Pr. 254 | PE27 | $30254+200 n$ |  |
| Pr. 255 | PE28 | $30255+200 n$ |  |
| Pr. 256 | PE29 | $30256+200 n$ |  |
| Pr. 257 | PE30 | 30257+200n |  |
| Pr. 258 | PE31 | $30258+200 n$ |  |
| Pr. 259 | PE32 | $30259+200 n$ |  |
| Pr. 260 | PE33 | $30260+200 n$ |  |
| Pr. 261 | PE34 | $30261+200 n$ |  |
| Pr. 262 | PE35 | $30262+200 n$ |  |
| Pr. 263 | PE36 | $30263+200 n$ |  |
| Pr. 264 | PE37 | 30264+200n |  |
| Pr. 265 | PE38 | $30265+200 n$ |  |
| Pr. 266 | PE39 | 30266+200n |  |
| Pr. 267 | PE40 | 30267+200n |  |

n: Axis No.-1

## (f) Special setting parameters

| Item | Servo amplifier <br> parameter No. | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH16 |  |
| Pr.268 | PS01 | $30268+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.269 | PS02 | $30269+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.270 | PS03 | $30270+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.271 | PS04 | $30271+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.272 | PS05 | $30272+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.273 | PS06 | $30273+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.274 | PS07 | $30274+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.275 | PS08 | $30275+200 n$ | Set with |
| Pr.276 | PS09 | $30276+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.277 | PS10 | $30277+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.278 | PS11 | $30278+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.279 | PS12 | $30279+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.280 | PS13 | $30280+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.281 | PS14 | $30281+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.282 | PS15 | $30282+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.283 | PS16 | $30283+200 n$ |  |


| Item | Servo amplifier <br> parameter No. | Buffer memory address |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH16 |  |
| Pr.284 | PS17 | $30284+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.285 | PS18 | $30285+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.286 | PS19 | $30286+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.287 | PS20 | $30287+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.288 | PS21 | $30288+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.289 | PS22 | $30289+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.290 | PS23 | $30290+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.291 | PS24 | $30291+200 n$ | Set with |
| Pr.292 | PS25 | $30292+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.293 | PS26 | $30293+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.294 | PS27 | $30294+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.295 | PS28 | $30295+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.296 | PS29 | $30296+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.297 | PS30 | $30297+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.298 | PS31 | $30298+200 n$ |  |
| Pr.299 | PS32 | $30299+200 n$ |  |

n : Axis No.-1
(g) Other setting parameters

| Item | Servo amplifier <br> parameter No. | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH16 |  |
| Pr.300 | PF01 | $30900+50 n$ |  |
| Pr.301 | PF02 | $30901+50 n$ |  |
| Pr.302 | PF03 | $30902+50 n$ | Set with |
| Pr.303 | PF04 | $30903+50 n$ |  |
| Pr.304 | PF05 | $30904+50 n$ |  |
| Pr.305 | PF06 | $30905+50 n$ |  |
| Pr.306 | PF07 | $30906+50 n$ |  |
| Pr.307 | PF08 | $30907+50 n$ |  |


| Item | Servo amplifier <br> parameter No. | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH16 |  |
| Pr.308 | PF09 | $30908+50 n$ |  |
| Pr.309 | PF10 | $30909+50 n$ |  |
| Pr.310 | PF11 | $30910+50 n$ | Set with |
| Pr.311 | PF12 | $30911+50 n$ |  |
| Pr.312 | PF13 | $30912+50 n$ |  |
| Pr.313 | PF14 | $30913+50 n$ |  |
| Pr.314 | PF15 | $30914+50 n$ |  |
| Pr.315 | PF16 | $30915+50 n$ |  |

n : Axis No.-1
(h) Option unit parameters

| Item | Servo amplifier parameter No. | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Pr. 316 | Po01 | 30916+50n | Set with GX Works2 |
| Pr. 317 | Po02 | 30917+50n |  |
| Pr. 318 | Po03 | $30918+50 n$ |  |
| Pr. 319 | Po04 | 30919+50n |  |
| Pr. 320 | Po05 | $30920+50 n$ |  |
| Pr. 321 | Po06 | $30921+50 n$ |  |
| Pr. 322 | Po07 | $30922+50 n$ |  |
| Pr. 323 | Po08 | 30923+50n |  |


| Item | Servo amplifier parameter No. | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Pr. 324 | Po09 | 30924+50n | Set with GX Works2 |
| Pr. 325 | Po10 | $30925+50 n$ |  |
| Pr. 326 | Po11 | $30926+50 n$ |  |
| Pr. 327 | Po12 | 30927+50n |  |
| Pr. 328 | Po13 | $30928+50 n$ |  |
| Pr. 329 | Po14 | 30929+50n |  |
| Pr. 330 | Po15 | $30930+50 n$ |  |
| Pr. 331 | Po16 | 30931+50n |  |

n: Axis No.-1

### 5.3 List of positioning data

Before explaining the positioning data setting items Da. 1 to Da. $10, \pm$ Da. 20 to Da. 22 the configuration of the positioning data will be shown below.
The positioning data stored in the LD77MH buffer memory has the following type of configuration.

- LD77MH4

- Up to 600 positioning data items can be set (stored) for each axis in the buffer memory address shown on the left.
Data is controlled as positioning data No. 1 to 600 for each axis
- One positioning data item is configured of the items shown in the bold box.


The descriptions that follow relate to the positioning data set items Da. 1 to Da.10, Da. 20 to Da. 22 .
(The buffer memory addresses shown are those of the "positioning data No. 1".)

- Guide to buffer memory address

In the buffer memory address, " $n$ " in " $6001+1000 n$ ", etc. indicates a value corresponding to axis No. such as the following table.

| Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 9 | 8 | 13 | 12 |
| 2 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 10 | 9 | 14 | 13 |
| 3 | 2 | 7 | 6 | 11 | 10 | 15 | 14 |
| 4 | 3 | 8 | 7 | 12 | 11 | 16 | 15 |

(Note-1): Calculate as follows for the buffer memory address corresponding to each axis.
(Example) For axis No. 16 $6001+1000 \mathrm{n}$ ( Da. 10 M code) $=6001+1000 \times 15=21001$ $6009+1000 \mathrm{n}($ Da. 7 Arc address $)=6009+1000 \times 15=21009$
(Note-2): The range ( $n=0$ to 3 ) of axis No. 1 to 4 is valid in the LD77MH4.

n: Axis No.-1

| Item |  |  | Setting value, setting range |  |  | Default value | Setting value buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Value set with GX Works2 |  | Value set with sequence program |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Da. 6 <br> Positioning address/ movement amount |  |  | The setting value range differs according to the " Da. 2 Control system". |  |  | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 2006+6000 n \\ & 2007+6000 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6006+1000 n \\ & 6007+1000 n \end{aligned}$ |
| Da. 7 <br> Arc address |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 2008+6000 n \\ & 2009+6000 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6008+1000 n \\ & 6009+1000 n \end{aligned}$ |
| Da. 8 <br> Command speed |  |  | The setting value range differs depending on the " Pr. 1 Unit setting". |  |  | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 2004+6000 n \\ & 2005+6000 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6004+1000 n \\ & 6005+1000 n \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | -1: Current speed (Speed set for previous positioning data No.) |  | -1 |  |  |  |
| Da. 9 <br> Dwell time/ <br> JUMP <br> destination <br> positioning data <br> No. |  | Dwell time | The setting value range differs according to the " Da. 2 Control system". |  |  | 0 | 2002+6000n | $6002+1000 n$ |
|  |  | JUMP destination positioning data No. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | M code |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Condition data No. Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions |  |  |  | 0 | 2001+6000n | $6001+1000 n$ |
|  | Da. 20 <br> Axis to be in <br> No. 1 LD77MH <br> Da. 21 <br> Axis to be in No. 2 LD77MH <br> Da. 22 <br> Axis to be int No. 3 | terpolated 16 <br> terpolated 16 | 0 : Axis 1 selected <br> 1: Axis 2 selected <br> 2: Axis 3 selected <br> 3: Axis 4 selected <br> 4: Axis 5 selected <br> 5: Axis 6 selected <br> 6: Axis 7 selected <br> 7: Axis 8 selected <br> 8: Axis 9 selected <br> 9: Axis 10 selected <br> A: Axis 11 selected <br> B: Axis 12 selected <br> C: Axis 13 selected <br> D: Axis 14 selected <br> E: Axis 15 selected <br> F: Axis 16 selected | OH <br> 1H <br> 2 H <br> 3H <br> 4H <br> 5H <br> 6H <br> 7H <br> 8H <br> 9 H <br> AH <br> BH <br> CH <br> DH <br> EH <br> FH |  | 0000H | \% | $6003+1000 n$ |

n : Axis No.-1

## Da. 1 Operation pattern

The operation pattern designates whether positioning of a certain data No. is to be ended with just that data, or whether the positioning for the next data No. is to be carried out in succession
[Operation pattern]


1) Positioning complete $\qquad$ Set to execute positioning to the designated address, and then complete positioning.
2) Continuous positioning control Positioning is carried out successively in order of data Nos. with one start signal. The operation halts at each position indicated by a positioning data.
3) Continuous path control $\qquad$ Positioning is carried out successively in order of data Nos. with one start signal. The operation does not stop at each positioning data.

## Da. 2 Control system

Set the "control system" for carrying out positioning control.
Note) - When "JUMP instruction" is set for the control system, the " Da. 9 Dwell time" and " Da. 10 M code" setting details will differ.

- In case you selected "LOOP" as the control system, the " Da. 10 M code" should be set differently from other cases.
- Refer to Chapter 9 "Major Positioning Control" for details on the control systems.
- If "degree" is set for " Pr. 1 Unit setting", circular interpolation control cannot be carried out. (The "Circular interpolation not possible error" will occur when executed (error code: 535).)


## Da. 3 Acceleration time No.

Set which of "acceleration time 0 to 3 " to use for the acceleration time during positioning.
0 : Use the value set in " Pr. 9 Acceleration time 0".
1 : Use the value set in " Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1".
2 : Use the value set in " Pr. 26 Acceleration time 2".
3 : Use the value set in " Pr. 27 Acceleration time 3".

## Da. 4 Deceleration time No.

Set which of "deceleration time 0 to 3 " to use for the deceleration time during positioning.
0 : Use the value set in " Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0".
1 : Use the value set in "Pr. 28 Deceleration time 1".
2 : Use the value set in " Pr. 29 Deceleration time 2".
3 : Use the value set in " Pr. 30 Deceleration time 3".

## Da. 5 Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4

Set the target axis (partner axis) for operations under the 2-axis interpolation control.
0 : Selects the axis 1 as the target axis (partner axis).
1 : Selects the axis 2 as the target axis (partner axis).
2 : Selects the axis 3 as the target axis (partner axis).
3 : Selects the axis 4 as the target axis (partner axis).
Note) - Do not specify the own axis number or any number except the above. (If you do, the "lllegal interpolation description command error" will occur during the program execution (error code: 521).)

- This item does not need to be set in case 3 or 4 -axis interpolation is selected.


## Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount

Set the address to be used as the target value for positioning control.
The setting value range differs according to the " Da. 2 Control system".
((1) to (4))
(1) Absolute (ABS) system, current value changing

- The setting value (positioning address) for the ABS system and current value changing is set with an absolute address (address from OP).

(2) Incremental (INC) system, fixed-feed 1, fixed-feed 2, fixed-feed 3, fixed-feed 4
- The setting value (movement amount) for the INC system is set as a movement amount with sign.
When movement amount is positive: Moves in the positive direction (address increment direction)
When movement amount is negative: Moves in the negative direction (address decrement direction)

(3) Speed-position switching control
- INC mode:

Set the amount of movement after the switching from speed control to position control.

- ABS mode:

Set the absolute address which will be the target value after speed control is switched to position control. (The unit is "degree" only)

(4) Position-speed switching control

- Set the amount of movement before the switching from position control to speed control.

When " Pr. 1 Unit Setting" is "mm"
The table below lists the control systems that require the setting of the positioning address or movement amount and the associated setting ranges.
(With any control system excluded from the table below, neither the positioning address nor the movement amount needs to be set.)

| Da. 2 setting value |  | Value set with GX Works2 ( $\mu \mathrm{m}$ ) | Value set with sequence program $* 1$ $\left(\times 10^{-1} \mu \mathrm{~m}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ABS Linear 1 <br> ABS Linear 2 <br> ABS Linear 3 <br> ABS Linear 4 <br> Current value changing | $\begin{aligned} & : 01 \mathrm{H} \\ & : 0 \mathrm{AH} \\ & : 15 \mathrm{H} \\ & : 1 \mathrm{AH} \\ & : 81 \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | $\diamond$ Set the address $\quad-214748364.8$ to 214748364.7 | $\diamond$ Set the address $\quad-2147483648$ to 2147483647 |
| INC Linear 1 INC Linear 2 INC Linear 3 INC Linear 4 Fixed-feed 1 Fixed-feed 2 Fixed-feed 3 Fixed-feed 4 | $: 02 \mathrm{H}$ $: 0 \mathrm{OH}$ $: 16 \mathrm{H}$ $: 1 \mathrm{BH}$ $: 03 \mathrm{H}$ $: 0 \mathrm{CH}$ $: 17 \mathrm{H}$ $: 1 \mathrm{CH}$ | $\diamond$ Set the movement amount -214748364.8 to 214748364.7 | $\diamond$ Set the movement amount -2147483648 to 2147483647 |
| Forward run speed/posit Reverse run speed/posit Forward run position/spe Reverse run position/spe | : 06 H $: 07 \mathrm{H}$ $: 08 \mathrm{H}$ l 09H | $\diamond$ Set the movement amount 0 to 214748364.7 | $\diamond$ Set the movement amount 0 to 2147483647 |
| ABS circular sub ABS circular right ABS circular left | $\begin{aligned} & : \text { ODH } \\ & : 0 \mathrm{FH} \\ & : 10 \mathrm{H} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\diamond$ Set the address -214748364.8 to 214748364.7 | $\diamond$ Set the address -2147483648 to 2147483647 |
| INC circular sub INC circular right INC circular left | $\begin{aligned} & : 0 \mathrm{EH} \\ & : 11 \mathrm{H} \\ & : 12 \mathrm{H} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\checkmark$ Set the movement amount -214748364.8 to 214748364.7 | $\diamond$ Set the movement amount -2147483648 to 2147483647 |

*1: Set an integer because the sequence program cannot handle fractions.
(The value will be converted properly within the system.)

When " Pr. 1 Unit Setting" is "degree"
The table below lists the control systems that require the setting of the positioning address or movement amount and the associated setting ranges.
(With any control system excluded from the table below, neither the positioning address nor the movement amount needs to be set.)

| Da. 2 setting value | Value set with GX Works2 (degree) | Value set with sequence program $* 1$ $\left(\times 10^{-5}\right.$ degree) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ABS Linear 1 $: 01 \mathrm{H}$ <br> ABS Linear 2 $: 0 \mathrm{AH}$ <br> ABS Linear 3 $: 15 \mathrm{H}$ <br> ABS Linear 4 $: 1 \mathrm{AH}$ <br> Current value changing $: 81 \mathrm{H}$ | $\diamond$ Set the address 0 to 359.99999 | $\diamond$ Set the address 0 to 35999999 |
| INC Linear 1 $: 02 \mathrm{H}$ <br> INC Linear 2 $: 0 \mathrm{BH}$ <br> INC Linear 3 $: 16 \mathrm{H}$ <br> INC Linear 4 $: 1 \mathrm{BH}$ <br> Fixed-feed 1 $: 03 \mathrm{H}$ <br> Fixed-feed 2 $: 0 \mathrm{CH}$ <br> Fixed-feed 3 $: 17 \mathrm{H}$ <br> Fixed-feed 4 $: 1 \mathrm{CH}$ | $\diamond$ Set the movement amount -21474.83648 to 21474.83647 | $\checkmark$ Set the movement amount $\quad-2147483648$ to $2147483647 * 2$ |
| Forward run speed/position: 06H <br> Reverse run speed/position: 07H | In INC mode <br> $\diamond$ Set the movement amount 0 to 21474.83647 <br> In ABS mode <br> $\diamond$ Set the address 0 to 359.99999 | In INC mode <br> $\diamond$ Set the movement amount 0 to 2147483647 <br> In ABS mode <br> $\diamond$ Set the address 0 to 35999999 |
| Forward run position/speed: 08H Reverse run position/speed: 09H | $\diamond$ Set the movement amount 0 to 21474.83647 | $\diamond$ Set the movement amount 0 to 2147483647 |

*1: Set an integer because the sequence program cannot handle fractions.
(The value will be converted properly within the system.)
*2: When the software stroke limit is valid, -35999999 to 35999999 is set.

When " Pr. 1 Unit Setting" is "PLS"
The table below lists the control systems that require the setting of the positioning address or movement amount and the associated setting ranges.
(With any control system excluded from the table below, neither the positioning address nor the movement amount needs to be set.)


When " Pr. 1 Unit Setting" is "inch"
The table below lists the control systems that require the setting of the positioning address or movement amount and the associated setting ranges.
(With any control system excluded from the table below, neither the positioning address nor the movement amount needs to be set.)

| Da. 2 setting value |  | Value set with GX Works2 (inch) | Value set with sequence program $* 1$ $\left(\times 10^{-5} \text { inch }\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ABS Linear 1 <br> ABS Linear 2 <br> ABS Linear 3 <br> ABS Linear 4 <br> Current value changing | $\begin{aligned} & \hline: 01 \mathrm{H} \\ & : 0 \mathrm{AH} \\ & : 15 \mathrm{H} \\ & : 1 \mathrm{AH} \\ & : 81 \mathrm{H} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\diamond$ Set the address -21474.83648 to 21474.83647 | $\diamond$ Set the address $\quad \begin{aligned} & -2147483648 \text { to } 2147483647\end{aligned}$ |
| INC Linear 1 INC Linear 2 INC Linear 3 INC Linear 4 Fixed-feed 1 Fixed-feed 2 Fixed-feed 3 Fixed-feed 4 | $: 02 \mathrm{H}$ $: 0 \mathrm{BH}$ $: 16 \mathrm{H}$ $: 1 \mathrm{BH}$ $: 03 \mathrm{H}$ $: 0 \mathrm{CH}$ $: 17 \mathrm{H}$ $: 1 \mathrm{CH}$ | $\diamond$ Set the movement amount -21474.83648 to 21474.83647 | $\diamond$ Set the movement amount $\begin{aligned} & -2147483648 \text { to } 2147483647\end{aligned}$ |
| Forward run speed/posit Reverse run speed/position Forward run position/spe Reverse run position/spe | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{c}: 06 \mathrm{H} \\ & \mathrm{n}: 07 \mathrm{H} \\ & d: 08 \mathrm{H} \\ & \mathrm{~d}: 09 \mathrm{H} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\diamond$ Set the movement amount 0 to 21474.83647 | $\diamond$ Set the movement amount 0 to 2147483647 |
| ABS circular sub ABS circular right ABS circular left | $\begin{aligned} & : \text { ODH } \\ & : 0 \mathrm{FH} \\ & : 10 \mathrm{H} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\checkmark$ Set the address -21474.83648 to 21474.83647 | $\diamond$ Set the address -2147483648 to 2147483647 |
| INC circular sub INC circular right INC circular left | $\begin{aligned} & \hline: 0 \mathrm{EH} \\ & : 11 \mathrm{H} \\ & : 12 \mathrm{H} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\diamond$ Set the movement amount -21474.83648 to 21474.83647 | $\diamond$ Set the movement amount -2147483648 to 2147483647 |

*1: Set an integer because the sequence program cannot handle fractions.
(The value will be converted properly within the system.)

## Da. 7 Arc address

The arc address is data required only when carrying out circular interpolation control.
(1) When carrying out circular interpolation with sub point designation, set the sub point (passing point) address as the arc address.
(2) When carrying out circular interpolation with center point designation, set the center point address of the arc as the arc address.

<(1) Circular interpolation with sub point designation>

<(2) Circular interpolation with center point designation>

When not carrying out circular interpolation control, the value set in " Da. 7 Arc address" will be invalid.

When " Pr. 1 Unit Setting" is "mm"
The table below lists the control systems that require the setting of the arc address and shows the setting range.
(With any control system excluded from the table below, the arc address does not need to be set.)

| Da. 2 setting value | Value set with GX Works2 ( $\mu \mathrm{m}$ ) | Value set with sequence program $* 1$ $\left(\times 10^{-1} \mu \mathrm{~m}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ABS circular sub $: 0 \mathrm{DH}$ <br> ABS circular right $: 0 \mathrm{FH}$ <br> ABS circular left $: 10 \mathrm{H}$ | $\diamond$ Set the address $-214748364.8 \text { to } 214748364.7 * 2$ | $\checkmark$ Set the address $-2147483648 \text { to } 2147483647$ |
| INC circular sub $: 0 \mathrm{EH}$ <br> INC circular right $: 11 \mathrm{H}$ <br> INC circular left $: 12 \mathrm{H}$ | $\diamond$ Set the movement amount -214748364.8 to $214748364.7 * 2$ | $\diamond$ Set the movement amount -2147483648 to $2147483647 * 2$ |

*1: Set an integer because the sequence program cannot handle fractions.
(The value will be converted properly within the system.)
*2: Note that the maximum radius that circular interpolation control is possible is $536870912\left(\times 10^{-1} \mu \mathrm{~m}\right)$, although the setting value can be input within the range shown in the above table, as an arc address.

When " Pr. 1 Unit Setting" is "degree"
No control system requires the setting of the arc address by "degree".

When " Pr. 1 Unit Setting" is "PLS"
The table below lists the control systems that require the setting of the arc address and shows the setting range.
(With any control system excluded from the table below, the arc address does not need to be set.)

| Da. 2 setting value |  | Value set with GX Works2 <br> (PLS) | Value set with sequence program $* 1$ (PLS) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ABS circular sub ABS circular right ABS circular left | $\begin{aligned} & : \text { ODH } \\ & : 0 \mathrm{FH} \\ & : 10 \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | $\diamond$ Set the address $-2147483648 \text { to } 2147483647 * 1$ | $\diamond$ Set the address -2147483648 to 2147483647 |
| INC circular sub INC circular right INC circular left | $\begin{aligned} & : \text { OEH } \\ & : 11 \mathrm{H} \\ & : 12 \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | $\diamond$ Set the movement amount $-2147483648 \text { to } 2147483647 * 1$ | $\nabla$ Set the movement amount $\quad-2147483648$ to $2147483647 * 1$ |

*1: Note that the maximum radius that circular interpolation control is possible is 536870912 (PLS), although the setting value can be input within the range shown in the above table, as an arc address.

The table below lists the control systems that require the setting of the arc address and shows the setting range.
(With any control system excluded from the table below, the arc address does not need to be set.)

*1: Set an integer because the sequence program cannot handle fractions.
(The value will be converted properly within the system.)
*2: Note that the maximum radius that circular interpolation control is possible is 536870912 ( $\times 10^{-5}$ inch), although the setting value can be input within the range shown in the above table, as an arc address.

## Da. 8 Command speed

Set the command speed for positioning.
(1) If the set command speed exceeds " Pr. 8 Speed limit value", positioning will be carried out at the speed limit value.
(2) If " -1 " is set for the command speed, the current speed (speed set for previous positioning data No.) will be used for positioning control. Use the current speed for uniform speed control, etc. If "-1" is set for continuing positioning data, and the speed is changed, the following speed will also change.
(Note that when starting positioning, if the "-1" speed is set for the positioning data that carries out positioning control first, the error "Command speed is not set"(error code: 503) will occur, and the positioning will not start. Refer to Section 16.5 "List of errors" for details on the errors.)

| Pr. 1 setting value | Value set with GX Works2 <br> (unit) | Value set with sequence program <br> (unit) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $0: \mathrm{mm}$ | 0.01 to $20000000.00(\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min})$ | 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right)$ |
| $1:$ inch | 0.001 to $2000000.000(\mathrm{inch} / \mathrm{min})$ | 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-3} \mathrm{inch} / \mathrm{min}\right)$ |
| $2:$ degree | 0.001 to $2000000.000($ degree $/ \mathrm{min})$ <br> $* 1$ | 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-3}\right.$ degree $\left./ \mathrm{min}\right)$ <br> $* 2$ |
| $3:$ PLS | 1 to $50000000(\mathrm{PLS} / \mathrm{s})$ | 1 to $50000000(\mathrm{PLS} / \mathrm{s})$ |

*1: The command speed setting range is 0.001 to 2000000.000 [degree $/ \mathrm{min}$ ], but it will be decupled and become 0.01 to 20000000.00 [degree/min] by setting " Pr. 83 Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" to valid.
*2: The command speed setting range is 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-3}\right.$ degree $\left./ \mathrm{min}\right)$, but it will be decupled and become 1 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-2}\right.$ degree $/ \mathrm{min}$ ) by setting " Pr. 83 Speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis" to valid.

## Da. 9 Dwell time/JUMP designation positioning data No.

Set the "dwell time" or "positioning data No." corresponding to the "Da. 2 Control system".

- When a method other than "JUMP instruction " is set for " Da. 2 Control system"
..... Set the "dwell time".
- When "JUMP instruction " is set for " Da. 2 Control system"
..... Set the "positioning data No." for the JUMP destination.
When the "dwell time" is set, the setting details of the "dwell time" will be as follows according to " Da. 1 Operation pattern".


| Da.2 setting value | Setting item | Value set with GX Works2 | Value set with sequence <br> program |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| JUMP instruction: 82 H | Positioning data No. | 1 to 600 | 1 to 600 |
| Other than JUMP instruction | Dwell time | 0 to $65535(\mathrm{~ms})$ | 0 to $65535(\mathrm{~ms})$ |

Da. 10 M code (or condition data No./Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions)
Set an "M code", a "condition data No.", or the "Number of LOOP to LEND repetitions" depending on how the " Da. 2 Control system" is set. *1

- If a method other than "JUMP instruction" and "LOOP" is selected as the
" Da. 2 Control system"
............... Set an "M code".
If no "M code" needs to be output, set "0" (default value).
- If "JUMP instruction" or "LOOP" is selected as the " Da. 2 Control system"

Set the "condition data No." for JUMP.
0 : Unconditional JUMP to the positioning data specified by Da. 9 .
1 to 10 : JUMP performed according to the condition data No. specified (a number between 1 and 10).
Make sure that you specify the number of LOOP to LEND repetitions by a number other than " 0 ". The "Control system LOOP setting error" will occur if you specify "0". (error code: 545)
*1: The condition data specifies the condition for the JUMP instruction to be executed.
(A JUMP will take place when the condition is satisfied.)

| Da.2 setting value | Setting item | Value set with GX Works2 | Value set with sequence <br> program |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| JUMP instruction: 82 H | Condition data No. | 0 to 10 | 0 to 10 |
| Other than JUMP instruction | M code | 0 to 65535 | 0 to 65535 |
| LOOP: 83 H | Repetition count | 1 to 65535 | 1 to 65535 |

Da. 20 Axis to be interpolated No. 1 to Da. 22 Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16
Set the axis to be interpolated to execute the 2 to 4-axis interpolation operation.

- 2-axis interpolation......... Set the target axis number in "Da.20 Axis to be interpolated No.1".
-3-axis interpolation ......... Set the target axis number in "Da.20Axis to be interpolated No.1" and "Da.21Axis to be interpolated No.2".
- 4-axis interpolation......... Set the target axis number in "Da.20 Axis to be interpolated No.1" to "Da.22Axis to be interpolated No.3".

Set the axis set as axis to be interpolated.

| 0: Axis 1 | 8: Axis 9 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1: Axis 2 | 9: Axis 10 |
| 2: Axis 3 | A: Axis 11 |
| 3: Axis 4 | B: Axis 12 |
| 4: Axis 5 | C: Axis 13 |
| 5: Axis 6 | D: Axis 14 |
| 6: Axis 7 | E: Axis 15 |
| 7: Axis 8 | F: Axis 16 |

Note) - Do not specify the own axis number. (If you do, the "Illegal interpolation description command error" will occur during the program execution (error code: 521).)

- When the same axis number or axis number of own axis is set to multiple axis to be interpolated number, the "Illegal interpolation description command error" will occur during the program execution (error code: 521).
- Do not specify the axis to be interpolated No. 2 and axis to be interpolated No. 3 for 2-axis interpolation, and do not specify the axis to be interpolated No. 3 for 3-axis interpolation.
The setting value is ignored.


### 5.4 List of block start data

The illustrations below show the organization of the block start data stored in the LD77MH buffer memory. The block start data setting items Da. 11 to Da. 14 are explained in the pages that follow.


- Up to 50 block start data points can be set (stored) for each axis in the buffer memory addresses shown on the left
- Items in a single unit of block start data are shown included in a bold frame.
- Each axis has five start blocks (block Nos. 0 to 4).
(Note): For information on the organization of the buffer memory addresses assigned to the start blocks 1 to 4, refer to Appendix 8 "List of buffer memory addresses".
n : Axis No.-1

- Up to 50 block start data points can be set (stored) for each axis in the buffer memory addresses shown on the left.
- Items in a single unit of block start data are shown included in a bold frame.
- Each axis has five start blocks (block Nos. 0 to 4).
Start block 2 to 4 are not allocated to buffer memory. Set with GX Works2.
(Note): For information on the organization of the buffer memory addresses assigned to the start block 1, refer to Appendix 8 "List of buffer memory addresses"

The pages that follow explain the block start data setting items Da.11 to Da.14.
(The buffer memory addresses shown are those of the "1st point block start data (block No. 7000)".)

- Guide to buffer memory address

In the buffer memory address, " $n$ " in " $22000+400 n$ ", etc. indicates a value corresponding to axis No. such as the following table.

| Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 9 | 8 | 13 | 12 |
| 2 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 10 | 9 | 14 | 13 |
| 3 | 2 | 7 | 6 | 11 | 10 | 15 | 14 |
| 4 | 3 | 8 | 7 | 12 | 11 | 16 | 15 |

(Note-1): Calculate as follows for the buffer memory address corresponding to each axis.
(Example) For axis No. 16 $22000+400 \mathrm{n}(\mathrm{Da}$.11 Shape $)=22000+400 \times 15=28000$
$22050+400 n($ Da. 13 Special start instruction) $=22050+400 \times 15=28050$
(Note-2): The range ( $n=0$ to 3 ) of axis No. 1 to 4 is valid in the LD77MH4.

## REMARK

To perform an high-level positioning control using block start data, set a number between 7000 and 7004 to the " Cd. 3 Positioning start No." and use the
" Cd. 4 Positioning starting point No." to specify a point number between 1 and 50, a position counted from the beginning of the block.
The number between 7000 and 7004 specified here is called the "block No.". With the LD77MH, up to 50 "block start data" points and up to 10 "condition data" items can be assigned to each "block No.".

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| Block No. *1 | Axis | Block start data | Condition | Buffer memory | GX Works2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7000 | Axis 1 | Start block 0 | Condition data (1 to 10) | Supports the settings | Supports the settings |
|  | Axis 2 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 3 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 4 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
| 7001 | Axis 1 | Start block 1 | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 2 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 3 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 4 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
| 7002 | Axis 1 | Start block 2 | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 2 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 3 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 4 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
| 7003 | Axis 1 | Start block 3 | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 2 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 3 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 4 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
| 7004 | Axis 1 | Start block 4 | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 2 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 3 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 4 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |

*1: Setting cannot be made when the "Pre-reading start function" is used. If you set any of
Nos. 7000 to 7004 and perform the Pre-reading start function, "Outside start No. range error (error code: 543)" will occur.
(For details, refer to Section 13.7.7 "Pre-reading start function".)

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| Block <br> No. $* 1$ | Axis | Block start data | Condition | Buffer memory | GX Works2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7000 | Axis 1 | Start block 0 | Condition data (1 to 10) | Supports the settings | Supports the settings |
|  | to |  | to |  |  |
|  | Axis 16 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
| 7001 | Axis 1 | Start block 1 | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | to |  | to |  |  |
|  | Axis 16 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
| 7002 | Axis 1 | Start block 2 | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | to |  | to |  |  |
|  | Axis 16 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
| 7003 | Axis 1 | Start block 3 | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | to |  | to |  |  |
|  | Axis 16 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
| 7004 | Axis 1 | Start block 4 | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | to |  | to |  |  |
|  | Axis 16 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |

* 1: Setting cannot be made when the "Pre-reading start function" is used. If you set any of Nos. 7000 to 7004 and perform the Pre-reading start function, "Outside start No. range error (error code: 543)" will occur.
(For details, refer to Section 13.7.7 "Pre-reading start function".)

n: Axis No.-1


## Da. 11 Shape

Set whether to carry out only the local "block start data" and then end control, or to execute the "block start data" set in the next point.

| Setting value | Setting details |
| :--- | :--- |
| 0 : End | Execute the designated point's "block start data", and then complete the control. |
| $1:$ Continue | Execute the designated point's "block start data", and after completing control, execute the next <br> point's "block start data". |

## Da. 12 Start data No.

Set the "positioning data No." designated with the "block start data".

## Da. 13 Special start instruction

Set the "special start instruction " for using "high-level positioning control". (Set how to start the positioning data set in " Da. 12 Start data No.".)

| Setting value | Setting details |
| :---: | :--- |
| 00H: Block start <br> (Normal start) | Execute the random block positioning data in the set order with one start. |
| 01H: Condition start | Carry out the condition judgment set in "condition data" for the designated positioning data, and <br> when the conditions are established, execute the "block start data". If not established, ignore <br> that "block start data", and then execute the next point's "block start data". |
| 02H: Wait start | Carry out the condition judgment set in "condition data" for the designated positioning data, and <br> when the conditions are established, execute the "block start data". If not established, stop the <br> control (wait) until the conditions are established. |
| 03H: Simultaneous <br> start | Simultaneous execute (output command at same timing) the positioning data with the No. <br> designated for the axis designated in the "condition data". <br> Up to four axes can start simultaneously. |
| 04H: Repeated start <br> (FOR loop) | Repeat the program from the block start data with the "FOR loop" to the block start data with <br> "NEXT" for the designated number of times. |
| 05H: Repeated start <br> (FOR condition) | Repeat the program from the block start data with the "FOR condition" to the block start data <br> with "NEXT" until the conditions set in the "condition data" are established. |
| 06H: NEXT start | Set the end of the repetition when "04H: Repetition start (FOR loop)" or "05H: Repetition start <br> (FOR condition)" is set. |

Refer to Chapter 10 "High-Level Positioning Control" for details on the control.

## Da. 14 Parameter

Set the value as required for " Da. 13 Special start instruction ".

| Da. 13 Special start instruction | Setting value | Setting details |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Block start (Normal start) | - | Not used. (There is no need to set.) |
| Condition start | 1 to 10 | Set the condition data No. (Data No. of <br> "condition data" is set up for the <br> condition judgment.) |
| Wait start | 0 to 255 | Set the number of repetitions. |
| Simultaneous start | 1 to 10 | Set the condition data No. (Data No. of <br> "condition data" is set up for the <br> condition judgment.) |
| Repeated start (FOR loop) | Repeated start (FOR condition) |  |

### 5.5 List of condition data

The illustrations below show the organization of the condition data stored in the LD77MH buffer memory. The condition data setting items Da. 15 to Da.19, Da. 23 to Da. 26 are explained in the pages that follow.


- Up to 10 condition data points can be set (stored) for each axis in the buffer memory addresses shown on the left.
- Items in a single unit of condition data are shown included in a bold frame.
- Each axis has five start blocks (block Nos. 0 to 4).
(Note): For information on the organization of the buffer memory addresses assigned to the start blocks 1 to 4 , refer to Appendix 8 "List of buffer memory addresses".
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- Up to 10 condition data points can be set (stored) for each axis in the buffer memory addresses shown on the left.
- Items in a single unit of condition data are shown included in a bold frame.
- Each axis has five start blocks (block Nos. 0 to 4).
Start block 2 to 4 are not allocated to buffer memory.
Set with GX Works2.
(Note): For information on the organization of the buffer memory addresses assigned to the start block 1 , refer to Appendix 8 "List of buffer memory addresses".

The pages that follow explain the condition data setting items Da. 15 to Da.19, Da.23 to Da.26.
(The buffer memory addresses shown are those of the "condition data No. 1 (block No. 7000)".)

- Guide to buffer memory address

In the buffer memory address, " $n$ " in " $22100+400 n$ ", etc. indicates a value corresponding to axis No. such as the following table.

| Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 9 | 8 | 13 | 12 |
| 2 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 10 | 9 | 14 | 13 |
| 3 | 2 | 7 | 6 | 11 | 10 | 15 | 14 |
| 4 | 3 | 8 | 7 | 12 | 11 | 16 | 15 |

(Note-1): Calculate as follows for the buffer memory address corresponding to each axis.
(Example) For axis No. 16
$22100+400 \mathrm{n}($ Da. 16 Condition operator) $=22100+400 \times 15=28100$
$22106+400 \mathrm{n}$ ( Da. 19 Parameter 2) $=22106+400 \times 15=28106$
(Note-2): The range ( $n=0$ to 3 ) of axis No. 1 to 4 is valid in the LD77MH4.

## REMARK

To perform an high-level positioning control using block start data, set a number between 7000 and 7004 to the " Cd. 3 Positioning start No." and use the
" Cd. 4 Positioning starting point No." to specify a point number between 1 and 50, a position counted from the beginning of the block.
The number between 7000 and 7004 specified here is called the "block No.". With the LD77MH, up to 50 "block start data" points and up to 10 "condition data" items can be assigned to each "block No.".

- LD77MH4

| Block No. *1 | Axis | Block start data | Condition | Buffer memory | GX Works2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7000 | Axis 1 | Start block 0 | Condition data (1 to 10) | Supports the settings | Supports the settings |
|  | Axis 2 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 3 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 4 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
| 7001 | Axis 1 | Start block 1 | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 2 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 3 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 4 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
| 7002 | Axis 1 | Start block 2 | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 2 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 3 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 4 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
| 7003 | Axis 1 | Start block 3 | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 2 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 3 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 4 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
| 7004 | Axis 1 | Start block 4 | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 2 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 3 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | Axis 4 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |

*1: Setting cannot be made when the "Pre-reading start function" is used. If you set any of Nos. 7000 to 7004 and perform the Pre-reading start function, "Outside start No. range error (error code: 543)" will occur.
(For details, refer to Section 13.7.7 "Pre-reading start function".)

- LD77MH16

| Block No. $* 1$ | Axis | Block start data | Condition | Buffer memory | GX Works2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7000 | Axis 1 | Start block 0 | Condition data (1 to 10) | Supports the settings | Supports the settings |
|  | to |  | to |  |  |
|  | Axis 16 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
| 7001 | Axis 1 | Start block 1 | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | to |  | to |  |  |
|  | Axis 16 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
| 7002 | Axis 1 | Start block 2 | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | to |  | to |  |  |
|  | Axis 16 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
| 7003 | Axis 1 | Start block 3 | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | to |  | to |  |  |
|  | Axis 16 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
| 7004 | Axis 1 | Start block 4 | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |
|  | to |  | to |  |  |
|  | Axis 16 |  | Condition data (1 to 10) |  |  |

*1: Setting cannot be made when the "Pre-reading start function" is used. If you set any of Nos. 7000 to 7004 and perform the Pre-reading start function, "Outside start No. range error (error code: 543)" will occur.
(For details, refer to Section 13.7.7 "Pre-reading start function".)

n : Axis No.-1

n: Axis No.-1

## Da. 15 Condition target

Set the condition target as required for each control.

| Setting value | Setting details |
| :--- | :--- |
| 01 H : Device X | Set the input/output signal ON/OFF as the conditions. |

## Da. 16 Condition operator

Set the condition operator as required for the " Da. 15 Condition target".

| Da. 15 Condition target | Setting value | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 01H: Device } X \\ & \text { 02H: Device } Y \end{aligned}$ | 07H : DEV=ON | The state (ON/OFF) of an I/O signal is defined as the condition. Select ON or OFF as the trigger. |
|  | 08H: DEV=OFF |  |
| 03H: Buffer memory (1-word) <br> 04H: Buffer memory (2-word) | 01H : **=P1 | Select how to use the value (**) in the buffer memory as a part of the condition. |
|  | 02H: ** P 1 |  |
|  | 03H : **SP1 |  |
|  | 04H : ** ${ }^{\text {P }}$ 1 |  |
|  | 05H : P1 $\leq * * \leq$ P2 |  |
|  | 06H : ** P1, $^{\text {P }}$ 2 $\leq * *$ |  |
| 05H: Positioning data No. | 10H : Axis 1 selected | If "simultaneous start" is specified, select the axis (or axes) that should start simultaneously. |
|  | 20H : Axis 2 selected |  |
|  | 30 H : Axis 1 and 2 selected |  |
|  | 40 H : Axis 3 selected |  |
|  | 50 H : Axis 1 and 3 selected |  |
|  | 60 H : Axis 2 and 3 selected |  |
|  | 70 H : Axis 1, 2, and 3 selected |  |
|  | 80 H : Axis 4 selected |  |
|  | 90 H : Axis 1 and 4 selected |  |
|  | AOH: Axis 2 and 4 selected |  |
|  | B0H : Axis 1, 2, and 4 selected |  |
|  | COH : Axis 3 and 4 selected |  |
|  | DOH : Axis 1, 3, and 4 selected |  |
|  | EOH : Axis 2, 3, and 4 selected |  |

## Da. 17 Address

Set the address as required for the " Da. 15 Condition target".

| Da.15 |  | Condition target | Setting value |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |

## Da. 18 Parameter 1

- LD77MH4

Set the parameters as required for the "Da.16 Condition operator".

| Da. 16 Condition operator | Setting value | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01H : **=P1 | Value | The value of P 1 should be equal to or smaller than the value of $P 2$. (P1 $\leq P 2$ ) <br> If P1 is greater than P2 (P1>P2), the "condition data error" (error code 533) will occur. |
| 02H:**PP1 |  |  |
| 03H : ** $\leq$ P1 |  |  |
| 04H : ** ${ }^{\text {P }}$ 1 |  |  |
| 05H : P1 1 ** PP2 |  |  |
| 06H : ** 5 P1, P2<** |  |  |
| 07H: DEV=ON | Value (bit No.) | Set the device bit No. <br> X: $0 \mathrm{H}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4 \mathrm{H}$ to $17 \mathrm{H} \mathrm{Y}: 0 \mathrm{H}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4 \mathrm{H}$ to 17 H |
| 08H : DEV=OFF |  |  |
| 10H: Axis 1 selected | Value (positioning data No.) | Set the positioning data No. for starting axis 1 and/or axis 2. <br> Low-order 16-bit : Axis 1 positioning data No. 1 to $600(01 \mathrm{H}$ to 258 H ) <br> High-order 16-bit : Axis 2 positioning data No. 1 to $600(01 \mathrm{H}$ to 258 H ) |
| $\downarrow$ |  |  |
| EOH : Axis 2, 3, and 4 selected |  |  |

- LD77MH16

Set the parameters as required for the "Da.16Condition operator" and "Da.23
Number of simultaneously starting axes".

| Da. 16 Condition operator | Da. 23 Number of simultaneously starting axes | Setting value | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01H : **=P1 |  | Value | The value of P 1 should be equal to or smaller than the value of P2. (P1 $\leq \mathrm{P} 2$ ) <br> If P 1 is greater than $\mathrm{P} 2(\mathrm{P} 1>\mathrm{P} 2)$, the "condition data error" (error code 533) will occur. |
| 02H:**P 1 |  |  |  |
| 03H : **SP1 |  |  |  |
| 04H : **>P1 |  |  |  |
| 05H : P1 1 ** |  |  |  |
| 06H : ** $\leq$ P1, P2 $\leq * *$ |  |  |  |
| 07H: DEV=ON |  | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Set the device bit No. } \\ & \quad X: 0 H \text { to } 1 H, 10 H \text { to } 1 F H \text { Y: } 0 H, 1 H, 10 H \text { to } 1 F H \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 08H: DEV=OFF |  | (bit No.) |  |
|  |  |  | Set the positioning data No. for starting axis set in " Da. 24 Simultaneously starting axis No.1" and/or " Da. 25 Simultaneously starting axis No.2". |
|  | 2 to 4 | Value (positioning data No.) | Low-order 16-bit : Simultaneously starting axis No. 1 positioning data No. 1 to $600(01 \mathrm{H}$ to 258 H ) |
|  |  |  | High-order 16-bit: Simultaneously starting axis No. 2 positioning data No. 1 to $600(01 \mathrm{H}$ to 258 H$)$ |

## Da. 19 Parameter 2

- LD77MH4

Set the parameters as required for the "Da.16Condition operator".

| Da. 16 Condition operator | Setting value | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01H : **=P1 | - | Not used. (No need to be set.) |
| 02H: ** P 1 |  |  |
| 03H : ** P1 $^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |
| 04H : ** ${ }^{\text {P }}$ 1 |  |  |
| 05H : P1 $\leq * * \leq$ P2 | Value | The value of P2 should be equal to or greater than the value of $P 1$ ( $\mathrm{P} 1 \leq \mathrm{P} 2$ ) If P1 is greater than P2 (P1>P2), the "condition data error" (error code 533) will occur. |
| 06H : **SP1, P2 2 ** |  |  |
| 07H: DEV=ON | - | Not used. (No need to be set.) |
| 08H : DEV=OFF |  |  |
| 10H: Axis 1 selected |  |  |
| 20H: Axis 2 selected |  |  |
| 30 H : Axis 1 and 2 selected |  |  |
| 40H: Axis 3 selected | Value (positioning data No.) | Set the positioning data No. for starting axis 3 and/or axis 4. <br> Low-order 16-bit : Axis 3 positioning data No. 1 to 600 (01H to 258 H ) <br> High-order 16-bit : Axis 4 positioning data No. 1 to $600(01 \mathrm{H}$ to 258 H ) |
| 50 H : Axis 1 and 3 selected |  |  |
| 60 H : Axis 2 and 3 selected |  |  |
| 70 H : Axis 1, 2, and 3 selected |  |  |
| 80 H : Axis 4 selected |  |  |
| 90 H : Axis 1 and 4 selected |  |  |
| AOH : Axis 2 and 4 selected |  |  |
| B0H : Axis 1, 2, and 4 selected |  |  |
| COH : Axis 3 and 4 selected |  |  |
| DOH : Axis 1, 3, and 4 selected |  |  |
| EOH : Axis 2, 3, and 4 selected |  |  |

- LD77MH16

Set the parameters as required for the "Da. 16 Condition operator" and " Da. 23
Number of simultaneously starting axes".

| Da. 16 Condition operator | Da. 23 Number of simultaneously starting axes | Setting value | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01H : **=P1 |  | - | Not used. (No need to be set.) |
| 02H : ** + P1 |  |  |  |
| 03H : **SP1 |  |  |  |
| 04H : **>P1 |  |  |  |
| 05H : P1 $\leq * * \leq \mathrm{P} 2$ |  |  | The value of P 2 should be equal to or greater than the value of P 1 . (P1 $\leq \mathrm{P} 2$ ) <br> If P 1 is greater than $\mathrm{P} 2(\mathrm{P} 1>\mathrm{P} 2)$, the "condition data error" (error code 533) will occur. |
| 06H : ** P1, $1, \mathrm{P} 2 \leq * * ~_{\text {c }}$ |  | Value |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 07H : DEV=ON } \\ & \hline 08 \mathrm{H}: \mathrm{DEV}=\mathrm{OFF} \end{aligned}$ |  | - | Not used. (No need to be set.) |
|  | 2 to 3 |  |  |
|  |  |  | Set the positioning data No. for starting axis set in |
|  |  |  | " Da. 26 Simultaneously starting axis No.3" |
|  | 4 | (positioning data No.) | Low-order 16-bit: Simultaneously starting axis No. 3 positioning data No. 1 to $600(01 \mathrm{H}$ to 258 H$)$ <br> High-order 16-bit : Not used (Set "0") |

## Da. 23 Number of simultaneously starting axes LD77MH16

Set the number of simultaneously starting axes to execute the simultaneous start.
2: Simultaneous start by 2 axes of the starting axis and axis set in " Da. 24 Simultaneously starting axis No.1".
3: Simultaneous start by 3 axes of the starting axis and axis set in "Da. 24 Simultaneously starting axis No.1" and "Da.25 Simultaneously starting axis No.2".
4: Simultaneous start by 4 axes of the starting axis and axis set in "Da.24 Simultaneously starting axis No.1" to "Da.26Simultaneously starting axis No.3".

## Da. 24 Simultaneously starting axis No. 1 to Da.26 Simultaneously starting axis

No. 3 LD77MH16
Set the simultaneously starting axis to execute the 2 to 4-axis simultaneous start.

- 2-axis interpolation ......... Set the target axis number in "Da. 24 Simultaneously starting axis No.1".
- 3-axis interpolation ......... Set the target axis number in "Da. 24 Simultaneously starting axis No.1" and "Da.25 Simultaneously starting axis No.2".
- 4-axis interpolation $\qquad$ Set the target axis number in "Da. 24 Simultaneously starting axis No.1" to "Da.26 Simultaneously starting axis No.3".

Set the axis set as simultaneously starting axis.

| 0: Axis 1 | 8: Axis 9 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1: Axis 2 | 9: Axis 10 |
| 2: Axis 3 | A: Axis 11 |
| 3: Axis 4 | B: Axis 12 |
| 4: Axis 5 | C: Axis 13 |
| 5: Axis 6 | D: Axis 14 |
| 6: Axis 7 | E: Axis 15 |
| 7: Axis 8 | F: Axis 16 |

Note) • Do not specify the own axis number. (If you do, the " Condition data error" will occur during the program execution (error code: 533).)

- When the same axis number or axis number of own axis is set to multiple simultaneously starting axis number, the "Condition data error" will occur during the program execution (error code: 533).
- Do not specify the simultaneously starting axis No. 2 and simultaneously starting axis No. 3 for 2-axis simultaneously start, and not specify the simultaneously starting axis No. 3 for 3-axis simultaneously start. The setting value is ignored.


### 5.6 List of monitor data

The setting items of the monitor data are explained in this section.

- Guide to buffer memory address

In the buffer memory address, "n" in "2406+100n", etc. indicates a value corresponding to axis No. such as the following table.

| Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 9 | 8 | 13 | 12 |
| 2 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 10 | 9 | 14 | 13 |
| 3 | 2 | 7 | 6 | 11 | 10 | 15 | 14 |
| 4 | 3 | 8 | 7 | 12 | 11 | 16 | 15 |

(Note-1): Calculate as follows for the buffer memory address corresponding to each axis. (Example) For axis No. 16 $2406+100 \mathrm{n}$ (Md.23 Axis error No.) $=2406+100 \times 15=3906$ $2494+100 \mathrm{n}$ (Md.123 Torque during command) $=2494+100 \times 15=3994$
(Note-2): The range ( $n=0$ to 3 ) of axis No. 1 to 4 is valid in the LD77MH4.

### 5.6.1 System monitor data

| Storage item |  | Storage details |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Md. 1 In test mode flag | Whether the mode is the test mode from the GX Works2 or not is stored. <br> $\bullet$ When not in test mode : OFF <br> $\bullet$ When in test mode :ON <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |  |  |


| Reading the monitor value | Default value | Storage buffer memory address (common for all axes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| $\square$ Monitoring is carried out with a decimal. |  |  |  |
|  | 0 | 1200 | 4000 |

(Unless noted in particular, the monitor value is saved as binary data.)


Note: If a start signal is issued against an operating axis, a record relating to this event may be output before a record relating to an earlier start signal is output.



Note: If a start signal is issued against an operating axis, a record relating to this event may be output before a record relating to an earlier start signal is output.




|  | Storage item | Storage details | Reading the monitor value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Md. 14 <br> Axis in which the warning occurred | Stores a number (Axis No.) that indicates the axis that encountered a warning. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate | $\square$ Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. |  |
|  | Md. 15 <br> Axis warning No. | Stores an axis warning No. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate | $\square$ Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. <br> Monitor <br> Warning No. <br> For details of warning Nos. (warning codes), refer to Section 16.6 "List of warnings". |  |
|  | Md. 56 <br> Axis warning occurrence (Year: month) | Stores the time (Year: month) at which an axis warning was detected. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate | Monitoring is carried out with a hexadecimal display. <br> Buffer memory (stored with BCD code) |  |
|  | Md. 16 <br> Axis warning occurrence (Day: hour) | Stores the time (Day: hour) at which an axis warning was detected. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate | Monitoring is carried out with a hexadecimal display. <br> Buffer memory (stored with BCD code) |  |
|  | Md. 17 <br> Axis warning occurrence (Minute: second) | Stores the time (Minute: second) at which an axis warning was detected. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate | Monitoring is carried out with a hexadecimal display. <br> Buffer memory (stored with BCD code) |  |
|  | Md. 18 <br> Warning history pointer | Indicates a pointer No. that is next to the Pointer No. assigned to the latest of the existing records. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate | $\square$ Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. <br> Monitor value |  |



| Storage item | Storage details | Reading the monitor value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Md. 19 <br> Number of write accesses to flash ROM | Stores the number of write accesses to the flash ROM after the power is switched ON. <br> The count is cleared to " 0 " when the number of write accesses reach 26 and an error reset operation is performed. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate | Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. <br> Monitor value |
| Md. 50 <br> Forced stop input | This area stores the states (ON/OFF) of forced stop input. <br> Refresh cycle: Operation cycle | Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. <br> Monitor Storage value value 0 : Forced stop input ON (Forced stop) <br> 1 : Forced stop input OFF (Forced stop release) |
| Md. 51 <br> Amplifier-less operation mode status | Indicates a current operation mode. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate | Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. <br> Monitor <br> Storage value value <br> 0 : Normal operation mode <br> 1 : Amplifier-less operation mode |
| Md. 52 <br> Communication between amplifiers axes searching flag | Stores the detection status of axis that set communication between amplifiers. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate | Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. <br> Monitor <br> Storage value value <br> 0 : Search end <br> 1 : Searching |
| Md. 130 <br> OS version | Stores the first five digits of LD77MH product information. <br> Refresh cycle: At power supply ON | Monitoring is carried out with a hexadecimal display. Buffer memory (stored with BCD code) |
| Md. 131 <br> Digital oscilloscope executing | Stores the RUN status of digital oscilloscope. <br> Refresh cycle: Main cycle | Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. <br> Monitor <br> Storage value <br> value <br> 0 : Stop <br> 1: Run <br> -1: Stop by error |
| $\text { Md. } 132$ <br> Operation cycle setting | Stores the current operation cycle. <br> Refresh cycle: At power supply ON | Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. <br> Monitor <br> Storage value <br> value $0: 0.88 \mathrm{~ms}$ <br> $1: 1.77 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| Md. 133 <br> Operation cycle over flag <br> LD77MH16 | This flag turns ON when the operation cycle time exceeds operation cycle. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate | Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. <br> Monitor <br> POINT Latch status of operation cycle over is indicated. When this flag turns ON, correct the positioning detail or change the operation cycle longer than current setting. |


|  | Default value | Storage buffer memory address (common for all axes) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | LD77MH4 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Storage item | Storage details | Reading the monitor value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Md. 134 <br> Operation time | Stores the time that took for operation every operation cycle. <br> Refresh cycle: Operation cycle | Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. <br> Monitor |
| Md. 135 <br> Maximum operation time | Stores the maximum value of operation time after each module's power supply ON. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate | Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. Monitor Storage value value Unit: $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |


|  | Sefault value | Storage buffer memory address (common for all axes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 |  |

### 5.6.2 Axis monitor data

| Storage item | Storage details |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Md. 20 Current feed value | The currently commanded address is stored. <br> (Different from the actual motor position during operation) <br> The current position address is stored. <br> If "degree" is selected as the unit, the addresses will have a ring structure for values between 0 and 359.99999 degrees. <br> - The OP address is stored when the machine OPR is completed. <br> - When the current value is changed with the current value changing function, the changed value is stored. <br> Refresh cycle: Operation cycle |  |
| Md. 21 Machine feed value | The address of the current position according to the machine coordinates will be stored. (Different from the actual motor position during operation) <br> Note that the current value changing function will not change the machine feed value. <br> Under the speed control mode, the machine feed value is constantly updated always, irrespective of the parameter setting. <br> The value will not be cleared to "0" at the beginning of fixed-feed control. <br> Even if "degree" is selected as the unit, the addresses will not have a ring structure for values between 0 and 359.99999 degrees. <br> - Machine coordinates: Characteristic coordinates determined with machine <br> Refresh cycle: Operation cycle |  |
| Md. 22 Feedrate | The speed of the operating workpiece is stored. (May be different from the actual motor speed during operation) <br> - During interpolation operation, the speed is stored in the following manner. <br> Reference axis : Composite speed or reference axis speed <br> (Set with Pr. 20 ) <br> Interpolation axis : 0 <br> Refresh cycle: Operation cycle <br> POINT <br> In case of the single axis operation, " Md. 22 Feedrate" and "Md. 28 Axis feedrate" are identical. <br> In the composite mode of the interpolation operation, " Md.22 Feedrate" is a speed in a composite direction and "Md. 28 Axis feedrate" is that in each axial direction. |  |
| Md. 23 Axis error No. | When an axis error is detected, the error code corresponding to the error details is stored. <br> - The latest error code is always stored. <br> (When a new axis error occurs, the error code is overwritten.) <br> - When " Cd. 5 Axis error reset" (axis control data) turns ON, the axis error No. is cleared (set to 0 ). <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |  |


| Reading the monitor value | Default value | Storage buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Monitoring is carried out with a hexadecimal. | 0000H | $\begin{aligned} & 800+100 n \\ & 801+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2400+100 n \\ & 2401+100 n \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 0000H | $\begin{aligned} & 802+100 n \\ & 803+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2402+100 n \\ & 2403+100 n \end{aligned}$ |
| $-5 \quad$ degree |  |  |  |
|  | 0000H | $\begin{aligned} & 804+100 n \\ & 805+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2404+100 n \\ & 2405+100 n \end{aligned}$ |
| Monitoring is carried out with a decimal. Monitor value | 0 | 806+100n | 2406+100n |

n: Axis No.-1

| Storage item | Storage details |
| :---: | :---: |
| Md. 24 Axis warning No. | Whenever an axis warning is reported, a related warning code is stored. <br> - This area stores the latest warning code always. (Whenever an axis warning is reported, a new warning code replaces the stored warning code.) <br> - When the " Cd. 5 Axis error reset" (axis control data) is set to ON , the axis warning No. is cleared to " 0 ". <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |
| Md. 25 Valid M code | This area stores an $M$ code that is currently active (i.e. set to the positioning data relating to the current operation). <br> When the PLC READY signal [Y0] goes OFF, the value is set to "0". <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |
| Md. 26 Axis operation status | This area stores the axis operation status. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |
| Md. 27 Current speed | The " Da. 8 Command speed" used by the positioning data currently being executed is stored. <br> - If " Da. 8 Command speed" is set to "- 1 ", this area stores the command speed set by the positioning data used one step earlier. <br> - If " Da. 8 Command speed" is set to a value other than "- 1 ", this area stores the command speed set by the current positioning data. <br> - When speed change function is executed, this area stores " Cd. 14 New speed value". (For details of change speed function, refer to Section 13.5.1.) <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |


| Reading the monitor value | Default value | Storage buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. | 0 | 807+100n | 2407+100n |
| $\square$ Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. <br> Monitor value | 0 | $808+100 n$ | $2408+100 n$ |
| Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. <br> Monitor value | 0 | $809+100 n$ | $2409+100 n$ |
| Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 810+100 n \\ & 811+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2410+100 n \\ & 2411+100 n \end{aligned}$ |

n : Axis No.-1

| Storage item | Storage details |
| :---: | :---: |
| Md. 28 Axis feedrate | - The speed which is actually output as a command at that time in each axis is stored. (May be different from the actual motor speed) " 0 " is stored when the axis is at a stop. <br> Refresh cycle: Operation cycle <br> POINT <br> Refer to " Md. 22 Feedrate" |
| Md. 29 Speed-position switching control positioning amount | - The movement amount for the position control to end after changing to position control with the speed-position switching control is stored. <br> When the control method is "Reverse run: position/speed", the negative value is stored. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |
| Md. 30 External input signal | The ON/OFF state of the external input signal is stored. <br> The following items are stored. <br> - Lower limit signal * <br> - Upper limit signal * <br> - External command signal/switching signal <br> - Near-point dog signal $*$ <br> *: This area stores the states of the external input signal (servo amplifier) set by "Pr. 80 External input signal selection". <br> Refresh cycle: Operation cycle |


n : Axis No.-1

| Storage item | Storage details |
| :---: | :---: |
| Md. 31 Status | This area stores the states (ON/OFF) of various flags. <br> Information on the following flags is stored. <br> - In speed control flag <br> This signal that comes ON under the speed control can be used to judge whether the operation is performed under the speed control or position control. The signal goes OFF when the power is switched ON, under the position control, and during JOG operation or manual pulse generator operation. During the speed-position or position-speed switching control, this signal comes ON only when the speed control is in effect. During the speed-position switching control, this signal goes OFF when the speed-position switching signal executes a switching over from speed control to position control. During the position-speed switching control, this signal comes ON when the position-speed switching signal executes a switching over from position control to speed control. <br> Speed-position switching latch flag <br> This signal is used during the speed-position switching control for interlocking the movement amount change function. During the speed-position switching control, this signal comes ON when position control takes over. This signal goes OFF when the next positioning data is processed, and during JOG operation or manual pulse generator operation. <br> Command in-position flag <br> This signal is ON when the remaining distance is equal to or less than the command in-position range (set by a detailed parameter). This signal remains OFF with data that specify the continuous path control (P11) as the operation pattern. The state of this signal is monitored every operation cycle except when the monitoring is canceled under the speed control or while the speed control is in effect during the speed-position or position-speed switching control. While operations are performed with interpolation, this signal comes ON only in respect of the starting axis. (This signal goes OFF in respect of all axes upon starting.) <br> - OPR request flag <br> This signal comes ON when the power is switched ON, when the absolute system has not been set, when the machine OPR has not been executed at the absolute position system, when a machine OPR operation starts. This signal goes OFF when a machine OPR operation completes. (For details of OPR request flag, refer to the remark of Section 8.1.1.) <br> - OPR complete flag <br> This signal comes ON when a machine OPR operation completes normally. This signal goes OFF when the operation start. <br> - Position-speed switching latch flag <br> This signal is used during the position-speed switching control for interlocking the command speed change function. During the position-speed switching control, this signal comes ON when speed control takes over. This signal goes OFF when the next positioning data is processed, and during JOG operation or manual pulse generator operation. <br> - Axis warning detection flag <br> This signal comes On when an axis warning is reported and goes OFF when the axis error reset signal comes ON. <br> - Speed change 0 flag <br> This signal comes ON when a speed change request that specifies 0 as the new speed value is issued. This signal comes ON when a speed change request that specifies a new speed value other than 0 is issued. <br> M code ON LD77MH16 <br> In the WITH mode, this signal turns ON when the positioning data operation is started. In the AFTER mode, this signal turns ON when the positioning data operation is completed. <br> This signal turns OFF with the " Cd.7 M code OFF request". <br> When $M$ code is not designated (when "Da. 10 M code" is " 0 "), this signal will remain OFF. <br> With using continuous path control for the positioning operation, the positioning will continue even when this signal does not turn OFF. However, a warning will occur. (Warning code: 503) <br> When the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns OFF, the M code ON signal will also turn OFF. <br> If operation is started while the M code is ON, an error will occur. (Error code: 536) <br> - Error detection LD77MH16 <br> This signal turns ON when an error listed in Section 16.4 occurs, and turns OFF when the error is reset on <br> "Cd. 5 Axis error reset". <br> - Start complete LD77MH16 <br> This signal turns ON when the positioning start signal turns ON and the LD77MH starts the positioning process. (The start complete signal also turns ON during OPR control.) <br> - Positioning complete LDT7MH16 <br> This signal turns ON for the time set in "Pr. 40 Positioning complete signal output time" from the instant when the positioning control for each positioning data No. is completed. <br> For the interpolation control, the positioning complete signal of interpolation axis turns ON during the time set to the reference axis. <br> (It does not turn ON when " Pr. 40 Positioning complete signal output time" is " 0 ".) <br> If positioning (including OPR), JOG/Inching operation, or manual pulse generator operation is started while this signal is ON, the signal will turn OFF. <br> This signal will not turn ON when speed control or positioning is canceled midway. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |



| Storage item | Storage details |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Md. 32 Target value | This area stores the target value (Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount) for a positioning operation. <br> - At the beginning of positioning control and current value changing: <br> Stores the value of " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount". <br> - At the OP shift operation of OPR control: Stores the value of OP shift amount. <br> - At other times <br> : Stores "0". <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |  |
| Md. 33 Target speed | - During operation with positioning data: The actual target speed, considering <br> the override and speed limit value, <br> etc., is stored. "0" is stored when <br> positioning is completed.- During interpolation of position controlThe composite speed or reference <br> axis speed is stored in the reference <br> axis address, and "0" is stored in the <br> interpolation axis address.- During interpolation of speed controlThe target speeds of each axis are <br> stored in the monitor of the reference <br> axis and interpolation axis.- The actual target speed, consideringthe JOG speed limit value for theJOG speed, is stored. |  |
| Md. 34 Movement amount after near-point dog ON | - "0" is stored when machine OPR starts. <br> - After machine OPR starts, the movement amount from the near-point dog ON to the machine OPR completion is stored. (Movement amount: Movement amount to machine OPR completion using nearpoint dog ON as "0".) <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |  |


n : Axis No.-1

| Storage item | Storage details |
| :---: | :---: |
| Md. 35 Torque limit stored value/ forward torque limit stored value | The" Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value", " Cd. 101 Torque output setting value" or <br> " Cd. 22 New torque value/forward new torque value", " Pr. 54 OPR torque limit value" is stored. <br> - During positioning start, JOG operation start, manual pulse generator operation : The" Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value" or " Cd. 101 Torque output setting value" is stored. <br> - When value is changed to" Cd. 22 New torque value/forward new torque value " during operation <br> : The" Cd. 22 New torque value/forward new torque value " is stored. <br> - When OPR <br> : The" Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value" or "Cd. 101 Torque output setting value" is stored. But " Pr. 54 OPR torque limit value" is stored after the" Pr. 47 Creep speed" completion. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |
| Md. 36 Special start data instruction code setting value | - The " instruction code" used with special start and indicated by the start data pointer currently being executed is stored. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |
| Md. 37 Special start data instruction parameter setting value | The "instruction parameter" used with special start and indicated by the start data pointer currently being executed is stored. <br> The stored value differs according to the value set for Md.36. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |
| Md. 38 Start positioning data No. setting value | - The "positioning data No." indicated by the start data pointer currently being executed is stored. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |


n : Axis No.-1

| Storage item | Storage details |
| :---: | :---: |
| Md. 39 In speed limit flag | - If the speed exceeds the " Pr. 8 Speed limit value" ("Pr.31JOG speed limit value" at JOG operation control) due to a speed change or override, the speed limit functions, and the in speed limit flag turns ON. <br> - When the speed drops to less than "Pr. 8 Speed limit value" ("Pr. 31 JOG speed limit value" at JOG operation control), or when the axis stops, the in speed limit flag turns OFF. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |
| Md. 40 In speed change processing flag | - The speed change process flag turns ON when the speed is changed during positioning control. <br> - After the speed change process is completed or when deceleration starts with the stop signal during the speed change process, the in speed change process flag turns OFF. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |
| Md. 41 Special start repetition counter | - This area stores the remaining number of repetitions during "repetitions" specific to special starting. <br> - The count is decremented by one (-1) at the loop end. <br> - The control comes out of the loop when the count reaches " 0 ". <br> - This area stores "0" within an infinite loop. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |
| Md. 42 Control system repetition counter | - This area stores the remaining number of repetitions during "repetitions" specific to control system. <br> - The count is decremented by one $(-1)$ at the loop start. <br> - The loop is terminated with the positioning data of the control method "LEND", after the counter be comes "0". <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |
| Md. 43 Start data pointer being executed | - This area stores a point No. (1 to 50 ) attached to the start data currently being executed. <br> - This area stores " 0 " after completion of a positioning operation. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |
| Md. 44 Positioning data No. being executed | - This area stores a positioning data No. attached to the positioning data currently being executed. <br> - This area stores " 0 " when the JOG/inching operation is executed. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |
| Md. 45 Block No. being executed | - When the operation is controlled by "block start data", this area stores a block number (7000 to 7004) attached to the block currently being executed. <br> - At other times, this area stores " 0 ". <br> Refresh cycle: At start |


| Reading the monitor value | Default value | Storage buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. <br> Monitor <br> Storage value value <br> 0: Not in speed limit (OFF) <br> 1: In speed limit (ON) | 0 | $830+100 n$ | $2430+100 n$ |
| Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. <br> Monitor <br> Storage value value <br> 0 : Not in speed change (OFF) <br> 1: In speed change (ON) | 0 | $831+100 n$ | $2431+100 n$ |
| Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. <br> Monitor value | 0 | $832+100 n$ | $2432+100 n$ |
| Monitoring is carried out with a hexadecimal display. <br> Monitor value | 0000H | $833+100 n$ | $2433+100 n$ |
| Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. <br> Monitor value | 0 | $834+100 n$ | $2434+100 n$ |
| Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. <br> Storage value <br> Monitor value 1 to 600, 9001 to 9003 | 0 | 835+100n | 2435+100n |
| Monitoring is carried out with a decimal display. <br> Monitor value | 0 | $836+100 n$ | $2436+100 n$ |

n : Axis No.-1

| Storage item | Storage details |
| :---: | :---: |
| Md. 46 Last executed positioning data No. | - This area stores the positioning data No. attached to the positioning data that was executed last time. <br> - The value is retained until a new positioning operation is executed. <br> - This area stores " 0 " when the JOG/inching operation is executed. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |
| Md. 47 Positioning data being executed | - The addresses shown to the right store details of the positioning data currently being executed (positioning data No. given by Md.44 ). <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |
| Md. 48 Deceleration start flag * | - "1" is stored when the constant speed status or acceleration status switches to the deceleration status during position control whose operation pattern is "Positioning complete". <br> - " 0 " is stored at the next operation start or manual pulse generator operation enable. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate <br> POINT <br> This parameter is possible to monitor when " Cd. 41 Deceleration start flag valid " is valid. |


n : Axis No.-1

| Storage item | Storage details |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Md. 100 OPR re-travel value | - This area stores the travel distance during the OPR travel to the zero point that was executed last time. <br> For setting units <br> Example) mm <br> (Buffer memory $\times 0.1$ ) $\mu \mathrm{m}$ <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |  |
| Md. 101 Real current value | - This area stores the current value (feed current value - deviation counter droop pulses). <br> Example) mm <br> (Buffer memory $\times 0.1$ ) $\mu \mathrm{m}$ <br> Refresh cycle: Operation cycle |  |
| Md. 102 Deviation counter value | - This area stores the difference between the feed current and the real current value. <br> (Buffer memory details) PLS <br> Refresh cycle: Operation cycle |  |
| Md. 103 Motor rotation speed | - This area stores the motor speed updated in real time. (Buffer memory $\times 0.1$ ) r/min *1 <br> *1: The unit is $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}$ at linear servo use. <br> Refresh cycle: Operation cycle |  |
| Md. 104 Motor current value | - This area stores the present motor current value of the motor. (Buffer memory $\times 0.1$ ) \% <br> Refresh cycle: Operation cycle |  |
| Md. 106 Servo amplifier software No. | - This area stores the software No. of the servo amplifier used. <br> - This area is update when the control power of the servo amplifier is turned ON. <br> Refresh cycle: Servo amplifier's power supply ON |  |


n : Axis No.-1

| Storage item | Storage details |
| :---: | :---: |
| Md. 107 Parameter error No. | - When a servo parameter error occurs, the area that corresponds to the parameter number affected by the error comes ON. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |
| Md. 108 Servo status | This area stores the servo status. <br> - Zero point pass <br> Turns ON if the zero point of the encoder has been passed even once. <br> - Zero speed <br> Turns ON when the motor speed is lower than the servo parameter "zero speed." <br> - Speed limit <br> Turn ON during the speed limit in torque control mode. <br> - PID control Turn ON when the servo amplifier is PID control. <br> - READY ON Indicates the ready ON/OFF. <br> - Servo ON Indicates the servo ON/OFF. <br> - Control mode Indicates the control mode of servo amplifier. <br> - Servo alarm Turn ON during the servo alarm. <br> - In-position <br> The dwell pulse turns ON within the servo parameter "in-position". <br> - Torque limit Turns ON when the servo amplifier is having the torque restricted. <br> - Absolute position lost Turns ON when the servo amplifier is lost the absolute position. <br> - Servo warning Turn ON during the servo warning. <br> Refresh cycle: Operation cycle |


n : Axis No.-1

| Storage item | Storage details |
| :---: | :---: |
| Md. 109 Regenerative load ratio/ Optional data monitor output 1 | - The rate of regenerative power to the allowable regenerative power is indicated as a percentage. <br> - When the regenerative option is used, the rate to the allowable regenerative power of the option is indicated. <br> (Buffer memory) \% <br> - This area stores the content set in "Pr. 91 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1" at optional data monitor data type setting. LD77MH16 <br> Refresh cycle: Operation cycle |
| Md. 110 Effective load torque/ Optional data monitor output 2 | - The continuous effective load torque is indicated. <br> - The average value of the load rates for the past 15 seconds to the rated torque is stored as a percentage, rated torque being $100 \%$. <br> (Buffer memory) \% <br> - This area stores the content set in "Pr. 92 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2" at optional data monitor data type setting. LD77MH16 <br> Refresh cycle: Operation cycle |
| Md. 111 Peak torque ratio/ Optional data monitor output 3 | - The maximum torque is indicated. (Holding value) <br> - The peak values for the past 15 seconds are indicated, rated torque being $100 \%$. (Buffer memory) \% <br> - This area stores the content set in "Pr. 93 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3" at optional data monitor data type setting. LD77MH16 <br> Refresh cycle: Operation cycle |
| Md. 112 Optional data monitor output $4$ | - This area stores the content set in "Pr. 94 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4" at optional data monitor data type setting. (" 0 " is stored when the optional data monitor data type is not set.) <br> Refresh cycle: Operation cycle |
| Md. 113 Semi/Fully closed loop status | - The switching status of semi closed loop control/fully closed loop control is indicated. <br> Refresh cycle: Operation cycle |
| Md. 114 Servo alarm | - This area stores the error codes displayed in LED of servo amplifier. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |



n: Axis No.-1

| Storage item | Storage details |
| :---: | :---: |
| Md. 116 Encoder option information | - The option information of encoder is indicated. (This information differs by the connected servo amplifier. Refer to the "Servo amplifier Instruction Manual" for details of storage item.) <br> Refresh cycle: Servo amplifier's power supply ON |
| Md. 120 Reverse torque limit stored value | " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value", " Cd. 101 Torque output setting value" or " <br> Cd. 113 Reverse new torque value", " Pr. 54 OPR torque limit value" is stored. <br> - At the positioning start/JOG operation start/ manual pulse generator operation <br> : The" Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value" or " Cd. 101 Torque output setting value" is stored. <br> - When a value is set in "Cd. 22 New torque value/forward new torque value" or " Cd. 113 Reverse new torque value" during operation. <br> : " Cd. 22 New torque value/forward new torque value" is stored when " 0 " is set in " Cd. 112 Torque change function switching request". <br> " Cd. 113 Reverse new torque value" is stored when "1" is set in " Cd. 112 Torque change function switching request". <br> - At the OPR <br> : " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value" or " Cd. 101 Torque output setting value" is stored. However, " Pr. 54 OPR torque limit value" is stored after it reach to " Pr. 47 Creep speed" completion. <br> Refresh cycle: Immediate |


n : Axis No.-1

| Storage item | Storage details |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Md. 122 Speed during command | - This area stores the command speed during speed control mode. <br> - " 0 " is stored other than during speed control mode. <br> Refresh cycle: Operation cycle (Speed control mode only) |  |
| Md.123 Torque during command | - This area stores the command torque during torque control mode. (Buffer memory $\times 0.1$ )\% <br> - " 0 " is stored other than during torque control mode. <br> Refresh cycle: Operation cycle (Torque control mode only) |  |


n : Axis No.-1

### 5.7 List of control data

The setting items of the control data are explained in this section.

- Guide to buffer memory address

In the buffer memory address, "n" in "4303+100n", etc. indicates a value corresponding to axis No. such as the following table.

| Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 9 | 8 | 13 | 12 |
| 2 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 10 | 9 | 14 | 13 |
| 3 | 2 | 7 | 6 | 11 | 10 | 15 | 14 |
| 4 | 3 | 8 | 7 | 12 | 11 | 16 | 15 |

(Note-1): Calculate as follows for the buffer memory address corresponding to each axis. (Example) For axis No. 16

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 4303+100 n(\boxed{C d} .6 \text { Restart command })=4303+100 \times 15=5803 \\
& 4351+100 n(\text { Cd. } 100 \text { Servo OFF command })=4351+100 \times 15=5851
\end{aligned}
$$

(Note-2): The range ( $n=0$ to 3 ) of axis No. 1 to 4 is valid in the LD77MH4.

### 5.7.1 System control data

| Setting item | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cd. 1 Flash ROM write request | - Requests writing of data (parameters, positioning data, and block start data) from the buffer memory to the flash ROM. <br> Fetch cycle: 103[ms] <br> POINT <br> (1) Do not turn the power OFF or reset the PLC CPU while writing to the flash ROM. If the power is turned OFF or the PLC CPU is reset to forcibly end the process, the data backed up in the flash ROM will be lost. <br> (2) Do not write the data to the buffer memory before writing to the flash ROM is completed. <br> (3) The number of writes to the flash ROM with the sequence program is 25 max. while the power is turned ON. <br> Writing to the flash ROM beyond 25 times will cause an error (error code: 805). Refer to Section 16.5 "List of errors" for details. <br> (4) Monitoring is the number of writes to the flash ROM after the power is switched ON by the " Md. 19 Number of write accesses to flash ROM". |
| Cd. 2 Parameter initialization request | - Requests initialization of setting data. <br> Refer to Section 14.2 for initialized setting data. <br> Initialization: Resetting of setting data to default values <br> Fetch cycle: 103[ms] <br> Note: After completing the initialization of setting data, reset the PLC CPU or reboot the PLC power. |


| Setting value | Default value | Storage buffer memory address (common for all axes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Set with a decimal. <br> Setting value <br> Flash ROM write request <br> 1: Requests write access to flash ROM. <br> The LD77MH resets the value to "0" automatically when the write access completes. (This indicates the completion of write operation.) | 0 | 1900 | 5900 |
| Set with a decimal. <br> Setting value <br> The LD77MH resets the value to " 0 " automatically when the initialization completes. (This indicates the completion of parameter initialization.) | 0 | 1901 | 5901 |


| Setting item | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cd. 41 Deceleration start flag valid | - Set whether " Md. 48 Deceleration start flag" is made valid or invalid. <br> Fetch cycle: At PLC READY ON <br> POINT <br> The " Cd. 41 Deceleration start flag valid" become valid when the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns from OFF to ON. |
| Cd. 42 Stop command processing for deceleration stop selection | - Set the stop command processing for deceleration stop function (deceleration curve re-processing/deceleration curve continuation). <br> Fetch cycle: At deceleration stop causes occurrence |
| Cd. 137 Amplifier-less operation mode switching request | - Set the switching request of the normal operation mode and amplifier-less operation mode. <br> Fetch cycle: $3.5[\mathrm{~ms}]$ |



### 5.7.2 Axis control data

| Setting item | Setting details |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cd. 3 Positioning start No. | - Set the positioning start No. (Only 1 to 600 for the Pre-reading start function. For details, refer to Section 13.7.7 "Pre-reading start function".) <br> Fetch cycle: At start |  |
| Cd. 4 Positioning starting point No. | - Set a "starting point No." (1 to 50) if block start data is used for positioning. (Handled as "1" if the value of other than 1 to 50 is set.) <br> Fetch cycle: At start |  |
| Cd. 5 Axis error reset | - Clears the axis error detection, axis error No., axis warning detection and axis warning No. <br> - When the LD77MH axis operation state is "in error occurrence", the error is cleared and the LD77MH is returned to the "waiting" state. <br> - Clears the both of LD77MH errors and servo amplifier errors by axis error reset. (Some servo amplifier errors cannot be reset even if error reset is requested, "0" is not stored in Cd. 5 .It remains " 1 ". Set " 0 " in Cd. 5 and then set " 1 " to execute the error reset again by user side. Refer to the "Servo amplifier Instruction Manual" for details.) <br> Fetch cycle: $56.8[\mathrm{~ms}]$ |  |
| Cd. 6 Restart command | - When positioning is stopped for any reason (when axis operation state is "stopped"), set "1" in Cd. 6 . Positioning will be carried out again from the stopped position to the end point of the stopped positioning data. <br> Fetch cycle: $56.8[\mathrm{~ms}]$ |  |


| Setting value | Default value | Storage buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
|  | 0 | 1500+100n | $4300+100 n$ |
| The LD77MH resets the value to " 0 " automatically when the continuous operation is interrupted. | 0 | 1501+100n | $4301+100 n$ |
| Set with a decimal. <br> Setting value <br> The LD77MH resets the value to "0" automatically after the axis error reset is completed. (Indicates that the axis error reset is completed.) | 0 | 1502+100n | $4302+100 n$ |
| Set with a decimal. <br> Setting value <br> The LD77MH resets the value to " 0 " automatically after restart acceptance is completed. (Indicates that the restart acceptance is completed.) | 0 | 1503+100n | $4303+100 n$ |

n : Axis No.-1

| Setting item | Setting details |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cd. 7 M code OFF request | - The M code ON signal turns OFF. <br> Fetch cycle: Operation cycle |  |
| Cd. 8 External command valid | - Validates or invalidates external command signals. <br> Fetch cycle: At request by external command signal |  |
| Cd. 9 New current value | - When changing the "current feed value" using the start No. "9003", use this data item to specify a new feed value. <br> - Set a value within the following range: <br> Fetch cycle: At change request |  |
| Cd. 10 New acceleration time value | - When changing the acceleration time during a speed change, use this data item to specify a new acceleration time. <br> Fetch cycle: At change request |  |
| Cd. 11 New deceleration time value | - When changing the deceleration time during a speed change, use this data item to specify a new deceleration time. <br> Fetch cycle: At change request |  |


n: Axis No.-1


n : Axis No.-1


n : Axis No.-1

| Setting item | Setting details |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cd. 19 OPR request flag OFF request | - The sequence program can use this data item to forcibly turn the OPR request flag from ON to OFF. <br> Fetch cycle: $56.8[\mathrm{~ms}]$ <br> POINT <br> This parameter is made valid when the increment system is valid. |  |
| Cd. 20 Manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification | - This data item determines the factor by which the number of pulses from the manual pulse generator is magnified. <br> - Value "0" : read as "1". <br> - Value "10001 or more" or negative value : read as "10000". <br> Fetch cycle: Operation cycle (At manual pulse generator enabled) |  |
| Cd. 21 Manual pulse generator enable flag | - This data item enables or disables operations using a manual pulse generator. <br> Fetch cycle: Operation cycle |  |
| Cd. 22 New torque value/ forward new torque value | - When " 0 " is set to "Cd. 112 Torque change function switching request", a new torque limit value is set. (This value is set to the forward torque limit value and reverse torque limit value.) <br> When "1" is set to "Cd. 112 Torque change function switching request", a new forward torque limit value is set. <br> - Set a value within "0" to " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value". <br> (The new torque value is invalid when "0" is set, and " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value" or "Cd.101" Torque output setting value" becomes valid. The range of torque change is 1 to " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value".) <br> Fetch cycle: Operation cycle |  |


n : Axis No.-1


n: Axis No.-1

| Setting item | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cd. 26 Position-speed switching enable flag | - Set whether the external control signal (external command signal [DI]: "speedposition, position-speed switching request" is selected) is enabled or not. <br> Fetch cycle: At switching request |
| Cd. 27 Target position change value (New address) | - When changing the target position during a positioning operation, use this data item to specify a new positioning address. <br> - Set a value within the following range: <br> Fetch cycle: At change request |
| Cd. 28 Target position change value (New speed) | - When changing the target position during a positioning operation, use this data item to specify a new speed. <br> - The speed will not change if " 0 " is set. <br> - Set a value within the following range: <br> *: When "Pr. 83 Speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid, this will be the setting range 0 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-2}\right.$ degree $\left./ \mathrm{min}\right)$. <br> Fetch cycle: At change request |
| Cd. 29 Target position change request flag | - Requests a change in the target position during a positioning operation. <br> Fetch cycle: Operation cycle |


n: Axis No.-1

| Setting item |  | Setting details |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cd. 30 | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 1 start data No.) LD77MH4 | - Use these data items to specify an axis 1 start data No. for each axis that has to start simultaneously. <br> - Set " 0 " to any axis that should not start simultaneously. | Fetch: At start |  |
|  | Simultaneous starting own axis start data No. LD77MH16 | - Use these data items to specify a start data No. of own axis at multiple axes simultaneous starting. |  |  |
| Cd. 31 | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 2 start data No.) | - Use these data items to specify an axis 2 start data No. for each axis that has to start simultaneously. <br> - Set " 0 " to any axis that should not start simultaneously. | Fetch: At start |  |
|  | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 1 LD77MH16 | - Use these data items to specify a start data No. 1 for each axis that has to start simultaneously. |  |  |
| Cd. 32 | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 3 start data No.) LD77MH4 | - Use these data items to specify an axis 3 start data No. for each axis that has to start simultaneously. <br> - Set "0" to any axis that should not start simultaneously. | Fetch: At start |  |
|  | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 2 LD77MH16 | - Use these data items to specify a start data No. 2 for each axis that has to start simultaneously. <br> Note) For 2 axis simultaneous starting, the axis setting is not required. <br> (Setting value is ignored.) |  |  |
| Cd. 33 | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 4 start data No.) LD77MH4 | - Use these data items to specify an axis 4 start data No. for each axis that has to start simultaneously. <br> - Set " 0 " to any axis that should not start simultaneously. | Fetch: At start |  |
|  | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 3 <br> LD77MH16 | - Use these data items to specify a start data No. 3 for each axis that has to start simultaneously. <br> Note) For 2 axis simultaneous starting and 3 axis simultaneous starting, the axis setting is not required. (Setting value is ignored.) |  |  |
| Cd. 34 Step mode |  | - To perform a step operation, use this data item to specify the units by which the stepping should be performed. <br> Fetch cycle: At start |  |  |


n: Axis No.-1

| Setting item | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cd. 35 Step valid flag | - This data item validates or invalidates step operations. <br> Fetch cycle: At start |
| Cd. 36 Step start information | - To continue the step operation when the step function is used, set "1" in the data item. <br> Fetch cycle: $56.8[\mathrm{~ms}]$ |
| Cd. 37 Skip command | - To skip the current positioning operation, set " 1 " in this data item. <br> Fetch cycle: Operation cycle (During positioning operation) |
| Cd. 38 Teaching data selection | - This data item specifies the teaching result write destination. <br> - Data are cleared to zero when the teaching ends. <br> Fetch cycle: At operation request |
| Cd. 39 Teaching positioning data No. | - This data item specifies data to be produced by teaching. <br> - If a value between 1 and 600 is set, a teaching operation is done. <br> - The value is cleared to "0" when the LD77MH is initialized, when a teaching operation completes, and when an illegal value ( 601 or higher) is entered. <br> Fetch cycle: 103[ms] |


| Setting value | Default value | Storage buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Set with a decimal. | 0 | 1545+100n | $4345+100 n$ |
| Set with a decimal. <br> The LD77MH resets the value to "0" automatically when processing of the step start request completes. | 0 | $1546+100 n$ | $4346+100 n$ |
| Set with a decimal. <br> The LD77MH resets the value to "0" automatically when processing of the skip request completes. | 0 | $1547+100 n$ | $4347+100 n$ |
| Set with a decimal. | 0 | $1548+100 n$ | $4348+100 n$ |
| Set with a decimal. <br> Setting value | 0 | $1549+100 n$ | $4349+100 n$ |

n: Axis No.-1

| Setting item | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cd. 40 ABS direction in degrees | - This data item specifies the ABS moving direction carrying out the position control when "degree" is selected as the unit. <br> Fetch cycle: At start |
| Cd. 43 Simultaneous starting axis LD77MH16 | - Set the number of simultaneous starting axes and target axis. When " 2 " is set to the number of simultaneous starting axes, set the target axis No. to the simultaneous starting axis No. 1. <br> When " 3 " is set to the number of simultaneous starting axes, set the target axis No. to the simultaneous starting axis No. 1 and 2. <br> When " 4 " is set to the number of simultaneous starting axes, set the target axis No. to the simultaneous starting axis No. 1 to 3. <br> - When the same axis No. or axis No. of own axis is set to the multiple simultaneous starting axis No, or the value outside the range is set to the number of simultaneous starting axes, "Error before simultaneous start" (error code: 501) will occur, and the operation is not executed. <br> Note) Do not set the simultaneous starting axis No. 2 and 3 for 2-axis interpolation, and do not set the simultaneous starting axis No. 3 for 3-axis interpolation. The setting value is ignored. <br> Fetch cycle: At start |
| Cd. 100 Servo OFF command | - Turns OFF each axis servo. <br> Fetch cycle: Operation cycle <br> POINT <br> When you want to turn ON the servo for other than axis 1 with only the servo for axis 1 turned OFF, write "1" to storage buffer memory address of axis 1 and then turn ON all axis servo $\mathrm{ON}[\mathrm{Y} 1]$ signal. |
| Cd. 101 Torque output setting value | - Sets the torque output value. <br> Fetch cycle: At start <br> POINT <br> - If the " Cd. 101 Torque output setting value" is "0", the " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value" will be its value. <br> - If a value beside " 0 " is set in the " Cd. 101 Torque output setting value", the torque generated by the servomotor will be limited by that value. <br> - The " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value" of the detailed parameter becomes effective at the PLC ready signal rising edge. <br> - The " Cd. 101 Torque output setting value" (refer to the start) axis control data can be changed at all times. Therefore in the " Cd. 101 Torque output setting value" is used when you must change. <br> (Refer to Section 13.5.4 "Torque change function".) |


n: Axis No.-1

| Setting item | Setting details |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cd. 108 Gain changing command | - The command required to carry out "gain changing" of the servo amplifier from LD77MH. <br> Fetch cycle: Operation cycle <br> POINT <br> - If the setting is other than " 0 " and " 1 ", operation is performed in the "gain changing" with the setting regard as " 0 ". <br> (Refer to the Servo amplifier Instruction Manual.) |  |
| Cd. 112 Torque change function switching request | - Sets "same setting/individual setting" of the forward torque limit value or reverse torque limit value in the torque change function. <br> Fetch cycle: Operation cycle <br> POINT <br> - Set " 0 " normally. (when the forward torque limit value and reverse torque limit value are not divided.) <br> - When a value except "1" is set, it operates as "forward/reverse torque limit value_same setting". |  |
| Cd. 113 Reverse new torque value | - "1" is set in "Cd. 112 Torque change function switching request", a new reverse torque limit value is set. (when "0" is set in "Cd. 112 Torque change function switching request ", the setting value is invalid.) <br> - Set a value within "0" to " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value". (The new torque value is invalid when " 0 " is set, and " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value" or "Cd.101"Torque output setting value" becomes valid. The range of torque change is 1 to " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value". <br> Fetch cycle: Operation cycle |  |


| Setting value | Default value | Storage buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Set with a decimal. | 0 | 1559+100n | $4359+100 n$ |
| Set with a decimal. | 0 | $1563+100 n$ | $4363+100 n$ |
|  | 0 | 1564+100n | $4364+100 n$ |

n : Axis No.-1

| Setting item | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cd.130 Parameter write request | - Set the write request of servo parameter. <br> Set "1" after setting "Cd. 131 Parameter No." and "Cd.132 Change data". <br> Fetch cycle: Main cycle ${ }^{\text {(Note-1) }}$ <br> (Note-1): Cycle of processing executed at free time except the positioning control. It changes by status of axis start. |
| Cd. 131 Parameter No. | - Set the servo parameter to be changed. <br> Fetch cycle: At change request |
| Cd. 132 Change data | - Set the change value of servo parameter set in " Cd.131 Parameter No.". <br> Fetch cycle: At change request |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Cd. } 133 \text { Semi/Fully closed loop } \\ \text { switching request } \end{gathered}$ | - Set the switching semi closed control and fully closed control. <br> Fetch cycle: Operation cycle (Fully closed loop control servo amplifier only) |
| Cd. 136 PI-PID switching request | - Set the PI-PID switching to servo amplifier. <br> Fetch cycle: Operation cycle |


n : Axis No.-1


n: Axis No.-1


| Setting value | Default value | Storage buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Set with a decimal. | 1000 | $1579+100 n$ | $4379+100 n$ |
| Set with a decimal. | 0 | $1580+100 n$ | $4380+100 n$ |
| Set with a decimal. | 1000 | $1581+100 n$ | $4381+100 n$ |
| Set with a decimal. | 1000 | 1582+100n | $4382+100 n$ |
| Set with a decimal. | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 1584+100 n \\ & 1585+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4384+100 n \\ & 4385+100 n \end{aligned}$ |

n : Axis No.-1

### 5.7.3 Expansion axis control data

| Setting item | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cd. 180 Axis stop LD77MH16 | - When the axis stop signal turns ON, the OPR control, positioning control, JOG operation, inching operation, manual pulse generator operation and speed-torque control etc. will stop. <br> - By turning the axis stop signal ON during positioning operation, the positioning operation will be "stopped". <br> - Whether to decelerate stop or suddenly stop can be selected with "Pr. 39 Stop group 3 sudden stop selection". <br> - During interpolation control of the positioning operation, if the axis stop signal of any axis turns ON , all axes in the interpolation control will decelerate and stop. <br> Fetch cycle: Operation cycle |
| Cd.181 Forward run JOG start <br> LD77MH16 <br>  <br> Cd.182 Reverse run JOG start <br> LD77MH16 | - When the JOG start signal is ON, JOG operation will be carried out at the "Cd. 17 JOG speed". When the JOG start signal turns OFF, the operation will decelerate and stop. <br> - When inching movement amount is set, the designated movement amount is output for one operation cycle and then the operation stops. <br> Fetch cycle: Operation cycle |
| Cd. 183 Execution prohibition flag LD77MH16 | - If the execution prohibition flag is ON when the positioning start signal turns ON , positioning control does not start until the execution prohibition flag turns OFF. Used with the "Pre-reading start function". (Refer to Section 13.7.7) <br> Fetch cycle: At start |


|  | Setting value | Default value | Storage buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
|  |  | 0 |  | 30100+10n |
|  | $\square$ Set with a decimal. <br> Setting value | 0 |  | 30101+10n |
|  |  | 0 |  | 30102+10n |
|  | $\square$ Set with a decimal. <br> Setting value | 0 |  | 30103+10n |

n: Axis No.-1

## MEMO

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# Chapter 6 Sequence Program Used for Positioning Control 

The programs required to carry out positioning control with the LD77MH are explained in this chapter.

The sequence program required for control is created allowing for the "start conditions", "start time chart", "device settings" and general control configuration. (The parameters, positioning data, block start data and condition data, etc., must be set in the LD77MH according to the control to be executed, and program for setting the control data or a program for starting the various control must be created.)

The first half of this chapter explains the program configuration of general control, and the latter half explains the program details. Create the required program while referring to the various control details explained in "Section 2", and to Chapter 5 "Data Used for Positioning Control".
6.1 Precautions for creating program ..... 6- 2
6.2 List of devices used ..... 6- 6
6.3 Creating a program ..... 6-16
6.3.1 General configuration of program ..... 6-16
6.3.2 Positioning control operation program ..... 6-17
6.4 Positioning program examples. ..... 6-21
6.5 Program details ..... 6-53
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6.5.2 Start details setting program ..... 6-54
6.5.3 Start program ..... 6-56
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### 6.1 Precautions for creating program

The common precautions to be taken when writing data from the PLC CPU to the LD77MH buffer memory are described below.
When diverting any of the program examples introduced in this manual to the actual system, fully verify that there are no problems in the controllability of the target system.
(1) Reading/writing the data

Setting the data explained in this chapter (various parameters, positioning data, block start data) should be set using GX Works2.
When set with the sequence program, many sequence programs and devices must be used. This will not only complicate the program, but will also increase the scan time.

When rewriting the positioning data during continuous path control or continuous positioning control, rewrite the data four positioning data items before the actual execution. If the positioning data is not rewritten before the positioning data four items earlier is executed, the process will be carried out as if the data was not rewritten.
(2) Restrictions to speed change execution interval

Provide an interval of 100 ms or more when changing the speed or performing override function with the LD77MH.
(3) Process during overrun

Overrun is prevented by the setting of the upper and lower stroke limits with the detailed parameter 1.
However, this applies only when the LD77MH is operating correctly.
It is recommended to create an external circuit including a boundary limit switch to ensure the whole system safety as follows: the external circuit powers OFF the motor when the boundary limit switch operates.
(4) System configuration

Unless particularly designated, the sequence program for the following system using LD77MH4 is shown in this chapter and subsequent.
Refer to Section 6.2 for the application of the devices to be used.

(5) Control unit

In the program, the unit of " $0: \mathrm{mm}, 2$ : degree" is set for the basic parameter 1.
(6) Communication with LD77MH

There are two methods for communication with LD77MH using the sequence program: a method using an "intelligent function device" and a method using a FROM/TO command.
In the sequence program in this chapter and subsequent, the program example using the "intelligent function device" is shown without using an FROM/TO command for communication with LD77MH.
When using the FROM/TO command for communication with LD77MH, change the circuit incorporating the "intelligent function device" as follows.
(a) When the circuit uses the "intelligent function device" on the destination (D) side of a MOV command, change the command to a TO command.

(b) When the circuit uses the "intelligent function device" on the source(s) side and the destination (D) side of a MOV command, change the command to a FROM command and a TO command.

(c) When the circuit uses the "intelligent function device" for a COMPARISON command, change the command to a FROM command and a COMPARISON command.

(d) When the circuit uses the "intelligent function device" for a WAND command, change the command to a FROM command and a WAND command.

(7) Conversion of sequence program from LD77MH4 to LD77MH16 When the sequence program is changed from LD77MH4 to LD77MH16, change the I/O signals with different arrangement as follows.
(a) When not using index modification

(b) When using index modification


## REMARK

Refer to the "MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals)" for the intelligent function devices.
Refer to the "MELSEC-Q/L Programming Manual (Common Instructions)" for detail commands used in those programs shown in this chapter and subsequent.

### 6.2 List of devices used

In the sequence programs using LD77MH4 shown in this chapter and subsequent, the application of the devices used are as follows.
The I/O numbers for LD77MH indicate those when the head I/O number is set to "OH". If it is set to other than " 0 H ", change the $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}$ number according to setting of head $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}$ number.
In addition, change the external inputs, external outputs, internal relays, data resisters, and timers according to the system used.
(1) Inputs/outputs, external inputs/external outputs, and internal relays of LD77MH4

| Device name | Device |  |  |  | Application | Details when ON |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Axis 1 | Axis 2 | Axis 3 | Axis 4 |  |  |
|  | X0 |  |  |  | LD77 READY signal | LD77MH preparation completed |
|  | X1 |  |  |  | Synchronization flag | LD77MH buffer memory accessible |
|  | X4 | X5 | X6 | X7 | M code ON signal | M code outputting |
|  | X8 | X9 | XA | XB | Error detection signal | Error detected |
|  | XC | XD | XE | XF | BUSY signal | BUSY (operating) |
|  | X10 | X11 | X12 | X13 | Start complete signal | Start completed |
|  | X14 | X15 | X16 | X17 | Positioning complete signal | Positioning completed |
|  | YO |  |  |  | PLC READY signal | PLC CPU preparation completed |
|  | Y1 |  |  |  | All axis servo ON signal | All axis servo ON signal |
|  | Y4 | Y5 | Y6 | Y7 | Axis stop signal | Requesting stop |
|  | Y8 | YA | YC | YE | Forward run JOG start signal | Starting forward run JOG |
|  | Y9 | YB | YD | YF | Reverse run JOG start signal | Starting reverse run JOG |
|  | Y10 | Y11 | Y12 | Y13 | Positioning start signal | Requesting start |
|  | Y14 | Y15 | Y16 | Y17 | Execution prohibition request | Execution prohibition |
| External input (command) | X20 | - |  |  | OPR request OFF command | Commanding OPR request OFF |
|  | X21 |  |  |  | External command valid command | Commanding external command valid setting |
|  | X22 |  |  |  | External command invalid command | Commanding external command invalid |
|  | X23 |  |  |  | Machine OPR command | Commanding machine OPR |
|  | X24 |  |  |  | Fast OPR command | Commanding fast OPR |
|  | X25 |  |  |  | Positioning start command | Commanding positioning start |
|  | X26 |  |  |  | Speed-position switching operation command | Commanding speed-position switching operation |
|  | X27 |  |  |  | Speed-position switching enable command | Commanding speed-position switching enable |
|  | X28 |  |  |  | Speed-position switching prohibit command | Commanding speed-position switching prohibit |
|  | X29 |  |  |  | Movement amount change command | Commanding movement amount change |
|  | X2A |  |  |  | High-level positioning control start command | Commanding high-level positioning control start |
|  | X2B |  |  |  | Positioning start command (dedicated instruction) | Commanding positioning start |


| Device name | Device |  |  |  | Application | Details when ON |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Axis 1 | Axis 2 | Axis 3 | Axis 4 |  |  |
| External input (command) | X2C |  |  |  | M code OFF command | Commanding M code OFF |
|  | X2D |  |  |  | JOG operation speed setting command | Commanding JOG operation speed setting |
|  | X2E |  |  |  | Forward run JOG/inching command | Commanding forward run JOG/inching operation |
|  | X2F |  |  |  | Reverse run JOG/inching command | Commanding reverse run JOG/inching operation |
|  | X30 |  |  |  | Manual pulse generator operation enable command | Commanding manual pulse generator operation enable |
|  | X31 |  |  |  | Manual pulse generator operation disable command | Commanding manual pulse generator operation disable |
|  | X32 |  |  |  | Speed change command | Commanding speed change |
|  | X33 |  | - |  | Override command | Commanding override |
|  | X34 |  |  |  | Acceleration/deceleration time change command | Commanding acceleration/deceleration time change |
|  | X35 |  |  |  | Acceleration/deceleration time change disable command | Commanding acceleration/deceleration time change disable |
|  | X36 |  |  |  | Torque change command | Commanding torque change |
|  | X37 |  |  |  | Step operation command | Commanding step operation |
|  | X38 |  |  |  | Skip command | Commanding skip |
|  | X39 |  |  |  | Teaching command | Commanding teaching |
|  | X3A |  |  |  | Continuous operation interrupt command | Commanding continuous operation interrupt |
|  | X3B |  |  |  | Restart command | Commanding restart |
|  | X3C |  |  |  | Parameter initialization command | Commanding parameter initialization |
|  | X3D |  |  |  | Flash ROM write command | Commanding flash ROM write |
|  | X3E | - |  |  | Error reset command | Commanding error reset |
|  | X3F |  |  |  | Stop command | Commanding stop |
|  | X40 |  |  |  | Position-speed switching operation command | Position-speed switching operation command |
|  | X41 |  |  |  | Position-speed switching enable command | Position-speed switching enable command |
|  | X42 |  |  |  | Position-speed switching prohibit command | Position-speed switching prohibit command |
|  | X43 |  |  |  | Speed change command | Speed change command |
|  | X44 |  |  |  | Inching movement amount setting command | Inching movement amount setting command |
|  | X45 |  |  |  | Target position change command | Target position change command |
|  | X46 |  |  |  | Step start information command | Step start information command |
|  | X47 |  |  |  | Positioning start command k10 | Positioning start command k10 |
|  | X48 |  |  |  | Override initialization value command | Override initialization value command |
|  | X49 |  |  |  | Unused | - |
|  | X4A |  |  |  | Unused | - |
|  | X4B |  |  |  | PLC READY ON | PLC READY ON |
|  | X4D |  |  |  | For unit (degree) | For unit (degree) |
|  | X4E |  |  |  | Positioning start command (Y start) | Positioning start command being given |
|  | X4F |  |  |  | All axis servo ON command | All axis servo ON command |


| Device name | Device |  |  |  | Application | Details when ON |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Axis 1 | Axis 2 | Axis 3 | Axis 4 |  |  |
| Internal relay | M0 |  |  |  | OPR request OFF command | Commanding OPR request OFF |
|  | M1 |  |  |  | OPR request OFF command pulse | OPR request OFF commanded |
|  | M2 |  |  |  | OPR request OFF command storage | OPR request OFF command held |
|  | M3 |  |  |  | Fast OPR command | Commanding fast OPR |
|  | M4 |  |  |  | Fast OPR command storage | Fast OPR command held |
|  | M5 |  |  |  | Positioning start command pulse | Positioning start commanded |
|  | M6 |  |  |  | Positioning start command storage | Positioning start command held |
|  | M7 |  |  |  | In-JOG/Inching operation flag | In-JOG/Inching operation flag |
|  | M8 |  |  |  | Manual pulse generator operation enable command | Commanding manual pulse generator operation enable |
|  | M9 |  |  |  | Manual pulse generator operating flag | Manual pulse generator operating flag |
|  | M10 |  |  |  | Manual pulse generator operation disable command | Commanding manual pulse generator operation disable |
|  | M11 |  |  |  | Speed change command pulse | Speed change commanded |
|  | M12 |  |  |  | Speed change command storage | Speed change command held |
|  | M13 |  |  |  | Override command | Requesting override |
|  | M14 |  |  |  | Acceleration/deceleration time change command | Requesting acceleration/deceleration time change |
|  | M15 |  |  |  | Torque change command | Requesting torque change |
|  | M16 |  |  |  | Step operation command pulse | Step operation commanded |
|  | M17 |  |  |  | Skip command pulse | Skip commanded |
|  | M18 |  |  |  | Skip command storage | Skip command held |
|  | M19 |  |  |  | Teaching command pulse | Teaching commanded |
|  | M20 |  |  |  | Teaching command storage | Teaching command held |
|  | M21 |  |  |  | Continuous operation interrupt command | Requesting continuous operation interrupt |
|  | M22 |  |  |  | Restart command | Requesting restart |
|  | M23 |  |  |  | Restart command storage | Restart command held |
|  |  | M2 | 24 |  | Parameter initialization command pulse | Parameter initialization commanded |
|  |  | M2 | 25 |  | Parameter initialization command storage | Parameter initialization command held |
|  |  | M2 | 26 |  | Flash ROM write command pulse | Flash ROM write commanded |
|  |  | M2 | 27 |  | Flash ROM write command storage | Flash ROM write command held |
|  | M28 | - |  |  | Error reset | Error reset completed |
|  | M29 |  |  |  | Stop command pulse | Stop commanded |
|  | M30 |  |  |  | Target position change command pulse | Target position change commanded |
|  | M31 |  |  |  | Target position change command storage | Target position change command held |
|  | M32 |  |  |  | ZP.PSTRT1 instruction complete device | ZP.PSTRT1 instruction completed |
|  | M33 |  |  |  | ZP.PSTRT1 instruction error complete device | ZP.PSTRT1 instruction error completed |


| Device name | Device |  |  |  | Application | Details when ON |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Axis 1 | Axis 2 | Axis 3 | Axis 4 |  |  |
| Internal relay | M34 |  | - |  | ZP.TEACH1 instruction complete device | ZP.TEACH1 instruction completed |
|  | M35 |  |  |  | ZP.TEACH1 instruction error complete device | ZP.TEACH1 instruction error completed |
|  | M36 |  |  |  | ZP.PINIT instruction complete device | ZP.PINIT instruction completed |
|  | M37 |  |  |  | ZP.PINIT instruction error complete device | ZP.PINIT instruction error completed |
|  | M38 |  |  |  | ZP.PFWRT instruction complete device | ZP.PFWRT instruction completed |
|  | M39 |  |  |  | ZP.PFWRT instruction error complete device | ZP.PFWRT instruction error completed |
|  | M40 |  |  |  | Override initialization value | Override initialization value |
|  | M41 |  |  |  | Unused | - |
|  | M42 |  |  |  | Unused | - |
|  | M50 |  |  |  | Parameter setting complete device | Parameter setting completed |

(2) Data resisters and timers


Chapter 6 Sequence Program Used for Positioning Control






| Device name | Device | Application | Details of storage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Code | U01G806 | Error code | Md. 23 Axis error No. |
|  | U01G809 | Axis operation status | Md. 26 Axis operation status |
|  | U01G817 | Status | Md. 31 Status |
|  | U0IG1500 | Positioning start No. | Cd. 3 Positioning start No. |
|  | U0IG1502 | Axis error reset | Cd. 5 Axis error reset |
|  | U01G1503 | Restart command | Cd. 6 Restart command |
|  | U0IG1504 | M code OFF request (Buffer memory) | Cd. 7 M code OFF request |
|  | U01G1505 | External command valid | Cd. 8 External command valid |
|  | U0\G1513 | Override request | Cd. 13 Positioning operation speed override |
|  | U0IG1516 | Speed change request | Cd. 15 Speed change request |
|  | U01G1517 | Inching movement amount | Cd. 16 Inching movement amount |
|  | U0\G1520 | Interrupt request during continuous operation | Cd. 18 Interrupt request during continuous operation |
|  | U0\G1521 | OPR request flag OFF request | Cd. 19 OPR request flag OFF request |
|  | U0\G1524 | Manual pulse generator enable flag | Cd. 21 Manual pulse generator enable flag |
|  | U0IG1526 | Speed-position switching control movement amount | Cd. 23 Speed-position switching control movement amount change register |
|  | U0\G1528 | Speed-position switching enable flag | Cd. 24 Speed-position switching enable flag |
|  | U01G1530 | Position-speed switching control speed change | Cd. 25 Position-speed switching control speed change register |
|  | U0\G1532 | Position-speed switching enable flag | Cd. 26 Position-speed switching enable flag |
|  | U01G1538 | Target position change request flag | Cd. 29 Target position change request flag |
|  | U01G1544 | Step mode | Cd. 34 Step mode |
|  | U01G1547 | Skip command | Cd. 37 Skip command |

### 6.3 Creating a program

The "positioning control operation program" actually used is explained in this chapter. The functions and programs explained in "Section 2" are assembled into the "positioning control operation program" explained here. (To monitor the control, add the required monitor program that matches the system. Refer to Section 5.6 "List of monitor data" for details on the monitor items.)

### 6.3.1 General configuration of program

The general configuration of the "positioning control operation program" is shown below.


### 6.3.2 Positioning control operation program

The various programs that configure the "positioning control operation program" are shown below. When creating the program, refer to the explanation of each program and Section 6.4 "Positioning program examples", and create an operation program that matches the positioning system. (Numbers are assigned to the following programs. Configuring the program in the order of these numbers is recommended.)



Continued from previous page



### 6.4 Positioning program examples

An example of the "Axis 1" positioning program using LD77MH4 is given in this section.
--- [No. 1] to [No. 4] parameter and data setting program

* When setting the parameters or data with the sequence program, set them in the LD77MH using the TO command from the PLC CPU. (Carry out the settings while the PLC READY signal [Y0] is OFF.)
* When setting the parameters or data with GX Works2, the [No. 1] to [No. 4] program is not necessary.
* 
* No. 1 Parameter setting program
* (For basic parameters 〈Axis 1>)
* OPR parameter
* 

${ }_{*}^{*}$


＊No．2－1 Positioning data setting program
＊（FOR positioning data No． 1 〈Axis 1＞）
＊〈Positioning identifier〉
＊Operation pattern：Positioning terminated
＊Contorol system： 1 axis linear control（ABS）
＊Aceleration time No．：1，decelation time No．：2



* No. 2-2 Positioning data setting program
* (For positioning data No. 2 〈Axis 1〉)
* <Positioning identifier)
* Operation pattern: Positioning terminated
* Control system: Speed-position switching control (Forward)
* Aceleration time No. : 0 . decelation time No. : 0


＊
＊No．2－3 Positioning data setting program
＊（For positioning data No． 3 〈Axis 1〉）
＊〈Positioning identifier〉
＊Operation pattern：Positioning terminated
＊Control system：Position－speed switching control（Forward）
＊Aceleration time No．：0．decelation time No．： 0



＊No．2－5 Positioning data setteing progran
＊（FOR positioning dataNo． 5 〈Axis 1〉）
＊〈Positioning identifier〉
＊Operation pattern：Positioning terminated
＊Control system：1－axis I iner control（INC）
＊Aoleratoin time No．：0，decelation time No．： 0





＊No．2－9 Positioning data setting program
＊（For positioning data No． 15 〈Axis 1〉）
＊〈Positioning identifier〉
＊Operation pattern：Positioning terminated
＊Control system：1－axis linear control（INC）
＊Aceleration time No．：0，decelation time No．： 0


|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


*

* No. 4 Servo parameter

* No. 5 OPR request 0FF program

*No. 6 External command function valid setting program

* 

*No. 7 PLC READY signal [Y0] ON program

* (In the synchronization mode, contact of M50 is not needed

*No. 8 All axis servo ON signal [Y1] ON program
* 


*N
No. 9 Positioning start No. setting program
*(1) Machine OPR


＊（5）Position－speed switching operation（Positioning data No．3）
＊

|  | $\times 40$ | ＊＜Setting of positioning data No．3＞ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 836 | Position | ［MOVP | K3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D32 } \\ & \text { Start No } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | －speed s |  |  |  |
|  | witch ing operati |  |  |  |
|  |  | ＊〈Setting of position－speed switch〉 |  |  |
|  | $\times 41 \quad \times 42$ |  |  | UOF |
| 843 | － | ［MOVP | K1 | G1532 ］ |
|  | Position Position |  |  | Position |
|  | －speed s－speed s |  |  | －speed s |
|  | witching witching |  |  | witching |
|  | enable disable |  |  | control |
|  |  | ＊〈Setting of position－speedn switc〉 |  |  |
|  | X42 $\times 41$ |  | KO | U0\％ |
| 850 | －－ | ［MOVP |  | G1532 ］ |
|  | Position Position | Position－speedwitching |  |  |
|  | －speed s－speed s |  |  |  |  |
|  | witching witching |  |  |  |  |
|  | disable enable |  |  |  |  |
| 857 |  | ＊＜New speed writting |  |  |
|  | $\times 43$ |  |  | U0\％ |
|  | 7 | ［DMOVP | D1 | G1530 |
|  | Speed ch |  | Speed（ | Position |
|  | anging c |  | low－orde | －speed s |
|  | onmand |  | r 16 bit | witching |
|  |  |  | s） | control |

＊
（6）High－lebel positioning control

＊
＊（7）Fast OPR cormand and fast OPR command storage OFF
＊（Not requuired when fast 0PR is not used）



*(2) When positioning start signal [Y10] is used

* (When fast OPR is not made, contacts of M5 and M6 are not
* needed)
* (When M code is not used, contact of X04 is not needed)
(When JOG operation/inching operation is not perfomed,
* contact of M7 is not needed)
* (When manual pulse generator is not performed, contacts of
* M9 is not needed)

* No. 11 II code OFF program
* (Not required when Mcode is not used)
Not required when M code is not used)
* No. 12 J0G operation/inching operation setting program

* ${ }^{*}$

Inching operation setting program





* No. 18 Acceleration/deceleration time change program
* 





*No. 26 Parameter initialization program

*N
o. 27 Flash ROM write program



* No. 28 Error reset program


### 6.5 Program details

### 6.5.1 Initialization program

## [1] OPR request OFF program

This program forcibly turns OFF the "OPR request flag" (Md. 31 Status: b3) which is ON.
When using a system that does not require OPR, assemble the program to cancel the "OPR request" made by the LD77MH when the power is turned ON, etc.

## Data requiring setting

Set the following data to use the OPR request flag OFF request.

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cd.19 | OPR request flag OFF <br> request |  | Set to "1: Turn OPR request flag OFF". | $1521+100 \mathrm{n}$ | | $4321+100 \mathrm{n}$ |
| :--- |

*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.
Time chart for OPR OFF request


Fig. 6.1 Time chart for OPR OFF request
[2] External command function valid setting program
This program is used to validate the "external command signal" beforehand when using the external command functions (external start, speed change, speedposition switching, position-speed switching, skip). Set which function to use beforehand in " Pr. 42 External command function selection".
(Set the external command signal [DI] in "Pr. 95 External command signal selection" at LD77MH16 use.)
Set the following data to validate the "external command signal".

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | LD77MH16 |  |
| Cd.8 | External command valid | 1 | Set to "1: Validate external command". | $1505+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $4305+100 \mathrm{n}$ |

*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

### 6.5.2 Start details setting program

This program sets which control, out of "OPR", "major positioning control", "high-level positioning control" or "expansion control" to execute. For "high-level positioning control", "fast OPR", "speed-position switching control" and "position-speed switching control", add the respectively required sequence program.
(Refer to "Chapter 10" for details of " high-level positioning control" and "Chapter 12" for details on the "expansion control".)

## Procedures for setting the starting details

(1) Set the "positioning start No." corresponding to the control to be started in " Cd. 3 Positioning start No.".

| Setting item |  | Setting value | Setting details |  | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 |  |  | LD77MH16 |
| Cd. 3 | Positioning start No. |  | $\rightarrow$ | 1 to 600 <br> 9001 <br> 9002 <br> 9003 <br> 9004 <br> 7000 to 7004 | Positioning data No. <br> Machine OPR <br> Fast OPR <br> Current value changing <br> Simultaneous start <br> Block No. <br> (For "high-level positioning control") | 1500+100n | $4300+100 n$ |

*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.
(2) For "high-level positioning control", set the "positioning start point No." of the block to be started in " Cd. 4 Positioning starting point No.".

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |
| Cd.4 | Positioning starting point <br> No. | $\rightarrow$ | 1 to 50 : Point No. of block start data | $1501+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $4301+100 \mathrm{n}$ |

*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.
(3) Set the following control data for "speed-position switching control (INC mode)".
(Set " Cd. 23 Speed-position switching control movement amount change register" as required. Setting is not required in the ABS mode.)

| Setting item |  | Setting value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 |  | LD77MH16 |
| Cd. 23 | Speed-position switching control movement amount change register |  | $\rightarrow$ | Set the new value when the position control's movement amount is to be changed during speed control. | $\begin{aligned} & 1526+100 n \\ & 1527+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4326+100 n \\ & 4327+100 n \end{aligned}$ |
| Cd. 24 | Speed-position switching enable flag | 1 | When "1" is set, the speed-position switching signal will be validated. | 1528+100n | 4328+100n |

[^3](4) For "position-speed switching control", set the control data shown below. (As required, set the " Cd. 25 Position-speed switching control speed change register ".)

| Setting item |  | Setting value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 |  | LD77MH16 |
| Cd. 25 | Position-speed switching control speed change register |  | $\rightarrow$ | Used to set a new value when speed is changed during positioning control. | $\begin{aligned} & 1530+100 n \\ & 1531+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4330+100 n \\ & 4331+100 n \end{aligned}$ |
| Cd. 26 | Position-speed switching enable flag | 1 | To validate position-speed switching signal, this is set to 1 . | 1532+100n | 4332+100n |

*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

### 6.5.3 Start program

This program is used to start the control with start commands.
The control can be started with the following two methods.
[1] Starting by inputting positioning start signal
[2] Starting by inputting external command signal


Fig. 6.2 Procedures for starting control (for axis 1)

## Servo ON conditions

Setting of servo parameter

| $\stackrel{\downarrow}{\downarrow}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PLC READY signal |  |  |
| $\downarrow$ |  |  |
| All axis servo ON | YO | ON |
| Y1 | ON |  |

## Starting conditions

To start the control, the following conditions must be satisfied.
The necessary start conditions must be incorporated in the sequence program so that the control is not started when the conditions are not satisfied.
(1) Operation state

| Monitor item |  | Operation state | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | LD77MH16 |  |
| Md.26 | Axis operation status | "0: Standby" or "1: Stopped" | $809+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $2409+100 \mathrm{n}$ |

(2) Signal state

*: When the synchronous setting of the PLC CPU is made in the nonsynchronous mode, this must be provided as an interlock.
When it is made in the synchronous mode, no interlock must be provided in the program because the flag is turned ON when calculation is run on the PLC CPU.

## [1] Starting by inputting positioning start signal

## Operation when starting

(1) When the positioning start signal turns ON, the start complete signal and BUSY signal turn ON, and the positioning operation starts. It can be seen that the axis is operating when the BUSY signal is ON.
(2) When the positioning start signal turns OFF, the start complete signal also turns OFF.
If the positioning start signal is ON even after positioning is completed, the start complete signal will remain ON.
(3) If the positioning start signal turns ON again while the BUSY signal is ON, the warning "operating start (warning code: 100)" will occur.
(4) The process taken when positioning is completed will differ according to case (a) and (b) below.
(a) When next positioning is not to be carried out

- If a dwell time is set, the system will wait for the set time to pass, and then positioning will be completed.
- When positioning is completed, the BUSY signal will turn OFF and the positioning complete signal will turn ON. However, when using speed control or when the positioning complete signal ON time is " 0 ", the signal will not turn ON.
- When the positioning complete signal ON time is passed, the positioning complete signal will turn OFF.
(b) When next positioning is to be carried out
- If a dwell time is set, the system will wait for the set time to pass.
- When the set dwell time is passed, the next positioning will start.

(Note): Refer to Section 3.3 for input/output signal of LD77MH16.
Fig. 6.3 ON/OFF timing of each signal at start of positioning


## POINT

The BUSY signal turns ON even when position control of movement amount 0 is executed. However, since the ON time is short, the ON status may not be detected in the sequence program.
(The ON status of the start complete signal, positioning complete signal and M code ON signal can be detected in the sequence program.)

Starting time chart
The time chart for starting each control is shown below.
(1) Time chart for starting "machine OPR"


Fig. 6.4 Time chart for starting "machine OPR"
(2) Time chart for starting "fast OPR"


Fig. 6.5 Time chart for starting "fast OPR"
(3) Time chart for starting "major positioning control"


Fig. 6.6 Time chart for starting "major positioning control"
(4) Time chart for starting "speed-position switching control"


Fig. 6.7 Time chart for starting "speed-position switching control"
(5) Time chart for starting "position-speed switching control"


Fig. 6.8 Time chart for starting "position-speed switching control"

Machine OPR operation timing and process time


Fig. 6.9 Machine OPR operation timing and process time

Normal timing time
Unit: [ms]

|  | Operation cycle | t1 | t2 | t3 | t4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | 0.88 | 0.2 to 0.3 | 2.2 to 2.7 | 0 to 0.9 | 0 to 0.9 |
| LD77MH16 | 0.88 | 0.3 to 1.4 | 2.2 to 2.7 | 0 to 0.9 | 0 to 0.9 |
|  | 1.77 | 0.3 to 1.4 | 3.2 to 3.9 | 0 to 1.8 | 0 to 1.8 |

- The t1 timing time could be delayed depending on the operating conditions of the other axis.

Position control operation timing and process time


Fig. 6.10 Position control operation timing and process time

When the positioning start signal turns ON, if the "positioning complete signal" or "OPR complete flag" are already ON, the "positioning complete signal" or "OPR complete flag" will turn OFF when the positioning start signal turns ON.

Normal timing time
Unit: [ms]

|  | Operation cycle | t1 | t2 | t3 | t4 | t5 | t6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | 0.88 | 0.2 to 0.3 | 0 to 0.9 | 0 to 0.9 | 2.2 to 2.7 | 0 to 0.9 | Follows <br> parameters |
| LD77MH16 | 0.88 | 0.3 to 1.4 | 0 to 0.9 | 0 to 0.9 | 2.2 to 2.7 | 0 to 0.9 | Follows <br> parameters |
|  | 1.77 | 0.3 to 1.4 | 0 to 1.8 | 0 to 1.8 | 3.2 to 3.9 | 0 to 1.8 | Follows <br> parameters |

- The t1 timing time could be delayed depending on the operating conditions of the other axis.


## [2] Starting by inputting external command signal

When starting positioning control by inputting the external command signal, the start command can be directly input into the LD77MH. This allows the variation time equivalent to one scan time of the PLC CPU to be eliminated. This is an effective procedure when operation is to be started as quickly as possible with the start command or when the starting variation time is to be suppressed. To start positioning control by inputting the external command signal, set the "data required to be set" and then turn ON the external command signal.

## Restrictions

When starting by inputting the external command signal, the start complete signal will not turn ON.

Data required to be set
To execute positioning start with the external command signal, set parameter ( Pr. 42 ) beforehand, and validate the "external command signal" with the "external command signal validity setting program (program No.5).

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |
| Pr.42 | External command <br> function selection | 0 | Set to "0: External positioning start". | $62+150 \mathrm{n}$ |  |
| Cd.8 | External command valid | 1 | Set to "1: Validate external command". | $1505+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $4305+100 \mathrm{n}$ |

*: Set the external command signal [D1] in "Pr. 95 External command signal selection" at LD77MH16 use.
Refer to Chapter 5 "Data Used for Positioning Control" for details on the setting details.

Starting time chart


Fig. 6.11 Time chart for starting with external start signal

### 6.5.4 Continuous operation interrupt program

During positioning control, the control can be interrupted during continuous positioning control and continuous path control (continuous operation interrupt function). When "continuous operation interruption" is execution, the control will stop when the operation of the positioning data being executed ends. To execute continuous operation interruption, set "1: Continuous operation interrupt request" for " Cd. 18 Interrupt request during continuous operation".
[1] Operation during continuous operation interruption


Fig. 6.12 Operation during continuous operation interruption

## [2] Restrictions

(1) When the "continuous operation interrupt request" is executed, the positioning will end.
Thus, after stopping, the operation cannot be "restarted". When " Cd. 6 Restart command" is issued, a warning "Restart not possible" (warning code: 104) will occur.
(2) Even if the stop command is turned ON after executing the "continuous operation interrupt request", the "continuous operation interrupt request" cannot be canceled.
Thus, if "restart" is executed after stopping by turning the stop command ON, the operation will stop when the positioning data No. where "continuous operation interrupt request" was executed is completed.

(3) If the operation cannot be decelerated to a stop because the remaining distance is insufficient when "continuous operation interrupt request" is executed with continuous path control, the interruption of the continuous operation will be postponed until the positioning data shown below.

- Positioning data No. have sufficient remaining distance
- Positioning data No. for positioning complete (pattern: 00)
- Positioning data No. for continuous positioning control (pattern: 01)

(4) When operation is not performed (BUSY signal is OFF), the interrupt request during continuous operation is not accepted. It is cleared to 0 at a start or restart.


## [3] Control data requiring settings

Set the following data to interrupt continuous operation.

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |
| Cd.18 | Interrupt request during <br> continuous operation | 1 | Set "1: Interrupt request during continuous <br> operation". | 1520+100n | 4320+100n |

*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

### 6.5.5 Restart program

When a stop factor occurs during position control and the operation stops, the positioning can be restarted from the stopped position to the position control end point by using the "restart command" ( Cd. 6 Restart command).
("Restarting" is not possible when "continuous operation is interrupted.")
This instruction is efficient when performing the remaining positioning from the stopped position in the positioning control of incremental method such as INC linear 1.
(Calculation of remaining distance is not required.)
[1] Restart operation
After a deceleration stop by the stop command is completed, write " 1 " to the " Cd.6 Restart command" with "Md. 26 Axis operation status" is "stopped" and the positioning restarts.


Fig. 6.13 Restart operation

## [2] Restrictions

(1) Restarting can be executed only when the " Md. 26 Axis operation status" is "stopped (the deceleration stop by stop command is completed)".
If the axis operation is not "stopped", restarting is not possible.
In this case, a warning "Restart not possible" (warning code: 104) will occur, and the process at that time will be continued.
(2) Do not execute restart while the stop command is ON.

If restart is executed while stopped, an error "Stop signal ON at start" (error code: 106) will occur, and the "Md. 26 Axis operation status" will change to "Error".
Thus, even if the error is reset, the operation cannot be restarted.
(3) Restarting can be executed even while the positioning start signal is ON. However, make sure that the positioning start signal does not change from OFF to ON while stopped.
(4) If the positioning start signal is changed from OFF to ON while "Md.26Axis operation status" is "stopped", the normal positioning (the positioning data set in "Cd.3Positioning start signal") is started.
(5) If positioning is ended with the continuous operation interrupt request, the operation cannot be restarted.
If restart is requested, a warning "Restart not possible" (warning code: 104) will occur.
(6) When stopped with interpolation operation, write "1: Restarts" into " Cd. 6 Restart command" for the reference axis, and then restart.
(7) If the PLC READY signal is changed from OFF to ON while stopped, restarting is not possible.
If restart is requested, a warning "Restart not possible" (warning code: 104) will occur.
(8) When the machine OPR and fast OPR is stopped, a error "OPR restart not possible" (error code: 209) will occur and the positioning cannot restarts.
(9) If any of reference partner axes executes the positioning operation once after interpolation operation stop, a warning "Restart not possible" (warning code: 104) will occur, and the positioning cannot restarts.

## [3] Control data requiring setting

Set the following data to execute restart.

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |
| Cd.6 | Restart command | 1 | Set "1: Restarts". | 1503+100n | 4303+100n |

*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

## [4] Starting conditions

The following conditions must be satisfied when restarting. (Assemble the required conditions into the sequence program as an interlock.)
(1) Operation state

- "Md. 26 Axis operation status" is "1: Stopped"
(2) Signal state

| Signal name |  | Signal state |  | Device |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Interface signal | PLC READY signal |  |  | ON | PLC CPU preparation completed | Y0 |  |
|  | LD77 READY signal | ON | LD77MH preparation completed | X0 |  |
|  | All axis servo ON | ON | All axis servo ON | Y1 |  |
|  | Synchronization flag * | ON | LD77MH buffer memory Accessible | X1 |  |
|  | Axis stop signal | OFF | Axis stop signal is OFF | Y4 to Y7 | Cd. 180 Axis stop |
|  | M code ON signal | OFF | M code ON signal is OFF | X4 to X7 | Md.31 Status: b12 |
|  | Error detection signal | OFF | There is no error | X8 to XB | Md.31 Status: b13 |
|  | BUSY signal | OFF | BUSY signal is OFF | XC to XF | X10 to X1F |
|  | Start complete signal | OFF | Start complete signal is OFF | X10 to X13 | Md.31 Status: b14 |
| External signal | Forced stop input signal | ON | There is no forced stop input | - |  |
|  | Upper limit (FLS) | ON | Within limit range | - |  |
|  | Lower limit (RLS) | ON | Within limit range | - |  |

*: When the synchronous setting of the PLC CPU is made in the nonsynchronous mode, this must be provided as an interlock.
When it is made in the synchronous mode, no interlock must be provided in the program because the flag is turned ON when calculation is run on the PLC CPU.
[5] Time chart for restarting


Fig. 6.14 Time chart for restarting

### 6.5.6 Stop program

The axis stop signal is used to stop the control.
Create a program to turn ON the axis stop signal as the stop program.

| Signal | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Axis stop signal | Y4, Y5, Y6, Y7 | Cd.180 Axis stop |

The process for stopping control is explained below.
Each control is stopped in the following cases.
(1) When each control is completed normally.
(2) When the Servo READY signal is turned OFF.
(3) When a PLC CPU error occurs.
(4) When the PLC READY signal is turned OFF.
(5) When an error occurs in LD77MH.
(6) When control is intentionally stopped (Stop signal from PLC CPU turned ON, etc.)

The stop process for the above cases is shown below.
(Excluding item (1) above "When each control is completed normally".)
[1] Stop process


## [2] Types of stop processes

The operation can be stopped with deceleration stop, sudden stop or immediate stop.
(1) Deceleration stop $* 1$

The operation stops with "deceleration time 0 to 3" (Pr.10, Pr. 28 , Pr. 29 , Pr. 30 ).
Which time from "deceleration time 0 to 3 " to use for control is set in positioning data ( Da.4 ).
(2) Sudden stop

The operation stops with " Pr. 36 Sudden stop deceleration time".
(3) Servo OFF or free run (The operation stops with dynamic brake or electromagnetic brake.)
The operation does not decelerate.
The LD77MH immediately stops the command, but the operation will coast for the droop pulses accumulated in the servo amplifier deviation counter.


Fig. 6.15 Types of stop processes

## REMARK

*1 "Deceleration stop" and "sudden stop" are selected with the detailed parameter 2 "stop group 1 to 3 sudden stop selection". (The default setting is "deceleration stop".)

## [3] Order of priority for stop process

The order of priority for the LD77MH stop process is as follows.
Deceleration stop < Sudden stop < Servo OFF
(1) If the deceleration stop command ON (stop signal ON) or deceleration stop cause occurs during deceleration to speed 0 (including automatic deceleration), operation changes depending on the setting of " Cd. 42 Stop command processing for deceleration stop selection".
(a) Manual control

Independently of the Cd. 42 setting, a deceleration curve is re-processed from the speed at stop cause occurrence
(b) OPR control, positioning control

- When Cd. $42=0$ (deceleration curve re-processing):

A deceleration curve is re-processed from the speed at stop cause occurrence.

- When Cd. $42=1$ (deceleration curve continuation):

The current deceleration curve is continued after stop cause occurrence. (For details, refer to Section 13.7.9 "Stop command processing for deceleration stop function".)
(2) If the stop signal designated for sudden stop turns ON or a stop cause occurs during deceleration, the sudden stop process will start from that point. However, if the sudden stop deceleration time is longer than the deceleration time, the deceleration stop process will be continued even if a sudden stop cause occurs during the deceleration stop process.

## Example

The process when a sudden stop cause occurs during deceleration stop is shown below.


## [4] Inputting the stop signal during deceleration

(1) Even if stop is input during deceleration (including automatic deceleration), the operation will stop at that deceleration speed.
(2) If stop is input during deceleration for OPR, the operation will stop at that deceleration speed. If input at the creep speed, the operation will stop immediately.
(3) If a stop cause, designated for sudden stop, occurs during deceleration, the sudden stop process will start from that point.
The sudden stop process during deceleration is carried out only when the sudden stop time is shorter than the deceleration stop time.

## Chapter 7 Memory Configuration and Data Process

The LD77MH memory configuration and data transmission are explained in this chapter.
The LD77MH is configured of three memories. By understanding the configuration and roles of two memories, the LD77MH internal data transmission process, such as "when the power is turned ON" or "when the PLC READY signal changes from OFF to ON" can be easily understood. This also allows the transmission process to be carried out correctly when saving or changing the data.
7.1 Configuration and roles of LD77MH memory ..... 7- 2
7.1.1 Configuration and roles of LD77MH memory ..... 7- 2
7.1.2 Buffer memory area configuration ..... 7- 4
7.2 Data transmission process ..... 7- 6

### 7.1 Configuration and roles of LD77MH memory

### 7.1.1 Configuration and roles of LD77MH memory

The LD77MH is configured of the following three memories.

| Model | Memory configuration | Role | Area configuration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\overrightarrow{0}} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{0} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{o} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{o} \\ & \stackrel{o}{ } \\ & \dot{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LD77MH4 | Buffer memory | Area that can be directly accessed with sequence program with PLC CPU. | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | Not possible |
|  | Internal memory | Area that can be set only with GX Works2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Not possible |
|  | Flash ROM | Area for backing up data required for positioning. | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | Possible |
| LD77MH16 | Buffer memory | Area that can be directly accessed with sequence program with PLC CPU. | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | Not possible |
|  | Internal memory | Area that can be set only with GX Works2 | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | Not possible |
|  | Flash ROM | Area for backing up data required for positioning. | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | Possible |

O : Setting and storage area provided, Not possible: Data is lost when power is turned OFF

- : Setting and storage area not provided, Possible: Data is held even when power is turned OFF

Details of areas

- Parameter area

Area where parameters, such as positioning parameters and OPR parameters, required for positioning control are set and stored.
(Set the items indicated with Pr. 1 to Pr. 57 , Pr. 80 to Pr. 96 , Pr. 800 to Pr. 807 for each axis.)

- Monitor data area

Area where positioning system or LD77MH operation state is stored.
(Set the items indicated with Md.1 to Md.56, Md. 100 to Md.116, Md.120 to Md.123, Md. 130 to Md.135, Md. 800 , Md. 801 .)

- Control data area

Area where data for operating and controlling positioning system is set and stored.
(Set the items indicated with Cd. 1 to Cd.43, Cd.100, Cd.101, Cd.108, Cd.112, Cd.113, Cd. 130 to Cd.133, Cd. 136 to Cd.146, Cd. 180 to Cd.183, Cd. 800 , Cd. 801 .)

- Positioning data area (No. 1 to 600)

Area where positioning data No. 1 to 600 is set and stored.
(Set the items indicated with Da. 1 to Da. 10 , Da. 20 to Da. 22 for each positioning data.)

- Block start data area (No. 7000 to 7004)

Area where information required only when carrying out block No. 7000 to 7004 high-level positioning is set and stored.
(Set the items indicated with Da.11 to Da.19, Da.23 to Da.26.)

## - PLC CPU memo area

Area where condition judgment values required for special positioning, etc., are set and stored.

- Servo parameter area

Area where parameters, such as servo parameters, required for positioning control on servo amplifier are set and stored.
(Set the items indicated with Pr. 100 to Pr. 332 for each axis.)


### 7.1.2 Buffer memory area configuration

The LD77MH buffer memory is configured of the following types of areas.

| Buffer memory area configuration |  | Buffer memory address |  | Writing possibility |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |
| Parameter area | Basic parameter area | $0+150 n$ to $15+150 n$ |  | Possible |
|  | Detailed parameter area | $17+150 n$ to $69+150 n$ |  |  |
|  | OPR basic parameter area | $70+150 n$ to $78+150 n$ |  |  |
|  | OPR detailed parameter area | $79+150 n$ to $89+150 n$ |  |  |
|  | Expansion parameter area |  | $100+150 n$ to $149+150 n$ |  |
|  | Mark detection setting parameter area |  | $54000+20 k$ to $54019+20 k$ |  |
| Monitor data area | System monitor area | 1200 to 1499 | 4000 to 4299 | Not possible |
|  | Axis monitor area | $800+100 n$ to $899+100 n$ | $2400+100 n$ to $2499+100 n$ |  |
|  | Mark detection monitor data area |  | $54960+80 \mathrm{k}$ to $55039+80 \mathrm{k}$ |  |
| Control data area | System control data area | 1900 to 1999 | 5900 to 5999 | Possible |
|  | Axis control data area | $1500+100$ n to $1599+100$ n | $4300+100 n$ to $4399+100 n$ |  |
|  | Expansion axis control data area |  | $30100+10 n$ to $30109+10 n$ |  |
|  | Mark detection control data area |  | $54640+10 \mathrm{k}$ to $54649+10 \mathrm{k}$ |  |
| Positioning data area (No. 1 to 100) | Positioning data area | 2000+6000n to 2999+6000n | $6000+1000 n$ to 6999+1000n |  |
| Positioning data area (No. 101 to 600) |  | 3000+6000n to 7999+6000n | Set with GX Works2 |  |
| Block start data area (No.7000) | Block start data area | $26000+1000 n$ to $26049+1000 n$ | $22000+400 n$ to $22049+400 n$ |  |
|  |  | $26050+1000 n$ to $26099+1000 n$ | $22050+400 n$ to $22099+400 n$ |  |
|  | Condition data area | $26100+1000 n$ to $26199+1000 \mathrm{n}$ | $22100+400 n$ to $22199+400 n$ |  |
| Block start data area (No.7001) | Block start data area | $26200+1000 n$ to $26249+1000 n$ | $22200+400 n$ to $22249+400 n$ |  |
|  |  | $26250+1000 n$ to $26299+1000 n$ | $22250+400 n$ to $22299+400 n$ |  |
|  | Condition data area | $26300+1000 \mathrm{n}$ to $26399+1000 \mathrm{n}$ | $22300+400 n$ to $22399+400 n$ |  |
| Block start data area <br> (No.7002) | Block start data area | $26400+1000 n$ to $26449+1000 n$ |  |  |
|  |  | $26450+1000 n$ to $26499+1000 n$ |  |  |
|  | Condition data area | $26500+1000 \mathrm{n}$ to $26599+1000 \mathrm{n}$ |  |  |
| Block start data area | Block start data area | $26600+1000 \mathrm{n}$ to $26649+1000 \mathrm{n}$ |  |  |
| (No.7003) |  | $26650+1000 \mathrm{n}$ to $26699+1000 \mathrm{n}$ | Set with GX Works2 |  |
|  | Condition data area | $26700+1000 \mathrm{n}$ to $26799+1000 \mathrm{n}$ |  |  |
|  | Block start data area | $26800+1000 \mathrm{n}$ to $26849+1000 \mathrm{n}$ |  |  |
| (No.7004) | Block start data area | $26850+1000 n$ to $26899+1000 n$ |  |  |
|  | Condition data area | $26900+1000 n$ to $26999+1000 n$ |  |  |
| PLC CPU memo area | PLC CPU memo area | 30000 to | 30099 |  |
| Servo parameter area | Basic setting Pr. 100 to Pr. 118 | $30100+200 n$ to $30118+200 n$ | $28400+100 n$ to $28418+100 n$ |  |
|  | parameter area Pr.332 | 30932+50n | Set with GX Works2 |  |
|  | Gain/filter parameter area | $30119+200 n$ to $30163+200 n$ | $28419+100 n$ to $28463+100 n$ |  |
|  | Expansion setting parameter area | $30164+200 n$ to $30195+200 n$ | $28464+100 n$ to $28495+100 n$ |  |
|  | Input/output setting parameter area | 30196+200n to 30227+200n | Set with GX Works2 |  |
|  | Extension control parameter area | $30228+200 n$ to $30267+200 n$ |  |  |
|  | Special setting parameter area | $30268+200 n$ to $30299+200 n$ |  |  |
|  | Other setting parameter area | $30900+50 n$ to $30915+50 n$ |  |  |
|  | Option unit parameter area | $30916+50 n$ to $30931+50 n$ |  |  |

n : Axis No.-1
k: Mark detection setting No.-1
*: Use of address Nos. skipped above is prohibited. If used, the system may not operate correctly.

## POINT

When the parameter of the servo amplifier side is changed by the following method, it is transmitted to the servo parameter area in the buffer memory/internal memory after the LD77MH is read automatically with parameters.
(1) When changing the servo parameters by the auto tuning.
(2) When the servo parameter is changing after the MR Configurator2 is connected directly with the servo amplifier.
However, the data of servo parameter area is not transmitted to the flash ROM.
Use the execution data backup function to hold the data of servo parameter area in the buffer memory/internal memory. (Refer to Section 14.3 for details of the execution data backup function.)

### 7.2 Data transmission process

The data is transmitted between the LD77MH memories with steps (1) to (10) shown below.
*: The data transmission patterns numbered (1) to (10) on the right page correspond to the numbers (1) to (10) on the left page.

(1) Transmitting data when power is turned ON or PLC CPU is reset ( $\longrightarrow$ )
When the power is turned ON or the PLC CPU is reset, the "parameters area (c) ${ }^{* 1}$ ", "positioning data", "block start data" and "servo parameter" stored (backed up) in the flash ROM is transmitted to the buffer memory and internal memory.
The value stored in the flash ROM is valid for "Pr. 96 Operation cycle setting" in LD77MH16.
*1: Parameter area (c)...... Parameters validated with power supply ON/ PLC CPU reset. (Pr. 96, Pr. 800 to Pr. 807 )

## (2) Transmitting data with TO command from PLC CPU ( $\square$ )

 The parameters or data is written from the PLC CPU to the buffer memory using the TO command ${ }^{* 2}$. At this time, when the "parameter area $(\mathrm{b})^{* 3_{"}}$, "positioning data", "block start data", "control data" and "PLC CPU memo area" are written into the buffer memory with the TO command, it is simultaneously valid.*2: "Servo parameter area (Pr. 196 to Pr. 332 ), "Positioning data (No. 101 to 600)" and "Block start data (No. 7002 to 7004)" can be set with only GX Works2.
*3 Parameter area (b)....... Parameters validated with next each positioning control is started.
(Pr. 8 to Pr. 10 , Pr. 25 to Pr. 42 , Pr. 84 )

## POINT

When a value other than " 0 " has been set to the servo parameter "Pr. 100 Servo series" inside the flash ROM, the power is turned ON or PLC CPU is reset to transmit the servo parameter inside the flash ROM to the servo amplifier (servo amplifier LED indicates "b口").
After that, the TO instruction writes the servo parameter from the PLC CPU to the buffer memory so that the servo parameter in the buffer memory is not transmitted to the servo amplifier even if the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned OFF then ON. Change the servo parameter with the above method, after setting the servo parameter "Pr. 100 Servo series" inside the flash ROM, to "0".
(3) Validate parameters when PLC READY signal [Y0] changes from OFF to ON
When the PLC READY signal [YO] changes from OFF to ON, the data stored in the buffer memory's "parameter area (a) ${ }^{* 4^{4}}$ is validated.
*4: Parameter area (a) ..... Parameters validated when PLC READY signal [Y0] changes from OFF to ON.
(Pr. 1 to Pr. 7 , Pr. 11 to Pr. 24 , Pr. 43 to Pr. 57 , Pr. 80 to Pr. 83 , Pr. 89 to Pr. 95 )

## POINT

The setting values of the parameters that correspond to parameter area (b) are valid when written into the buffer memory with the TO command.
However, the setting values of the parameters that correspond to parameter area
(a) are not validated until the PLC READY signal [Y0] changes from OFF to ON.
(4) Accessing with FROM command from PLC CPU ( $\square$

The data is read from the buffer memory to the PLC CPU using the FROM command ${ }^{* 5}$
*5: "Servo parameter area (Pr. 196 to Pr. 332 ), "Positioning data (No. 101 to 600)" and "Block start data (No. 7002 to 7004)" can be read with only GX Works2.
(5) Reading the servo parameter from the servo amplifier ( $\square$ When the parameter of the servo amplifier side is changed, the servo parameter is read automatically from the servo amplifier to the buffer memory/internal memory.


## Servo amplifier

(6) Writing the flash ROM by a PLC CPU request ( $\quad$ )

The following transmission process is carried out by setting "1" in "Cd.1 Flash ROM write request".

1) The "parameters", "positioning data (No. 1 to 600)", "block start data (No. 7000 to 7004)" and "servo parameter" in the buffer memory/internal memory area are transmitted to the flash ROM.
The writing to the flash ROM may also be carried out using a dedicated instruction "ZP.PFWRT". (Refer to Chapter 15 "Dedicated Instructions" for details.)
(7) Writing the flash ROM by a GX Works2 request (

The following transmission processes are carried out with the [flash ROM write request] from the GX Works2.

1) The "parameters", "positioning data (No. 1 to 600)", "block start data (No. 7000 to 7004)" and "servo parameter" in the buffer memory/internal memory area are transmitted to the flash ROM.

Note) This transmission process is the same as (6) above.

## IMPORTANT

(1) Do not turn the power OFF or reset the PLC CPU while writing to the flash ROM. If the power is turned OFF or the PLC CPU is reset to forcibly end the process, the data backed up in the flash ROM will be lost.
(2) Do not write the data to the buffer memory/internal memory before writing to the flash ROM is completed.
(3) The number of writes to the flash ROM with the sequence program is 25 max. while the power is turned ON.
Writing to the flash ROM beyond 25 times will cause an error (error code: 805). Refer to Section 16.5 "List of errors" for details.
(4) Monitoring is the number of writes to the flash ROM after power supply ON by the "Md. 19 Number of write accesses to flash ROM".


Buffer memory/Internal memory


Parameter area (a)

| Pr. 1 | to | Pr. 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pr. 11 | to | Pr. 24 |
|  | Pr. 43 | to |
| Pr. 57 |  |  |
| Pr. 80 | to | Pr. 83 |
|  | Pr. 89 | to |
|  | Pr. 95 |  |

Parameter area (b)

| Pr. 8 | toPr. 10 <br> Pr. 25 <br> to Pr. 42 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Pr. 84 |  |

Parameter area (c)
Pr. 96
Pr. 800 to Pr. 807

## Flash ROM

## Parameter area (a) <br> Parameter area (b) <br> Parameter area (c) <br> Positioning data area <br> (No. 1 to 600) <br> Block start data area <br> (No. 7000 to 7004) <br> Servo parameter area

(8) Reading data from buffer memory/internal memory to GX Works2 ( $\quad$ )
The following transmission processes are carried out with the [Read from module] from the GX Works2.

1) The "parameters", "positioning data (No. 1 to 600)", "block start data (No. 7000 to 7004)" and "servo parameter" in the buffer memory/internal memory area are transmitted to the GX Works2 via the PLC CPU.

The following transmission processes are carried out with the [monitor] from the GX Works2.
2) The "monitor data" in the buffer memory area is transmitted to the GX Works2 via the PLC CPU.
(9) Writing data from GX Works2 to buffer memory/internal memory $(\square \triangle>)$
The following transmission processes are carried out with the [Write to module] from the GX Works2.

1) The "parameters", "positioning data (No. 1 to 600)", "block start data (No. 7000 to 7004)" and "servo parameter" in the GX Works2 are transmitted to the buffer memory/internal memory via the PLC CPU.

At this time, when [Flash ROM automatic write] is set with the GX Works2, the transmission processes indicated with the following are carried out.
(7) Flash ROM write

(10) Transmitting servo parameter from the buffer memory/internal memory area to servo amplifier ( $\quad$ )
The servo parameter in the buffer memory/internal memory area is transmitted to the servo amplifier by the following timing.

1) The servo parameter transmitted to the servo amplifier when communications with servo amplifier start.
The "expansion parameter" and "servo parameter" in the buffer memory area is transmitted to the servo amplifier.
2) The following servo parameter in the buffer memory area are transmitted to the servo amplifier when the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns from OFF to ON. - "Pr. 108 Auto tuning mode" (Basic setting parameters)

- "Pr. 109 Auto tuning response" (Basic setting parameters)
- "Pr.122Feed forward gain" (Gain/filter parameters)
- "Pr. 124 Ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment" (Gain/filter parameters)
- " Pr. 125 Model loop gain" (Gain/filter parameters)
- "Pr. 126 Position loop gain" (Gain/filter parameters)
- "Pr. 127 Speed loop gain" (Gain/filter parameters)
- "Pr. 128 Speed integral compensation" (Gain/filter parameters)
- "Pr. 129 Speed differential compensation" (Gain/filter parameters)


## POINT

When the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned ON, an error (error code: 1205) occurs, "Pr. 114 Rotation direction selection" is changed by sequence program or the GX Works2 after the servo parameter is transmitted to servo amplifier (LED of the servo amplifier is indicated $\mathrm{b} \square, \mathrm{C} \square$, or $\mathrm{d} \square$ ).
When "Pr. 114 Rotation direction selection" is changed, transmit the servo parameter to servo amplifier.

- About the communication start with servo amplifier

Communication with servo amplifier is valid when following condition is realized together.

1) The power of LD77MH and servo amplifier is turned ON.
2) When the servo parameter "Pr. 100 Servo series" inside the buffer memory area is set to the value other than "0" in LD77MH.

When the power is turned ON or the PLC CPU is reset, the data stored in the flash ROM is transmitted to the buffer memory/internal memory.
Therefore the servo parameter "Pr. 100 Servo series" inside the flash ROM is stored to the value other than " 0 ", and communication with servo amplifier is started when the power is turn ON in order of the servo amplifier, LD77MH. After the servo parameter stored in the flash ROM is transmitted to the servo amplifier.
$\square$ How to transfer the servo parameter setup from sequence program/GX Works2 to the servo amplifier
The servo series of servo parameter "Pr. 100 Servo series" inside the flash ROM set to "0". (Initial value: "0")
The setting value of the parameters that correspond to the servo parameter "Pr. 100 Servo series" inside the flash ROM becomes valid when the power is turned ON or the PLC CPU is reset, after the communication with servo amplifier is not started.
However, the PLC READY signal [Y0] is changed from OFF to ON after setting the servo parameters ("Pr. 100 Servo series": except 0) with sequence program/GX Woroks2 the communication with servo amplifier starts.

How to transfer the servo parameter which wrote it in the flash ROM to servo amplifier
Flash ROM writing carried out after the servo parameter is set up in the buffer memory/internal memory.
After that, when the power is turned ON or the PLC CPU is reset, the servo parameters stored in the flash ROM is transmitted to the buffer memory/internal memory.
When the servo parameter is written in the flash ROM, it is unnecessary to use a setup from the sequence program/GX Works2.

Servo parameter of the buffer memory/internal memory
The following shows details about the operation timing and details the servo parameter transfer of the buffer memory/internal memory.


Fig. 7.1 Operation timing in the servo parameter transfer of the buffer memory

## Operation details

(1) Servo parameter transfers when servo amplifier had started and the system's power supply is turned ON.
(a) When the servo parameter "Pr. 100 Servo series" $\pm$ " 0 " is stored flash ROM. Communication start timing to the servo amplifier: Initialization completion
(Fig. 7.1 A)
Transfer the servo parameter
: The data stored (backed up) in the flash ROM.
(b) When the servo parameter "Pr. 100 Servo series" = "0" is stored flash ROM. Communication start timing to the servo amplifier: The data written from sequence program before the PLC READY signal [Y0] ON (Fig. 7.1 B).

Transfer the servo parameter
: The data written from sequence program/ GX Works2 before the PLC READY signal [Y0] ON (Fig. 7.1 C).
(2) Servo parameter transfers when servo amplifier had started after the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned OFF to ON (Fig. 7.1 B)

Communication start timing to the servo amplifier: when servo amplifier had started
Transfer the servo parameter
: The data written from sequence program/ GX Works2 before the PLC READY signal [Y0] ON (Fig. 7.1 C).

How to change individually the servo parameter after transfer of servo parameter
The servo parameters can be individually changed from LD77MH with the following axis control data.

| Setting item |  | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Cd. 130 | Parameter write request |  | Set the write request of servo parameter. <br> Set "1" after setting "Cd.131 Parameter No." and "Cd. 132 Change data". <br> 1 : Write request <br> Other than 1 : Not request | 1554+100n | 4354+100n |
| Cd. 131 | Parameter No. | Set the servo parameter to be changed. | 1555+100n | 4355+100n |
| Cd. 132 | Change data | Set the change value of servo parameter set in " Cd. 131 Parameter No.". | 1556+100n | $4356+100 n$ |

n : Axis No.-1

## POINT

(1) Both of the servo parameter area (buffer memory/internal memory) of LD77MH's and the parameter of servo amplifier are changed.
(2) The servo parameter area of LD77MH's flash ROM is not changed. Execute the flash ROM writing to back up the parameters.
(3) When the servo parameters that become valid by turning ON the servo amplifier's power supply are changed, be sure to turn ON ${ }^{(\text {Note })}$ twice the servo amplifier's power supply after change.
(Note): The servo amplifier's RAM data are changed by parameter setting, but the servo amplifier's EEPROM data are not changed. The EEPROM data before the change are overwritten to RAM by the servo amplifier's power supply ON again, and then the servo amplifier starts.
After that, the changed data are written to the servo amplifier's EEPROM in an initial communication with LD77MH. Therefore, the changed data are overwritten to the RAM data by turning the servo amplifier's power supply ON again.

## MEMO

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## Section 2 Control Details and Setting

Section 2 is configured for the following purposes shown in (1) to (3).
(1) Understanding of the operation and restrictions of each control.
(2) Carrying out the required settings in each control
(3) Dealing with errors

The required settings in each control include parameter setting, positioning data setting, control data setting by a sequence program, etc.
Carry out these settings while referring to "Chapter 5 Data Used for Positioning Control". Also refer to "Chapter 6 Sequence Program Used for Positioning Control" when creating the sequence programs required in each control, and consider the entire control program configuration when creating each program.
Chapter 8 OPR Control ..... 8- 1 to 8- 20
Chapter 9 Major Positioning Control. ..... 9- 1 to 9-126
Chapter 10 High-Level Positioning Control ..... 10-1 to 10-28
Chapter 11 Manual Control ..... 11-1 to 11-32
Chapter 12 Expansion Control ..... $12-1$ to $12-14$
Chapter 13 Control Sub Functions ..... 13-1 to 13-104
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Chapter 15 Dedicated Instructions ..... $15-1$ to $15-18$
Chapter 16 Troubleshooting ..... 16-1 to 16-66

MEMO

## Chapter 8 OPR Control

The details and usage of "OPR control" are explained in this chapter.
OPR control includes "machine OPR" that establish a machine OP without using address data, and "fast OPR" that store the coordinates established by the machine OPR, and carry out positioning to that position.
OPR carried out by sequence programs from the PLC CPU are explained in this chapter. Refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2 for details on OPR using the GX Works2.
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### 8.1 Outline of OPR control

### 8.1.1 Two types of OPR control

In "OPR control" a position is established as the starting point (or "OP") when carrying out positioning control, and positioning is carried out toward that starting point.
It is used to return a machine system at any position other than the OP to the OP when the LD77MH issues a "OPR request" ${ }^{(\text {Note-1) }}$ with the power turned ON or others, or after a positioning stop.

In the LD77MH, the two types of controls shown below are defined as "OPR control", following the flow of the OPR work.
These two types of OPR control can be executed by setting the "OPR parameters" setting "Positioning start No. 9001" and "positioning start No. 9002" prepared beforehand in the LD77MH to " Cd. 3 Positioning start No.", and turning ON the positioning start signal.
The ZP.PSTRT $\square$ start numbers of the dedicated instruction can also be set to 9001 or 9002 to execute the OPR control. (For details, refer to Chapter 15 "Dedicated Instructions".)
(1) Establish a positioning control OP

- "Machine OPR" (positioning start No. 9001)
(2) Carry out positioning toward the OP
- "Fast OPR" (positioning start No. 9002).

The "machine OPR" above must always be carried out before executing the "fast OPR".

## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- When using the absolute position system function, on starting up, and when the LD77MH or absolute value motor has been replaced, always perform an OPR.
In the case of the absolute position system, use the sequence program to check the OPR request before performing the positioning control.
Failure to observe this could lead to an accident such as a collision.


## REMARK

OPR request ${ }^{(N o t e-1)}$
The "OPR request flag" (Md.31 Status: b3) must be turned ON in the LD77MH, and a machine OPR must be executed in the following cases.
(1) When not using an absolute position system
(a) This flag turns on in the following cases:

- System's power supply on or reset
- Servo amplifier power supply on
- Machine OPR start (Unless a machine OPR is completed normally, the OPR request flag does not turn off.)
(b) This flag turns off by the completion of machine OPR.
(2) When using an absolute position system
(a) This flag turns on in the following cases:
- When not executing a machine OPR once after system start.
- Machine OPR start (Unless a machine OPR is completed normally, the OPR request flag does not turn off.)
- Erase of an absolute data in LD77MH according to causes, such as battery error (error [1201] occurrence)
- Error [2025] (absolute position erase) occurrence (Md. 108 Servo status (high-order buffer memory address) b14 ON)
- Warning [2143] (absolute position counter warning) occurrence (Md. 108 Servo status (high-order buffer memory address) b14 ON)

|  | Buffer memory address (high-order) |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Md.108 Servo status: b14 | $877+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $2477+100 \mathrm{n}$ |

- When the "Pr. 114 Rotation direction selection" of servo parameter is changed.
(b) This flag turns off by the completion of the machine OPR.

The address information stored in the LD77MH cannot be guaranteed while the "OPR request flag" is ON.
The "OPR request flag" turns OFF and the "OPR complete flag" ( Md. 31 Status: b4) turns ON if the machine OPR is executed and is completed normally.

Wiring the near-point dog
The external input signal of the servo amplifier is used as the near-point dog.


Fig. 8.1 Wiring when using the near-point dog

## OPR sub functions

Refer to Section 3.2.5 "Combination of LD77MH main functions and sub functions" for details on "sub functions" that can be combined with OPR control. Also refer to Chapter 13 "Control Sub Functions" for details on each sub function.

## [Remarks]

The following two sub functions are only related to machine OPR.

| Sub function name | Machine OPR | Fast OPR | Reference |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPR retry function | $\triangle$ | $\times$ | Section 13.2.1 |
| OP shift function | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | Section 13.2.2 |

$\bigcirc$ : Combination possible, $\Delta$ : Restricted, $\times$ : Combination not possible

When an OPR is not required
Control can be carried out ignoring the "OPR request flag" ( Md. 31 Status: b3) in systems that do not require an OPR.
In this case, the "OPR parameters ( Pr. 43 to Pr. 57 )" must all be set to their initial values or a value at which an error does not occur.

OPR from GX Works2
"Machine OPR" and "fast OPR" can be executed from the test function of the GX Works2.
Refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2 for details on OPR from the GX Works2.

### 8.2 Machine OPR

### 8.2.1 Outline of the machine OPR operation

## Important

Use the OPR retry function when the OP position is not always in the same direction from the workpiece operation area (when the OP is not set near the upper or lower limit of the machine).
The machine OPR may not complete unless the OPR retry function is used.

## Machine OPR operation

In a machine OPR, OP is established.
None of the address information stored in the LD77MH, PLC CPU, or servo amplifier is used at this time. The position mechanically established after the machine OPR is regarded as the "OP" to be the starting point for positioning control.
The method for establishing an "OP" by a machine OPR differs according to the method set in " Pr. 43 OPR method".
The following shows the operation when starting a machine OPR.

| 1) | The "machine OPR" is started. |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2) | The operation starts according to the speed and direction set in the OPR parameters <br> ( Pr. 43 to Pr.57 ) . |
| 3) | The "OP" is established by the method set in " Pr. 43 OPR method", and the <br> machine stops. (Refer to Sections 8.2.2 to 8.2.7) |
| 4) | If "a" is set as " Pr. 45 OP address", "a" will be stored as the current position in the <br> " Md. 20 Current feed value" and " Md. 21 Machine feed value" which are <br> monitoring the position. |
| 5$)$ | The machine OPR is completed. |



Fig. 8.2 Example of a machine OPR

### 8.2.2 Machine OPR method

The method by which the machine OP is established (method for judging the OP position and machine OPR completion) is designated in the machine OPR according to the configuration and application of the positioning method.
The following table shows the methods that can be used for this OPR method.
(The OPR method is one of the items set in the OPR parameters. It is set in " Pr. 43 OPR method" of the basic parameters for OPR.)

| Pr. 43 OPR method | Operation details |
| :---: | :---: |
| Near-point dog method (Note-1) | Deceleration starts by the OFF $\rightarrow$ ON of the near-point dog. (Speed is reduced to "Pr. 47 Creep speed".) <br> The operation stops once after the near-point dog turns ON and then OFF. Later the operation restarts and then stops at the first zero signal to complete the OPR. |
| Count method 1) ${ }^{(\text {Note-1) }}$ | The deceleration starts by the OFF $\rightarrow$ ON of the near-point dog, and the machine moves at the "Pr. 47 Creep speed". <br> The machine stops once after moving the distance set in the "Pr. 50 Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON" from the OFF $\rightarrow$ ON position. Later the operation restarts and then stops at the first zero point to complete the machine OPR. |
| Count method 2) ${ }^{(\text {Note-1) }}$ | The deceleration starts by the OFF $\rightarrow$ ON of the near-point dog, and the machine moves at the "Pr. 47 Creep speed. <br> The machine moves the distance set in the " Pr. 50 Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON" from the near-point dog OFF $\rightarrow$ ON position, and stops at that position. The machine OPR is then regarded as completed. |
| Data set method | The position where the machine OPR has been performed becomes an OP. <br> The current feed value and feed machine value are overwritten to the OP address. |
| Scale origin signal detection method ${ }^{\text {(Note-1) }}$ | The machine moves in the opposite direction against of "Pr. 44 OPR direction" at the "Pr. 46 OPR speed" by the OFF $\rightarrow$ ON of the near-point dog, and a deceleration stop is carried out once at the first zero signal. Later the operation moves in direction of "Pr. 44 OPR direction" at the "Pr. 47 Creep speed", and then stops at the detected nearest zero point to complete the machine OPR. |

(Note-1): The external input signal of the servo amplifier is used as the near-point dog.

## REMARK

## Creep speed

The stopping accuracy is poor when the machine suddenly stops from fast speeds. To improve the machine's stopping accuracy, its must change over to a slow speed before stopping. This speed is set in the " Pr. 47 Creep speed".

The following shows the signals as required for machine OPR.

| Pr.43 OPR method | Signals required for control |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Near-point dog | Zero signal | Upper/lower limit |
| Near-point dog method | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Count method 1) | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Count method 2) | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ |
| Data set method | - | - | - |
| Scale origin signal detection method | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |

© : Necessary, O: Necessary as required, -: Unnecessary

### 8.2.3 OPR method (1): Near-point dog method

The following shows an operation outline of the "near-point dog method" OPR method.
Operation chart

| 1) | The machine OPR is started. <br> (The machine begins the acceleration designated in " Pr.51 OPR acceleration time selection", in the direction <br> designated in " Pr. 44 <br> completed.) OPR direction". It then moves at the " Pr.46 OPR speed" when the acceleration is |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2) | The machine begins decelerating when the near-point dog ON is detected. |
| 3) | The machine decelerates to the " Pr. 47 Creep speed", and subsequently moves at that speed. <br> (At this time, the near-point dog must be ON. The workpiece will continue decelerating and stop if the near-point dog is <br> OFF.) |
| 4) | After the near-point dog turns OFF, the machine stops. It then restarts and stops at the first zero point. |
| 5) | The OPR complete flag ( Md.31 Status: b4) turns from OFF to ON and the OPR request flag ( Md.31 status: b3) <br> turns from ON to OFF. |



Fig. 8.3 Near-point dog method machine OPR

## Precautions during operation

(1) An error "Start at home position (OP) fault (error code: 201)" will occur if another machine OPR is attempted after a machine OPR completion when the OPR retry function is not set (" 0 " is set in " Pr. 48 OPR retry").
(2) Machine OPR carried out from the near-point dog ON position will start at the " Pr. 47 Creep speed".
(3) The near-point dog must be ON during deceleration from the OPR speed " Pr. 47 Creep speed".
(4) When the stop signal stops the machine OPR, carry out the machine OPR again. When restart command is turned ON after the stop signal stops the OPR, the error "OPR restart impossible (error code: 209)" will occur.
(5) After the home position return (OPR) has been started, the zero point of the encoder must be passed at least once before point $A$ is reached.
However, if selecting "1: Not need to pass motor Z-phase after the power supply is switched on." with " Pr. 180 Function selection C-4", it is possible to carried out the home position return (OPR) without passing the zero point. The workpiece will continue decelerating and stop if the near-point dog is turned OFF before it has decelerated to the creep speed, thus causing an error "Dog detection timing fault (error code: 203)".


Fig. 8.4 Operation when the near-point dog is turned OFF before the creep speed is reached

### 8.2.4 OPR method (2): Count method 1)

The following shows an operation outline of the "count method 1)" OPR method. In the "count method 1)" OPR, the following can be performed:

- Machine OPR on near-point dog
- Second machine OPR after completion of first machine OPR

The external input signal of the servo amplifier is used as the near-point dog.
Operation chart

| 1) | The machine OPR is started. <br> (The machine begins the acceleration designated in " Pr.51 OPR acceleration time selection", in the direction <br> designated in " Pr.44 OPR direction". It then moves at the " Pr.46 OPR speed" when the acceleration is <br> completed.) |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2) | The machine begins decelerating when the near-point dog ON is detected. |
| 3) | The machine decelerates to the " Pr.47 Creep speed", and subsequently moves at that speed. |
| 4) | The machine stops after the workpiece has been moved the amount set in the " Pr.50 Setting for the movement <br> amount after near-point dog ON" after the near-point dog turned ON. It then restarts and stops at the first zero point. |
| 5) | The OPR complete flag Md.31 Status: b4) turns from OFF to ON, and the OPR request flag ( Md.31 Status: b3) turns <br> from ON to OFF. |



Fig. 8.5 Count method1) machine OPR

Precautions during operation
(1) An error "Count method movement amount fault (error code: 206)" will occur if the " Pr. 50 Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON" is smaller than the deceleration distance from the " Pr. 46 OPR speed" to " Pr. 47 Creep speed".
(2) If the speed is changed to a speed faster than "Pr. 46 OPR speed" by the speed change function (refer to "13.5.1 Speed change function".) during a machine OPR, the distance to decelerate to "Pr. 47 Creep speed" may not be ensured, depending on the setting value of "Pr. 50 Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON". In this case, the error "Count method movement amount fault" (error code: 206) occurs and the machine OPR is stopped.
(3) The following shows the operation when a machine OPR is started while the near-point dog is ON.
(4) Turn OFF the near-point dog at a sufficient distance from the OP. Although there is no harm in operation if the near-point dog is turned OFF during a machine OPR, it is recommended to leave a sufficient distance from the OP when the near-point dog is turned OFF for the following reason. If machine OPRs are performed consecutively after the near-point dog is turned OFF at the time of machine OPR completion, operation will be performed at the OPR speed until the hardware stroke limit (upper/lower limit) is reached.
If a sufficient distance cannot be kept, consider the use of the OPR retry function.
(5) When the stop signal stops the machine OPR, carry out the machine OPR again. When restart command is turned ON after the stop signal stops the OPR, the error "OPR restart impossible (error code: 209)" will occur.
(6) After the home position return (OPR) has been started, the zero point of the encoder must be passed at least once before point $A$ is reached.
However, if selecting "1: Not need to pass motor Z-phase after the power supply is switched on." with " Pr. 180 Function selection C-4", it is possible to carried out the home position return (OPR) without passing the zero point.

[Operation when a machine OPR is started at the near-point dog ON position]

1) A machine $O P R$ is started.
2) The machine moves at the OPR speed in the opposite direction of an OPR.
3) Deceleration processing is carried out when the near-point dog OFF is detected.
4) After the machine stops, a machine OPR is carried out in the OPR direction.
5) The machine OPR is completed on detection of the first zero signal after the travel of the movement amount set to " Pr. 50 Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON" on detection of the near-point dog signal ON.

Fig. 8.6 Count method 1) machine OPR on the near-point dog ON position

### 8.2.5 OPR method (3): Count method 2)

The following shows an operation outline of the "method 2)" OPR method.
The "count method 2)" method is effective when a "zero signal" cannot be received. (Note that compared to the "count method 1)" method, using this method will result in more deviation in the stop position during machine OPR.)
The external input signal of the servo amplifier is used as the near-point dog.
Operation chart

| 1) | The machine OPR is started. <br> (The machine begins the acceleration designated in " Pr. 51 OPR acceleration time selection", in the direction designated in " Pr. 44 OPR direction". It then moves at the "Pr. 46 OPR speed" when the acceleration is completed.) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2) | The machine begins decelerating when the near-point dog ON is detected. |
| 3) | The machine decelerates to the "Pr. 47 Creep speed", and subsequently moves at that speed. |
| 4) | The command from the LD77MH will stop and the machine OPR will be completed when the machine moves the movement amount set in " Pr. 50 Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON " from the near-point dog ON position. |



Fig. 8.7 Count method 2) machine OPR

## Restrictions

When this method is used, a deviation will occur in the stop position (OP) compared to other OPR methods because an error of about 1 ms occurs in taking in the near-point dog ON.

## Precautions during operation

(1) An error "Count method movement amount fault (error code: 206)" will occur and the operation will not start if the " Pr. 50 Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON" is smaller than the deceleration distance from the " Pr. 46 OPR speed" to " Pr. 47 Creep speed".
(2) If the speed is changed to a speed faster than "Pr.46OPR speed" by the speed change function (refer to "13.5.1 Speed change function".) during a machine OPR, the distance to decelerate to "Pr.47Creep speed" may not be ensured, depending on the setting value of "Pr. 50 Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON". In this case, the error "Count method movement amount fault" (error code: 206) occurs and the machine OPR is stopped.
(3) The following shows the operation when a machine OPR is started while the near-point dog is ON.
(4) Turn OFF the near-point dog at a sufficient distance from the OP. Although there is no harm in operation if the near-point dog is turned OFF during a machine OPR, it is recommended to leave a sufficient distance from the OP when the near-point dog is turned OFF for the following reason. If machine OPRs are performed consecutively after the near-point dog is turned OFF at the time of machine OPR completion, operation will be performed at the OPR speed until the hardware stroke limit (upper/lower limit) is reached.
If a sufficient distance cannot be kept, consider the use of the OPR retry function.
(5) When the stop signal stops the machine OPR, carry out the machine OPR again. When restart command is turned ON after the stop signal stops the OPR, the error "OPR restart impossible (error code: 209)" will occur.


Fig. 8.8 Count method 2) machine OPR on the near-point dog ON position

### 8.2.6 OPR method (4): Data set method

The following shows an operation outline of the "data set method" OPR method. The " Data set method" method is effective when a "Near-point dog" does not used. It can be used with absolute position system.
With the data set method OPR, the position where the machine OPR has been carried out, is registered into the LD77MH as the OP, and the current feed value and feed machine value is overwritten to an OP address.
Use the JOG or manual pulse generator operation to move the OP.
Operation chart


Fig. 8.9 Data set method OPR

## Precautions during operation

(1) The zero point must have been passed before the OPR is carried out after the power supply is turned ON. If the OPR is carried out without passing the zero point even once, the "OPR restart zero point not passed error" will occur. When the "Home positioning return (OPR) restart zero point not passed error" occurs, perform the JOG or similar operation so that the servomotor makes more than one revolution after an error reset, before carrying out the machine OPR again.
However, if selecting "1: Not need to pass motor Z-phase after the power supply is switched on." with " Pr. 180 Function selection C-4", it is possible to carried out the home position return (OPR).
(2) When it is not the case of the absolute position system, starting the data set method OPR will be identical to the function of the current value change.
(3) The OPR data used for the data set method is the "OPR direction" and "OP address".
The OPR data other than that for the OPR direction and OP address is not used for the data set method OPR method, but if a value is set the outside the setting range, an error will occur when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned ON so that the LD77 READY signal [X0] is not turned OFF. With the OPR data other than that for the OPR direction and OP address, set an arbitrary value (default value can be allowed) within each data setting range so that an error will not occur upon receiving the PLC READY signal [YO] ON.

### 8.2.7 OPR method (5): Scale origin signal detection method

The following shows an operation outline of the "scale origin signal detection method" OPR method.

## POINT

Set "0: Need to pass motor Z-phase after the power supply is switched on." in "Pr. 180 Function selection C-4". If "1: Not need to pass motor Z-phase after the power supply is switched on." is set, the error "Z-phase passing parameter invalid" (error code: 231) will occur at the start of scale origin signal detection method OPR.

Operation chart

| 1) | The machine OPR is started. <br> (The machine begins the acceleration designated in " Pr. 51 OPR acceleration time selection", in the direction designated in "Pr. 44 OPR direction". It then moves at the "Pr. 46 OPR speed" when the acceleration is completed.) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2) | The machine begins decelerating when the near-point dog ON is detected. |
| 3) | After deceleration stop, the machine moves in the opposite direction against of OPR at the " Pr. 46 OPR speed". |
| 4) | During movement, the machine begins decelerating when the first zero signal is detected. |
| 5) | After deceleration stop, the operation moves in direction of OPR at the "Pr. 47 Creep speed", and then stops at the detected nearest zero signal. |
| 6) | The OPR complete flag ( Md.31 Status: b4) turns from OFF to ON, and the OPR request flag ( $\boxed{\text { Md. } 31}$ Status: b3) turns from ON to OFF. |



Fig. 8.10 Scale origin signal detection method machine OPR

## Precautions during operation

(1) An error "Start at OP (error code: 201)" will occur if another machine OPR is attempted immediately after a machine OPR completion when the OP is in the near-point dog ON position.
(2) The following shows the operation when a machine OPR is started from the near-point dog ON position.


Fig. 8.11 Operation when a machine OPR is started from the near-point dog ON position
(3) When the stop signal stops the machine OPR, carry out the machine OPR again. When restart command is turned ON after the stop signal stops the OPR, the error "OPR restart not possible (error code: 209)" will occur.
(4) The OPR retry will not be performed regardless of setting set in "Pr.48 OPR retry" in the scale origin signal detection method. When a hardware limit switch is detected during machine OPR, the error "Hardware stroke limit (+) (error code: 104)" or " Hardware stroke limit (-) (error code: 105)" will occur.
(5) Position the near-point dog forward to overlaps with the hardware limit switch in direction of OPR. When the near-point dog is in the opposite direction against of OPR from the machine OPR start position, the error "Hardware stroke limit (+) (error code: 104)" or " Hardware stroke limit (-) (error code: 105)" will occur.

(6) When the zero signal is detected again during deceleration (4) of Fig. 8.12) with detection of zero signal, the operation stops at the zero signal detected lastly to complete the OPR.


Fig. 8.12 Operation when the zero signal is detected again during deceleration with detection of zero signal
(7) Do not use the scale origin signal detection method OPR for the machine with the backlash.
(8) When using the direct drive motor, make it passed the $Z$ phase once before reaching 3 ) of Fig. 8.10.

### 8.3 Fast OPR

### 8.3.1 Outline of the fast OPR operation

Fast OPR operation
After establishing OP position by a machine OPR, positioning control to the OP position is executed without using a near-point dog or a zero signal.
The following shows the operation during a basic fast OPR start.

1) The fast OPR is started.
2) Positioning control to the OP position established by a machine OPR begins at speed set in the OPR parameters ( Pr. 43 to Pr. 57 ).
3) The fast OPR is completed.


Fig. 8.13 Fast OPR

Operation timing and processing time of fast OPR
The following shows details about the operation timing and time during fast OPR.


Fig. 8.14 Operation timing and processing time of fast OPR

Normal timing time
Unit: [ms]

|  | Operation cycle | t1 | t2 | t3 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | 0.88 | 0.1 to 0.3 | 2.2 to 2.7 | 0 to 0.9 |
| LD77MH16 | 0.88 | 0.3 to 1.4 | 2.2 to 2.7 | 0 to 0.9 |
|  | 1.77 | 0.3 to 1.4 | 3.2 to 3.9 | 0 to 1.8 |

-The t1 timing time could be delayed by the operation state of other axes.

## Operating restrictions

(1) The fast OPR can only be executed after the OP position is established by executing the Machine OPR.
If not, the error "OPR request ON" (error code: 207) will occur. (OPR request flag (Md.31Status: b3) must be turned OFF).
(2) If the fraction pulse is cleared to zero using current value changing or fixedfeed control, execute the fast OPR and an error will occur by a cleared amount.
(3) When unlimited length feed is executed by speed control and the machine feed value overflows or underflows once, the fast OPR cannot be executed normally.
(4) The OPR complete flag (Md.31 Status: b4) is not turned ON.
(5) The axis operation status during fast OPR is "in position control".

### 8.4 Selection of the OPR setting condition

### 8.4.1 Outline of the OPR setting condition

If executing the home position return (OPR), it is necessary to make sure that the servomotor has been rotated more than one revolution and passed the $Z$ phase (Motor reference position signal) and that the zero point pass signal (Md. 108 Servo status (low-order buffer memory address): b0) has turned ON.
However, if selecting "1: Not need to pass motor Z-phase after the power supply is switched on." with " Pr. 180 Function selection C-4", it is possible to turn the zero point pass signal (Md. 108 Servo status (low-order buffer memory address): b0) ON without passing the zero point.

|  | Buffer memory address (low-order) |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Md.108 Servo status: b0 | $876+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $2476+100 \mathrm{n}$ |

Data setting
To select the "OPR setting condition", set the data shown in the following table to the LD77MH.
Servo parameters are set for each axis.
The "OPR setting condition" is stored into the following buffer memory addresses.

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |
| Pr. 180 | Function selection <br> C-4 (PC17) | 0 | 0 : Need to pass motor Z-phase after the <br> power supply is switched on. <br> $1:$ <br> Not need to pass motor Z-phase after <br> the power supply is switched on. | $30180+200 \mathrm{n}$ | $28480+100 \mathrm{n}$ |

*: Refer to Section 5.2.8 "Servo parameters" for information on the storage details.
Precautions during operation
(1) If setting the above servo parameter to "1: Not need to pass motor Z-phase after the power supply is switched on.", the restriction, "If executing the home position return (OPR), it is necessary to execute OPR after rotating the servomotor more than one revolution and letting it pass through the $Z$ phase (Motor reference position signal).", will be invalid.
(2) Set the parameter value and switch power off once (The parameter is transferred to servo amplifier from LD77MH), then switch it on again to make that parameter setting valid.

## MEMO

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$\qquad$
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## Chapter 9 Major Positioning Control

> The details and usage of the major positioning controls (control functions using the "positioning data") are explained in this chapter.
> The major positioning controls include such controls as "positioning control" in which positioning is carried out to a designated position using the address information, "speed control" in which a rotating object is controlled at a constant speed, "speed-position switching control" in which the operation is shifted from "speed control" to "position control" and "position-speed switching control" in which the operation is shifted from "position control" to "speed control".
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### 9.1 Outline of major positioning controls

"Major positioning controls" are carried out using the "positioning data" stored in the LD77MH.
The basic controls such as position control and speed control are executed by setting the required items in this "positioning data", and then starting that positioning data. The control system for the "major positioning controls" is set in setting item "Da.2 Control system" of the positioning data.
Control defined as a "major positioning control" carries out the following types of control according to the "Da.2 Control system" setting.
However, the position loop is included for commanding to servo amplifier in the speed control set in "Da.2 Control system".
Use the "speed-torque control" (Refer to Section 12.1 "Speed-torque control") to execute the speed control not including position loop.

| Major positioning control |  |  | Da 2 Control system | Details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Linear control | 1-axis linear control | ABS Linear 1 INC Linear 1 | Positioning of the designated 1 axis is carried out from the start address (current stop position) to the designated position. |
|  |  | 2-axis linear interpolation control ${ }^{\text {Note-1) }}$ | ABS Linear 2 INC Linear 2 | Using the designated 2 axes, linear interpolation control is carried out from the start address (current stop position) to the designated position |
|  |  | 3-axis linear interpolation control ${ }^{\text {(Note-1) }}$ | ABS Linear 3 INC Linear 3 | Using the designated 3 axes, linear interpolation control is carried out from the start address (current stop position) to the designated position. |
|  |  | 4-axis linear interpolation control ${ }^{\text {Note-1) }}$ | ABS Linear 4 INC Linear 4 | Using the designated 4 axes, linear interpolation control is carried out from the start address (current stop position) to the designated position. |
|  | Fixed-feed control | 1-axis fixedfeed control | Fixed-feed 1 | Positioning of the designated 1 axis is carried out for a designated movement amount from the start address (current stop position). <br> (The "Md. 20 Current feed value" is set to " 0 " at the start.) |
|  |  | 2-axis fixedfeed control (Note-1) | Fixed-feed 2 | Using the designated 2 axes, linear interpolation control is carried out for a designated movement amount from the start address (current stop position). <br> (The "Md.20 Current feed value" is set to "0" at the start.) |
|  |  | 3-axis fixedfeed control (Note-1) | Fixed-feed 3 | Using the designated 3 axes, linear interpolation control is carried out for a designated movement amount from the start address (current stop position). <br> (The "Md.20 Current feed value" is set to " 0 " at the start.) |
|  |  | 4-axis fixedfeed control (Note-1) | Fixed-feed 4 | Using the designated 4 axes, linear interpolation control is carried out for a designated movement amount from the start address (current stop position). <br> (The "[Md. 20 Current feed value" is set to " 0 " at the start.) |
|  | 2-axis circular <br> interpolation <br> control ${ }^{\text {(Note-1) }}$ | Sub point designation | ABS Circular sub INC Circular sub | Using the designated 2 axes, positioning is carried out in an arc path to a position designated from the start point address (current stop position). |
|  |  | Center point designation | ABS Circular right ABS Circular left INC Circular right INC Circular left |  |


| Major positioning control |  | Da. 2 Control system | Details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Speed control | 1-axis speed control | Forward run speed 1 Reverse run speed 1 | The speed control of the designated 1 axis is carried out. |
|  | 2-axis speed control ${ }^{\text {Note-1) }}$ | Forward run speed 2 <br> Reverse run speed 2 | The speed control of the designated 2 axes is carried out. |
|  | 3-axis speed control (Note-1) | Forward run speed 3 <br> Reverse run speed 3 | The speed control of the designated 3 axes is carried out. |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4-axis speed } \\ & \text { control } \text { Note-1) } \end{aligned}$ | Forward run speed 4 <br> Reverse run speed 4 | The speed control of the designated 4 axes is carried out. |
| Speed-position switching control |  | Forward run speed/position Reverse run speed/position | The control is continued as position control (positioning for the designated address or movement amount) by turning ON the "speed-position switching signal" after first carrying out speed control. |
| Position-speed switching control |  | Forward run position/speed Reverse run position/speed | The control is continued as speed control by turning ON the "position-speed switching signal" after first carrying out position control. |
| Other control | NOP instruction | NOP instruction | A nonexecutable control system. When this instruction is set, the operation is transferred to the next data operation, and the instruction is not executed. |
|  | Current value changing | Current value changing | "Md. 20 Current feed value" is changed to an address set in the positioning data. <br> This can be carried out by either of the following 2 methods. <br> ("Md.21 Machine feed value" cannot be changed.) <br> - Current value changing using the control system <br> - Current value changing using the current value changing start No. (No. 9003). |
|  | JUMP instruction | JUMP instruction | An unconditional or conditional JUMP is carried out to a designated positioning data No. |
|  | LOOP | LOOP | A repeat control is carried out by repeat LOOP to LEND. |
|  | LEND | LEND | Control is returned to the top of the repeat control by repeat LOOP to LEND. After the repeat operation is completed specified times, the next positioning data is run. |

(Note-1): Control is carried out so that linear and arc paths are drawn using a motor set in two or more axes directions. This kind of control is called "interpolation control". (Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for details.)

### 9.1.1 Data required for major positioning control

The following table shows an outline of the "positioning data" configuration and setting details required to carry out the "major positioning controls".

| Setting item |  |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Set the method by which the continuous positioning data (Ex: positioning data No.1, No.2, No.3) will be controlled. (Refer to Section "9.1.2".) |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | Set the control system defined as a "major positioning control". (Refer to Section "9.1".) |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | Select and set the acceleration time at control start. (Select one of the four values set in Pr. 9 , Pr. 25 , Pr. 26 , and Pr. 27 for the acceleration time.) |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | Select and set the deceleration time at control stop. (Select one of the four values set in Pr. 10 , Pr. 28 , Pr. 29 , and Pr. 30 for the deceleration time.) |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 | Set an axis to be interpolated (partner axis) during the 2-axis interpolation operation (Refer to Section 9.1.6.). |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | Set the target value during position control. (Refer to Section "9.1.3".) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | Set the sub point or center point address during circular interpolation control. |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | Set the speed during the control execution. |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | The time between the command pulse output is completed to the positioning completed signal is turned ON. Set it for absorbing the delay of the mechanical system to the instruction, such as the delay of the servo system (deviation). |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | Set this item when carrying out sub work (clamp and drill stops, tool replacement, etc.) corresponding to the code No. related to the positioning data execution. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 | Set an axis to be interpolated during the 2- to 4-axis interpolation operation. (Refer to Section 9.1.6.) |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  |

(Note): The settings and setting requirement for the setting details of Da. 1 to Da. 10 and Da. 20 to Da. 22 differ according to the "Da. 2 Control system". (Refer to Section 9.2 "Setting the positioning data".)

## Major positioning control sub functions

Refer to Section 3.2.5 "Combination of LD77MH main functions and sub functions" for details on "sub functions" that can be combined with the major positioning control.
Also refer to Chapter 13 "Control Sub Functions" for details on each sub function.
Major positioning control from GX Works2
"Major positioning control" can be executed by test function of GX Works2.
Refer to "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2 for details on carrying out major positioning control from the GX Works2.

## REMARK

600 positioning data (positioning data No. 1 to 600 ) items can be set per axis.

### 9.1.2 Operation patterns of major positioning controls

In "major positioning control" (high-level positioning control), "Da. 1 Operation pattern" can be set to designate whether to continue executing positioning data after the started positioning data. The "operation pattern" includes the following 3 types.

- Positioning complete
(1) Independent positioning control (operation pattern: 00)
- Positioning continue
(2) Continuous positioning control (operation pattern: 01)
(3) Continuous path control (operation pattern: 11)

The following shows examples of operation patterns when "1-axis linear control (ABS linear 1)" is set in positioning data No. 1 to No. 6 of axis 1. Details of each operation pattern are shown on the following pages.
< Operation example when "1-axis linear positioning" is set in the positioning data of axis 1 >


## POINT

(1) When the operation pattern is continuous positioning control or continuous path control, the same address as the last value is specified in absolute system or the movement amount 0 is specified in incremental system, positioning control of movement amount 0 is executed.
(2) The BUSY signal turns ON even when position control of movement amount 0 is executed. However, since the ON time is short, the ON status may not be detected in the PLC program.
(3) The positioning complete signal turns ON even when position control of movement amount 0 is executed. ON time is determined by "Pr. 40 Positioning complete signal output time".
[1] Independent positioning control (Positioning complete)
This control is set when executing only one designated data item of positioning. If a dwell time is designated, the positioning will complete after the designated time elapses.
This data (operation pattern [00] data) becomes the end of block data when carrying out block positioning. (The positioning stops after this data is executed.)


Fig. 9.1 Operation during independent positioning control

## [2] Continuous positioning control

(1) The machine always automatically decelerates each time the positioning is completed. Acceleration is then carried out after the LD77MH command speed reaches 0 to carry out the next positioning data operation. If a dwell time is designated, the acceleration is carried out after the designated time elapses.
(2) In operation by continuous positioning control (operation pattern "01"), the next positioning No. is automatically executed. Always set operation pattern " 00 " in the last positioning data to complete the positioning.
If the operation pattern is set to positioning continue ("01" or "11"), the operation will continue until operation pattern " 00 " is found. If the operation pattern " 00 " cannot be found, the operation may be carried out until the positioning data No. 600. If the operation pattern of the positioning data No. 600 is not completed, the operation will be started again from the positioning data No. 1.


Fig. 9.2 Operation during continuous positioning control

## [3] Continuous path control

## (1) Continuous path control

(a) The speed is changed without deceleration stop between the command speed of the positioning data currently being run and the speed of the positioning data that will be run next. The speed is not changed if the current speed and the next speed are equal
(b) The speed will become the speed used in the previous positioning operation if the command speed is set to "-1".
(c) Dwell time will be ignored, even if set.
(d) The next positioning No. is executed automatically in operations by continuous path control (operation pattern "11"). Always complete the positioning by setting operation pattern " 00 " in the last positioning data If the operation pattern is set to positioning continue ("01" or "11"), the operation will continue until operation pattern " 00 " is found. If the operation pattern " 00 " cannot be found, the operation may be carried out until the positioning data No. 600. If the operation pattern of the positioning data No. 600 is not complete, the operation will be started again from the positioning data No. 1.
(e) The speed switching patterns include the "front-loading speed switching pattern" in which the speed is changed at the end of the current positioning side, and the "standard speed switching pattern" in which the speed is at the start of the next positioning side. (Refer to
" Pr. 19 Speed switching mode".)
Continuous path control $-\quad$ Standard speed switching mode
(f) In the continuous path control, the positioning may be completed before the set address/movement amount and the current data may be switched to the "positioning data that will be run next".

This is because a preference is given to the positioning at a command speed. In actuality, the positioning is completed before the set address/movement amount by an amount of remaining distance at speeds less than the command speed. The remaining distance ( $\triangle \ell$ ) at speeds less than the command speed is $0 \leq \triangle \ell \leq$ (distance moved in operation cycle at a speed at the time of completion of the positioning).

The remaining distance ( $\triangle \ell$ ) is output at the next positioning data No.


Fig. 9.3 Operation during continuous path control (Standard speed switching mode)

## POINT

In the continuous path control, a speed variation will not occur using the near-pass function when the positioning data No. is switched (Refer to Section 13.3.3 "Near pass function").

## (2) Deceleration stop conditions during continuous path control

 Deceleration stops are not carried out in continuous path control, but the machine will carry out a deceleration stop to speed " 0 " in the following cases (a) to (c).(a) When the operation pattern of the positioning data currently being executed is "continuous path control: 11 ", and the movement direction of the positioning data currently being executed differs from that of the next positioning data. (Only for 1-axis positioning control (Refer to the "Points" in the next page.))

(b) During operation by step operation. (Refer to Section 13.7.1 "Step function".)
(c) When there is an error in the positioning data to carry out the next operation.

## POINTS

(1) The movement direction is not checked during interpolation operations. Thus, automatic deceleration to a stop will not be carried out even if the movement direction is changed (See the figures below).
Because of this, the interpolation axis may suddenly reverse direction.
To avoid this sudden direction reversal in the interpolation axis, set the pass point to continuous positioning control " 01 " instead of setting it to continuous path control "11".

(2) When a " 0 " is set in the "Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount" of the continuous path control positioning data, the command speed of about 2 ms is reduced to 0 .
When a " 0 " is set in the " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount" to increase the number of speed change points in the future, change the " Da. 2 Control system" to the "NOP instruction" to make the control nonexecutable.
(Refer to Section 9.2.20 "NOP instruction".)
(3) In the continuous path control positioning data, assure a movement distance so that the execution time with that data is 100 ms or longer, or lower the command speed.

## (3) Speed handling

(a) Continuous path control command speeds are set with each positioning data.
The LD77MH then carries out the positioning at the speed designated with each positioning data.
(b) The command speed can be set to " -1 " in continuous path control. The control will be carried out at the speed used in the previous positioning data No. if the command speed is set to " -1 ". (The "current speed" will be displayed in the command speed when the positioning data is set with a GX Works2. The current speed is the speed of the positioning control being executed currently.)

1) The speed does not need to be set in each positioning data when carrying out uniform speed control if " -1 " is set beforehand in the command speed.
2) If the speed is changed or the override function is executed, in the previous positioning data when " -1 " is set in the command speed, the operation can be continued at the new speed.
3) An error "no command speed error (error code: 503)" occurs and positioning cannot be started if " -1 " is set in the command speed of the first positioning data at start.
[Relation between the command speed and current speed]


## POINTS

(1) In the continuous path control, a speed variation will not occur using the near-pass function when the positioning data is switched (Refer to Section 13.3.3 "Near pass function").
(2) The LD77MH holds the command speed set with the positioning data, and the latest value of the speed set with the speed change request as the "Md. 27 Current speed". It controls the operation at the "current speed" when "-1" is set in the command speed.
(Depending on the relation between the movement amount and the speed, the feedrate may not reach the command speed value, but even then the current speed will be updated.)
(3) When the address for speed change is identified beforehand, generate and execute the positioning data for speed change by the continuous path control to carry out the speed change without requesting the speed change with a sequence program.

## (4) Speed switching

(Refer to " Pr. 19 Speed switching mode".)
The two modes for changing the speed are shown below.

- Standard speed switching. $\qquad$ Switch the speed when executing the next positioning data.
- Front-loading speed switching....The speed switches at the end of the positioning data currently being executed.
(a) Standard speed switching mode

1) If the respective command speeds differ in the "positioning data currently being executed" and the "positioning data to carry out the next operation", the machine will accelerate or decelerate after reaching the positioning point set in the "positioning data currently being executed" and the speed will change over to the speed set in the "positioning data to carry out the next operation".
2) The parameters used in acceleration/deceleration to the command speed set in the "positioning data to carry out the next operation" are those of the positioning data to carry out acceleration/deceleration. Speed switching will not be carried out if the command speeds are the same.


Fig. 9.4 Operation for the standard speed switching mode
3) Speed switching condition

If the movement amount is small in regard to the target speed, the current speed may not reach the target speed even if acceleration/deceleration is carried out. In this case, the machine is accelerated/decelerated so that it nears the target speed. If the movement amount will be exceeded when automatic deceleration is required (Ex. Operation patterns "00", "01", etc.), the machine will immediately stop at the designated positioning address, and a "insufficient movement amount" (warning code: 513) will occur.
[When the speed cannot change over in P2]
For the following relation of the speed

$$
\mathrm{P} 1=\mathrm{P} 4, \mathrm{P} 2=\mathrm{P} 3, \mathrm{P} 1<\mathrm{P} 2
$$


[When the movement amount is small during automatic deceleration]
The movement amount required to carry out the automatic deceleration cannot be secured, so the machine immediately stops in a speed $\neq 0$ status.

(b) Front-loading speed switching mode

1) If the respective command speeds differ in the "positioning data currently being executed" and the "positioning data to carry out the next operation", the speed will change over to the speed set in the "positioning data to carry out the next operation" at the end of the "positioning data currently being executed".
2) The parameters used in acceleration/deceleration to the command speed set in the "positioning data to carry out the next operation" are those of the positioning data to carry out acceleration/deceleration.
Speed switching will not be carried out if the command speeds are the same.


Fig. 9.5 Operation for the front-loading speed switching mode
3) Speed switching condition

If the movement amount is small in regard to the target speed, the current speed may not reach the target speed even if acceleration/deceleration is carried out. In this case, the machine is accelerated/decelerated so that it nears the target speed. If the movement amount will be exceeded when automatic deceleration is required (Ex. Operation patterns "00", "01", etc.), the machine will immediately stop at the designated positioning address, and a "insufficient movement amount" (warning code: 513) will occur.
[When the speed cannot change over to the P2 speed in P1]
For the following relation of the speed

$$
\mathrm{P} 1=\mathrm{P} 4, \mathrm{P} 2=\mathrm{P} 3, \mathrm{P} 1<\mathrm{P} 2
$$


[When the movement amount is small during automatic deceleration]
The movement amount required to carry out the automatic deceleration cannot be secured, so the machine immediately stops in a speed $\neq 0$ status.


### 9.1.3 Designating the positioning address

The following shows the two methods for commanding the position in control using positioning data.

Absolute system
Positioning is carried out to a designated position (absolute address) having the OP as a reference. This address is regarded as the positioning address. (The start point can be anywhere.)


Fig. 9.6 Absolute system positioning

## ■ Incremental system

The position where the machine is currently stopped is regarded as the start point, and positioning is carried out for a designated movement amount in a designated movement direction.


Fig. 9.7 Incremental system positioning

### 9.1.4 Confirming the current value

Values showing the current value
The following two types of addresses are used as values to show the position in the LD77MH.
These addresses ("current feed value" and "machine feed value") are stored in the monitor data area, and used in monitoring the current value display, etc.

| Current feed value | - This is the value stored in "Md. 20 <br> - This value has an address established with a "machine OPR" as a <br> reference, but the address can be changed by changing the current <br> value to a new value. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Machine feed value | - This is the value stored in " Md. 21 <br> - Machine feed value". <br> - This value always has an address established with a "machine OPR" <br> as a reference. The address cannot be changed, even if the current <br> value is changed to a new value. |

The "current feed value" and "machine feed value" are used in monitoring the current value display, etc.


Fig. 9.8 Current feed value and machine feed value

## Restrictions

(1) Operation cycle error will occur in the current value refresh cycle when the stored "current feed value" and "machine feed value" are used in the control.

Monitoring the current value
The "current feed value" and "machine feed value" are stored in the following buffer memory addresses, and can be read using a "DFRO(P) instruction" or "DMOV(P) instruction" from the PLC CPU.

|  | Buffer memory addresses |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Md.20 Current feed value | $800+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $2400+100 \mathrm{n}$ |
|  | $801+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $2401+100 \mathrm{n}$ |
| Md.21 Machine feed value | $802+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $2402+100 \mathrm{n}$ |
|  | $803+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $2403+100 \mathrm{n}$ |

(1) The following shows the examples of programs to read out the current feed value of the LD77MH4 [axis 1] to D104 and D105 when X40 is turned ON.
(a) For the $\mathrm{DFRO}(\mathrm{P})$ instruction

(b) For the $\mathrm{DMOV}(\mathrm{P})$ instruction
$\left.\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{llll}\text { X40 } & {\left[\begin{array}{lll}\text { UMOV } \\ \text { G80 }\end{array}\right.} & \text { D104 } & \end{array}\right.\right] \mid$

### 9.1.5 Control unit "degree" handling

When the control unit is set to "degree", the following items differ from when other control units are set.
[1] Current feed value and machine feed value addresses
The address of "Md. 20 Current feed value" becomes a ring address from 0 to $359.99999^{\circ}$.
But the address of " Md. 21 Machine feed value" doesn't become a ring address.

[2] Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting
With the control unit set to "degree", the software stroke limit upper and lower limit values are 0 to 359.99999 .
(a) Setting to validate software stroke limit

To validate the software stroke limit, set the software stroke limit lower limit value and the upper limit value in a clockwise direction.


1) To set the movement range $A$, set as follows.
• Software stroke limit lower limit value..................................315.000000
• Software stroke limit upper limit value .................................... $90.00000^{\circ}$
2) To set the movement range B, set as follows.
• Software stroke limit lower limit value...................................... $90.00000^{\circ}$
• Software stroke limit upper limit value ...................................315.00000
(b) Setting to invalidate software stroke limit

To invalidate the software stroke limit, set the software stroke limit lower limit value equal to the software stroke limit upper limit value.
The control can be carried out irrespective of the setting of the software stroke limit.

## POINT

(1) When the upper/lower limit value of the axis which set the software stroke limit as valid are changed, perform the machine OPR after that.
(2) When the software stroke limit is set as valid in the incremental data system, perform the machine OPR after power supply on.
[3] Positioning control method when the control unit is set to "degree"

1) Absolute system
(a) When the software stroke limit is invalid

Positioning is carried out in the nearest direction to the designated address, using the current value as a reference. (This is called "shortcut control".)


To designate the positioning direction (not carrying out the shortcut control), the shortcut control is invalidated and positioning in a designated direction is carried out by the " Cd. 40 ABS direction in degrees".
This function can perform only when the software stroke limit is invalid. When the software stroke limit is valid, an error "ABS direction in degrees illegal" (error code: 546) occurs and positioning is not started.

To designate the movement direction in the ABS control, a "1" or "2" is written to the " Cd. 40 ABS direction in degrees" of the buffer memory (initial value: 0 ).
The value written to the " Cd. 40 ABS direction in degrees" becomes valid only when the positioning control is started.
In the continuous positioning control and continuous path control, the operation is continued with the setting set at the time of start even if the setting is changed during the operation.

| Name | Function | Buffer memory address |  | Initial |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 | value |  |
| Cd.40 ABS direction in degrees | The ABS movement direction in the unit <br> of degree is designated. <br> 0: Shortcut (direction setting invalid) <br> 1: ABS clockwise <br> 2: ABS counterclockwise | $1550+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $4350+100 \mathrm{n}$ | 0 |

(b) When the software stroke limit is valid

The positioning is carried out in a clockwise/counterclockwise direction depending on the software stroke limit range setting method.
Because of this, positioning with "shortcut control" may not be possible.
---Example-
When the current value is moved from $0^{\circ}$ to $315^{\circ}$, positioning is carried out in the clockwise direction if the software stroke limit lower limit value is $0^{\circ}$ and the upper limit value is $345^{\circ}$.


## POINT

Positioning addresses are within a range of $0^{\circ}$ to $359.99999^{\circ}$.
Use the incremental system to carry out positioning of one rotation or more.
2) Incremental system

Positioning is carried out for a designated movement amount in a designated movement direction when in the incremental system of positioning.
The movement direction is determined by the sign (+, -) of the movement amount.

- For a positive (+) movement direction ..Clockwise
- For a negative (-) movement direction ..Counterclockwise


## POINT

Positioning of $360^{\circ}$ or more can be carried out with the incremental system.
At this time, set as shown below to invalidate the software stroke limit.
[Software stroke limit upper limit value = Software stroke limit lower limit value] Set the value within the setting range ( $0^{\circ}$ to $359.99999^{\circ}$ ).

### 9.1.6 Interpolation control

Meaning of interpolation control
In "2-axis linear interpolation control", "3-axis linear interpolation control", "4-axis linear interpolation control", "2-axis fixed-feed control", "3-axis fixed-feed control", "4-axis fixed-feed control", "2-axis speed control", "3-axis speed control", "4-axis speed control", and "2-axis circular interpolation control", control is carried out so that linear and arc paths are drawn using a motor set in two to four axis directions. This kind of control is called "interpolation control".
In interpolation control, the axis in which the control system is set is defined as the "reference axis", and the other axis is defined as the "interpolation axis".
The LD77MH controls the "reference axis" following the positioning data set in the "reference axis", and controls the "interpolation axis" corresponding to the reference axis control so that a linear or arc path is drawn.
The following table shows the reference axis and interpolation axis combinations.

| Axis definition | LD77MH4 |  | LD77MH16 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| "Da. 2 Control system" | Reference axis | Interpolation axis | Reference axis | Interpolation axis |
| 2-axis linear interpolation control <br> 2-axis fixed-feed control <br> 2-axis circular interpolation control <br> 2-axis speed control | Any of axes 1 to 4 | "Axis to be interpolated" set in reference axis | Any of axes 1 to 16 | "Axis to be interpolated No. ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ set in reference axis |
| 3-axis linear interpolation control 3-axis fixed-feed control 3 -axis speed control | Axis 1 | Axis 2, Axis 3 |  | " Axis to be interpolated No. ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ and "Axis to be interpolated No.2" set in reference axis |
|  | Axis 2 | Axis 3, Axis 4 |  |  |
|  | Axis 3 | Axis 4, Axis 1 |  |  |
|  | Axis 4 | Axis 1, Axis 2 |  |  |
| 4-axis linear interpolation control 4-axis fixed-feed control 4 -axis speed control | Axis 1 | Axis 2, Axis 3, Axis 4 |  | "Axis to be interpolated No. $1^{\prime \prime}$ " "Axis to be interpolated No.2" and "Axis to be interpolated No.3" set in reference axis |
|  | Axis 2 | Axis 3, Axis 4, Axis 1 |  |  |
|  | Axis 3 | Axis 4, Axis 1, Axis 2 |  |  |
|  | Axis 4 | Axis 1, Axis 2, Axis 3 |  |  |

Setting the positioning data during interpolation control
When carrying out interpolation control, the same positioning data Nos. are set for the "reference axis" and the "interpolation axis".
The following table shows the "positioning data" setting items for the reference axis and interpolation axis.

| Axis <br> Setting item |  |  | Reference axis setting item | Interpolation axis setting item |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | ( | - |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | Linear 2, 3, 4, Fixed-feed 2, 3, 4, <br> Circular sub, Circular right, <br> Circular left <br> Forward run speed 2, 3, 4 <br> Reverse run speed 2, 3, 4 | - |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | ( ) | - |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | (0) | - |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 | * 1 | - |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | (Forward run speed 2, 3, and 4. Reverse run speed 2, 3, and 4 not required.) | (Forward run speed 2, 3, and 4. Reverse run speed 2, 3, and 4 not required.) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | (Only during circular sub, circular right, and circular left). | (Only during circular sub, circular right, and circular left). |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | ( | (Only during forward run speed 2, 3, 4 and reverse run speed $2,3,4) .$ |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | $\bigcirc$ | - |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | $\bigcirc$ | - |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated <br> No. 1 LD77MH16 | $\bigcirc * 2$ | - |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated <br> No. 2 LD77MH16 | $\bigcirc * 2$ | - |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 | $\bigcirc * 2$ | - |

© : Setting always required
○ : Set according to requirements (Set to " - " when not used.)
$\triangle$ : Setting restrictions exist

- : Setting not required (Setting value is invalid. Use the initial value or a value within the setting range.)
*1: For 2-axis interpolation, the partner axis is set. If the self-axis is set, an error "Illegal interpolation description command (error code: 521)" will occur. For 3- and 4-axis interpolation, the axis setting is not required.
*2: The axis No. is set to axis to be interpolated No. 1 for 2-axis linear interpolation, to axis to be interpolated No. 1 and No. 2 for 3-axis linear interpolation, and to axis to be interpolated No. 1 to No. 3 for 4-axis linear interpolation.
If the self-axis is set, an error "lllegal interpolation description command (error code: 521)" will occur. The axes that are not used are not required.
*: Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

Starting the interpolation control
The positioning data Nos. of the reference axis (axis in which interpolation control was set in "Da. 2 Control system") are started when starting the interpolation control. (Starting of the interpolation axis is not required.)
The following errors or warnings will occur and the positioning will not start if both reference axis and the interpolation axis are started.

- Reference axis : Interpolation while interpolation axis BUSY (error code: 519)
- Interpolation axis : Control system setting error (error code: 524), start during operation (warning code: 100).

Interpolation control continuous positioning
When carrying out interpolation control in which "continuous positioning control" and "continuous path control" are designated in the operation pattern, the positioning method for all positioning data from the started positioning data to the positioning data in which "positioning complete" is set must be set to interpolation control.
The number of the interpolation axes and axes to be interpolated cannot be changed from the intermediate positioning data. When the number of the interpolation axes and axes to be interpolated are changed, an error "Control system setting error" (error code: 524) will occur and the positioning will stop.

## Speed during interpolation control

Either the "composite speed" or "reference axis speed" can be designated as the speed during interpolation control.
(Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method.)
Only the "Reference axis speed" can be designated in the following interpolation control.
When a "composite speed" is set and positioning is started, the "Interpolation mode error (error code: 523)" occurs, and the system will not start.

- 4-axis linear interpolation
- 2-axis speed control
- 3-axis speed control
- 4-axis speed control


## Cautions in interpolation control

(1) If either of the axes exceeds the " Pr. 8 Speed limit value" in the 2- to 4-axes speed control, the axis which exceeded the speed limit value is controlled by the speed limit value.
For the other axes which perform interpolation, the speed can be suppressed by the ratio of a command speed.
If the reference axis exceeds " Pr. 8 Speed limit value" during 2- to 4-axis linear interpolation control, 2- to 4-axis fixed-feed control or 2-axis circular interpolation control, the reference axis is controlled at the speed limit value. (The speed limit does not function on the interpolation axis side.)
(2) In 2-axis interpolation, you cannot change the combination of interpolated axes midway through operation.

## POINT

When the "reference axis speed" is set during interpolation control, set so the major axis side becomes the reference axis. If the minor axis side is set as the reference axis, the major axis side speed may exceed the " Pr. 8 Speed limit value".

## Limits to interpolation control

There are limits to the interpolation control that can be executed and speed (Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method) that can be set, depending on the " Pr. 1 Unit setting" of the reference axis and interpolation axis. (For example, circular interpolation control cannot be executed if the reference axis and interpolation axis units differ.)
The following table shows the interpolation control and speed designation limits.

| "Da. 2 Control system" interpolation control | Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method | Pr. 1 Unit setting *1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Reference axis and interpolation axis units are the same, or a combination of "mm" and "inch". *3 | Reference axis and interpolation axis units differ $* 3$ |
| Linear 2 (ABS, INC) Fixed-feed 2 | Composite speed | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ |
|  | Reference axis speed | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Circular sub (ABS, INC)Circular right (ABS, INC)Circular left (ABS, INC) | Composite speed | *2 | $\times$ |
|  | Reference axis speed | $\times$ | $\times$ |
| Linear 3 (ABS, INC) Fixed-feed 3 | Composite speed | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ |
|  | Reference axis speed | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Linear 4 (ABS, INC) Fixed-feed 4 | Composite speed | $\times$ | $\times$ |
|  | Reference axis speed | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |

$\bigcirc$ : Setting possible, $\times$ : Setting not possible.
*1: "mm" and "inch" unit mix possible.
When "mm" and "inch" are mixed, convert as follows for the positioning.

- If interpolation control units are "mm", positioning is controlled by calculating position commands from the address, travel value, positioning speed and electronic gear, which have been converted to "mm" using the formula: inch setting value $\times 25.4=\mathrm{mm}$ setting value.
- If interpolation control units are "inch", positioning is controlled by calculating position commands from the address, travel value, positioning speed and electronic gear, which have been converted to "inch" using the formula: mm setting value $\div 25.4=$ inch setting value.
*2:"degree" setting not possible. A "Circular interpolation not possible (error code: 535)" will occur and the position cannot start if circular interpolation control is set when the unit is "degree". The machine will immediately stop if "degree" is set during positioning control.
*3: The unit set in the reference axis will be used for the speed unit during control if the units differ or if "mm" and "inch" are combined.


## Axis operation status during interpolation control

"Interpolation" will be stored in the " Md. 26 Axis operation status" during interpolation control. "Standby" will be stored when the interpolation operation is terminated. Both the reference axis and interpolation axis will carry out a deceleration stop if an error occurs during control, and "Error" will be stored in the operation status.

## MEMO

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### 9.2 Setting the positioning data

### 9.2.1 Relation between each control and positioning data

The setting requirements and details for the setting items of the positioning data to be set differ according to the "Da.2 Control system".
The following table shows the positioning data setting items corresponding to the different types of control. Details and settings for the operation of each control are shown in Section 9.2.2 and subsequent sections.
(In this section, it is assumed that the positioning data setting is carried out using GX Works2.)

| Positioning data setting items |  |  | Position control |  |  | Speed control |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1-axis linear control 2-axis linear interpolation control <br> 3-axis linear interpolation control <br> 4-axis linear interpolation control | 1-axis fixed-feed control 2-axis fixed-feed control 3-axis fixed-feed control 4-axis fixed-feed control | 2-axis circular interpolation control | 1-axis, 2-axis, 3-axis, 4-axis Speed control |  |
| Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Independent positioning control (Positioning complete) | ( | ( | © | ( |  |
|  |  | Continuous positioning control | ( | ( | ( | $\times$ |  |
|  |  | Continuous path control | () | $\times$ | () | $\times$ |  |
| Da. 2 | Control system |  | Linear 1 <br> Linear 2 <br> Linear 3 <br> Linear 4 * | Fixed-feed 1 <br> Fixed-feed 2 <br> Fixed-feed 3 <br> Fixed-feed 4 | Circular sub Circular right Circular left * | Forward run speed 1 <br> Reverse run speed 1 <br> Forward run speed 2 <br> Reverse run speed 2 <br> Forward run speed 3 <br> Reverse run speed 3 <br> Forward run speed 4 <br> Reverse run speed 4 |  |
| Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. |  | ( $)$ | ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | ( $)$ | ( $)$ |  |
| Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. |  | ( | () | ( | ( |  |
| Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 |  | (o): 2-axis -: 1, 3, 4-axis |  |  |  |  |
| Da. 6 | Positioning address/movement amount |  | ( | () | ( | - |  |
| Da. 7 | Arc address |  | - | - | ( | - |  |
| Da. 8 | Command speed |  | ( | ( | ( | ( |  |
| Da. 9 | Dwell time |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |  |
| Da. 10 | M code |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |  |
| Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  | (0): 2, 3, 4-axis -: 1-axis |  |  |  |  |
| Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  | (o): 3, 4-axis -: 1, 2-axis |  |  |  |  |
| Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  | (0): 4-axis -: 1, 2,3-axis |  |  |  |  |



© : Always set
: Set according to requirements ("-" when not set)
$\times$ : Setting not possible (If setting is made, an error (error code: 516) will occur at a start.)

- : Setting not required (Setting value is invalid. Use the initial values or setting values within a range.)
* : The "ABS (absolute) system" or "INC (incremental) system" can be used for the control system.


## REMARK

- It is recommended that the "positioning data" be set whenever possible with GX Works2. Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.


### 9.2.2 1-axis linear control

In "1-axis linear control" (" Da. 2 Control system" = ABS linear 1, INC linear 1), one motor is used to carry out position control in a set axis direction.

## [1] 1-axis linear control (ABS linear 1)

## Operation chart

In absolute system 1-axis linear control, positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to the address (end point address) set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount".


Positioning data setting example
[When "1-axis linear control (ABS linear 1)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1.]

| Setting item |  |  | Setting example |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete |  | Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | ABS linear 1 |  | Set absolute system 1-axis linear control. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 |  | Designate the value set in " Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 |  | Designate the value set in " Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 |  |  | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | $8000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ |  | Set the positioning address. (Assuming "mm" is set in " Pr. 1 Unit setting".) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - |  | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | $6000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ |  | Set the speed during movement to the positioning address. |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | 500ms |  | Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal. |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 |  | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

## [2] 1-axis linear control (INC linear 1)

## Operation chart

In incremental system 1-axis linear control, positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to a position at the end of the movement amount set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount". The movement direction is determined by the sign of the movement amount.


When the start point address is 5000, and the movement amount is -7000, positioning is carried out to the -2000 position.


## Positioning data setting example

[When "1-axis linear control (INC linear 1)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

| Setting item |  |  | Setting example |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete |  | Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | INC linear 1 |  | Set incremental system 1-axis linear control. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 |  | Designate the value set in " Pr.25 Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 |  | Designate the value set in " Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 |  |  | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | -7000.0رm |  | Set the movement amount. (Assuming " mm " is set in " Pr. 1 Unit setting".) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - |  | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | $6000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ |  | Set the speed during movement. |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | 500ms |  | Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal. |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 |  | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

### 9.2.3 2-axis linear interpolation control

In "2-axis linear interpolation control" (" Da. 2 Control system" = ABS linear 2, INC linear 2), two motors are used to carry out position control in a linear path while carrying out interpolation for the axis directions set in each axis.
(Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for details on interpolation control.)

## [1] 2-axis linear interpolation control (ABS linear 2)

## Operation chart

In absolute system 2-axis linear interpolation control, the designated 2 axes are used. Linear interpolation positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to the address (end point address) set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount".


## Restrictions

An error will occur and the positioning will not start in the following cases. The machine will immediately stop if the error is detected during a positioning control.

- If the movement amount of each axis exceeds "1073741824 $\left(=2^{30}\right)$ " when " 0 : Composite speed" is set in " Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method" The "Outside linear movement amount range error (error code: 504)" occurs at a positioning start.
(The maximum movement amount that can be set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount" is "1073741824 (=230)".)

Positioning data setting example
[When "2-axis linear interpolation control (ABS linear 2)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis

Axis 1

- Interpolation axis

Axis 2 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2.)

|  |  |  | LD77MH4 setting example |  | LD77MH16 setting example |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete | - | Positioning complete | - | Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | ABS linear 2 | - | ABS linear 2 | - | Set absolute system 2-axis linear interpolation control. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 | - | 1 | - | Designate the value set in " Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 | - | 0 | - | Designate the value set in "Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 | Axis 2 | - |  | - | Set the axis to be interpolated (partner axis). If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | $10000.0$ $\qquad$ | $\begin{gathered} 4000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $10000.0$ $\mu \mathrm{m}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Set the end point address. (Assuming "mm" is set in "Pr. 1 Unit setting".) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - | - | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | 6000.00 mm/min | - | 6000.00 mm/min | - | Set the speed during movement to the end point address. |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | 500ms | - | 500ms | - | Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal. |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 | - | 10 | - | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  |  | Axis 2 | - | Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  |  | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  |  | - | - |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

## POINT

- When the "reference axis speed" is set during 2-axis linear interpolation control, set so the major axis side becomes the reference axis. If the minor axis side is set as the reference axis, the major axis side speed may exceed the "Pr. 8 Speed limit value".


## [2] 2-axis linear interpolation control (INC linear 2)

## Operation chart

In incremental system 2-axis linear interpolation control, the designated 2 axes are used. Linear interpolation positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to a position at the end of the movement amount set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount". The movement direction is determined by the sign of the movement amount.

- Positive movement amount $\qquad$ Positioning control to forward direction (Address increase direction)
- Negative movement amount Positioning control to reverse direction (Address decrease direction)




## Restrictions

An error will occur and the positioning will not start in the following cases. The machine will immediately stop if the error is detected during a positioning operation.

- If the movement amount of each axis exceeds "1073741824 $\left(=2^{30}\right)$ " when " 0 : Composite speed" is set in " Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method" The "Outside linear movement amount range error (error code: 504)" occurs at a positioning start.
(The maximum movement amount that can be set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount" is "1073741824 (=2 $\left.{ }^{30}\right)^{\prime}$.)

Positioning data setting example
[When "2-axis linear interpolation control (INC linear 2)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis

Axis 1

- Interpolation axis

Axis 2 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2.)

|  |  |  | LD77MH4 setting example |  | LD77MH16 setting example |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete | - | Positioning complete | - | Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | INC linear 2 | - | INC linear 2 | - | Set incremental system 2-axis linear interpolation control. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 | - | 1 | - | Designate the value set in " Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 | - | 0 | - | Designate the value set in "Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0 " as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 | Axis 2 | - | - |  | Set the axis to be interpolated (partner axis). If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | $9000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | -3000.0 $\mu \mathrm{m}$ | $9000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | -3000.0 $\mu \mathrm{m}$ | Set the movement amount. (Assuming "mm" is set in " Pr. 1 Unit setting".) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - | - | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | 6000.00 mm/min | - | 6000.00 mm/min | - | Set the speed during movement. |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | 500ms | - | 500ms | - | Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal. |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 | - | 10 | - | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  |  | Axis 2 | - | Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  |  | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  |  | - | - |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

## POINT

- When the "reference axis speed" is set during 2-axis linear interpolation control, set so the major axis side becomes the reference axis. If the minor axis side is set as the reference axis, the major axis side speed may exceed the " Pr. 8 Speed limit value".


### 9.2.4 3-axis linear interpolation control

In "3-axis linear interpolation control" (" Da. 2 Control system" = ABS linear 3, INC linear 3), three motors are used to carry out position control in a linear path while carrying out interpolation for the axis directions set in each axis.
(Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for details on interpolation control.)
[1] 3-axis linear interpolation control (ABS linear 3)

## Operation chart

In the absolute system 3-axis linear interpolation control, the designated 3 axes are used. Linear interpolation positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to the address (end point address) set in the " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount".


## Example

When the start point address (current stop positon) is $(1000,2000,1000)$ and the end point address (positioning address) is $(4000,8000,4000)$, positioning is carried out as follows.


## Restrictions

An error will occur and the positioning will not start in the following cases. The machine will immediately stop if the error is detected during a positioning control.

- If the movement amount of each axis exceeds "1073741824 $\left(=2^{30}\right)$ " when " 0 : Composite speed" is set in " Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method" The "Outside linear movement amount range error (error code: 504)" occurs at a positioning start.
(The maximum movement amount that can be set in "Da.6 Positioning address/movement amount" is "1073741824 (=2 $\left.{ }^{30}\right)^{\prime}$.)

Positioning data setting example
[When "3-axis linear interpolation control (ABS linear 3)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis

Axis 1

- Interpolation axis

Axis 2, Axis3 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2 and axis 3.)

|  |  |  | LD77MH4 setting example |  |  | LD77MH16 setting example |  |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) | Axis 3 <br> (interpolation <br> axis) | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) | Axis 3 (interpolation axis) |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete | - | - | Positioning complete | - | - | Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | ABS <br> linear 3 | - | - | ABS <br> linear 3 | - | - | Set absolute system 3-axis linear interpolation control. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | Designate the value set in " Pr. 25 Acceleration time $1^{\prime \prime}$ as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | Designate the value set in " Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0 " as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 | - | - | - |  |  |  | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). <br> When axis 1 is used as a reference axis, the interpolation axes are axes 2 and 3. |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | $\begin{gathered} 4000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | Set the end point address. (Assuming "mm" is set in "Pr. 1 Unit setting".) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - | - | - | - | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | 6000.00 <br> mm/min | - | - | 6000.00 <br> $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{min}$ | - | - | Set the speed during movement to the end point address. |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | 500ms | - | - | 500ms | - | - | Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal. |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 | - | - | 10 | - | - | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  |  |  | Axis 2 |  |  | Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  |  |  | Axis 3 |  |  |  |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  |  |  | - | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

## POINTS

- When the "reference axis speed" is set during 3-axis linear interpolation control, set so the major axis side becomes the reference axis. If the minor axis side is set as the reference axis, the major axis side speed may exceed the "Pr. 8 Speed limit value".
- Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for the reference axis and interpolation axis combinations.


## [2] 3-axis linear interpolation control (INC linear 3)

Operation chart
In the incremental system 3-axis linear interpolation control, the designated 3 axes are used. Linear interpolation positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to a position at the end of the movement amount set in the " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount". The movement direction is determined the sign of the movement amount.

- Positive movement amount $\qquad$ Positioning control to forward direction (Address increase direction)
- Negative movement amount $\qquad$ Positioning control to reverse direction (Address decrease direction)



## г--Example

When the axis 1 movement amount is 10000, the axis 2 movement amount is 5000 and the axis 3 movement amount is 6000, positioning is carried out as follows.


Restrictions
An error will occur and the positioning will not start in the following cases. The machine will immediately stop if the error is detected during a positioning operation.

- If the movement amount of each axis exceeds "1073741824 $\left(=2^{30}\right)$ " when " 0 : Composite speed" is set in " Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method" The "Outside linear movement amount range error (error code: 504)" occurs at a positioning start.
(The maximum movement amount that can be set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount" is "1073741824 (= $\left.2^{30}\right)^{\prime}$.)

Positioning data setting example
[When "3-axis linear interpolation control (INC linear 3)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis

Axis 1

- Interpolation axis.......... Axis 2, Axis3 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2 and axis 3 .)

|  |  |  | LD77MH4 setting example |  |  | LD77MH16 setting example |  |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) | Axis 3 (interpolation axis) | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) | Axis 3 (interpolation axis) |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete | - | - | Positioning complete | - | - | Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | INC linear 3 | - | - | INC linear 3 | - | - | Set incremental system 3-axis linear interpolation control. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | Designate the value set in "Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1 " as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | Designate the value set in " Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0 " as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 | - | - | - |  |  |  | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). <br> When axis 1 is used as a reference axis, the interpolation axes are axes 2 and 3. |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | $10000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $5000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $6000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $10000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $5000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $6000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | Set the movement amount. (Assuming "mm" is set in "Pr. 1 Unit setting".) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - | - | - | - | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | $\begin{aligned} & 6000.00 \\ & \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & 6000.00 \\ & \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | Set the speed during movement to the end point address. |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | 500ms | - | - | 500ms | - | - | Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal. |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 | - | - | 10 | - | - | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  |  |  | Axis 2 |  |  | Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  |  |  | Axis 3 |  |  |  |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  |  |  | - | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

## POINTS

- When the "reference axis speed" is set during 3-axis linear interpolation control, set so the major axis side becomes the reference axis. If the minor axis side is set as the reference axis, the major axis side speed may exceed the "Pr. 8 Speed limit value".
- Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for the reference axis and interpolation axis combinations.


### 9.2.5 4-axis linear interpolation control

In "4-axis linear interpolation control" (" Da.2 Control system" = ABS linear 4, INC linear 4), four motors are used to carry out position control in a linear path while carrying out interpolation for the axis directions set in each axis.
(Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for details on interpolation control.)
[1] 4-axis linear interpolation control (ABS linear 4)
In the absolute system 4-axis linear interpolation control, the designated 4 axes are used. Linear interpolation positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to the address (end point address) set in the " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount".

## Restrictions

An error will occur and the positioning will not start in the following cases. The machine will immediately stop if the error is detected during a positioning control.

- When the movement amount for each axis exceeds "1073741824 $\left(=2^{30}\right)$ " An "outside linear movement amount range error (error code: 504)" will occur at the positioning start.
(The maximum movement amount that can be set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount" is "1073741824 (=2 $\left.2^{30}\right)$ ".)

Positioning data setting example
[When "4-axis linear interpolation control (ABS linear 4)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis

Axis 1

- Interpolation axis.

Axis 2, Axis3, Axis4 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2 , axis 3 and axis 4 .)

|  |  |  | LD77MH4 setting example |  |  |  | LD77MH16 setting example |  |  |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Axis 1 (reference axis) | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Axis 2 } \\ \text { (interpolation } \\ \text { axis) } \end{array}$ | Axis 3 (interpolation axis) | Axis 4 (interpolation axis) | Axis 1 (reference axis) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Axis } 2 \\ \text { (interpolation } \\ \text { axis) } \end{gathered}$ | Axis 3 (interpolation axis) | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Axis } 4 \\ \text { (interpolation } \\ \text { axis) } \end{array}$ |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete | - | - | - | Positioning complete | - | - | - | Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | ABS <br> linear 4 | - | - | - | ABS linear 4 | - | - | - | Set absolute system 4axis linear interpolation control. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | Designate the value set in "Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1 " as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 | - | - | - | 0 | - | - | - | Designate the value set in "Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0 " as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). When axis 1 is used as a reference axis, the interpolation axes are axes 2, 3 and 4. |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | $\begin{gathered} 4000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | Set the end point address. (Assuming "mm" is set in "Pr. 1 Unit setting".) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | $6000.00$ $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{min}$ | - | - | - | 6000.00 $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{min}$ | - | - | - | Set the speed during movement to the end point address. |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | 500ms | - | - | - | 500ms | - | - | - | Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal. |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 | - | - | - | 10 | - | - | - | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  | Axis 2 | - | - | - | Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  | Axis 3 | - | - | - |  |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 | $\qquad$ |  |  |  | Axis 4 | - | - | - |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

## POINTS

- When the "reference axis speed" is set during 4-axis linear interpolation control, set so the major axis side becomes the reference axis. If the minor axis side is set as the reference axis, the major axis side speed may exceed the "Pr. 8 Speed limit value".
- Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for the reference axis and interpolation axis combinations.


## [2] 4-axis linear interpolation control (INC linear 4)

In the incremental system 4-axis linear interpolation control, the designated 4 axes are used. Linear interpolation positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to a position at the end of the movement amount set in the " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount". The movement direction is determined by the sign of the movement amount.

## Restrictions

An error will occur and the positioning will not start in the following cases. The machine will immediately stop if the error is detected during a positioning operation.

- When the movement amount for each axis exceeds "1073741824 $\left(=2^{30}\right)$ "

An "outside linear movement amount range error (error code: 504)" will occur at the positioning start.
(The maximum movement amount that can be set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount" is "1073741824 (=20 $)^{30}$ ".)

Positioning data setting example
[When "4-axis linear interpolation control (INC linear 4)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1 ]

- Reference axis

Axis 1

- Interpolation axis.......... Axis 2, Axis3, Axis4 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2 , axis 3 and axis 4 .)

|  |  |  | LD77MH4 setting example |  |  |  | LD77MH16 setting example |  |  |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Axis } 3 \\ \text { (interpolation } \\ \text { axis) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Axis 4 (interpolation axis) | Axis 1 <br> (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) | Axis 3 (interpolation axis) | Axis 4 (interpolation axis) |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete | - | - | - | Positioning complete | - | - | - | Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | INC linear 4 | - | - | - | INC <br> linear 4 | - | - | - | Set incremental system 4-axis linear interpolation control. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | Designate the value set in " Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1 " as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 | - | - | - | 0 | - | - | - | Designate the value set in "Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0 " as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). When axis 1 is used as a reference axis, the interpolation axes are axes 2,3 and 4. |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | $\begin{gathered} 4000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | Set the movement amount. (Assuming "mm" is set in "Pr. 1 Unit setting".) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | 6000.00 $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{min}$ | - | - | - | 6000.00 $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{min}$ | - | - | - | Set the speed during movement. |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | 500ms | - | - | - | 500ms | - | - | - | Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal. |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 | - | - | - | 10 | - | - | - | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  | Axis 2 | - | - | - | Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LDT7MH16 |  |  |  |  | Axis 3 | - | - | - |  |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  | Axis 4 | - | - | - |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

## POINT

- When the "reference axis speed" is set during 4-axis linear interpolation control, set so the major axis side becomes the reference axis. If the minor axis side is set as the reference axis, the major axis side speed may exceed the " Pr. 8 Speed limit value".
- Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for the reference axis and interpolation axis combinations.


### 9.2.6 1-axis fixed-feed control

In "1-axis fixed-feed control" (" Da. 2 Control system" = fixed-feed 1), one motor is used to carry out fixed-feed control in a set axis direction.
In fixed-feed control, any remainder of below control accuracy is rounded down to convert the movement amount designated in the positioning data into the command value to servo amplifier.

## Operation chart

In 1-axis fixed-feed control, the address ( Md. 20 Current feed value) of the current stop position (start point address) is set to " 0 ". Positioning is then carried out to a position at the end of the movement amount set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/ movement amount".
The movement direction is determined by the movement amount sign.

- Positive movement amount ..............Positioning control to forward direction (Address increase direction)
- Negative movement amount.............Positioning control to reverse direction (Address decrease direction)



## Restrictions

(1) An axis error "Continuous path control invalid (error code: 516)" will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous path control" is set in " Da. 1 Operation pattern". ("Continuous path control" cannot be set in fixedfeed control.)
(2) "Fixed-feed" cannot be set in " Da. 2 Control system" in the positioning data when "continuous path control" has been set in " Da. 1 Operation pattern" of the immediately prior positioning data. (For example, if the operation pattern of positioning data No. 1 is "continuous path control", fixed-feed control cannot be set in positioning data No. 2.) An axis error "Continuous path control invalid (error code: 516)" will occur and the machine will carry out a deceleration stop if this type of setting is carried out.

## POINT

- When the movement amount is converted to the actual number of command pulses, a fraction appears after the decimal point, according to the movement amount per pulse. This fraction is normally retained in the LD77MH and reflected at the next positioning.
For the fixed-feed control, since the movement distance is maintained constant (= the command number of pulses is maintained constant), the control is carried out after the fraction pulse is cleared to zero at start.
[Accumulation/cutoff for fractional pulses]
When movement amount per pulse is $1.0[\mu \mathrm{~m}]$ and movement for $2.5[\mu \mathrm{~m}]$ is executed two times.
$\rightarrow$ Conversion to command pulses: $2.5[\mu \mathrm{~m}] \div 1.0=2.5[P L S]$


Positioning data setting example
[When "1-axis fixed-feed control (fixed-feed 1)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

| Setting item |  |  | Setting example |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete |  | Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | Fixed-feed 1 |  | Set 1-axis fixed-feed control. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 |  | Designate the value set in " Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 |  | Designate the value set in " Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 |  |  | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | $8000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ |  | Set the positioning address. (Assuming "mm" is set in " Pr. 1 Unit setting".) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - |  | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | $6000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ |  | Set the speed during movement to the positioning address. |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | 500ms |  | Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal. |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 |  | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

### 9.2.7 2-axis fixed-feed control (interpolation)

In "2-axis fixed-feed control" (" Da. 2 Control system" = fixed-feed 2), two motors are used to carry out fixed-feed control in a linear path while carrying out interpolation for the axis directions set in each axis.
In fixed-feed control, any remainder of below control accuracy is rounded down to convert the movement amount designated in the positioning data into the command value to servo amplifier.
(Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for details on interpolation control.)

## Operation chart

In incremental system 2-axis fixed-feed control, the addresses ( Md. 20 Current feed value) of the current stop position (start addresses) of both axes are set to " 0 ". Linear interpolation positioning is then carried out from that position to a position at the end of the movement amount set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/ movement amount". The movement direction is determined by the sign of the movement amount.

- Positive movement amount ..............Positioning control to forward direction (Address increase direction)
- Negative movement amount.............Positioning control to reverse direction (Address decrease direction)


Restrictions
(1) An axis error "Continuous path control not possible (error code: 516)" will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous path control" is set in " Da. 1 Operation pattern". ("Continuous path control" cannot be set in fixedfeed control.)
(2) "Fixed-feed" cannot be set in " Da.2 Control system" in the positioning data when "continuous path control" has been set in " Da. 1 Operation pattern" of the immediately prior positioning data. (For example, if the operation pattern of positioning data No. 1 is "continuous path control", fixed-feed control cannot be set in positioning data No. 2.) An axis error "Continuous path control not possible (error code: 516)" will occur and the machine will carry out a deceleration stop if this type of setting is carried out.

## Positioning data setting example

[When "2-axis fixed-feed control (fixed-feed 2)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis $\qquad$ Axis 1
- Interpolation axis.

Axis 2 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2.)

|  |  |  | LD77MH4 setting example |  | LD77MH16 setting example |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete | - | Positioning complete | - | Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | Fixed-feed 2 | - | Fixed-feed 2 | - | Set 2-axis fixed-feed control. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 | - | 1 | - | Designate the value set in " Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 | - | 0 | - | Designate the value set in "Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0 " as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 | Axis 2 | - | - |  | Set the axis to be interpolated (partner axis). If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | $8000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $6000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $8000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $6000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | Set the positioning address. (Assuming "mm" is set in "Pr. 1 Unit setting".) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - | - | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | 6000.00 mm/min | - | 6000.00 mm/min | - | Set the speed during movement. (Designate the composite speed of reference axis speed in " Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method".) |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | 500ms | - | 500ms | - | Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal. |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 | - | 10 | - | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  |  | Axis 2 | - | Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  |  | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  |  | - | - |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

## POINTS

- When the movement amount is converted to the actual number of command pulses, a fraction appears after the decimal point, according to the movement amount per pulse. This fraction is normally retained in the LD77MH and reflected at the next positioning.
For the fixed-feed control, since the movement distance is maintained constant (= the command number of pulses is maintained constant), the control is carried out after the fraction pulse is cleared to zero at start.
[Accumulation/cutoff for fractional pulses]
When movement amount per pulse is $1.0[\mu \mathrm{~m}]$ and movement for $2.5[\mu \mathrm{~m}]$ is executed two times.
$\rightarrow$ Conversion to command pulses: $2.5[\mu \mathrm{~m}] \div 1.0=2.5$ [PLS]

- When the "reference axis speed" is set during 2-axis fixed-feed control, set so the major axis side becomes the reference axis. If the minor axis side is set as the reference axis, the major axis side speed may exceed the "Pr. 8 Speed limit value".


### 9.2.8 3-axis fixed-feed control (interpolation)

In "3-axis fixed-feed control" (" Da. 2 Control system" = fixed-feed 3), three motors are used to carry out fixed-feed control in a linear path while carrying out interpolation for the axis directions set in each axis.
In fixed-feed control, any remainder of below control accuracy is rounded down to convert the movement amount designated in the positioning data into the command value to servo amplifier.
(Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for details on interpolation control.)

## Operation chart

In incremental system 3-axis fixed-feed control, the addresses ( Md. 20 Current feed value) of the current stop position (start addresses) of every axes are set to "0". Linear interpolation positioning is then carried out from that position to a position at the end of the movement amount set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/ movement amount". The movement direction is determined by the sign of the movement amount.

- Positive movement amount $\qquad$ Positioning control to forward direction (Address increase direction)
- Negative movement amount

Positioning control to reverse direction
(Address decrease direction)


## Restrictions

(1) An axis error "Continuous path control not possible (error code: 516)" will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous path control" is set in "Da.1 Operation pattern". ("Continuous path control" cannot be set in fixed-feed control.)
(2) If the movement amount of each axis exceeds "1073741824 $\left(=2^{30}\right)$ " when " 0 : Composite speed" is set in "Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method", the "Outside linear movement amount range" (error code: 504) occurs at a positioning start and positioning cannot be started. (The maximum movement amount that can be set in "Da.6 Positioning address/movement amount" is "1073741824 (= $\left.2^{30}\right)$ ".
(3) "Fixed-feed" cannot be set in "Da.2 Control system" in the positioning data when "continuous path control" has been set in "Da. 1 Operation pattern" of the immediately prior positioning data. (For example, if the operation pattern of positioning data No. 1 is "continuous path control", fixed-feed control cannot be set in positioning data No. 2.) An axis error "Continuous path control not possible" (error code: 516) will occur and the machine will carry out a deceleration stop if this type of setting is carried out.

Positioning data setting example
[When "3-axis fixed-feed control (fixed-feed 3)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis $\qquad$ Axis 1
- Interpolation axis

Axis 2, Axis3 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2 and axis 3.)

|  |  |  | LD77MH4 setting example |  |  | LD77MH16 setting example |  |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) | Axis 3 <br> (interpolation <br> axis) | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) | Axis 3 (interpolation axis) |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete | - | - | Positioning complete | - | - | Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | Fixed-feed 3 | - | - | Fixed-feed 3 | - | - | Set 3-axis fixed-feed control. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | Designate the value set in " Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1 " as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | Designate the value set in " Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 | - | - | - |  |  |  | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). <br> When axis 1 is used as a reference axis, the interpolation axes are axes 2 and 3. |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | $\begin{gathered} 10000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | Set the positioning address. (Assuming "mm" is set in "Pr. 1 Unit setting".) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - | - | - | - | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | 6000.00 $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{min}$ | - | - | 6000.00 $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{min}$ | - | - | Set the speed during movement. |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | 500ms | - | - | 500 ms | - | - | Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal. |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 | - | - | 10 | - | - | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  |  |  | Axis 2 |  |  | Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  |  |  | Axis 3 |  |  |  |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  |  |  | - | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

## POINTS

- When the movement amount is converted to the actual number of command pulses, a fraction appears after the decimal point, according to the movement amount per pulse. This fraction is normally retained in the LD77MH and reflected at the next positioning.
For the fixed-feed control, since the movement distance is maintained constant (= the command number of pulses is maintained constant), the control is carried out after the fraction pulse is cleared to zero at start.
[Accumulation/cutoff for fractional pulses]
When movement amount per pulse is $1.0[\mu \mathrm{~m}]$ and movement for $2.5[\mu \mathrm{~m}]$ is executed two times.
$\rightarrow$ Conversion to command pulses: $2.5[\mu \mathrm{~m}] \div 1.0=2.5[P L S]$

- When the "reference axis speed" is set during 3-axis fixed-feed control, set so the major axis side becomes the reference axis. If the minor axis side is set as the reference axis, the major axis side speed may exceed the "Pr. 8 Speed limit value".
- Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for the reference axis and interpolation axis combinations.


### 9.2.9 4-axis fixed-feed control (interpolation)

In "4-axis fixed-feed control" (" Da. 2 Control system" = fixed-feed 4), four motors are used to carry out fixed-feed control in a linear path while carrying out interpolation for the axis directions set in each axis.
In fixed-feed control, any remainder of below control accuracy is rounded down to convert the movement amount designated in the positioning data into the command value to servo amplifier.
(Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for details on interpolation control.)

## Operation chart

In incremental system 4-axis fixed-feed control, the addresses ( Md. 20 Current feed value) of the current stop position (start addresses) of every axes are set to " 0 ". Linear interpolation positioning is then carried out from that position to a position at the end of the movement amount set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/ movement amount". The movement direction is determined by the sign of the movement amount.

- Positive movement amount $\qquad$ Positioning control to forward direction (Address increase direction)
- Negative movement amount. Positioning control to reverse direction (Address decrease direction)


## Restrictions

(1) An axis error "Continuous path control not possible (error code: 516)" will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous path control" is set in " Da. 1 Operation pattern". ("Continuous path control" cannot be set in fixedfeed control.)
(2) "Fixed-feed" cannot be set in " Da. 2 Control system" in the positioning data when "continuous path control" has been set in " Da. 1 Operation pattern" of the immediately prior positioning data. (For example, if the operation pattern of positioning data No. 1 is "continuous path control", fixed-feed control cannot be set in positioning data No. 2.) An axis error "Continuous path control not possible (error code: 516)" will occur and the machine will carry out a deceleration stop if this type of setting is carried out.

Positioning data setting example
[When "4-axis fixed-feed control (fixed-feed 4)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis $\qquad$ Axis 1
- Interpolation axis. Axis 2, Axis3, Axis4 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2 , axis 3 and axis 4.)

|  |  |  | LD77MH4 setting example |  |  |  | LD77MH16 setting example |  |  |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Axis 1 (reference axis) | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Axis 2 } \\ \text { (interpolation } \\ \text { axis) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Axis 3 (interpolation axis) | Axis 4 (interpolation axis) | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) | Axis 3 (interpolation axis) | Axis 4 (interpolation axis) |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete | - | - | - | Positioning complete | - | - | - | Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Fixed-feed } \\ 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | - | - | - | Fixed-feed <br> 4 | - | - | - | Set 4-axis fixed-feed control. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | Designate the value set in "Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 | - | - | - | 0 | - | - | - | Designate the value set in "Pr.10 Deceleration time 0 " as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). When axis 1 is used as a reference axis, the interpolation axes are axes 2, 3 and 4. |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | $\begin{gathered} 4000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3000.0 \\ \mu \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ | Set the positioning address. (Assuming "mm" is set in " Pr. 1 Unit setting ".) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | 6000.00 $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{min}$ | - | - | - | $6000.00$ $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{min}$ | - | - | - | Set the speed during movement. |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | 500ms | - | - | - | 500ms | - | - | - | Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal. |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 | - | - | - | 10 | - | - | - | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  | Axis 2 | - | - | - | Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  | Axis 3 | - | - | - |  |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  | Axis 4 | - | - | - |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

## POINTS

- When the movement amount is converted to the actual number of command pulses, a fraction appears after the decimal point, according to the movement amount per pulse. This fraction is normally retained in the LD77MH and reflected at the next positioning.
For the fixed-feed control, since the movement distance is maintained constant (= the command number of pulses is maintained constant), the control is carried out after the fraction pulse is cleared to zero at start.
[Accumulation/cutoff for fractional pulses]
When movement amount per pulse is $1.0[\mu \mathrm{~m}]$ and movement for $2.5[\mu \mathrm{~m}]$ is executed two times.
$\rightarrow$ Conversion to command pulses: $2.5[\mu \mathrm{~m}] \div 1.0=2.5[P L S]$

- When the "reference axis speed" is set during 4-axis fixed-feed control, set so the major axis side becomes the reference axis. If the minor axis side is set as the reference axis, the major axis side speed may exceed the " Pr. 8 Speed limit value".
- Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for the reference axis and interpolation axis combinations.


### 9.2.10 2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation

In "2-axis circular interpolation control" (" Da.2 Control system" = ABS circular sub,
INC circular sub), two motors are used to carry out position control in an arc path passing through designated sub points, while carrying out interpolation for the axis directions set in each axis.
(Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for details on interpolation control.)

## [1] 2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation (ABS circular sub)

Operation chart
In the absolute system, 2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation, positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to the address (end point address) set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/ movement amount", in an arc path that passes through the sub point address set in " Da. 7 Arc address".

The resulting control path is an arc having as its center the intersection point of perpendicular bisectors of a straight line between the start point address (current stop position) and sub point address (arc address), and a straight line between the sub point address (arc address) and end point address (positioning address).


## Restrictions

(1) 2-axis circular interpolation control cannot be set in the following cases.

- When "degree" is set in " Pr. 1 Unit setting"
- When the units set in " Pr. 1 Unit setting" are different for the reference axis and interpolation axis. ("mm" and "inch" combinations are possible.)
- When "reference axis speed" is set in " Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method"
(2) An error will occur and the positioning start will not be possible in the following cases. The machine will immediately stop if the error is detected during positioning control.
- When the radius exceeds " $536870912\left(=2^{29}\right)$ ". (The maximum radius for which circular interpolation control is possible is "536870912 $\left(=2^{29}\right)$ "
... An error "Outside radius range (error code: 544)" will occur at positioning start.
- When the center point address is outside the range of " $-2147483648\left(-2^{31}\right)$ to $2147483647\left(2^{31}-1\right) "$
... A "Sub point setting error" (error code: 525) will occur at positioning start.
- When the start point address is the same as the end point address
... An "End point setting error" (error code: 526) will occur.
- When the start point address is the same as the sub point address
... A "Sub point setting error" (error code: 525) will occur.
- When the end point address is the same as the sub point address
... A "Sub point setting error" (error code: 525) will occur.
- When the start point address, sub point address, and end point address are in a straight line
... A "Sub point setting error" (error code: 525) will occur.


## Positioning data setting example

[When "2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation (ABS circular sub)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis $\qquad$ Axis 1
- Interpolation axis.

Axis 2 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2.)

|  |  |  | LD77MH4 setting example |  | LD77MH16 setting example |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete | - | Positioning complete | - | Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | ABS circular sub | - | ABS circular sub | - | Set absolute system, 2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 | - | 1 | - | Designate the value set in " Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 | - | 0 | - | Designate the value set in "Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 | Axis 2 | - |  |  | Set the axis to be interpolated (partner axis). If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | $8000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $6000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $8000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $6000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | Set the positioning address. (Assuming "mm" is set in " Pr. 1 Unit setting".) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | $4000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $3000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $4000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $3000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | Set the sub point address. (Assuming that the "Pr. 1 Unit setting" is set to "mm".) |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | 6000.00 mm/min | - | $6000.00$ mm/min | - | Set the speed when moving to the end point address. (Designate the composite speed in " Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method".) |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | 500ms | - | 500ms | - | Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal. |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 | - | 10 | - | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  |  | Axis 2 | - | Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  |  | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  |  | - | - |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

## POINT <br> Set a value in " Da. 8 Command speed" so that the speed of each axis does not exceed the " Pr. 8 Speed limit value". (The speed limit does not function for the speed calculated by the LD77MH during interpolation control.)

## [2] 2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation (INC circular sub)

Operation chart
In the incremental system, 2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation, positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to a position at the end of the movement amount set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount" in an arc path that passes through the sub point address set in " Da. 7 Arc address". The movement direction depends on the sign (+ or -) of the movement amount.
The resulting control path is an arc having as its center the intersection point of perpendicular bisectors of the straight line between the start point address (current stop position) and sub point address (arc address) calculated from the movement amount to the sub point, and a straight line between the sub point address (arc address) and end point address (positioning address) calculated from the movement amount to the end point.


Restrictions
(1) 2-axis circular interpolation control cannot be set in the following cases.

- When "degree" is set in " Pr. 1 Unit setting"
- When the units set in " Pr. 1 Unit setting" are different for the reference axis and interpolation axis. ("mm" and "inch" combinations are possible.)
- When "reference axis speed" is set in " Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method"
(2) An error will occur and the positioning start will not be possible in the following cases. The machine will immediately stop if the error is detected during positioning control.
- When the radius exceeds "536870912 (=2 $\left.{ }^{29}\right)$ ". (The maximum radius for which circular interpolation control is possible is "536870912 $\left(=2^{29}\right)$ "
... An error "Outside radius range (error code: 544)" will occur at positioning start.
- When the sub point address is outside the range of " $-2147483648\left(-2^{31}\right)$ to $2147483647\left(2^{31}-1\right){ }^{\prime \prime}$
... A "Sub point setting error" (error code: 525) will occur.
- When the end point address is outside the range of " $-2147483648\left(-2^{31}\right)$ to $2147483647\left(2^{31}-1\right) "$
... An "End point setting error" (error code: 526) will occur.
- When the center point address is outside the range of " $-2147483648\left(-2^{31}\right)$ to $2147483647\left(2^{31}-1\right) "$
... An "Sub point setting error" (error code: 525) will occur at positioning start.
- When the start point address is the same as the end point address
... An "End point setting error" (error code: 526) will occur.
- When the start point address is the same as the sub point address
... A "Sub point setting error" (error code: 525) will occur.
- When the end point address is the same as the sub point address
... A "Sub point setting error" (error code: 525) will occur.
- When the start point address, sub point address, and end point address are in a straight line
... A "Sub point setting error" (error code: 525) will occur.


## Positioning data setting example

[When "2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation (INC circular sub)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis $\qquad$ Axis 1
- Interpolation axis.

Axis 2 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2.)

|  |  |  | LD77MH4 <br> setting example |  | LD77MH16 setting example |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete | - | Positioning complete | - | Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | INC circular sub | - | INC circular sub | - | Set incremental system, 2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 | - | 1 | - | Designate the value set in " Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 | - | 0 | - | Designate the value set in "Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 | Axis 2 | - |  | $1$ | Set the axis to be interpolated (partner axis). If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | $8000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $6000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $8000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $6000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | Set the movement amount. (Assuming that the "Pr. 1 Unit setting" is set to "mm".) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | $4000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $3000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $4000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $3000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | Set the sub point address. (Assuming that the "Pr. 1 Unit setting" is set to "mm".) |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | 6000.00 mm/min | - | $6000.00$ mm/min | - | Set the speed during movement. (Designate the composite speed in " Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method".) |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | 500ms | - | 500ms | - | Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal. |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 | - | 10 | - | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  |  | Axis 2 | - | Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  |  | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  |  | - | - |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

## POINT <br> Set a value in " Da. 8 Command speed" so that the speed of each axis does not exceed the " Pr. 8 Speed limit value". (The speed limit does not function for the speed calculated by the LD77MH during interpolation control.)

### 9.2.11 2-axis circular interpolation control with center point designation

In "2-axis circular interpolation control" (" Da. 2 Control system" = ABS circular right, INC circular right, $A B S$ circular left, INC circular left), two motors are used to carry out position control in an arc path having an arc address as a center point, while carrying out interpolation for the axis directions set in each axis.
(Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for details on interpolation control.)
The following table shows the rotation directions, arc center angles that can be controlled, and positioning paths for the different control systems.

| Control system | Rotation direction | Arc center angle that can be controlled | Positioning path |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ABS circular right |  | $0^{\circ}<\theta \leq 360^{\circ}$ |  |
| INC circular right |  |  |  |
| ABS circular left | Counterclockwise |  |  |
| INC circular left |  |  | (current stop position) |

## Circular interpolation error compensation

In circular interpolation control with center point designation, the arc path calculated from the start point address and center point address may deviate from the position of the end point address set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount".
(Refer to " Pr. 41 Allowable circular interpolation error width".)
(1) Calculated error < " Pr. 41 Allowable circular interpolation error width"

Circular interpolation control to the set end point address is carried out while the error compensation is carried out. (This is called "spiral interpolation".)


In circular interpolation control with center point designation, an angular velocity is calculated on the assumption that operation is carried out at a command speed on the arc using the radius calculated from the start point address and center point address, and the radius is compensated in proportion to the angular velocity deviated from that at the start point.
Thus, when there is a difference (error) between a radius calculated from the start point address and center point address (start point radius) and a radius calculated from the end point address and center point address (end point radius), the composite speed differs from the command speed as follows.

* Start point radius > End point radius: As compared with the speed without error, the speed becomes slower as end point address is reached.
* Start point radius < End point radius: As compared with the speed without error, the speed becomes faster as end point address is reached.
(2) Calculated error > " Pr. 41 Allowable circular interpolation error width"

At the positioning start, an error "Outside circular interpolation error allowable limit" (error code: 506) will occur and the control will not start. The machine will immediately stop if the error is detected during positioning control.

## [1] 2-axis circular interpolation control with center point designation (ABS circular right, ABS circular left)

## Operation chart

In the absolute system, 2-axis circular interpolation control with center point designation positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to the address (end point address) set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/ movement amount", in an arc path having as its center the address (arc address) of the center point set in " Da. 7 Arc address".


Positioning of a complete round with a radius from the start point address to the arc center point can be carried out by setting the end point address (positioning address) to the same address as the start point address.


In circular interpolation control with center point designation, an angular velocity is calculated on the assumption that operation is carried out at a command speed on the arc using the radius calculated from the start point address and center point address, and the radius is compensated in proportion to the angular velocity deviated from that at the start point.
Thus, when there is a difference (error) between a radius calculated from the start point address and center point address (start point radius) and a radius calculated from the end point address and center point address (end point radius), the composite speed differs from the command speed as follows.

* Start point radius > End point radius: As compared with the speed without error, the speed becomes slower as end point address is reached.
* Start point radius < End point radius: As compared with the speed without error, the speed becomes faster as end point address is reached.

Restrictions
(1) 2-axis circular interpolation control cannot be set in the following cases.

- When "degree" is set in " Pr. 1 Unit setting"
- When the units set in " Pr. 1 Unit setting" are different for the reference axis and interpolation axis. ("mm" and "inch" combinations are possible.)
- When "reference axis speed" is set in " Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method"
(2) An error will occur and the positioning start will not be possible in the following cases. The machine will immediately stop if the error is detected during positioning control.
- When the radius exceeds "536870912 (=2 $\left.{ }^{29}\right)$ ". (The maximum radius for which circular interpolation control is possible is "536870912 $\left(=2^{29}\right)$ "
... An error "Outside radius range" (error code: 544)" will occur at positioning start.
- When the start point address is the same as the center point address
... A "Center point setting error" (error code: 527) will occur.
- When the end point address is the same as the center point address
... A "Center point setting error" (error code: 527) will occur.
- When the center point address is outside the range of $-2147483648\left(-2^{31}\right)$ to 2147483647 ( $2^{31}-1$ )
... A "Center point setting error" (error code: 527) will occur.

Positioning data setting examples
[When "2-axis circular interpolation control with center point designation (ABS circular right, ABS circular left)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis $\qquad$ Axis 1
- Interpolation axis.......... Axis 2 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2.)

|  |  |  | LD77MH4 setting example |  | LD77MH16 setting example |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 <br> (interpolation axis) | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete | - | Positioning complete | - | Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | ABS circular right ABS circular left | - | ABS circular right ABS circular left | - | Set absolute system, 2-axis circular interpolation control with center point designation. (Select clockwise or counterclockwise according to the control.) |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 | - | 1 | - | Designate the value set in "Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 | - | 0 | - | Designate the value set in "Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 | Axis 2 | - |  |  | Set the axis to be interpolated (partner axis). If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | $8000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $6000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $8000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $6000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | Set the positioning address. (Assuming "mm" is set in " Pr. 1 Unit setting".) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | $4000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $3000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $4000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $3000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | Set the arc address (center point address). (Assuming that the "Pr. 1 Unit setting" is set to "mm".) |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | 6000.00 mm/min | - | 6000.00 mm/min | - | Set the speed when moving to the end point address. (Designate the composite speed in <br> "Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method".) |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | 500ms | - | 500ms | - | Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal. |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 | - | 10 | - | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  |  | Axis 2 | - | Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated <br> No. 2 LD77MH16 |  |  | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  |  | - | - |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

| POINT |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Set a value in " Da. 8 Command speed" so that the speed of each axis does not exceed the " Pr. 8 Speed limit value". (The speed limit does not function for the speed calculated by the LD77MH during interpolation control.) |  |

## [2] 2-axis circular interpolation control with center point designation (INC circular right, INC circular left)

## Operation chart

In the incremental system, 2-axis circular interpolation control with center point designation, positioning is carried out from the current stop position (start point address) to a position at the end of the movement amount set in " Da. 6

Positioning address/movement amount", in an arc path having as its center the address (arc address) of the center point set in " Da. 7 Arc address".


Positioning of a complete round with a radius of the distance from the start point address to the arc center point can be carried out by setting the movement amount to "0".


In circular interpolation control with center point designation, an angular velocity is calculated on the assumption that operation is carried out at a command speed on the arc using the radius calculated from the start point address and center point address, and the radius is compensated in proportion to the angular velocity deviated from that at the start point.
Thus, when there is a difference (error) between a radius calculated from the start point address and center point address (start point radius) and a radius calculated from the end point address and center point address (end point radius), the composite speed differs from the command speed as follows.

* Start point radius > End point radius: As compared with the speed without error, the speed becomes slower as end point address is reached.
* Start point radius < End point radius: As compared with the speed without error, the speed becomes faster as end point address is reached.


## Restrictions

(1) 2-axis circular interpolation control cannot be set in the following cases.

- When "degree" is set in " Pr. 1 Unit setting"
- When the units set in " Pr. 1 Unit setting" are different for the reference axis and interpolation axis. ("mm" and "inch" combinations are possible.)
- When "reference axis speed" is set in " Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method"
(2) An error will occur and the positioning start will not be possible in the following cases. The machine will immediately stop if the error is detected during positioning control.
- When the radius exceeds " $536870912\left(=2^{29}\right)$ ". (The maximum radius for which circular interpolation control is possible is "536870912 $\left(=2^{29}\right)$ "
... An "Outside radius range" (error code: 544) will occur at positioning start.
- When the end point address is outside the range of $-2147483648\left(-2^{31}\right)$ to $2147483647\left(2^{31}-1\right)$
... An "End point setting error" (error code: 526) will occur.
- When the start point address is the same as the center point address
... A "Center point setting error" (error code: 527) will occur.
- When the end point address is the same as the center point address
... A "Center point setting error" (error code: 527) will occur.
- When the center point address is outside the range of $-2147483648\left(-2^{31}\right)$ to 2147483647 ( $2^{31}-1$ )
... A "Center point setting error" (error code: 527) will occur.

Positioning data setting examples
[When "2-axis circular interpolation control with center point designation (INC circular right, INC circular left)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis. Axis 1
- Interpolation axis.......... Axis 2 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2.)

|  |  |  | LD77MH4 setting example |  | LD77MH16 setting example |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete | - | Positioning complete | - | Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | INC circular right INC circular left | - | INC circular right INC circular left | - | Set incremental system, 2-axis circular interpolation control with center point designation. (Select clockwise or counterclockwise according to the control.) |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 | - | 1 | - | Designate the value set in "Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 | - | 0 | - | Designate the value set in "Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 | Axis 2 | - |  |  | Set the axis to be interpolated (partner axis). If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | $8000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $6000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $8000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $6000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | Set the movement amount. (Assuming that the "Pr. 1 Unit setting" is set to "mm".) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | $4000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $3000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $4000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | $3000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | Set the center point address (center point address). (Assuming that the "Pr. 1 Unit setting" is set to "mm".) |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | 6000.00 mm/min | - | 6000.00 mm/min | - | Set the speed when moving to the end point address. (Designate the composite speed in <br> " Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method".) |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | 500ms | - | 500ms | - | Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) to the output of the positioning complete signal. |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 | - | 10 | - | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  |  | Axis 2 | - | Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  |  | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  |  | - | - |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

| POINT |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Set a value in " Da. 8 Command speed" so that the speed of each axis does not exceed the " Pr. 8 Speed limit value". (The speed limit does not function for the speed calculated by the LD77MH during interpolation control.) |  |

### 9.2.12 1-axis speed control

In "1-axis speed control" (" Da. 2 Control system" = Forward run: speed 1, Reverse run: speed 1), control is carried out in the axis direction in which the positioning data has been set by continuously outputting pulses for the speed set in "Da. 8 Command speed" until the input of a stop command.
The two types of 1-axis speed control are "Forward run: speed 1 " in which the control starts in the forward run direction, and "Reverse run: speed 1" in which control starts in the reverse run direction.

Operation chart
The following chart shows the operation timing for 1 -axis speed control with axis 1 as the reference axis.
The "in speed control" flag ( Md. 31 Status: b0) is turned ON during speed control. The "Positioning complete signal" is not turned ON.


Fig.9.9 1-axis speed control operation timing

Current feed value during 1-axis speed control
The following table shows the " Md. 20 Current feed value" during 1-axis speed control corresponding to the " Pr. 21 Current feed value during speed control" settings.

| Pr. 21 Current feed value during speed control" setting | Md. 20 Current feed value |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0: Do not update current feed value | The current feed value at speed control start is maintained. |
| 1: Update current feed value | The current feed value is updated. |
| 2: Zero clear current feed value | The current feed value is fixed at 0 . |


(a) Current feed value not updated

(b) Current feed value updated

(c) Current feed value zero cleared

## Restrictions

(1) Set "Positioning complete" in " Da. 1 Operation pattern". An axis error "Continuous path control not possible (error code: 516)" will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control" is set in " Da. 1 Operation pattern".
("Continuous positioning control" and "continuous path control" cannot be set in speed control.)
(2) Set the WITH mode in " Pr. 18 M code ON signal output timing" when using an M code. The M code will not be output, and the M code ON signal will not turn ON if the AFTER mode is set.
(3) An error "No command speed (error code: 503)" will occur if the current speed $(-1)$ is set in " Da. 8 Command speed".
(4) The software stroke limit check will not carried out if the control unit is set to "degree".

Positioning data setting examples
[When "1-axis speed control (forward run: speed 1)" is set in the positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

| Setting item |  |  | Setting example |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |
| レ.on ełep 6uluou!usod l s!̣甘 | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete |  | Setting other than "Positioning complete" is not possible in speed control. |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | Forward run speed 1 |  | Set 1-axis speed control. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 |  | Designate the value set in "Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 |  | Designate the value set in " Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 |  |  | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | - |  |  |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - |  |  |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | $6000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ |  | Set the speed to be commanded. |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | - |  | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 |  | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. (" Pr. 18 M code ON signal output timing" setting only possible in the WITH mode.) |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 | $7$ | - |  |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  |  |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

### 9.2.13 2-axis speed control

In "2-axis speed control" (" Da. 2 Control system" = Forward run: speed 2, Reverse run: speed 2), control is carried out in the 2-axis direction in which the positioning data has been set by continuously outputting pulses for the speed set in "Da. 8 Command speed" until the input of a stop command.
The two types of 2-axis speed control are "Forward run: speed 2" in which the control starts in the forward run direction, and "Reverse run: speed 2 " in which control starts in the reverse run direction.
(Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for the combination of the reference axis with the interpolation axis.)

Operation chart
The following chart shows the operation timing for 2-axis (axes 1 and 2) speed control with axis 1 as the reference axis. The "in speed control" flag ( Md. 31 Status: b0) is turned ON during speed control.
The "positioning complete signal" is not turned ON.


Fig. 9.10 2-axis speed control operation timing

Current feed value during 2-axis speed control
The following table shows the " Md. 20 Current feed value" during 2-axis speed control corresponding to the " Pr. 21 Current feed value during speed control" settings. (Note that the reference axis setting values are used for parameters.)

| Pr. 21 <br> Current feed value during speed <br> control" setting | Md. 20 <br> Current feed value |
| :--- | :--- |
| 0: Do not update current feed value | The current feed value at speed control start <br> is maintained. |
| 1: Update current feed value | The current feed value is updated. |
| 2: Zero clear current feed value | The current feed value is fixed at 0. |


(a) Current feed value not updated

(b) Current feed value updated

(c) Current feed value zero cleared

## Restrictions

(1) Set "Positioning complete" in " Da. 1 Operation pattern". An axis error "Continuous path control not possible (error code: 516)" will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control" is set. ("Continuous positioning control" and "continuous path control" cannot be set in speed control.)
(2) Set the WITH mode in " Pr. 18 M code ON signal output timing" when using an M code. The M code will not be output, and the M code ON signal will not turn ON if the AFTER mode is set.
(3) Set the "reference axis speed" in " Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method". An "Interpolation mode error (error code: 523)" will occur and the operation cannot start if a composite speed is set.
(4) When either of two axes exceeds the speed limit, that axis is controlled with the speed limit value. The speeds of the other axes are limited at the ratios of "Da. 8 Command speed".
(Examples)

|  | Axis | Axis 1 setting | Axis 2 setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Setting item |  |  |  |
| Pr. 8 | Speed limit <br> value | $4000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ | $5000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ |
| Da.8 | Command <br> speed | $8000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ | $6000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ |

With the settings shown above, the operation speed in speed control is as follows.
Axis 1: $4000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ (Speed is limited by Pr. 8 ).
Axis 2: $3000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ (Speed is limited at an ratio of an axis 1 command speed to an axis 2 command speed).
(Note): Operation runs at speed 1 when a reference axis speed is less than 1 as a result of speed limit.
In addition, when "Pr. 7 Bias speed at start" is set, the set value will be the minimum speed.
(5) An error "No command speed (error code: 503)" occurs if a current speed (-1) is set in "Da. 8 Command speed".
(6) The software stroke limit check is not carried out when the control unit is set to "degree".

Positioning data setting examples
[When "2-axis speed control (forward run: speed 2)" is set in the positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis

Axis 1

- Interpolation axis.......... Axis 2 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2.)

|  |  |  | LD77MH4 setting example |  | LD77MH16 setting example |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete | - | Positioning complete | - | Setting other than "Positioning complete" is not possible in speed control. |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | Forward run speed 2 | - | Forward run speed 2 | - | Set 2-axis speed control. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 | - | 1 | - | Designate the value set in " Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 | - | 0 | - | Designate the value set in "Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 | Axis 2 | - |  |  | Set the axis to be interpolated (partner axis). If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | - | - | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - | - | - | - |  |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | 6000.00 mm/min | 3000.00 mm/min | 6000.00 mm/min | 3000.00 $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{min}$ | Set the speed to be commanded. |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | - | - | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 | - | 10 | - | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. ("Pr. 18 M code ON signal output timing" setting only possible in the WITH mode.) |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  |  | Axis 2 | - | Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  |  | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  |  | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

### 9.2.14 3-axis speed control

In "3-axis speed control" (" Da. 2 Control system" = Forward run: speed 3, Reverse run: speed 3), control is carried out in the 3-axis direction in which the positioning data has been set by continuously outputting pulses for the speed set in " Da. 8 Command speed" until the input of a stop command.
The two types of 3-axis speed control are "Forward run: speed 3" in which the control starts in the forward run direction, and "Reverse run: speed 3" in which control starts in the reverse run direction.
(Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for the combination of the reference axis with the interpolation axes.)

Operation chart
The following chart shows the operation timing for 3 -axis (axes 1,2 , and 3 ) speed control with axis 1 as the reference axis.
The "in speed control" flag (Md. 31 Status: b0) is turned ON during speed control. The "positioning complete signal" is not turned ON.


Fig. 9.11 3-axis speed control operation timing

Current feed value during 3-axis speed control
The following table shows the " Md. 20 Current feed value" during 3-axis speed control corresponding to the " Pr. 21 Current feed value during speed control" settings. (Note that the reference axis setting values are used for parameters.)

| Pr. 21 Current feed value during speed control" setting | Md. 20 Current feed value |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0: Do not update current feed value | The current feed value at speed control start is maintained. |
| 1: Update current feed value | The current feed value is updated. |
| 2: Zero clear current feed value | The current feed value is fixed at 0 . |


(a) Current feed value not updated

(b) Current feed value updated

(c) Current feed value zero cleared

## Restrictions

(1) Set "Positioning complete" in " Da. 1 Operation pattern". An axis error "Continuous path control not possible (error code: 516)" will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control" is set. ("Continuous positioning control" and "continuous path control" cannot be set in speed control.)
(2) Set the WITH mode in " Pr. 18 M code ON signal output timing" when using an $M$ code. The $M$ code will not be output, and the $M$ code ON signal will not turn ON if the AFTER mode is set.
(3) Set the "reference axis speed" in " Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method". An "Interpolation mode error (error code: 523)" will occur and the operation cannot start if a composite speed is set.
(4) When either of three axes exceeds the speed limit, that axis is controlled with the speed limit value. The speeds of the other axes are limited at the ratios of "Da. 8 Command speed".
(Examples)

|  | Axis | Axis 1 setting | Axis 2 setting | Axis 3 setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Setting item | Speed limit <br> value | $4000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ | $5000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ | $6000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ |
| Pr.8 | Command <br> speed | $8000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ | $6000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ | $4000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ |
| Da.8 |  |  |  |  |

With the settings shown above, the operation speed in speed control is as follows.
Axis 1: $4000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ (Speed is limited by Pr. 8 ).
Axis 2: $3000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ (Speed is limited at ratios in axes 1, 2, and 3 command speeds).
Axis 3: $2000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ (Speed is limited at ratios in axes 1, 2, and 3 command speeds).
(Note): Operation runs at speed 1 when a reference axis speed is less than 1 as a result of speed limit. In addition, when "Pr.7 Bias speed at start" is set, the set value will be the minimum speed.
(5) An error "No command speed (error code: 503)" will occur if a current speed $(-1)$ is set in "Da. 8 Command speed".
(6) The software stroke limit check is not carried out when the control unit is set to "degree".

Positioning data setting examples
[When " 3 -axis speed control (forward run: speed 3 )" is set in the positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis

Axis 1

- Interpolation axis.......... Axis 2, Axis 3 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2 and axis 3 .)

|  |  |  | LD77MH4 setting example |  |  | LD77MH16 setting example |  |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Axis 1 (reference axis) | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Axis } 2 \\ \text { (interpolation } \\ \text { axis) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Axis } 3 \\ \text { (interpolation } \\ \text { axis) } \end{gathered}$ | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Axis } 3 \\ \text { (interpolation } \\ \text { axis) } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| レ. ON Efep bu!uou! | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete | - | - | Positioning complete | - | - | Setting other than "Positioning complete" is not possible in speed control. |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | Forward run speed 3 | - | - | Forward run speed 3 | - | - | Set 3-axis speed control. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | Designate the value set in "Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | Designate the value set in " Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 | - | - | - |  |  |  | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). <br> When axis 1 is used as a reference axis, the interpolation axes are axes 2 and 3. |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | - | - | - | - | - | - | Setting not required (setting value |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | 6000.00 mm/min | 3000.00 <br> mm/min | 2000.00 $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{min}$ | 6000.00 mm/min | 3000.00 $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{min}$ | 2000.00 $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{min}$ | Set the speed to be commanded. |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | - | - | - | - | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 | - | - | 10 | - | - | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. (" Pr. 18 M code ON signal output timing" setting only possible in the WITH mode.) |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  |  |  | Axis 2 |  |  | Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  |  |  | Axis 3 |  |  |  |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  |  |  | - | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

### 9.2.15 4-axis speed control

In "4-axis speed control" (" Da. 2 Control system" = Forward run: speed 4, Reverse run: speed 4), control is carried out in the 4-axis direction in which the positioning data has been set by continuously outputting pulses for the speed set in "Da. 8 Command speed" until the input of a stop command.
The two types of 4-axis speed control are "Forward run: speed 4" in which the control starts in the forward run direction, and "Reverse run: speed 4" in which control starts in the reverse run direction.
(Refer to Section 9.1.6 "Interpolation control" for the combination of the reference axis with the interpolation axes.)

Operation chart
The following chart shows the operation timing for 4 -axis speed control with axis 1 as the reference axis.

The "in speed control" flag (Md. 31 Status: b0) is turned ON during speed control.
The "positioning complete signal" is not turned ON.


Fig. 9.12 4-axis speed control operation timing

Current feed value during 4-axis speed control
The following table shows the " Md. 20 Current feed value" during 4-axis speed control corresponding to the " Pr. 21 Current feed value during speed control" settings. (Note that the reference axis setting values are used for parameters.)

| Pr. 21 Current feed value during speed control" setting | Md. 20 Current feed value |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0: Do not update current feed value | The current feed value at speed control start is maintained. |
| 1: Update current feed value | The current feed value is updated. |
| 2: Zero clear current feed value | The current feed value is fixed at 0 . |


(a) Current feed value not updated

(b) Current feed value updated

(c) Current feed value zero cleared

## Restrictions

(1) Set "Positioning complete" in " Da. 1 Operation pattern". An axis error "Continuous path control not possible (error code: 516)" will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control" is set. ("Continuous positioning control" and "continuous path control" cannot be set in speed control.)
(2) Set the WITH mode in " Pr. 18 M code ON signal output timing" when using an $M$ code. The $M$ code will not be output, and the $M$ code ON signal will not turn ON if the AFTER mode is set.
(3) Set the "reference axis speed" in " Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method". An "Interpolation mode error (error code: 523)" will occur and the operation cannot start if a composite speed is set.
(4) When either of four axes exceeds the speed limit, that axis is controlled with the speed limit value. The speeds of the other axes are limited at the ratios of "Da. 8 Command speed ".
(Examples)

|  |  | Axis 1 setting | Axis 2 setting | Axis 3 setting | Axis 4 setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pr. 8 | Speed limit value | $\underset{\mathrm{min}}{4000.00 \mathrm{~mm} /}$ | $5000.00 \mathrm{~mm} /$ min | $\underset{\mathrm{min}}{6000.00 \mathrm{~mm} /}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \\ \mathrm{min} \end{gathered}$ |
| Da. 8 | Command speed | $\begin{gathered} 8000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \\ \mathrm{min} \end{gathered}$ | $6000.00 \mathrm{~mm} /$ min | $\underset{\mathrm{min}}{4000.00 \mathrm{~mm} /}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1500.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \\ \mathrm{min} \end{gathered}$ |

With the settings shown above, the operation speed in speed control is as follows.
Axis 1: $4000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ (Speed is limited by Pr. 8 ).
Axis 2: $3000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ (Speed is limited at ratios in axes 1, 2, 3 and 4 command speeds).
Axis 3: $2000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ (Speed is limited at ratios in axes 1, 2, 3 and 4 command speeds).
Axis 4: $750.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ (Speed is limited at ratios in axes $1,2,3$ and 4 command speeds).
(Note): Operation runs at speed 1 when a reference axis speed is less than 1 as a result of speed limit. In addition, when "Pr. 7 Bias speed at start" is set, the set value will be the minimum speed.
(5) An error "No command speed (error code: 503)" will occur if a current speed $(-1)$ is set in "Da. 8 Command speed".
(6) The software stroke limit check is not carried out when the control unit is set to "degree".

Positioning data setting examples
[When "4-axis speed control (forward run: speed 4)" is set in the positioning data
No. 1 of axis 1]

- Reference axis

Axis 1

- Interpolation axis.......... Axis 2 to Axis 4 (The required values are also set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 2 to axis 4 .)

| Setting item |  |  | LD77MH4 setting example |  |  |  | LD77MH16 setting example |  |  |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Axis } 3 \\ \text { (interpolation } \\ \text { axis) } \end{array}$ | Axis 4 (interpolation axis) | Axis 1 (reference axis) | Axis 2 (interpolation axis) | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Axis } 3 \\ \text { (interpolation } \\ \text { axis) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Axis } 4 \\ \text { (interpolation } \\ \text { axis) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete | - | - | - | Positioning complete | - | - | - | Setting other than "Positioning complete" is not possible in speed control. |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | Forward run speed 4 | - | - | - | Forward run speed 4 | - | - | - | Set 4-axis speed control. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | Designate the value set in "Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1 " as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 | - | - | - | 0 | - | - | - | Designate the value set in "Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0 " as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). <br> When axis 1 is used as a reference axis, the interpolation axes are axes 2, 3 and 4. |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | $\begin{aligned} & 6000.00 \\ & \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3000.00 \\ & \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2000.00 \\ & \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1000.00 \\ & \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6000.00 \\ & \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3000.00 \\ & \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2000.00 \\ & \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1000.00 \\ & \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min} \end{aligned}$ | Set the speed to be commanded. |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 | - | - | - | 10 | - | - | - | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. ("Pr. 18 M code ON signal output timing " setting only possible in the WITH mode.) |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  | Axis 2 | - | - | - | Set the axis to be interpolated. If the self-axis is set, an error will occur. |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  | Axis 3 | - | - | - |  |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  | Axis 4 | - | - | - |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

### 9.2.16 Speed-position switching control (INC mode)

In "speed-position switching control (INC mode)" (" Da. 2 Control system = Forward run: speed/position, Reverse run: speed/position), the pulses of the speed set in " Da. 8 Command speed" are kept output on the axial direction set to the positioning data. When the "speed-position switching signal" is input, position control of the movement amount set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount" is exercised.
"Speed-position switching control (INC mode)" is available in two different types: "forward run: speed/position" which starts the axis in the forward run direction and "reverse run: speed/position" which starts the axis in the reverse run direction.

Use the detailed parameter 1 "Pr. 81 Speed-position function selection" with regard to the choice for "speed-position switching control (INC mode)".

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details |  | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Speed- <br> position <br> function <br> selection | 0 | Speed-position switching control <br> (INC mode) | 34+150n |  |

(Note): If the set value is other than 0 and 2 , it is regarded as 0 and operation is performed in the INC mode. For details of the setting, refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters".

Switching over from speed control to position control
(1) The control is switched over from speed control to position control by executing the external command signal set in "speed-position switching signal".
(2) Besides setting the positioning data, the " Cd. 24 Speed-position switching enable flag" must also be turned ON to switch over from speed control to position control. (If the "Cd. 24 Speed-position switching enable flag" turns ON after the speed-position switching signal turns ON, the control will continue as speed control without switching over to position control. The control will be switched over from position control to speed control when the external command signal turns from OFF to ON again. Only position control will be carried out when the " Cd. 24 Speed-position switching enable flag" and speed-position switching signal are ON at the operation start.)

| Setting item |  | Setting value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 |  | LD77MH16 |
| Cd. 24 | Speedposition switching enable flag |  | 1 | Set "1: Speed control will be taken over by position control when the external command signal [DI] comes ON." | 1528+100n | $4328+100 n$ |

## Operation chart

The following chart (Fig.9.13) shows the operation timing for speed-position switching control (INC mode). The "in speed control flag" ( Md. 31 Status: b0) is turned ON during speed control of speed-position switching control (INC mode).


Fig. 9.13 Speed-position switching control (INC mode) operation timing

## [Operation example]

The following operation assumes that the speed-position switching signal is input at the position of the current feed value of 90.00000 [degree] during execution of "Da. 2 Control system" "Forward run: speed/position" at " Pr. 1 Unit setting" of "2: degree" and " Pr. 21 Current feed value during speed control" setting of "1: Update current feed value". (The value set in "Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount" is 270.00000 [degree])

$90.00000^{\circ}$
$90.00000+270.00000$
$=360.00000$
$=$ Stop at 0.00000 [degree]

Operation timing and processing time during speed-position switching control (INC mode)


Fig. 9.14 Operation timing and processing time during speed-position switching control (INC mode)

Normal timing time
Unit: [ms]

|  | Operation cycle | t1 | t2 | t3 | t4 | t5 | t6 | t7 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | 0.88 | 0.2 to 0.3 | 0 to 0.9 | 0 to 0.9 | 2.2 to 2.7 | 0 to 0.9 | 0.2 | Follows parameters |
| LD77MH16 | 0.88 | 0.3 to 1.4 | 0 to 0.9 | 0 to 0.9 | 2.2 to 2.7 | 0 to 0.9 | 0.2 | Follows parameters |
|  | 1.77 | 0.3 to 1.4 | 0 to 1.8 | 0 to 1.8 | 3.2 to 3.9 | 0 to 1.8 | 0.2 | Follows parameters |

- The t 1 timing time could be delayed by the operation state of other axes.

Current feed value during speed-position switching control (INC mode)
The following table shows the "Md. 20 Current feed value" during speed-position switching control (INC mode) corresponding to the " Pr. 21 Current feed value during speed control" settings.

| Pr.21 <br> Current feed value during <br> speed control" setting | Md.20 Current feed value |
| :--- | :--- |
| 0: Do not update current feed value | The current feed value at control start is maintained during speed <br> control, and updated from the switching to position control. |
| 1: Update current feed value | The current feed value is updated during speed control and position <br> control. |
| 2: Zero clear current feed value | The current feed value is cleared (set to "0") at control start, and <br> updated from the switching to position control. |



Switching time from speed control to position control
There is 1 ms from the time the speed-position switching signal is turned ON to the time the speed-position switching latch flag (Md.31 Status: b1) turns ON.


Speed-position switching signal setting
The following table shows the items that must be set to use the external command signals [DI] as speed-position switching signals.

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details |  | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Pr.42 | External <br> command <br> function selection | 2 | Set the "2: speed-position and <br> position-speed switching <br> requests". | $62+150 \mathrm{n}$ |  |
| Cd.8 | External <br> command valid | 1 | Set "1: Validate external <br> command". | $1505+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $4305+100 \mathrm{n}$ |  |

(Note): Set the external command signal [DI] in "Pr. 95 External command signal selection" at LD77MH16 use. Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" and Section 5.7 "List of control data" for information on the setting details.

Changing the position control movement amount
In "speed-position switching control (INC mode)", the position control movement amount can be changed during the speed control section.
(1) The position control movement amount can be changed during the speed control section of speed-position switching control (INC mode).
A movement amount change request will be ignored unless issued during the speed control section of the speed-position switching control (INC mode).
(2) The "new movement amount" is stored in " Cd. 23 Speed-position switching control movement amount change register" by the sequence program during speed control.
When the speed-position switching signal is turned ON, the movement amount for position control is stored in " Cd. 23 Speed-position switching control movement amount change register".
(3) The movement amount is stored in the "Md. 29 Speed-position switching control positioning amount" of the axis monitor area from the point where the control changes to position control by the input of a speed-position switching signal from an external device.


Fig. 9.15 Position control movement amount change timing

## POINT

- The machine recognizes the presence of a movement amount change request when the data is written to " Cd. 23 Speed-position switching control movement amount change register" with the sequence program.
- The new movement amount is validated after execution of the speed-position switching control (INC mode), before the input of the speed-position switching signal.
- The movement amount change can be enable/disable with the interlock function in position control using the "speed-position switching latch flag" ( Md. 31 Status: b1) of the axis monitor area.

Restrictions
(1) An axis error (error code: 516) will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control" is set in " Da. 1 Operation pattern".
(2) "Speed-position switching control" cannot be set in "Da.2 Control system" of the positioning data when "continuous path control" has been set in " Da. 1 Operation pattern" of the immediately prior positioning data. (For example, if the operation pattern of positioning data No. 1 is "continuous path control", "speed-position switching control" cannot be set in positioning data No. 2.) An axis error (error code: 516) will occur and the machine will carry out a deceleration stop if this type of setting is carried out.
(3) An error (error code: 503) will occur if "current speed (-1)" is set in " Da. 8 Command speed".
(4) The software stroke limit range check during speed control is made only when the following (a) and (b) are satisfied:
(a) "Pr. 21 Current feed value during speed control" is "1: Update current feed value".
If the movement amount exceeds the software stroke limit range during speed control in case of the setting of other than "1: Update current feed value", an error (error code: 507 or 508 ) will occur as soon as speed control is changed to position control and the axis will decelerate to a stop.
(b) When " Pr. 1 Unit setting" is other than "2: degree"

If the unit is "degree", the software stroke limit range check is not performed.
(5) If the value set in "Da.6 Positioning address/movement amount" is negative, an error (error code: 530) will occur.
(6) Deceleration processing is carried out from the point where the speed-position switching signal is input if the position control movement amount set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount" is smaller than the deceleration distance from the " Da. 8 Command speed".
(7) Turn ON the speed-position switching signal in the speed stabilization region (constant speed status). A warning (warning code: 508) will occur because of large deviation in the droop pulse amount if the signal is turned ON during acceleration.
During use of the servo motor, the actual movement amount after switching of speed control to position control is the "preset movement amount + droop pulse amount". If the signal is turned ON during acceleration/deceleration, the stop position will vary due to large variation of the droop pulse amount. Even though "Md.29Speed-position switching control positioning amount" is the same, the stop position will change due to a change in droop pulse amount when "Da.8Command speed" is different.

## Positioning data setting examples

[When "speed-position switching control (INC mode) by forward run" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

| Setting item |  |  | Setting example |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete |  | Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. ("Continuous path control" cannot be set in "speed-position switching control (INC mode)".) |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | Forward run: speed/position |  | Set speed-position switching control by forward run. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 |  | Designate the value set in " Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 |  | Designate the value set in " Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 |  |  | Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.) |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | 10000.0 $\mu \mathrm{m}$ |  | INC mode (Pr. $81=0$ ) <br> Set the movement amount after the switching to position control. (Assuming that the " Pr. 1 Unit setting" is set to "mm".) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - |  | Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.) |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | $6000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ |  | Set the speed to be controlled. |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | 500ms |  | Set a time from the positioning stop (command stop) by position control until the positioning complete signal is output. When the system is stopped by speed control, ignore the setting value. |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 |  | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

### 9.2.17 Speed-position switching control (ABS mode)

In case of "speed-position switching control (ABS mode)" ("Da.2 Control system = Forward run: speed/position, Reverse run: speed/position), the pulses of the speed set in "Da.8 Command speed" are kept output in the axial direction set to the positioning data. When the "speed-position switching signal" is input, position control to the address set in "Da.6 Positioning address/movement amount" is exercised.
"Speed-position switching control (ABS mode)" is available in two different types: "forward run: speed/position" which starts the axis in the forward run direction and "reverse run: speed/position" which starts the axis in the reverse run direction.
"Speed-position switching control (ABS mode)" is valid only when " Pr. 1 Unit setting" is "2: degree".

| Speed-position 1 Unit setting <br> function selection | mm | inch | degree | PLS |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INC mode | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| ABS mode | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ |

O: Setting allowed,
$\times$ : Setting disallowed (If setting is made, an error (error code: 935) will occur when the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns ON.)

Use the detailed parameter 1 "Pr. 81 Speed-position function selection" to choose "speed-position switching control (ABS mode)".

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details |  | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Speed- <br> Pr.81 <br> position <br> function <br> selection | 2 | Speed-position switching control <br> (ABS mode) | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |

(Note): If the set value is other than 0 and 2 , it is regarded as 0 and operation is performed in the INC mode.
For details of the setting, refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters".

Switching over from speed control to position control
(1) The control is switched over from speed control to position control by executing the external command signal set in "speed-position switching signal".
(2) Besides setting the positioning data, the " Cd. 24 Speed-position switching enable flag" must also be turned ON to switch over from speed control to position control. (If the " Cd. 24 Speed-position switching enable flag" turns ON after the speed-position switching signal turns ON, the control will continue as speed control without switching over to position control. The control will be switched over from speed control to position control when the external command signal turns from OFF to ON again. Only position control will be carried out when the " Cd. 24 Speed-position switching enable flag" and speed-position switching signal are ON at the operation start.)

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details |  | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Speed- <br> Position <br> Cd.24 <br> switching <br> enable flag | 1 | Set "1: Speed control will be <br> taken over by position control <br> when the external command <br> signal [DI] comes ON." | $1528+100 \mathrm{n}$ | 4328+100n |  |

Operation chart
The following chart (Fig.9.16) shows the operation timing for speed-position switching control (ABS mode). The "in speed control flag" ( Md. 31 Status: b0) is turned ON during speed control of speed-position switching control (ABS mode).

(Note): Refer to Section 3.3 for input/output signal of LD77MH16.
Fig. 9.16 Speed-position switching control (ABS mode) operation timing

## [Operation example]

The following operation assumes that the speed-position switching signal is input at the position of the current feed value of 90.00000 [degree] during execution of "Da.2 Control system" "Forward run: speed/position" at " Pr. 1 Unit setting" of "2: degree" and " Pr. 21 Current feed value during speed control" setting of "1: Update current feed value".
(The value set in "Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount" is 270.00000 [degree])


Operation timing and processing time during speed-position switching control (ABS mode)


Fig. 9.17 Operation timing and processing time during speed-position switching control (ABS mode)

Normal timing time
Unit: [ms]

|  | Operation cycle | t1 | t2 | t3 | t4 | t5 | t6 | t7 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | 0.88 | 0.2 to 0.3 | 0 to 0.9 | 0 to 0.9 | 2.2 to 2.7 | 0 to 0.9 | 0.2 | Follows parameters |
| LD77MH16 | 0.88 | 0.3 to 1.4 | 0 to 0.9 | 0 to 0.9 | 2.2 to 2.7 | 0 to 0.9 | 0.2 | Follows parameters |
|  | 1.77 | 0.3 to 1.4 | 0 to 1.8 | 0 to 1.8 | 3.2 to 3.9 | 0 to 1.8 | 0.2 | Follows parameters |

- The t 1 timing time could be delayed by the operation state of other axes.

Current feed value during speed-position switching control (ABS mode) The following table shows the "Md.20 Current feed value" during speed-position switching control (ABS mode) corresponding to the " Pr. 21 Current feed value during speed control" settings.

| Pr. 21 Current feed value during <br> speed control" setting | Md.20 Current feed value |
| :--- | :---: |
| 1: Update current feed value | The current feed value is updated during speed control <br> and position control. |

Only "1: Update current value" is valid for the setting of "Pr. 21 Current feed value during speed control" in speed-position switching control (ABS mode).
An error (error code: 935) will occur if the " Pr. 21 Current feed value during speed control" setting is other than 1.


Current feed value updated
Switching time from speed control to position control
There is 1 ms from the time the speed-position switching signal is turned ON to the time the speed-position switching latch flag (Md.31 Status: b1) turns ON.


Speed-position switching signal setting
The following table shows the items that must be set to use the external command signals [DI] as speed-position switching signals.

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details |  | Buffer memory address |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pr.42 | External <br> command <br> function <br> selection | 2 | Set the "2: speed-position and <br> position-speed switching <br> requests". | LD77MH4 |  | LD77MH16 |
| Cd.8 | External <br> command <br> valid | 1 | Set "1: Validate external <br> command". | $1505+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $4305+100 \mathrm{n}$ |  |  |

(Note): Set the external command signal [DI] in "Pr. 95 External command signal selection" at LD77MH16 use. Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" and Section 5.7 "List of control data" for information on the setting details.

## Restrictions

(1) An axis error (error code: 516) will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control" is set in
" Da. 1 Operation pattern".
(2) "Speed-position switching control" cannot be set in " Da. 2 Control system" of the positioning data when "continuous path control" has been set in " Da. 1 Operation pattern" of the immediately prior positioning data. (For example, if the operation pattern of positioning data No. 1 is "continuous path control", "speed-position switching control" cannot be set in positioning data No. 2.) An axis error (error code: 516) will occur and the machine will carry out a deceleration stop if this type of setting is carried out.
(3) An error (error code: 503) will occur if "current speed (-1)" is set in " Da. 8 Command speed".
(4) If the value set in "Da.6 Positioning address/movement amount" is negative, an error (error code: 530) will occur.
(5) Even though the axis control data "Cd.23 Speed-position switching control movement amount change register" was set in speed-position switching control (ABS mode), it would not function. The set value is ignored.
(6) To exercise speed-position switching control (ABS mode), the following conditions must be satisfied:
(a) " Pr. 1 Unit setting" is " 2 : degree"
(b) The software stroke limit function is invalid (upper limit value $=$ lower limit value)
(c) " Pr. 21 Current feed value during speed control" is "1: Update current feed value"
(d) The "Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount" setting range is 0 to 359.99999 (degree)

If the value is outside of the range 0 to 359.99999 (degree), an error (error code: 530) will occur at a start.
(e) The "Pr. 81 Speed-position function selection" setting is "2: Speed-position switching control (ABS mode)".
(7) If any of the conditions in (6)(a) to (6)(c) is not satisfied in the case of (6)(e), an error (error code: 935) will occur when the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns from OFF to ON.
(8) If the axis reaches the positioning address midway through deceleration after automatic deceleration started at the input of the speed-position switching signal, the axis will not stop immediately at the positioning address. The axis will stop at the positioning address after N revolutions so that automatic deceleration can always be made. (N: Natural number)
In the following example, since making deceleration in the path of dotted line will cause the axis to exceed the positioning addresses twice, the axis will decelerate to a stop at the third positioning address.


Positioning data setting examples
[When "speed-position switching control (ABS mode) by forward run" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

| Setting item |  |  | Setting example |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete |  | Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. ("Continuous path control" cannot be set in "speed-position switching control (ABS mode)".) |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | Forward run: speed/position |  | Set speed-position switching control by forward run. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 |  | Designate the value set in " Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 |  | Designate the value set in " Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 |  |  | Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.) |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | 270.00000degree |  | $\text { ABS mode ( } \overline{\text { Pr. } 81=2 \text { ) }}$ <br> Set the address after the switching to position control. <br> (Assuming that the " Pr. 1 Unit setting" is set to "mm".) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - |  | Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.) |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | $6000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ |  | Set the speed to be controlled. |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | 500 ms |  | Set a time from the positioning stop (command stop) by position control until the positioning complete signal is output. When the system is stopped by speed control, ignore the setting value. |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 |  | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

### 9.2.18 Position-speed switching control

In "position-speed switching control" (" Da. 2 Control system" = Forward run: position/speed, Reverse run: position/speed), before the position-speed switching signal is input, position control is carried out for the movement amount set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount" in the axis direction in which the positioning data has been set. When the position-speed switching signal is input, the position control is carried out by continuously outputting the pulses for the speed set in " Da. 8 Command speed" until the input of a stop command.
The two types of position-speed switching control are "Forward run: position/speed" in which the control starts in the forward run direction, and "Reverse run: position/speed" in which control starts in the reverse run direction.

Switching over from position control to speed control
(1) The control is switched over from position control to speed control by executing the external command signal set in "position-speed switching signal".
(2) Besides setting the positioning data, the " Cd. 26 Position-speed switching enable flag" must also be turned ON to switch over from position control to speed control. (If the " Cd. 26 Position-speed switching enable flag" turns ON after the position-speed switching signal turns ON, the control will continue as position control without switching over to speed control. The control will be switched over from position control to speed control when the external command signal turns from OFF to ON again. Only speed control will be carried out when the " Cd. 26 Position-speed switching enable flag" and position-speed switching signal are ON at the operation start.)

| Setting item |  | Setting value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 |  | LD77MH16 |
| Cd. 26 | Positionspeed switching enable flag |  | 1 | Set "1: Position control will be taken over by speed control when the external command signal [DI] comes ON." | 1532+100n | $4332+100 n$ |

## Operation chart

The following chart shows the operation timing for position-speed switching control
The "in speed control" flag ( Md. 31 Status: b0) is turned ON during speed control of position-speed switching control.


Fig. 9.18 Position-speed switching control operation timing

Operation timing and processing time during position-speed switching control


Fig. 9.19 Operation timing and processing time during position-speed switching control
Normal timing time Unit: [ms]

|  | Operation cycle | t1 | t2 | t3 | t4 | t5 | t6 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | 0.88 | 0.2 to 0.3 | 0 to 0.9 | 0 to 0.9 | 2.2 to 2.7 | - | 0.2 |
| LD77MH16 | 0.88 | 0.3 to 1.4 | 0 to 0.9 | 0 to 0.9 | 2.2 to 2.7 | - | 0.2 |
|  | 1.77 | 0.3 to 1.4 | 0 to 1.8 | 0 to 1.8 | 3.2 to 3.9 | - | 0.2 |

- The t1 timing time could be delayed by the operation state of other axes.

Current feed value during position-speed switching control The following table shows the "Md. 20 Current feed value" during position-speed switching control corresponding to the " Pr. 21 Current feed value during speed control" settings.

| " Pr. 21 Current feed value during |
| :--- | :--- |
| speed control" setting |$\quad$| Md.20 Current feed value |
| :--- |
| 0: Do not update current feed value |
| 1: Update current feed value |
| 2: Zero clear current feed value |
| and the current feed value at the time of switching is |
| maintained as soon as position control is switched to |
| speed control. |



Switching time from position control to speed control
There is 1 ms from the time the position-speed switching signal is turned ON to the time the position-speed switching latch flag ( Md.31 Status: b5) turns ON.


Position-speed switching signal setting
The following table shows the items that must be set to use the external command signals [DI] as position-speed switching signals.

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details |  | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pr.42 | External <br> command <br> function <br> selection | 2 | Set the "2: speed-position and <br> position-speed switching <br> requests". | $62+150 \mathrm{n}$ |  |
| Cd.8 | External <br> command <br> valid | 1 | Set "1: Validate external <br> command". | $1505+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $4305+100 \mathrm{n}$ |  |

(Note): Set the external command signal [DI] in "Pr.95 External command signal selection" at LD77MH16 use. Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" and Section 5.7 "List of control data" for information on the setting details.

## Changing the speed control command speed

In "position-speed switching control", the speed control command speed can be changed during the position control.
(1) The speed control command speed can be changed during the position control of position-speed switching control.
A command speed change request will be ignored unless issued during the position control of the position-speed switching control.
(2) The "new command speed" is stored in " Cd. 25 Position-speed switching control speed change register" by the sequence program during position control.
This value then becomes the speed control command speed when the position-speed switching signal turns ON.


Fig. 9.20 Speed control speed change timing

## POINTS

- The machine recognizes the presence of a command speed change request when the data is written to " Cd. 25 Position-speed switching control speed change register" with the sequence program.
- The new command speed is validated after execution of the position-speed switching control before the input of the position-speed switching signal.
- The command speed change can be enabled/disabled with the interlock function in speed control using the "position-speed switching latch flag" ( Md.31 Status: b5) of the axis monitor area.


## Restrictions

(1) An axis error (error code: 516) will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control" is set in " Da. 1 Operation pattern".
(2) "Position-speed switching control" cannot be set in " Da. 2 Control system" of the positioning data when "continuous path control" has been set in " Da. 1 Operation pattern" of the immediately prior positioning data. (For example, if the operation pattern of positioning data No. 1 is "continuous path control", "position-speed switching control" cannot be set in positioning data No. 2.) An axis error (error code: 516) will occur and the machine will carry out a deceleration stop if this type of setting is carried out.
(3) The software stroke limit range is only checked during speed control if the "1: Update current feed value" is set in " Pr. 21 Current feed value during speed control".
The software stroke limit range is not checked when the control unit is set to "degree".
(4) An error (error code: 507 or 508 ) will occur and the operation cannot start if the start point address or end point address for position control exceeds the software stroke limit range.
(5) Deceleration stop will be carried out if the position-speed switching signal is not input before the machine is moved by a specified movement amount. When the position-speed switching signal is input during automatic deceleration by positioning control, acceleration is carried out again to the command speed to continue speed control.
When the position-speed switching signal is input during deceleration to a stop with the stop signal, the control is switched to the speed control to stop the machine.
Restart is carried out by speed control using the restart command.
(6) A warning (warning code: 501) will occur and control is continued by
" Pr. 8 Speed limit value" if a new speed exceeds " Pr. 8 Speed limit value" at the time of change of the command speed.
(7) If the value set in "Da.6 Positioning address/movement amount" is negative, an error (error code: 530) will occur.
(8) Set WITH mode in "Pr.18M code ON signal output timing" at M code use. The $M$ code will not be output, and the $M$ code ON signal will not turn ON if the AFTER mode is set.

Positioning data setting examples
[When "position-speed switching control (forward run: position/speed)" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

| Setting item |  |  | Setting example |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete |  | Set "Positioning complete" assuming the next positioning data will not be executed. ("Continuous positioning control" and "Continuous path control" cannot be set in "position/speed changeover control".) |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | Forward run: position/speed |  | Set position-speed switching control. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | 1 |  | Designate the value set in " Pr. 25 Acceleration time 1" as the acceleration time at start. |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | 0 |  | Designate the value set in " Pr. 10 Deceleration time 0" as the deceleration time at deceleration. |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 |  |  | Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.) |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | $10000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ |  | Set the movement amount at the time of position control before the switching to speed control. (Assuming that the " Pr. 1 Unit setting" is set to "mm".) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - |  | Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.) |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | $6000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ |  | Set the speed to be controlled. |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | 500ms |  | Set the time the machine dwells after the positioning stop (command stop) by position control to the output of the positioning complete signal. If the machine is stopped by speed control, the setting value is ignored. |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 |  | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

### 9.2.19 Current value changing

When the current value is changed to a new value, control is carried out in which the " Md. 20 Current feed value" of the stopped axis is changed to a random address set by the user. (The "Md. 21 Machine feed value" is not changed when the current value is changed.)

The two methods for changing the current value are shown below.
[1] Changing to a new current value using the positioning data
[2] Changing to a new current value using the start No. (No. 9003) for a current value changing
The current value changing using method [1] is used during continuous positioning of multiple blocks, etc.

## [1] Changing to a new current value using the positioning data

## Operation chart

The following chart shows the operation timing for a current value changing. The
" Md. 20 Current feed value" is changed to the value set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount" when the positioning start signal turns ON.
[LD77MH4 operation example]

(Note): Refer to Section 3.3 for input/output signal of LD77MH16.

## Restrictions

(1) An axis error "New current value not possible (error code: 515)" will occur and the operation cannot start if "continuous path control" is set in
" Da. 1 Operation pattern". ("Continuous path control" cannot be set in current value changing.)
(2) "Current value changing" cannot be set in " Da. 2 Control system" of the positioning data when "continuous path control" has been set in " Da. 1 Operation pattern" of the immediately prior positioning data. (For example, if the operation pattern of positioning data No. 1 is "continuous path control", "current value changing" cannot be set in positioning data No. 2.) An axis error "New current value invalid (error code: 515)" will occur and the machine will carry out a deceleration stop if this type of setting is carried out.
(3) An axis error "Outside new current value range (error code: 514)" will occur and the operation cannot start if "degree" is set in " Pr. 1 Unit setting" and the value set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount (0 to 359.99999 [degree])" is outside the setting range.
(4) If the value set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount" is outside the software stroke limit (Pr.12, Pr. 13 ) setting range, an error "Software stroke limit +, - (error code: 507 or 508)" will occur at the positioning start, and the operation will not start.
(5) An error (error code: 507 or 508 ) will occur if the new current value is outside the software stroke limit range.
(6) The new current value using the positioning data (No. 1 to 600) cannot be changed, if " 0 : Positioning control is not executed" is set in "Pr. 55 Operation setting for incompletion of OPR" and "OPR request flag" ON. A warning "Operation setting for incompletion of OPR at positioning start error" (error code: 547) will occur.

Positioning data setting examples
[When " current value changing" is set in the positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

| Setting item |  |  | Setting ex | example | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | Positioning complete |  | Set "Positioning complete" assuming that the next positioning data will be executed. ("Continuous path control" cannot be set by current value change.) |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | Current value changing |  | Set the current value changing. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | - |  | Setting not required (Setting value is ignored.) |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | - |  |  |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 |  |  |  |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | 10000.0 $\mu \mathrm{m}$ |  | Set the address to which address change is desired. (Assuming that the " Pr. 1 Unit setting " is set to "mm".) |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - |  | Setting not required (Setting value is ignored.) |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | - |  |  |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | - |  |  |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 |  | Set this when other sub operation commands are issued in combination with the No. 1 positioning data. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  |  |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.
[2] Changing to a new current value using the start No. (No. 9003) for a current value changing

## Operation chart

The current value is changed by setting the new current value in the current value changing buffer memory " Cd. 9 New current value ", setting "9003" in the
" Cd. 3 Positioning start No.", and turning ON the positioning start signal.
[LD77MH4 operation example]

(Note): Refer to Section 3.3 for input/output signal of LD77MH16.

Restrictions
(1) An axis error "Outside new current value range (error code: 514)" will occur if the designated value is outside the setting range when "degree" is set in "Unit setting".
(2) An error "Software stroke limit +, - (error code: 507 or 508 )" will occur if the designated value is outside the software stroke limit range.
(3) The current value cannot be changed during stop commands and while the M code ON signal is ON.
(4) The M code output function is made invalid.

## POINTS

The new current value using the current value changing start No. (No. 9003) can changed, if "0: Positioning control is not executed" is set in "Pr. 55 Operation setting for incompletion of OPR" and "OPR request flag" ON.

Current value changing procedure
The following shows the procedure for changing the current value to a new value.

| 1) Write the current value to "Cd. 9 New current value" |
| :--- |
|   <br>  Write " 9003 " in "Cd. 3 Positioning start No." |
| Turn ON the positioning start signal. |
| 3) |

## Setting method for the current value changing function

The following shows an example of a sequence program and data setting to change the current value to a new value with the positioning start signal. (The
" Md. 20 Current feed" value is changed to " $5000.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ " in the example shown.)
(1) Set the following data.
(Set with the sequence program shown in (3), while referring to the start time chart shown in (2).)

| Setting item |  | Setting value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 |  | LD77MH16 |
| Cd. 3 | Positioning start No. |  | 9003 | Set the start No. "9003" for the new current value. | 1500+100n | 4300+100n |
| Cd. 9 | New current value | 50000 | Set the new " Md. 20 Current feed value". | $\begin{aligned} & 1506+100 n \\ & 1507+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4306+100 n \\ & 4307+100 n \end{aligned}$ |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.
(2) The following shows a start time chart.


Fig. 9.21 Changing to a new current value using the start No. (No. 9003) for a current value changing
(3) Add the following sequence program to the control program, and write it to the PLC CPU.


### 9.2.20 NOP instruction

The NOP instruction is used for the nonexecutable control system.

- Operation

The positioning data No. to which the NOP instruction is set transfers, without any processing, to the operation for the next positioning data No.
$\square$ Positioning data setting examples
[When "NOP instruction" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

| Setting item |  |  | Setting ex | example | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | - |  | Setting not required (Setting value is ignored.) |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | NOP instruction |  | Set the NOP instruction |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | - |  | Setting not required (Setting value is ignored.) |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | - |  |  |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 |  |  |  |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | - |  |  |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - |  |  |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | - |  |  |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | - |  |  |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 10 |  |  |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.
Restrictions
An error "Control system setting error (error code: 524)" will occur if the "NOP instruction" is set for the control system of the positioning data No. 600.

## POINT

<Use example of NOP instruction>
If there is a possibility of speed switching or temporary stop (automatic deceleration) at a point between two points during positioning, that data can be reserved with the NOP instruction to change the data merely by the replacement of the identifier.

### 9.2.21 JUMP instruction

The JUMP instruction is used to control the operation so it jumps to a positioning data No. set in the positioning data during "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control".

JUMP instruction include the following two types of JUMP.
(1) Unconditional JUMP

When no execution conditions are set for the JUMP instruction
(When " 0 " is set as the condition data No.)
(2) Conditional JUMP

When execution conditions are set for the JUMP instruction
(The conditions are set in the "condition data" used with "high-level positioning control".)
Using the JUMP instruction enables repeating of the same positioning control, or selection of positioning data by the execution conditions during "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control".

## Operation

(1) Unconditional JUMP

The JUMP instruction is unconditionally executed. The operation jumps to the positioning data No. set in " Da. 9 Dwell time".
(2) Conditional JUMP

The block start condition data is used as the JUMP instruction execution conditions.

- When block positioning data No. 7000 to 7004 is started:

Each block condition data is used.
-When positioning data No. 1 to 600 is started: Start block 0 condition data is used.

- When the execution conditions set in " Da. 10 M code" of the JUMP instruction have been established: the JUMP instruction is executed to jump the operation to the positioning data No. set in " Da. 9 Dwell time".
- When the execution conditions set in " Da. 10 M code" of the JUMP instruction have not been established: the JUMP instruction is ignored, and the next positioning data No. is executed.


## Restrictions

(1) When using a conditional JUMP instruction, establish the JUMP instruction execution conditions by the 4th positioning data No. before the JUMP instruction positioning data No..
If the JUMP instruction execution conditions are not established by the time the 4th positioning control is carried out before the JUMP instruction positioning data No., the operation will be processed as an operation without established JUMP instruction execution conditions.
(During execution of continuous path control/continuous positioning control, the LD77MH calculates the positioning data of the positioning data No. four items ahead of the current positioning data.)
(2) Set JUMP instruction to positioning data No. that "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control" is set in operation pattern.
It cannot set to positioning data No. that "positioning complete" is set in operation pattern.
(3) Positioning control such as loops cannot be executed by conditional JUMP instructions alone until the conditions have been established.
When loop control is executed using JUMP instruction, an axis operation status is "analyzing" during loop control, and the positioning data analysis (start) for other axes are not executed. As the target of the JUMP instruction, specify a positioning data that is controlled by other than JUMP and NOP instructions.

Positioning data setting example
[When "JUMP instruction" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

| Setting item |  |  | Setting example |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | - |  | Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.) |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | JUMP instruction |  | Set the JUMP instruction. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | - |  | Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.) |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | - |  |  |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 |  |  |  |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | - |  |  |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - |  |  |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | - |  |  |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | 500 |  | Set the positioning data No. 1 to 600 for the JUMP destination. (The positioning data No. of the JUMP instruction cannot be set. Setting its own positioning data No. will result in an error "lllegal data No." (error code: 502).) |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 1 <br>  |  | Set the JUMP instruction execution conditions with the condition data No. <br> 0 : Unconditional JUMP <br> 1 to 10 : Condition data No. ("Simultaneous start" condition data cannot be set.) |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da.21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

### 9.2.22 LOOP

The LOOP is used for loop control by the repetition of LOOP to LEND.

## Operation

The LOOP to LEND loop is repeated by set repeat cycles.
Positioning data setting examples
[When "LOOP" is set in positioning data No. 1 of axis 1]

| Setting item |  |  | Setting example |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | - |  | Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.) |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | LOOP |  | Set the LOOP. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. | - |  | Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.) |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. | - |  |  |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 |  | $7$ |  |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount | - |  |  |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address | - |  |  |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed | - |  |  |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time | - |  |  |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | 5 |  | Set the LOOP to LEND repeat cycles. |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  | - | Setting not required (setting value is ignored). |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  |  |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

## Restrictions

(1) An error "Control system LOOP setting error (error code: 545)" will occur if a " 0 " is set for the repeat cycles.
(2) Even if LEND is absent after LOOP, no error will occur, but repeat processing will not be carried out.
(3) Nesting is not allowed between LOOP-LEND's. If such setting is made, only the inner LOOP-LEND is processed repeatedly.

## POINT

The setting by this control system is easier than that by the special start "FOR loop" of "High-level Positioning Control" (refer to Chapter 10).
<Setting data>

- For special start: Positioning start data, special start data, condition data, and positioning data
- For control system : Positioning data

For the special start FOR to NEXT, the positioning data is required for each of FOR and NEXT points. For the control system, loop can be executed even only by one data.
Also, nesting is enabled by using the control system LOOP to LEND in combination with the special start FOR to NEXT.
However LOOP to LEND cannot be set across block. Always set LOOP to LEND so that the processing ends within one block.
(For details of the "block", refer to Section 10.1 "Outline of high-level positioning control".)

### 9.2.23 LEND

The LEND is used to return the operation to the top of the repeat (LOOP to LEND) loop.

## Operation

When the repeat cycle designated by the LOOP becomes 0 , the loop is terminated, and the next positioning data No. processing is started. (The operation pattern, if set to "Positioning complete", will be ignored.) When the operation is stopped after the repeat operation is executed by designated cycles, the dummy positioning data (for example, incremental positioning without movement amount) is set next to LEND.

| Positioning <br> data No. | Operation pattern | Control system | Conditions | Operation |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | Continuous control | ABS2 |  | Executed in the order of <br> the positioning data No. 1 <br> $\rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 2$ <br> $\rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 6$. |
| 2 | Positioning complete | LOOP | Number of loop <br> cycles: 2 | (The operation patterns of <br> (The positioning data Nos. |
| 3 | Continuous path control | ABS2 |  |  |
| 4 | Continuous control | ABS2 |  |  |
| 5 | Positioning complete | LEND |  |  |
| 6 | Positioning complete 5 are ignored.) |  |  |  |

Positioning data setting examples
[When "LEND" is set in positioning data No. 8 of axis 1]

| Setting item |  |  | Setting example |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |
|  | Da. 1 | Operation pattern | - | - | Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.) |
|  | Da. 2 | Control system | LE | ND | Set the LEND. |
|  | Da. 3 | Acceleration time No. |  | - | Setting not required. (Setting value is ignored.) |
|  | Da. 4 | Deceleration time No. |  | - |  |
|  | Da. 5 | Axis to be interpolated LD77MH4 |  |  |  |
|  | Da. 6 | Positioning address/ movement amount |  |  |  |
|  | Da. 7 | Arc address |  | - |  |
|  | Da. 8 | Command speed |  |  |  |
|  | Da. 9 | Dwell time |  |  |  |
|  | Da. 10 | M code | - | - |  |
|  | Da. 20 | Axis to be interpolated No. 1 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |
|  | Da. 21 | Axis to be interpolated No. 2 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |
|  | Da. 22 | Axis to be interpolated No. 3 LD77MH16 |  | - |  |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" for information on the setting details.

## Restrictions

(1) Ignore the "LEND" before the "LOOP" is executed.

## MEMO

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## Chapter 10 High-Level Positioning Control

The details and usage of high-level positioning control (control functions using the "block start data") are explained in this chapter.

High-level positioning control is used to carry out applied control using the "positioning data". Examples of applied control are using conditional judgment to control "positioning data" set with the major positioning control, or simultaneously starting "positioning data" for several different axes.

Read the execution procedures and settings for each control, and set as required.

10.1 Outline of high-level positioning control

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### 10.1 Outline of high-level positioning control

In "high-level positioning control" the execution order and execution conditions of the "positioning data" are set to carry out more applied positioning. (The execution order and execution conditions are set in the "block start data" and "condition data".) The following applied positioning controls can be carried out with "high-level positioning control".

| High-level positioning <br> control | Details |
| :--- | :--- |
| Block ${ }^{(\text {Note-1) }}$ start <br> (Normal start) | With one start, executes the positioning data in a random block with the set order. |
| Condition start | Carries out condition judgment set in the "condition data" for the designated <br> positioning data, and then executes the "block start data". <br> - <br> - When the condition is established, the "block start data" is executed. <br> - When not established, that "block start data" is ignored, and the next point's "block <br> start data" is executed. |
| Wait start | Carries out condition judgment set in the "condition data" for the designated <br> positioning data, and then executes the "block start data". <br> - <br> -When the condition is established, the "block start data" is executed. |
| Simultaneous start <br> (Note-2) | Simultaneously executes the positioning data having the No. for the axis designated <br> with the "condition data". (Outputs command at the same timing.) |
| Repeated start (FOR <br> loop) | Repeats the program from the "block start data" set with the "FOR loop" to the "block <br> start data" set in "NEXT" for the designated number of times. |
| Repeated start (FOR <br> condition) | Repeats the program from the "block start data" set with the "FOR condition" to the <br> "block start data" set in "NEXT" until the conditions set in the "condition data" are <br> established. |

High-level positioning control sub functions
"High-level positioning control" uses the "positioning data" set with the "major positioning control". Refer to Section 3.2.5 "Combination of LD77MH main functions and sub functions" for details on sub functions that can be combined with the major positioning control.
Note that the sub function Section 13.7.7 "Pre-reading start function" cannot be used together with "high-level positioning control".

## High-level positioning control from GX Works2

"High-level positioning control" (start of the "block start data") can be executed using the test function of GX Works2.
Refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2 for details on starting of the "block start data" using GX Works2.

## REMARK

(Note-1): Block
"1 block" is defined as all the data continuing from the positioning data in which "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control" is set in the "Da.1 Operation pattern" to the positioning data in which "independent positioning control (Positioning complete)" is set.
(Note-2): Simultaneous start
Besides the simultaneous start of "block start data" system, the
"simultaneous starts" include the "multiple axes simultaneous start control" of control system.
Refer to Section 10.5 "Multiple axis simultaneous start control" for details.

### 10.1.1 Data required for high-level positioning control

"High-level positioning control" is executed by setting the required items in the "block start data" and "condition data", then starting that "block start data". Judgment about whether execution is possible, etc., is carried out at execution using the "condition data" designated in the "block start data".
"Block start data" can be set for each No. from 7000 to 7004 (called "block Nos."), and up to 50 points can be set for each axis. (This data is controlled with Nos. called "points" to distinguish it from the positioning data. For example, the 1st block start data item is called the "1st point block start data" or "point No. 1 block start data".) "Condition data" can be set for each No. from 7000 to 7004 (called "block Nos."), and up to 10 data items can be set for each axis.

The " block start data" and "condition data" are set as 1 set for each block No.
The following table shows an outline of the " block start data" and "condition data" stored in the LD77MH.

| Setting item |  |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Da. 11 | Shape | Set whether to end the control after executing only the "block start data" of the shape itself, or continue executing the "block start data" set in the next point. |
|  | Da. 12 | Start data No. | Set the "positioning data No." to be executed. |
|  | Da. 13 | Special start instruction | Set the method by which the positioning data set in Da. 12 will be started. |
|  | Da. 14 | Parameter | Set the conditions by which the start will be executed according to the commands set in Da.13. (Designate the "condition data No." and "Number of repetitions".) |


| Setting item |  |  |  | Setting details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Da. 15 | Condition target |  | Designate the "device", "buffer memory storage details", and "positioning data No." elements for which the conditions are set. |
|  | Da. 16 | Condition operator |  | Set the judgment method carried out for the target set in Da.15. |
|  | Da. 17 | Address |  | Set the buffer memory address in which condition judgment is carried out (only when the details set in Da. 15 are "buffer memory storage details"). |
|  | Da. 18 | Parameter 1 |  | Set the required conditions according to the details set in Da.15, |
|  | Da. 19 | Parameter 2 |  | Da.16 and Da. 23 LD77MH16 |
|  | Da. 23 | Number of simultaneously starting axes | LD77MH16 | Set the number of axes to be started simultaneously in the simultaneously start. |
|  | Da. 24 | Simultaneously starting axis No. 1 |  | Set the simultaneously starting axis in the simultaneously start on 2 to 4 axes. |
|  | Da. 25 | Simultaneously starting axis No. 2 |  |  |
|  | Da. 26 | Simultaneously starting axis No. 3 |  |  |

### 10.1.2 "Block start data" and "condition data" configuration

The "block start data" and "condition data" corresponding to "block No. 7000" can be stored in the buffer memory.

- LD77MH4

- LD77MH16


Block No

(Note): Set the block No. with sequence program or GX Works2.

Set the " block start data" and "condition data" corresponding to the following "block Nos. 7001 to 7004" using sequence program or GX Works2 to LD77MH.
For LD77MH16, the "block start data" and "condition data" corresponding to "block No. 7002 to 7004 " are not allocated. Set the data with GX Works2.

### 10.2 High-level positioning control execution procedure

High-level positioning control is carried out using the following procedure.


## REMARK

(Note-1): Five sets of "block start data (50 points)" and "condition data (10 items) corresponding to block No. "7000" to "7004" are set with GX Works2 or sequence program.
"7000 to 7004" can be set in "Cd. 3 Positioning start No." on STEP4 when the above is set.

### 10.3 Setting the block start data

### 10.3.1 Relation between various controls and block start data

The " block start data" must be set to carry out "high-level positioning control". The setting requirements and details of each " block start data" item to be set differ according to the "Da. 13 Special start instruction" setting.

The following shows the " block start data" setting items corresponding to various control systems. The operation details of each control type are explained starting in Section 10.3.2. Also refer to Section 10.4 "Setting the condition data" for details on "condition data" with which control execution is judged.
(The " block start data" settings in this chapter are assumed to be carried out using GX Works2.)

| Block start datasetting items |  |  | Block start (Normal start) | Condition start | Wait start | Simultaneous start | Repeated start (FOR loop) | Repeated start (FOR condition) | NEXT start * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Da. 11 | Shape | 0 : End | ( | ( ) | ( | ( $)$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | (0) |
|  |  | 1 : Continue | ( | ( ) | ( | ( | (0) | ( | ( |
| Da. 12 | Start data No. |  | 1 to 600 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Da. 13 | Special start instruction |  | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Da. 14 | Parameter |  | - | Condition data No. |  |  | Number of repetitions | Condition data No. | - |

(0): One of the two setting items must be set.

O : Set as required (Set to " - " when not used.)
$\times$ : Setting not possible

- : Setting not required (Setting value will be ignored. Use the initial value or a value within the setting range.)
* The "NEXT start" instruction is used in combination with "repeated start (FOR loop)" and "repeated start (FOR condition)". Control using only the "NEXT start" will not be carried out.


## REMARK

It is recommended that the "block start data" be set whenever possible with GX Works2. Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.

### 10.3.2 Block start (normal start)

In a "block start (normal start)", the positioning data groups of a block are continuously executed in a set PLC starting from the positioning data set in "Da. 12 Start data No." by one start.

Section [2] shows a control example where the " block start data" and "positioning data" are set as shown in section [1].

## [1] Setting examples

(1) Block start data setting example

| Axis 1 block <br> start data | Da.11 <br> Shape | Da.12 <br> Start data No. | Da.13 <br> Special start <br> instruction | Da.14 <br> Parameter |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1st point | 1: Continue | 1 | 0: Block start | - |
| 2nd point | 1: Continue | 2 | 0: Block start | - |
| 3rd point | 1: Continue | 5 | $0:$ Block start | - |
| 4th point | 1: Continue | 10 | $0:$ Block start | - |
| 5th point | 0: End | 15 | $0:$ Block start | - |
| • |  |  |  |  |
| . |  |  |  |  |

(2) Positioning data setting example

| Axis 1 positioning data No. | Da. 1 <br> Operation pattern |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 00: Positioning complete |
| 2 | 11: Continuous path control |
| 3 | 01: Continuous positioning control |
| 4 | 00: Positioning complete |
| 5 | 11: Continuous path control |
| 6 | 00: Positioning complete |
| - |  |
| 10 | 00: Positioning complete |
| - |  |
| 15 | 00: Positioning complete |
| - |  |

## REMARK

(Note-1): Block
"1 block" is defined as all the data continuing from the positioning data in which "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control" is set in the "Da.1 Operation pattern" to the positioning data in which "independent positioning control (Positioning complete)" is set.

## [2] Control examples

The following shows the control executed when the "block start data" of the 1st point of axis 1 is set as shown in section [1] and started.
<1> The positioning data is executed in the following order before stopping.
Axis 1 positioning data No. $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 10 \rightarrow 15$.


Fig. 10.1 Block start control example

### 10.3.3 Condition start

In a "condition start", the "condition data" conditional judgment designated in " Da. 14 Parameter" is carried out for the positioning data set in "Da. 12 Start data No.". If the conditions have been established, the " block start data" set in "1: condition start" is executed. If the conditions have not been established, that " block start data" will be ignored, and the "block start data" of the next point will be executed.

Section [2] shows a control example where the " block start data" and "positioning data" are set as shown in section [1].

## [1] Setting examples

(1) Block start data setting example

| Axis 1 block <br> start data | Da.11 <br> Shape | Da.12 <br> Start data No. | Da.13 <br> Special start <br> instruction | Da.14 <br> Parameter |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1st point | 1: Continue | 1 | 1: Condition start | 1 |
| 2nd point | 1: Continue | 10 | 1: Condition start | 2 |
| 3rd point | 0: End | 50 | 0: Block start | - |
| • |  |  |  |  |
| • |  |  |  |  |

(Note): The "condition data Nos." have been set in " Da. 14 Parameter".

## (2) Positioning data setting example

| Axis 1 positioning <br> data No. | Da.1 <br> Operation pattern |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 01: Continuous positioning control |
| 2 | 01: Continuous positioning control |
| 3 | 00: Positioning complete |
| $\bullet$ |  |
| 10 | $11:$ Continuous path control |
| 11 | 11: Continuous path control |
| 12 | $00:$ Positioning complete |
| $\bullet$ |  |
| 50 | $00:$ Positioning complete |
| $\bullet$ |  |

## [2] Control examples

The following shows the control executed when the " block start data" of the 1st point of axis 1 is set as shown in section [1] and started.
$<1>$ The conditional judgment set in "condition data No. 1" is carried out before execution of the axis 1 "positioning data No.1".
$\rightarrow$ Conditions established $\rightarrow$ Execute positioning data No. 1, 2, and $3 \rightarrow$ Go to <2>.
$\rightarrow$ Conditions not established $\rightarrow$ Go to <2>.
<2> The conditional judgment set in "condition data No.2" is carried out before execution of the axis 1 "positioning data No. 10".
$\rightarrow$ Conditions established $\rightarrow$ Execute positioning data No.10, 11, and $12 \rightarrow$ Go to <3>.
$\rightarrow$ Conditions not established $\rightarrow$ Go to $<3>$.
$<3>$ Execute axis 1 "positioning data No.50" and stop the control.

In a "wait start", the "condition data" conditional judgment designated in "Da. 14 Parameter" is carried out for the positioning data set in "Da. 12 Start data No.". If the conditions have been established, the " block start data" is executed. If the conditions have not been established, the control stops (waits) until the conditions are established.

Section [2] shows a control example where the " block start data" and "positioning data" are set as shown in section [1].

## [1] Setting examples

(1) Block start data setting example

| Axis 1 block <br> start data | Da.11 <br> Shape | Da.12 <br> Start data No. | Da.13 <br> Special start <br> instruction | Da.14 <br> Parameter |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1st point | 1: Continue | 1 | 2: Wait start | 3 |
| 2nd point | 1: Continue | 10 | 0: Block start | - |
| 3rd point | 0: End | 50 | 0: Block start | - |
| • |  |  |  |  |
| • |  |  |  |  |

(Note): The "condition data Nos." have been set in " Da. 14 Parameter".
(2) Positioning data setting example

| Axis 1 positioning <br> data No. | Da.1 <br> Operation pattern |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $01:$ Continuous positioning control |
| 2 | $01:$ Continuous positioning control |
| 3 | $00:$ Positioning complete |
| $\bullet$ | 11: Continuous path control |
| 10 | $11:$ Continuous path control |
| 11 | $00:$ Positioning complete |
| 12 |  |
| $\bullet$ | $00:$ Positioning complete |
| 0 |  |

## [2] Control examples

The following shows the control executed when the " block start data" of the 1st point of axis 1 is set as shown in section [1] and started.
$<1>$ The conditional judgment set in "condition data No. 3" is carried out before execution of the axis 1 "positioning data No. 1".
$\rightarrow$ Conditions established $\rightarrow$ Execute positioning data No. 1, 2, and $3 \rightarrow$ Go to <2>.
$\rightarrow$ Conditions not established $\rightarrow$ Control stops (waits) until conditions are established $\rightarrow$ Go to <1>.
<2> Execute the axis 1 "positioning data No. 10, 11, 12, and 50" and stop the control.

### 10.3.5 Simultaneous start

In a "simultaneous start", the positioning data set in the "Da. 12 Start data No." and positioning data of other axes set in the "condition data" are simultaneously executed (commands are output with the same timing).
(The "condition data" is designated with " Da. 14 Parameter".)
Section [2] shows a control example where the " block start data" and "positioning data" are set as shown in section [1].

## [1] Setting examples

(1) Block start data setting example

| Axis 1 block <br> start data | Da.11 <br> Shape | Da.12 <br> Start data No. | Da.13 <br> Special start <br> instruction | Da.14 <br> Parameter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1st point | 0: End | 1 | 3: Simultaneous start | 4 |
| $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |
| • |  |  |  |  |
| • |  |  |  |  |
| • |  |  |  |  |

(Note): It is assumed that the "axis 2 positioning data" for simultaneous starting is set in the "condition data" designated with " Da. 14 Parameter".
(2) Positioning data setting example

| Axis 1 positioning <br> data No. | Da.1 <br> Operation pattern |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 01: Continuous positioning control |
| 2 | 01: Continuous positioning control |
| 3 | 00: Positioning complete |
| • |  |
| • |  |
| • |  |
| - |  |
| - |  |

## [2] Control examples

The following shows the control executed when the " block start data" of the 1st point of axis 1 is set as shown in section [1] and started.
$<1>$ Check the axis operation status of axis 2 which is regarded as the simultaneously started axis.
$\rightarrow$ Axis 2 is standing by $\rightarrow$ Go to $<2>$.
$\rightarrow$ Axis 2 is carrying out positioning. $\rightarrow$ An error occurs and simultaneous start will not be carried out.
<2> Simultaneously start the axis 1 "positioning data No. 1" and axis 2 positioning data set in "condition data No. 4.

## [3] Precautions

Positioning data No. executed by simultaneously started axes is set to condition data ("Da. 18 Parameter 1", "Da. 19 Parameter 2"), but the setting value of start axis (the axis which carries out positioning start) should be " 0 ". If the setting value is set to other than " 0 ", the positioning data set in "Da. 18 Parameter 1", "Da. 19 Parameter 2" is given priority to be executed rather than "Da. 12 Start data No.". (For details, refer to Section 5.5 "List of condition data".)

### 10.3.6 Repeated start (FOR loop)

In a "repeated start (FOR loop)", the data between the " block start data" in which "4: FOR loop" is set in "Da. 13 Special start instruction" and the "block start data" in which "6: NEXT start" is set in "Da. 13 Special start instruction " is repeatedly executed for the number of times set in "Da. 14 Parameter". An endless loop will result if the number of repetitions is set to " 0 ".
(The number of repetitions is set in "Da. 14 Parameter" of the " block start data" in which "4: FOR loop" is set in "Da. 13 Special start instruction".)

Section [2] shows a control example where the " block start data" and "positioning data" are set as shown in section [1].

## [1] Setting examples

(1) Block start data setting example

| Axis 1 block <br> start data | Da.11 <br> Shape | Da.12 <br> Start data No. | Da.13 <br> Special start <br> instruction | Da.14 <br> Parameter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1st point | 1: Continue | 1 | 4: FOR loop | 2 |
| 2nd point | 1: Continue | 10 | 0: Block start | - |
| 3rd point | 0: End | 50 | 6: NEXT start | - |
| $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |
| $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |

(Note): The "condition data Nos." have been set in " Da. 14 Parameter".
(2) Positioning data setting example

| Axis 1 positioning <br> data No. | Da.1 <br> Operation pattern |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 01: Continuous positioning control |
| 2 | $01:$ Continuous positioning control |
| 3 | $00:$ Positioning complete |
| $\bullet$ |  |
| 10 | $11:$ Continuous path control |
| 11 | $00:$ Positioning complete |
| $\bullet$ |  |
| 50 | $01:$ Continuous positioning control |
| 51 | $00:$ Positioning complete |
| $\bullet$ |  |

## [2] Control examples

The following shows the control executed when the " block start data" of the 1st point of axis 1 is set as shown in section [1] and started.
<1> Execute the axis 1 "positioning data No.1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 50, and 51".
<2> Return to the axis 1 "1st point block start data". Again execute the axis 1 "positioning data No.1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 50 and 51", and then stop the control. (Repeat for the number of times (2 times) set in Da.14.)

### 10.3.7 Repeated start (FOR condition)

In a "repeated start (FOR condition)", the data between the " block start data" in which "5: FOR condition" is set in "Da.13 Special start instruction" and the " block start data" in which "6: NEXT start" is set in "Da. 13 Special start instruction" is repeatedly executed until the establishment of the conditions set in the "condition data".
Conditional judgment is carried out as soon as switching to the point of "6: NEXT start" (before positioning of NEXT start point).
(The "condition data" designation is set in "Da. 14 Parameter" of the " block start data" in which "5: FOR condition" is set in "Da. 13 Special start instruction".)

Section [2] shows a control example where the " block start data" and "positioning data" are set as shown in section [1].

## [1] Setting examples

(1) Block start data setting example

| Axis 1 block <br> start data | Da.11 <br> Shape | Da.12 <br> Start data No. | Da.13 <br> Special start <br> instruction | Da.14 <br> Parameter |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1st point | 1: Continue | 1 | 5: FOR condition | 5 |
| 2nd point | 1: Continue | 10 | 0: Block start | - |
| 3rd point | 0: End | 50 | 6: NEXT start | - |
| $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |
| $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |

(Note): The "condition data Nos." have been set in "Da. 14 Parameter".
(2) Positioning data setting example

| Axis 1 positioning <br> data No. | Da.1 <br> Operation pattern |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 01: Continuous positioning control |
| 2 | 01: Continuous positioning control |
| 3 | $00:$ Positioning complete |
| $\bullet$ |  |
| 10 | $11:$ Continuous path control |
| 11 | $00:$ Positioning complete |
| $\bullet$ |  |
| 50 | $01:$ Continuous positioning control |
| 51 | $00:$ Positioning complete |
| $\bullet$ |  |

## [2] Control examples

The following shows the control executed when the " block start data" of the 1st point of axis 1 is set as shown in section [1] and started.
$<1>$ Execute axis 1 "positioning data No.1, 2, 3, 10, and 11.
<2> Carry out the conditional judgment set in axis 1 "condition data No. 5" (Note-1).
$\rightarrow$ Conditions not established $\rightarrow$ Execute "Positioning data No.50, 51". Go to <1>.
$\rightarrow$ Conditions established $\rightarrow$ Execute "Positioning data No.50, 51" and complete the positioning.
(Note-1): Conditional judgment is carried out as soon as switching to NEXT start point (before positioning of NEXT start point).

### 10.3.8 Restrictions when using the NEXT start

The "NEXT start" is a instruction indicating the end of the repetitions when executing Section 10.3.6 "Repeated start (FOR loop)" and Section 10.3.7 "Repeated start (FOR condition)".

The following shows the restrictions when setting "6: NEXT start" in the " block start data".
(1) The processing when "6: NEXT start" is set before execution of "4: FOR loop" or " 5 : FOR condition" is the same as that for a " 0 : block start".
(2) Repeated processing will not be carried out if there is no "6: NEXT start" instruction after the "4: FOR loop" or "5: FOR condition" instruction. (Note that an "error" will not occur.)
(3) Nesting is not possible between "4: FOR loop" and "6: NEXT start", or between " 5 : FOR condition" and " 6 : NEXT start". A warning "FOR to NEXT nest construction (warning code: 506)" will occur if nesting is attempted.
[Operating examples without nesting structure]

| Start block data | Da.13 <br> Special start instruction |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1st point | Normal start |
| 2nd point | FOR |
| 3rd point | Normal start |
| 4th point | NEXT |
| 5th point | Normal start |
| 6th point | Normal start |
| 7th point | FOR |
| 8th point | Normal start |
| 9th point | NEXT |
| • |  |
| • |  |

[Operating examples with nesting structure]

| Start block data | Da.13 <br> Special start instruction |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1st point | Normal start |
| 2nd point | FOR |
| 3rd point | Normal start |
| 4th point | FOR |
| 5th point | Normal start |
| 6th point | Normal start |
| 7th point | NEXT |
| 8th point | Normal start |
| 9th point | NEXT |
| $\bullet$ |  |
| • |  |

A warning will occur when starting the 4th point "FOR". The JUMP destination of the 7th point "NEXT" is the 4th point. The 9th point "NEXT" is processed as normal start.

### 10.4 Setting the condition data

### 10.4.1 Relation between various controls and the condition data

"Condition data" is set in the following cases.
(1) When setting conditions during execution of Section 9.2.21 "JUMP instruction" (major positioning control)
(2) When setting conditions during execution of "high-level positioning control"

The "condition data" to be set includes the setting items from Da. 15 to Da. 19 and Da. 23 to Da.26, but the setting requirements and details differ according to the control system and setting conditions.

The following shows the "condition data" "Da. 15 Condition target" corresponding to the different types of control.
(The "condition data" settings in this chapter are assumed to be carried out using GX Works2.)

|  | High-level positioning control |  |  |  | Major positioning control |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Block start | Wait start | Simultaneous start | Repeated start (For condition) | JUMP instruction |
| 01: Device $X^{(\text {Note-1) }}$ | ( | ( | $\times$ | ( | ( |
| 02: Device $Y^{(\text {Note-1) }}$ | ( | ( | $\times$ | () | () |
| 03: Buffer memory <br> (1 word) | ( | ( ) | $\times$ | ( | © |
| 04: Buffer memory (2 words) | ( | ( | $\times$ | ( | © |
| 05: Positioning data No. | $\times$ | $\times$ | ( ) | $\times$ | $\times$ |

(0) One of the setting items must be set.
$\times$ : Setting not possible
(Note-1): Refer to devices X/Y which belongs to LD77MH.

## REMARK

It is recommended that the "condition data" be set whenever possible with GX Works2. Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.

The setting requirements and details of the following "condition data" Da. 16 to Da. 19 and Da. 23 setting items differ according to the "Da. 15 Condition target" setting. The following shows the Da. 16 to Da. 19 and Da. 23 setting items corresponding to the "Da. 15 Condition target".

- LD77MH4

|  | $\text { Da. } 16$ <br> Condition operator | Da. 17 <br> Address | Da. 18 <br> Parameter 1 | Da. 19 <br> Parameter 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01H: Device X | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 07H: DEV=ON } \\ & \text { 08H: DEV=OFF } \end{aligned}$ | - | 0 to 1FH (bit No.) |  |
| 02H: Device Y |  |  | 0 to 1FH (bit No.) |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { 03H: Buffer memory } \\ \text { (1 word) }{ }^{\text {(Note-1) }} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \mathrm{H}: * *=\mathrm{P} 1 \\ & 02 \mathrm{H}: * * \neq \mathrm{P} 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | P2 (numeric value) |
| 04H: Buffer memory $\mathbf{( 2 ~ w o r d s ) ~}^{(\text {Note-1) }}$ | ```03H: **\leqP1 04H: **\geqP1 05H: P1\leq**\leqP2 06H: **\leqP1, P2\leq**``` | memory address | P1 (numeric value) | (Set only when " Da. 16 " is [05H] or [06H].) |
| 05H: Positioning data No. | 10H: Axis 1 selected <br> 20H: Axis 2 selected <br> 30H: Axis 1 and 2 selected <br> 40H: Axis 3 selected <br> 50H: Axis 1 and 3 selected <br> 60H: Axis 2 and 3 selected <br> 70 H : Axis 1,2 , and 3 selected <br> 80H: Axis 4 selected <br> 90 H : Axis 1 and 4 selected <br> AOH: Axis 2 and 4 selected <br> BOH: Axis 1,2 , and 4 selected <br> COH : Axis 3 and 4 selected <br> DOH: Axis 1,3 , and 4 selected <br> EOH: Axis 2, 3, and 4 selected | - | Low-order 16 bits: <br> Axis 1 positioning data No. (Note-2) <br> High-order 16 bits: <br> Axis 2 positioning data No. (Note-2) | Low-order 16 bits: <br> Axis 3 positioning data No. (Note-2) <br> High-order 16 bits: Axis 4 positioning data No. (Note-2) |

- : Setting not required (Setting value will be ignored. Use the initial value or a value within the setting range.)
**: Value stored in buffer memory designated in Da. 17
(Note-1): Comparison of $\leq$ and $\geq$ is judged as signed values.
Refer to Section 5.5 "List of condition data" for the setting contents.
(Note-2): The setting value of start axis (the axis which executes positioning start) should be " 0 ". If the setting value is set to other than " 0 ", the positioning data set in "Da. 18 Parameter 1", "Da. 19 Parameter 2" is given priority to be executed rather than "Da. 12 Start data No.".
- LD77MH16

|  | Da. 16 <br> Condition operator | Da. 23 <br> Number of simultaneously starting axes | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Da. } 17 \\ & \text { Address } \end{aligned}$ | Da. 18 <br> Parameter 1 | Da. 19 <br> Parameter 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01H: Device X | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 07H: DEV=ON } \\ & 08 \mathrm{H}: \mathrm{DEV}=\mathrm{OFF} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | 0 to 1FH (bit No.) | - |
| 02H: Device Y |  |  |  | 0 to 1FH (bit No.) |  |
| 03H: Buffer memory (1 word) ${ }^{\text {(Note-1) }}$ | $\begin{gathered} 01 \mathrm{H}: * *=\mathrm{P} 1 \\ 02 \mathrm{H}: * * \neq \mathrm{P} 1 \\ 03 \mathrm{H}: * * \leq \mathrm{P} 1 \\ 04 \mathrm{H}: * * \geq \mathrm{P} 1 \\ 05 \mathrm{H}: \mathrm{P} 1 \leq * * \leq \mathrm{P} 2 \\ 06 \mathrm{H}: * * \leq \mathrm{P} 1, \\ \mathrm{P} 2 \leq * * \end{gathered}$ |  | Buffer memory address | P1 (numeric value) | P2 (numeric value) <br> (Set only when "Da. 16 " is $[05 \mathrm{H}]$ or $[06 \mathrm{H}]$.) |
| 04H: Buffer memory (2 words) ${ }^{\text {(Note-1) }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05H: Positioning data No. | - | 2 | - | Low-order 16 bits: <br> " Da. 24 Simultaneously starting axis No.1" positioning data No. High-order 16 bits: "Da. 25 Simultaneously starting axis No.2" positioning data No. | - |
|  |  | 3 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 4 |  |  | Low-order 16 bits: " Da. 26 Simultaneously |
|  |  |  |  |  | starting axis No. ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ positioning data No. |
|  |  |  |  |  | High-order 16 bits: Unusable (Set "0".) |

- : Setting not required (Setting value will be ignored. Use the initial value or a value within the setting range.)
**: Value stored in buffer memory designated in Da. 17
(Note-1): Comparison of $\leq$ and $\geq$ is judged as signed values.
Refer to Section 5.5 "List of condition data" for the setting contents.

Judgment whether the condition operator is " $=$ " or " $\neq$ " at the start of wait. Judgment on data is carried out for each operation cycle of the LD77MH. Thus, in the judgment on the data such as current feed value which varies continuously, the operator "=" may not be detected. If this occurs, use a range operator.

## REMARK

The "PLC CPU memo area" can be designated as the buffer memory address to be designated in Da.17. (Refer to Section 7.1.1 "Configuration and roles of LD77MH memory".)


### 10.4.2 Condition data setting examples

The following shows setting examples for "condition data".
(1) LD77MH4
(a) Setting the device ON/OFF as a condition
[Condition]
Device "XC" (Axis 1 BUSY signal) is OFF

| Da.15 <br> Condition target | Da.16 <br> Condition <br> operator | Da.17 <br> Address | Da.18 <br> Parameter 1 | Da.19 <br> Parameter 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01H: Device X | 08H: DEV=OFF | - | 0CH | - |

(b) Setting the numeric value stored in the "buffer memory" as a condition
[Condition]
The value stored in buffer memory addresses "800, 801" (" Md. 20 Current
feed value") is "1000" or larger.

| Da.15 <br> Condition target | Da.16 <br> Condition <br> operator | Da.17 <br> Address | Da.18 <br> Parameter 1 | Da.19 <br> Parameter 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 04H: Buffer memory <br> (2 words) | $04 \mathrm{H}: * * \geq \mathrm{P} 1$ | 800 | 1000 | - |

(c) Designating the axis and positioning data No. to be simultaneously started in "simultaneous start"
[Condition]
Simultaneously starting "axis 2 positioning data No.3".

| Da.15 <br> Condition target | Da.16 <br> Condition <br> operator | Da.17 <br> Address | Da.18 <br> Parameter 1 | Da.19 <br> Parameter 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05H: Positioning <br> data No. | 20H: Axis 2 <br> selected | - | High-order 16 <br> bits "0003H" <br> (Note-1) | - $^{\text {(Note-1) }}$ |

(Note-1): The setting value of start axis (the axis which executes positioning start) should be " 0000 H ".
(2) LD77MH16
(a) Setting the device ON/OFF as a condition
[Condition]
Device "X10" (Axis 1 BUSY signal) is OFF

| Da. 15 <br> Condition target | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Da. } 16 \\ \hline \end{array}$ <br> Condition operator | $\text { Da. } 17$ <br> Address | $\text { Da. } 18$ <br> Parameter 1 | $\text { Da. } 19$ <br> Parameter 2 | Da. 23 <br> Number of simultaneously starting axes | Da. 24 <br> Simultaneously starting axis No. 1 | Da. 25 <br> Simultaneously starting axis No. 2 | Da. 26 <br> Simultaneously starting axis No. 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01H: <br> Device X | $\begin{gathered} 08 \mathrm{H}: \\ \mathrm{DEV}=\mathrm{OFF} \end{gathered}$ | - | 10H | - | - | - | - | - |

(b) Setting the numeric value stored in the "buffer memory" as a condition
[Condition]
The value stored in buffer memory addresses "2400, 2401" ("M Md. 20 Current feed value") is "1000" or larger.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Da. } 15 \\ & \text { Condition } \\ & \text { target } \end{aligned}$ | Da. 16 <br> Condition operator | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Da. } 17 \\ & \text { Address } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Da. } 18 \\ \text { Parameter } 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Da. } 19 \\ \text { Parameter } 2 \end{gathered}$ | Da. 23 <br> Number of simultaneously starting axes | Da. 24 <br> Simultaneously starting axis No. 1 | Da. 25 <br> Simultaneously starting axis No. 2 | Da. 26 <br> Simultaneously starting axis No. 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 04H: Buffer memory (2 words) | $\begin{gathered} 04 \mathrm{H}: \\ * * \geq \mathrm{P} 1 \end{gathered}$ | 2400 | 1000 | - | - | - | - | - |

(c) Designating the axis and positioning data No. to be simultaneously started in "simultaneous start"
[Condition]
Simultaneously starting "axis 2 positioning data No.3".

| D. 15 <br> Condition target | Da. 16 <br> Condition operator | $\underset{\text { Address }}{\substack{\text { Da. } 17}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Da. } 18 \\ \text { Parameter } 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Da. } 19 \\ \text { Parameter } 2 \end{array}$ |  | Da. 24 <br> Simultaneously starting axis No. 1 | Da. 25 <br> Simultaneously starting axis No. 2 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Da. } 26 \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Simultaneously } \\ \text { starting axis } \\ \text { No.3is } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05H: Positioning data No. | - | - | Low-order 16 bits "0003H | - | 2H: 2 axes | 1H: Axis 2 | OH | OH |

### 10.5 Multiple axes simultaneous start control

The "multiple axes simultaneous start control" starts and controls the multiple axes simultaneously by outputting command to the axis to be started at the same timing as the start axis.
The maximum of four axes can be started simultaneously.

## [1] Control details

The multiple axes simultaneous start control is carried out by setting the simultaneous start setting data to the multiple axes simultaneous start control buffer memory of the axis control data, and the "9004" to "Cd.3 Positioning start No." of the start axis, and then turning ON the positioning start signal.

- LD77MH4 ............Set the start data No. of simultaneous starting axis (positioning data No. to be started simultaneously for each axis) in "Cd. 30 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 1 start data No.)" to "Cd. 33 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 4 start data No.)".
- LD77MH16 ..........Set the number of axes to be started simultaneously and axis No. in "Cd. 43 Simultaneous starting axis", and the start data No. of simultaneous starting axis (positioning data No. to be started simultaneously for each axis) in " Cd. 30 Simultaneous starting own axis start data No." and "Cd. 31 Simultaneous starting axis start data No.1" to "Cd. 33 Simultaneous starting axis start data No.3".


## [2] Restrictions

(1) An error will occur and all simultaneously started axes will not start (error code: 501) if the simultaneously started axis start data No. is not set to the axis control data on the start axis or set outside the setting range.
(2) An error will occur and all simultaneously started axes will not start (error code: 501) if either of the simultaneously started axes is BUSY.
(3) An error will occur and all simultaneously started axes will not start (error code: 501) if an error occurs during the analysis of the positioning data on the simultaneously started axes.
(4) No error or warning will occur if only the start axis is the simultaneously started axis.
(5) This function cannot be used with the sub function Section 13.7.7 "Prereading start function".
[3] Multiple axes simultaneous start control procedure
The procedure for multiple axes simultaneous start control is as follows.

[4] Multiple axes simultaneous start control function setting method The following shows the setting of the data used to execute the multiple axes simultaneous start control with positioning start signals (The axis control data on the start axis is set).

| Setting item |  | Setting value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 |  | LD77MH16 |
| Cd. 3 | Positioning start No. |  | 9004 | Set the multiple axes simultaneous start control start No. "9004". | 1500+100n | 4300+100n |
| Cd. 43 | Simultaneous starting axis LD77MH16 | Set the number of simultaneous starting axes and target axis. |  |  | 4339+100n |
| Cd. 30 | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 1 start data No.) LD77MH4 | Set the simultaneously started axis start data No. <br> Set a "0" for the axis other than the simultaneously started axes. |  | 1540+100n |  |
|  | Simultaneous starting own axis start data No. LD77MH16 |  |  |  | 4340+100n |
| Cd. 31 | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 2 start data No.) LD77MH4 |  |  | 1541+100n |  |
|  | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 1 LD77MH16 |  |  |  | 4341+100n |
| Cd. 32 | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 3 start data No.) LD77MH4 |  |  | 1542+100n |  |
|  | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 2 LD77MH16 |  |  |  | 4342+100n |
| Cd. 33 | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 4 start data No.) LD77MH4 |  |  | 1543+100n |  |
|  | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 3 LD77MH16 |  |  |  | 4343+100n |

n : Axis No.-1
(Note): Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for information on setting details.

## [5] Setting examples

(1) The following shows the setting examples in which the LD77MH4 [axis 1] is used as the start axis and the simultaneously started axes are used as the axes 2 and 4 .

|  | Setting item | Setting value | Setting details | Buffer memory address <br> (Axis 1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cd. 3 | Positioning start No. | 9004 | Set the multiple axes simultaneous start control start No. "9004". | 1500 |
| Ca. 30 | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 1 start data No.) | 100 | The axis 1 starts the positioning data No. 100. | 1540 |
| Cd. 31 | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 2 start data No.) | 200 | Immediately after the start of the axis 1 , the axis 2 starts the axis 2 positioning data No. 200. | 1541 |
| Cd. 32 | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 3 start data No.) | 0 | Will not start simultaneously. | 1542 |
| Cd. 33 | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 4 start data No.) | 300 | Immediately after the start of the axis 1 , the axis 4 starts the axis 4 positioning data No. 300. | 1543 |

(2) The following shows the setting examples in which the LD77MH16 [axis 10] is used as the start axis and the simultaneously started axes are used as the axes 12 and 14 .

|  | Setting item | Setting value | Setting details | Buffer memory address <br> (Axis 10) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cd. 3 | Positioning start No. | 9004 | Set the multiple axes simultaneous start control start No. "9004". | 5200 |
| Cd. 43 | Simultaneous starting axis | 30DBH | Set the axis $12(0 \mathrm{BH})$ to the simultaneously starting axis No.1, and the axis 14 (0DH) to the simultaneously starting axis No.2. | 5239 |
| Cd. 30 | Simultaneous starting own axis start data No. | 100 | The axis 10 starts the positioning data No. 100. | 5240 |
| Cd. 31 | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 1 | 200 | Immediately after the start of the axis 10, the axis 12 starts the axis 12 positioning data No. 200. | 5241 |
| Cd. 32 | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 2 | 300 | Immediately after the start of the axis 10, the axis 14 starts the axis 14 positioning data No. 300. | 5242 |
| Cd. 33 | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 3 | 0 | Will not start simultaneously. | 5243 |

## POINTS

(1) The "multiple axes simultaneous start control" carries out an operation equivalent to the "simultaneous start" using the "block start data".
(2) The setting of the "multiple axes simultaneous start control" is easier than that of the "simultaneous start" using the "block start data".

- Setting items for "simultaneous start" using "block start data" Positioning start data, block start data, condition data, and positioning data
- Setting items for "multiple axes simultaneous start control"

Positioning data and axis control data

### 10.6 Start program for high-level positioning control

### 10.6.1 Starting high-level positioning control

To execute high-level positioning control, a sequence program must be created to start the control in the same method as for major positioning control.

The following shows the procedure for starting the "1st point block start data" (regarded as block No. 7000) set in axis 1.


1) Set "7000" in "Cd. 3 Positioning start No.".
(This establishes that the control as "high-level positioning control" using block start data.)
2) Set the point No. of the "block start data" to be started. (In this case "1".)
3) Turn ON the start signal.
4) The positioning data set in the "1st point block start data" is started.

Fig. 10.2 High-level positioning control start procedure

### 10.6.2 Example of a start program for high-level positioning control

The following shows an example of a start program for high-level positioning control in which the 1 st point " block start data" of axis 1 is started. (The block No. is regarded as "7000".)

Control data that require setting
The following control data must be set to execute high-level positioning control. The setting is carried out using a sequence program.

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value |  | Setting details |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(Note): Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.
Start conditions
The following conditions must be fulfilled when starting the control. The required conditions must also be integrated into the sequence program, and configured so the control does not start unless the conditions are fulfilled.

|  | Signal name | Signal state |  | Device |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Interface signal | PLC READY signal | ON | PLC CPU preparation completed | Y0 |  |
|  | LD77 READY signal | ON | LD77MH preparation completed | X0 |  |
|  | All axis servo ON | ON | All axis servo ON | Y1 |  |
|  | Synchronization flag | ON | LD77MH buffer memory The access is possible. | X1 |  |
|  | Axis stop signal | OFF | Axis stop signal is OFF | Y4 to Y7 | Cd. 180 Axis stop |
|  | Start complete signal | OFF | Start complete signal is OFF | X10 to X13 | Md.31 Status: b14 |
|  | BUSY signal | OFF | BUSY signal is OFF | XC to XF | X10 to X1F |
|  | Error detection signal | OFF | There is no error | X8 to XB | Md.31 Status: b13 |
|  | M code ON signal | OFF | M code ON signal is OFF | X4 to X7 | Md.31 Status: b12 |
| External signal | Forced stop input signal | ON | There is no forced stop input | - |  |
|  | Upper limit (FLS) | ON | Within limit range | - |  |
|  | Lower limit (RLS) | ON | Within limit range | - |  |

Start time chart
The following chart shows a time chart in which the positioning data No. 1, 2, 10, 11, and 12 of LD77MH4 [axis 1] are continuously executed as an example.
(1) Block start data setting example

| Axis 1 block <br> start data | Da.11 <br> Shape | Da.12 <br> Start data No. | Da.13 <br> Special start <br> instruction | Da.14 <br> Parameter |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1st point | 1: Continue | 1 | 0: Block start | - |
| 2nd point | 0: End | 10 | 0: Block start | - |
| $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |
| - |  |  |  |  |

(2) Positioning data setting example

| Axis 1 positioning <br> data No. | Da.1 <br> Operation pattern |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | 11: Continuous path control |
| 2 | 00: Positioning complete |
| $\bullet$ |  |
| 10 | 11: Continuous path control |
| 11 | 11: Continuous path control |
| 12 | $00:$ Positioning complete |
| $\cdot$ |  |

(3) Start time chart

(Note): Refer to Section 3.3 for input/output signal or Chapter 5 for buffer memory address of LD77MH16.
Fig. 10.3 Start time chart for high-level positioning control (block start)

Creating the program


## Chapter 11 Manual Control

The details and usage of manual control are explained in this chapter.
In manual control, commands are issued during a JOG operation and an inching operation executed by the turning ON of the JOG START signal, or from a manual pulse generator connected to the LD77MH.
Manual control using a sequence program from the PLC CPU is explained in this chapter. Refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2 for an explanation of manual control (JOG operation, inching operation and manual pulse generator operation) using the GX Works2.
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### 11.1 Outline of manual control

### 11.1.1 Three manual control methods

"Manual control" refers to control in which positioning data is not used, and a positioning operation is carried out in response to signal input from an external device. The three types of this "manual control" are explained below.

## [1] JOG operation

"JOG operation" is a control method in which the machine is moved by only a movement amount (commands are continuously output while the JOG START signal is ON). This operation is used to move the workpiece in the direction in which the limit signal is ON, when the operation is stopped by turning the limit signal OFF to confirm the positioning system connection and obtain the positioning data address (refer to Section 13.7.4 "Teaching function").


Fig. 11.1 JOG operation

## [2] Inching operation

"Inching operation" is a control method in which a minute movement amount of command is output manually in operation cycle.
When the "inching movement amount" of the axis control data is set by JOG operation, the workpiece is moved by a set movement amount. (When the "inching movement amount" is set to " 0 ", the machine functions as JOG operation.)


Fig. 11.2 Inching operation

## [3] Manual pulse generator operation

"Manual pulse generator operation" is a control method in which positioning is carried out in response to the number of pulses input from a manual pulse generator (the number of input command is output). This operation is used for manual fine adjustment, etc., when carrying out accurate positioning to obtain the positioning address.


Fig. 11.3 Manual pulse generator control
Manual control sub functions
Refer to Section 3.2.5 "Combination of LD77MH main functions and sub functions" for details on "sub functions" that can be combined with manual control. Also refer to Chapter 13 "Control Sub Functions" for details on each sub function.

Carrying out manual control from GX Works2
"JOG operation", "Inching operation" and enabling/disabling of the "manual pulse generator operation" can be executed from GX Works2 test function. Refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2 for details on manual control from GX Works2.

Monitoring manual control
Refer to Section 5.6 "List of monitor data" when directly monitoring the buffer memory using GX Works2.
Also refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2 when monitoring with the monitor functions of GX Works2

### 11.2 JOG operation

### 11.2.1 Outline of JOG operation

## JOG operation

In JOG operation, the forward run JOG start signal or reverse run JOG start signal turns ON, causing pulses to be output to the servo amplifier from the LD77MH while the signal is ON. The workpiece is then moved in the designated direction.

| Signal | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Forward run JOG start signal | Y8, YA, YC, YE | Cd.181 Forward run JOG start |
| Reverse run JOG start signal | Y9, YB, YD, YF | Cd.182 Reverse run JOG start |

The following shows examples of JOG operation.

| 1) | When the START signal turns ON, acceleration begins in the direction designated by the <br> START signal, and continues for the acceleration time designated in " Pr.32JOG operation <br> acceleration time selection". At this time, the BUSY signal changes from OFF to ON. |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2) | When the workpiece being accelerated reaches the speed set in " "Cd.17JJOG speed", the <br> movement continues at this speed. The constant speed movement takes place at 2) and 3). |
| 3) | When the START signal is turned OFF, deceleration begins from the speed set in "Cd.17 <br> JOG speed", and continues for the deceleration time designated in " "Pr.33JOG operation <br> deceleration time selection". |
| 4) | The operation stops when the speed becomes "0". At this time, the BUSY signal changes <br> from ON to OFF. |


(Note): Refer to Section 3.3 for input/output signal of LD77MH16.
Fig. 11.4 JOG operation

## Important

Use the hardware stroke limit function when carrying out JOG operation near the upper or lower limits. (Refer to Section "13.4.4").
If the hardware stroke limit function is not used, the workpiece may exceed the moving range, causing an accident.

## Precautions during operation

The following details must be understood before carrying out JOG operation.
(1) For safety, first set " Cd. 17 JOG speed" to a smaller value and check the movement. Then gradually increase the value.
(2) An axis error will occur and the operation will not start (error code: 300) if the "JOG speed" is outside the setting range at the JOG start.
(3) An axis error will occur and the operation will not start (error code: 956) if " Pr. 31 JOG speed limit value" is set to a value larger than " Pr. 8 speed limit value".
(4) If " Cd. 17 JOG speed" exceeds the speed set in " Pr. 31 JOG speed limit value", the workpiece will move at the " Pr. 31 JOG speed limit value" and an "Axis warning" will occur in the LD77MH (warning code: 301).
(5) The JOG operation can be continued even if an "Axis warning" has occurred.
(6) Set a " 0 " in " Cd. 16 Inching movement amount". If a value other than " 0 " is set, the operation will become an inching operation (Refer to Section 11.3 "Inching operation").

Operations when stroke limit error occurs
When the operation is stopped by hardware stroke limit error or software stroke limit error, the JOG operation can execute in an opposite way (direction within normal limits) after an error reset. (An error will occur again if JOG start signal is turned ON in a direction to outside the stroke limit.)


JOG operation timing and processing time
The following drawing shows details of the JOG operation timing and processing time.


Fig. 11.5 JOG operation timing and processing times


|  | Operation cycle | t1 | t2 | t3 | t4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | 0.88 | 0.8 to 1.1 | 0 to 0.9 | 2.2 to 2.7 | 0 to 0.9 |
| LD77MH16 | 0.88 | 0.8 to 1.1 | 0 to 0.9 | 2.2 to 2.7 | 0 to 0.9 |
|  | 1.77 | 0.8 to 2.2 | 0 to 1.8 | 3.2 to 3.9 | 0 to 1.8 |

- Delays may occur in the t 1 timing time due to the operation status of other axes.


### 11.2.2 JOG operation execution procedure

The JOG operation is carried out by the following procedure.


## REMARK

- Mechanical elements such as limit switches are considered as already installed.
- Parameter settings work in common for all control using the LD77MH.


### 11.2.3 Setting the required parameters for JOG operation

The "Positioning parameters" must be set to carry out JOG operation.
The following table shows the setting items of the required parameters for carrying out JOG operation. When only JOG operation will be carried out, no parameters other than those shown below need to be set. (Use the initial values or setting values within a range where no error occurs for trouble-free operation.)

| Setting item |  |  | Setting requirement | Factory-set initial value (setting details) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pr. 1 | Unit setting | ( | 3 (PLS) |
|  | Pr. 2 | Number of pulses per rotation (AP) (Unit: PLS) | (0) | 20000 |
|  | Pr. 3 | Movement amount per rotation (AL) (Unit: PLS) | ( | 20000 |
|  | Pr. 4 | Unit magnification (AM) | ( | 1 (1 times) |
|  | Pr. 7 | Bias speed at start (Unit: PLS/s) | $\bigcirc$ | 0 |
|  | Pr. 8 | Speed limit value (Unit: PLS/s) | ( ) | 200000 |
|  | Pr. 9 | Acceleration time 0 (Unit: PLS/s) | ( | 1000 |
|  | Pr. 10 | Deceleration time 0 (Unit: PLS/s) | () | 1000 |
|  | Pr. 11 | Backlash compensation amount (Unit: PLS) | $\bigcirc$ | 0 |
|  | Pr. 12 | Software stroke limit upper limit value (Unit: PLS) | $\bigcirc$ | 2147483647 |
|  | Pr. 13 | Software stroke limit lower limit value (Unit: PLS) | $\bigcirc$ | -2147483648 |
|  | Pr. 14 | Software stroke limit selection | $\bigcirc$ | 0 (current feed value) |
|  | Pr. 15 | Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting | $\bigcirc$ | 0 (valid) |
|  | Pr. 17 | Torque limit setting value (Unit: \%) | $\bigcirc$ | 300 |
|  | Pr. 25 | Acceleration time 1 (Unit: ms) | $\bigcirc$ | 1000 |
|  | Pr. 26 | Acceleration time 2 (Unit: ms) | $\bigcirc$ | 1000 |
|  | Pr. 27 | Acceleration time 3 (Unit: ms) | $\bigcirc$ | 1000 |
|  | Pr. 28 | Deceleration time 1 (Unit: ms) | $\bigcirc$ | 1000 |
|  | Pr. 29 | Deceleration time 2 (Unit: ms) | $\bigcirc$ | 1000 |
|  | Pr. 30 | Deceleration time 3 (Unit: ms) | $\bigcirc$ | 1000 |
|  | Pr. 31 | JOG speed limit value (Unit: PLS/s) | (0) | 20000 |
|  | Pr. 32 | JOG operation acceleration time selection | ( | 0 (acceleration time 0) |
|  | Pr. 33 | JOG operation deceleration time selection | © | 0 (deceleration time 0) |
|  | Pr. 34 | Acceleration/deceleration process selection | $\bigcirc$ | 0 (trapezoidal acceleration/ deceleration processing) |
|  | Pr. 35 | S-curve ratio (Unit: \%) | $\bigcirc$ | 100 |
|  | Pr. 36 | Sudden stop deceleration time (Unit: ms) | $\bigcirc$ | 1000 |
|  | Pr. 37 | Stop group 1 sudden stop selection | $\bigcirc$ | 0 (deceleration stop) |
|  | Pr. 38 | Stop group 2 sudden stop selection | $\bigcirc$ | 0 (deceleration stop) |
|  | Pr. 39 | Stop group 3 sudden stop selection | $\bigcirc$ | 0 (deceleration stop) |

© : Setting always required.
O : Set according to requirements (Leave set to the initial value when not used.)

## REMARK

- Parameter settings work in common for all control using the LD77MH. When carrying out other control ("major positioning control", "high-level positioning control", "OPR positioning control"), the respective setting items must also be matched and set.
- Parameters are set for each axis.
- Refer to Chapter 5 "Data Used for Positioning Control" for setting details.


### 11.2.4 Creating start programs for JOG operation

A sequence program must be created to execute a JOG operation. Consider the "required control data setting", "start conditions" and "start time chart" when creating the program.
The following shows an example when a JOG operation is started for axis 1.
("Cd. 17 JOG speed" is set to " $100.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ " in the example shown.)
Required control data setting
The control data shown below must be set to execute a JOG operation. The setting is carried out with the sequence program.

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value |  | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |
| Cd.16 | Inching movement <br> amount | 0 | Set "0". | $1517+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $4317+100 \mathrm{n}$ |  |
| Cd.17 | JOG speed | 10000 | Set a value equal to or below the "Pr.31 <br> JOG speed limit value". | $1518+100 \mathrm{n}$ <br> $1519+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $4318+100 \mathrm{n}$ <br> $4319+100 \mathrm{n}$ |  |

*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

## Start conditions

The following conditions must be fulfilled when starting. The required conditions must also be assembled in the sequence program, and the sequence program must be configured so the operation will not start if the conditions are not fulfilled.

|  | Signal name | Signal state |  | Device |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Interface signal | PLC READY signal | ON | PLC CPU preparation completed | Y0 |  |
|  | LD77 READY signal | ON | LD77MH preparation completed | X0 |  |
|  | All axis servo ON | ON | All axis servo ON | Y1 |  |
|  | Synchronization flag * | ON | LD77MH buffer memory The access is possible. | X1 |  |
|  | Axis stop signal | OFF | Axis stop signal is OFF | Y4 to Y7 | Cd. 180 Axis stop |
|  | Start complete signal | OFF | Start complete signal is OFF | X10 to X13 | Md.31 Status: b14 |
|  | BUSY signal | OFF | LD77MH is not operating | XC to XF | X10 to X1F |
|  | Error detection signal | OFF | There is no error | X8 to XB | Md.31 Status: b13 |
|  | M code ON signal | OFF | M code ON signal is OFF | X4 to X7 | Md.31 Status: b12 |
| External signal | Forced stop input signal | ON | There is no forced stop input | - |  |
|  | Upper limit (FLS) | ON | Within limit range | - |  |
|  | Lower limit (RLS) | ON | Within limit range | - |  |

*: If the PLC CPU is set to the asynchronous mode in the synchronization setting, this must be inserted in the program for interlocking. If it is set to the synchronous mode, it must not be inserted in the program for interlocking because it is turned ON when the PLC CPU executes calculation.

Start time chart


Fig. 11.6 JOG operation start time chart

Creating the program


### 11.2.5 JOG operation example

When the "stop signal" is turned ON during JOG operation
When the "stop signal" is turned ON during JOG operation, the JOG operation will stop by the "deceleration stop" method.
If the JOG start signal is turned ON while the stop signal is ON, an error "Stop signal ON at start" (error code: 106) will occur.
The operation can be started by turning the stop signal OFF, and turning the JOG start signal from OFF to ON again.


Fig. 11.7 Operation when the stop signal is turned ON during JOG operation

When both the "forward run JOG start signal" and "reverse run JOG start signal" are turned ON simultaneously for one axis
When both the "forward run JOG start signal" and "reverse run JOG start signal" are turned ON simultaneously for one axis, the "forward run JOG start signal" is given priority. In this case, the "reverse run JOG start signal" is validated when the LD77MH BUSY signal is turned OFF.
If the forward run JOG operation is stopped due to stop by a stop signal or axis error, the reverse run JOG operation will not be executed even if the "reverse run JOG start signal" turns ON.


Fig. 11.8 Operation when both the forward run JOG start signal and reverse run JOG start signal are turned ON simultaneously

- When the "JOG start signal" is turned ON again during deceleration caused by the ON $\rightarrow$ OFF of the "JOG start signal"
When the "JOG start signal" is turned ON again during deceleration caused by the ON $\rightarrow$ OFF of the "JOG start signal", the JOG operation will be carried out from the time the "JOG start signal" is turned ON.


Fig. 11.9 Operation when the JOG start signal is turned ON during deceleration

- When the "JOG start signal" is turned ON while the test function of GX Works2 is used
When the "JOG start signal" is turned ON while the test function of GX Works2 is used, it will be ignored and the JOG operation will not be carried out.


Fig. 11.10 Operation when the JOG start signal is turned ON while the test function is used

### 11.3 Inching operation

### 11.3.1 Outline of inching operation

## Inching operation

In inching operation, pulses are output to the servo amplifier at operation cycle to move the workpiece by a designated movement amount after the forward run JOG start signal or reverse JOG start signal is turned ON.

| Signal | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Forward run JOG start signal | Y8, YA, YC, YE | Cd.181 Forward run JOG start |
| Reverse run JOG start signal | Y9, YB, YD, YF | Cd.182 Reverse run JOG start |

The following shows the example of inching operation.

| 1) | When the start signal is turned ON, inching operation is carried out in the direction <br> designated by the start signal. In this case, BUSY signal is turned from OFF to ON. |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2) | The workpiece is moved by a movement amount set in " Cd.16 In Inching movement <br> amount". |
| 3) | The workpiece movement stops when the speed becomes "O". In this case, BUSY signal <br> is turned from ON to OFF. The positioning complete signal is turned from OFF to ON. |
| 4) | The positioning complete signal is turned from ON to OFF after a time set in <br> " Pr. 40 <br> Positioning complete signal output time" has been elapsed. |

[LD77MH4 operation example]


Fig. 11.11 Inching operation

## Important

When the inching operation is carried out near the upper or lower limit, use the hardware stroke limit function (Refer to Section 13.4.4).
If the hardware stroke limit function is not used, the workpiece may exceed the movement range, and an accident may result.

## Precautions during operation

The following details must be understood before inching operation is carried out.
(1) Acceleration/deceleration processing is not carried out during inching operation.
(Commands corresponding to the designated inching movement amount are output at operation cycle. The movement direction of inching operation is reversed and, when a backlash compensation is carried out, first command corresponding to the backlash amount are output at operation cycle and then commands corresponding to the designated inching movement amount are output in the subsequent operation cycles.)
The " Cd. 17 JOG speed" is ignored even if it is set. An error will occur in the following cases (error code: 301).
( Cd. 16 Inching movement amount) $x(A)>($ Pr. 31 JOG speed limit value)
Where (A) is as follows.

|  | Operation cycle |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0.88 | 1.77 |
| When the unit setting is PLS. | 1125 | 562.5 |
| When the unit setting is degree and the " Pr.83 Speed control <br> $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis" is valid. | 67.5 | 33.75 |
| When the unit setting is other than the above. | 675 | 337.5 |

(2) Set a value other than a " 0 " in " Cd. 16 Inching movement amount".

If a "0" is set, the operation will become JOG operation (Refer to Section 11.2 "JOG operation").

Operations when stroke limit error occurs
When the operation is stopped by hardware stroke limit error or software stroke limit error, the inching operation can be performed in an opposite way (direction within normal limits.) after an error reset.
(An error will occur again if JOG start signal is turned ON in a direction to outside the stroke limit.)


Inching operation timing and processing times
The following drawing shows the details of the inching operation timing and processing time.


Fig. 11.12 Inching operation timing and processing times
Normal timing times
Unit : [ms]

|  | Operation cycle | t1 | t2 | t3 | t4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | 0.88 | 0.8 to 1.1 | 2.2 to 2.7 | 0 to 0.9 | Depending on <br> parameters |
| LD77MH16 | 0.88 | 0.8 to 1.1 | 2.2 to 2.7 | 0 to 0.9 | Depending on <br> parameters |
|  | 1.77 | 0.8 to 2.2 | 3.2 to 3.9 | 0 to 1.8 | Depending on <br> parameters |

- Depending on the operating statuses of the other axes, delay may occur in the t1 timing time.


### 11.3.2 Inching operation execution procedure

The inching operation is carried out by the following procedure.


## REMARK

- Mechanical elements such as limit switches are considered as already installed.
- Parameter settings work in common for all control using the LD77MH.


### 11.3.3 Setting the required parameters for inching operation

The "Positioning parameters" must be set to carry out inching operation.
The following table shows the setting items of the required parameters for carrying out inching operation. When only inching operation will be carried out, no parameters other than those shown below need to be set. (Use the initial values or setting values within a range where no error occurs for trouble-free operation.)

| Setting item |  |  | Setting requirement | Factory-set initial value (setting details) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pr. 1 | Unit setting | ( | 3 (PLS) |
|  | Pr. 2 | Number of pulses per rotation (AP) (Unit: PLS) | (0) | 20000 |
|  | Pr. 3 | Movement amount per rotation (AL) (Unit: PLS) | ( | 20000 |
|  | Pr. 4 | Unit magnification (AM) | (0) | 1 (1 times) |
|  | Pr. 11 | Backlash compensation amount (Unit: PLS) | $\bigcirc$ | 0 |
|  | Pr. 12 | Software stroke limit upper limit value (Unit: PLS) | $\bigcirc$ | 2147483647 |
|  | Pr. 13 | Software stroke limit lower limit value (Unit: PLS) | $\bigcirc$ | -2147483648 |
|  | Pr. 14 | Software stroke limit selection | $\bigcirc$ | 0 (current feed value) |
|  | Pr. 15 | Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting | $\bigcirc$ | 0 (valid) |
|  | Pr. 17 | Torque limit setting value (Unit: \%) | $\bigcirc$ | 300 |
|  | Pr. 31 | JOG speed limit value (Unit: PLS/s) | ( | 20000 |

(o) : Setting always required.

O : Set according to requirements (Leave set to the initial value when not used.)

## REMARK

- Positioning parameter settings work in common for all control using the LD77MH. When carrying out other controls ("major positioning control", "high-level positioning control", and "OPR control"), the respective setting items must also be set.
- Parameters are set for each axis.
- Refer to Chapter 5 "Data Used for Positioning Control" for setting details.


### 11.3.4 Creating a program to enable/disable the inching operation

A sequence program must be created to execute an inching operation. Consider the "required control data setting", "start conditions", and "start time chart" when creating the program.
The following shows an example when an inching operation is started for axis 1. (The example shows the inching operation when a " $10.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ " is set in " Cd. 16 Inching movement amount".)

Required control data setting
The control data shown below must be set to execute an inching operation. The setting is carried out with the sequence program.

|  | Setting item | Setting value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Cd. 16 | Inching movement amount | 100 | Set the setting value so that the JOG speed limit value is not increased larger than the maximum output pulse | 1517+100n | 4317+100n |

*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for information on setting details.
Start conditions
The following conditions must be fulfilled when starting. The required conditions must also be assembled in the sequence program, and the sequence program must be configured so the operation will not start if the conditions are not fulfilled.

*: If the PLC CPU is set to the asynchronous mode in the synchronization setting, this must be inserted in the program for interlocking. If it is set to the synchronous mode, it must not be inserted in the program for interlocking because it is turned ON when the PLC CPU executes calculation.

Start time chart


Fig. 11.13 Inching operation start time chart

Creating the program


### 11.3.5 Inching operation example

- When executing inching operation while stop signal is turned ON

If the JOG start signal is turned ON while the stop signal is ON, an error "Stop signal ON at start" (error code: 106) will occur.
The inching operation can be re-started when the stop signal is turned OFF and then re-turned ON .


Fig. 11.14 Operation when executing inching operation while stop signal is turned ON

When the "JOG start signal" is turned ON while the test function of GX Works2 is used
When the "JOG star signal" is turned ON while the test function is used, it will be ignored and the inching operation will not be carried out.


Fig. 11.15 Operation when the JOG start signal is turned ON while the test function is used

### 11.4 Manual pulse generator operation

### 11.4.1 Outline of manual pulse generator operation

Manual pulse generator operation
In manual pulse generator operations, pulses are input to the LD77MH from the manual pulse generator. This causes the same number of input command to be output from the LD77MH to the servo amplifier, and the workpiece is moved in the designated direction.
The following shows and example of manual pulse generator operation.

| 1) | When the " Cd.21 Manual pulse generator enable flag" is set to "1", the BUSY signal <br> turns ON and the manual pulse generator operation is enabled. |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2) | The workpiece is moved corresponding to the number of pulses input from the manual <br> pulse generator. |
| 3) | The workpiece movement stops when no more pulses are input from the manual pulse <br> generator. |
| 4$)$ | When the " Cd.21 Manual pulse generator enable flag" is set to "0", the BUSY signal <br> turns OFF and the manual pulse generator operation is disabled. |


(Note): Refer to Section 3.3 for input/output signal of LD77MH16.
[Precautions]
*1: If the input from the manual pulse generator stops, the machine will decelerate to a stop within 25 ms .
*2: The start complete signal does not turn ON in manual pulse generator operation.
Fig. 11.16 Manual pulse generator operation

## Important

Create the sequence program so that " Cd. 21 Manual pulse generator enable flag" is always set to " 0 " (disabled) when a manual pulse generator operation is not carried out.
Mistakenly touching the manual pulse generator when the manual pulse generator enable flag is set to "1" (enable) can cause accidents or incorrect positioning.

Restricted items
A manual pulse generator is required to carry out manual pulse generator operation.

## Precautions during operation

The following details must be understood before carrying out manual pulse generator operation.
(1) The speed during manual pulse generator operation is not limited by the " Pr. 8 Speed limit value".
(2) If the " Cd. 21 Manual pulse generator enable flag" is turned ON while the LD77MH is BUSY (BUSY signal ON), a warning will occur (warning code 100: start during operation).
(3) If a stop factor occurs during manual pulse generator operation, the operation will stop, and the BUSY signal will turn OFF.
At this time, the "Cd. 21 Manual pulse generator enable flag" will be left ON, but manual pulse generator operation will not be possible. To carry out manual pulse generator operation again, measures must be carried out to eliminate the stop factor. Once eliminated, the operation can be carried out again by turning the " Cd. 21 Manual pulse generator enable flag" ON $\rightarrow$ OFF $\rightarrow$ ON.
(Note that this excludes hardware/software stroke limit error.)
(4) Command will not be output if an error occurs when the manual pulse generator operation starts.

## Important

The speed command is issued according to the input from the manual pulse generator irrelevant of the speed limit setting.
When the speed command is larger than 62914560pps (63Mpps), a servo error "Command frequency error (error code: 2035)" will occur.
The following calculation formula is used to judge whether or not an error will occur.
$($ Speed command $)=\left(\begin{array}{l}\text { Number of } \\ \text { input pulses } \\ \text { for one } \\ \text { second }\end{array}\right) \times\left(\begin{array}{l}\text { Manual pulse } \\ \text { generator } 1 \\ \text { pulse input } \\ \text { magnification }\end{array}\right) \times\left(\begin{array}{l}\text { Manual pulse } \\ \text { generator } 1 \\ \text { pulse movement } \\ \text { amount }\end{array}\right) \times\left(\frac{\text { Number of pulses per rotation }}{\text { Movement amount per rotation }}\right)$
If a large value is set to the manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification, there is a high possibility of a servo error "Command frequency error (error code: 2035)" occurrence. Note that the servomotor does not work rapidly by sudden pulse input even if the servo error will not occur.

## REMARK

- One LD77MH module can be connected to one manual pulse generator.
- The LD77MH module can simultaneously command to servo amplifier (LD77MH4:

Axis 1 to 4, LD77MH16: Axis 1 to 16) by one manual pulse generator. (Simultaneous operation (LD77MH4: 1 axis to 4 axes, LD77MH16: 1 axis to 16 axes) is possible.)

Operations when stroke limit error occurs
When the hardware stroke limit error or the software stroke limit error is detected (Note-1) during operation, the operation will decelerate to a stop. However, in case of "Md.26Axis operation status", "Manual pulse generator operation" will continue (Note-1). After stopping, manual pulse generator input pulses to the outside direction of the limit range are not accepted, but operation can be executed within the range.
(Note-1): Only when the current feed value or the machine feed value overflows or underflows during deceleration, the manual pulse generator operation will terminate as "error occurring". To carry out manual pulse generator operation again, "Cd. 21 Manual pulse generator enable flag" must be turned OFF once and turn ON.


Manual pulse generator operation timing and processing time The following drawing shows details of the manual pulse generator operation timing and processing time.


Fig. 11.17 Manual pulse generator operation timing and processing times

Normal timing times
Unit : [ms]

|  | Operation cycle | t1 | t2 | t3 | t4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | 0.88 | 0.6 to 0.9 | 9.0 to 13.0 | 18.0 to 25.0 | 8.9 |
| LD77MH16 | 0.88 | 0.6 to 0.9 | 9.0 to 13.0 | 18.0 to 25.0 | 8.9 |
|  | 1.77 | 0.8 to 2.2 | 9.0 to 14.7 | 18.0 to 25.0 | 8.9 |

- Delays may occur in the t 1 timing time due to the operation status of other axes.

Position control by manual pulse generator operation
In manual pulse generator operation, the position is moved by a "manual pulse generator 1 pulse movement amount" per pulse.
The current feed value in the positioning control by manual pulse generator operation can be calculated using the expression shown below.

Current feed value $=$ Number of input pulses $\times$ Cd.20 Manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification $\times$ Manual pulse generator 1 pulse movement amount

| Pr. 1 Unit setting | mm | inch | degree | PLS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manual pulse generator <br> 1 pulse movement <br> amount | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ | 0.00001 inch | 0.00001 degree | 1PLS |

For example, when " Pr. 1 Unit setting" is mm and "Cd. 20 Manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification" is 2 , and 100 pulses are input from the manual pulse generator, the current feed value is as follows.
$100 \times 2 \times 0.1=20[\mu \mathrm{~m}]$ ("Md.20]Current feed value"=200)

The number of pulses output actually to the servo amplifier is "Manual pulse generator 1 pulse movement amount/movement amount per pulse ${ }^{\text {(Note) }{ }^{\prime} \text {. For }}$ example, when "Pr. 1 Unit setting" is mm and the movement amount per pulse is $1 \mu \mathrm{~m}, 0.1 / 1=1 / 10$, i.e., the output to the servo amplifier per pulse from the manual pulse generator is $1 / 10$ pulse. Thus, the LD77MH outputs 1 pulse to the servo amplifier after receiving 10 pulses from the manual pulse generator.
(Note): Movement amount per pulse $=\frac{" \text { Pr. } 3 \text { Movement amount per rotation(AL)" }}{" \text { Pr. } 2 \text { Number of pulses per rotation(AP)" }} \times "$ Pr. 4 Unit magnification(AM)"
Speed control by manual pulse generation operation
The speed during positioning control by manual pulse generator operation is a speed corresponding to the number of input pulses per unit time, and can be obtained using the following equation.

$$
\text { Output command frequency }=\text { Input frequency } \times \begin{array}{rc}
\text { Cd. } 20 & \text { Manual pulse generator } \\
1 \text { pulse input magnification }
\end{array}
$$

### 11.4.2 Manual pulse generator operation execution procedure

The manual pulse generator operation is carried out by the following procedure.


- Mechanical elements such as limit switches are considered as already installed.
- Parameter settings work in common for all control using the LD77MH.


### 11.4.3 Setting the required parameters for manual pulse generator operation

The "Positioning parameters" must be set to carry out manual pulse generator operation.
The following table shows the setting items of the required parameters for carrying out manual pulse generator operation. When only manual pulse generator operation will be carried out, no parameters other than those shown below need to be set. (Use the initial values or setting values within a range where no error occurs for trouble-free operation.)

| Setting item |  |  | Setting requirement | Factory-set initial value (setting details) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pr. 1 | Unit setting | ( | 3 (PLS) |
|  | Pr. 2 | Number of pulses per rotation (AP) (Unit: PLS) | () | 20000 |
|  | Pr. 3 | Movement amount per rotation (AL) (Unit: PLS) | (0) | 20000 |
|  | Pr. 4 | Unit magnification (AM) | ( | 1 (1 times) |
|  | Pr. 8 | Speed limit value (Unit: PLS/s) | () | 200000 |
|  | Pr. 11 | Backlash compensation amount (Unit: PLS) | $\bigcirc$ | 0 |
|  | Pr. 12 | Software stroke limit upper limit value (Unit: PLS) | $\bigcirc$ | 2147483647 |
|  | Pr. 13 | Software stroke limit lower limit value (Unit: PLS) | $\bigcirc$ | -2147483648 |
|  | Pr. 14 | Software stroke limit selection | $\bigcirc$ | 0 (current feed value) |
|  | Pr. 15 | Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting | $\bigcirc$ | 0 (valid) |
|  | Pr. 17 | Torque limit setting value (Unit: \%) | $\bigcirc$ | 300 |
|  | Pr. 22 | Input signal logic selection | $\bigcirc$ | 0 (Manual pulse generator input is negative logic.) |
|  | Pr. 24 | Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input selection | $\bigcirc$ | 0 (4 times multiplication of A phase/B phase) |
|  | Pr. 89 | Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input type selection | ( | 0 (Differential output type) |

© : Setting always required.
O : Set according to requirements (Leave set to the initial value when not used.)

## REMARK

- Positioning parameter settings work in common for all control using the LD77MH. When carrying out other control ("major positioning control", "high-level positioning control", "OPR control"), the respective setting items must also be matched and set.
- Parameters are set for each axis. But Pr. 22 Manual pulse generator input (b8), Pr.24, Pr. 89 is set only for axis 1. (The setting for other than axis 1 is ignored.)
- Refer to Chapter 5 "Data Used for Positioning Control" for setting details.


### 11.4.4 Creating a program to enable/disable the manual pulse generator operation

A sequence program must be created to execute a manual pulse generator operation. Consider the "required control data setting", "start conditions" and "start time chart" when creating the program.
The following shows an example when a manual pulse generator operation is started for axis 1.

Required control data setting
The control data shown below must be set to execute a manual pulse generator operation. The setting is carried out with the sequence program.

|  | Setting item | Setting value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Cd. 20 | Manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification | 1 | Set the manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification. <br> ( 1 to 10000 times) | $\begin{aligned} & 1522+100 n \\ & 1523+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4322+100 n \\ & 4323+100 n \end{aligned}$ |
| Cd. 21 | Manual pulse generator enable flag | 1 (0) | Set "1: Enable manual pulse generator operation". (Set "0: Disable manual pulse generator operation" when finished with the manual pulse generator operation.) | 1524+100n | 4324+100n |

*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

## Start conditions

The following conditions must be fulfilled when starting. The required conditions must also be assembled in the sequence program, and the sequence program must be configured so the operation will not start if the conditions are not fulfilled.

|  |  |  |  |  | evice |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Sis | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
|  | PLC READY signal | ON | PLC CPU preparation completed |  | Y0 |
|  | LD77 READY signal | ON | LD77MH preparation completed |  | X0 |
|  | All axis servo ON | ON | All axis servo ON |  | Y1 |
|  | Synchronization flag * | ON | LD77MH buffer memory <br> The access is possible. |  | X1 |
| signal | Axis stop signal | OFF | Axis stop signal is OFF | Y4 to Y7 | Cd. 180 Axis stop |
|  | Start complete signal | OFF | Start complete signal is OFF | X10 to X13 | Md. 31 Status: b14 |
|  | BUSY signal | OFF | LD77MH is not operating | XC to XF | X10 to X1F |
|  | Error detection signal | OFF | There is no error | X8 to XB | Md.31 Status: b13 |
|  | M code ON signal | OFF | M code ON signal is OFF | X4 to X7 | Md.31 Status: b12 |
|  | Forced stop input signal | ON | There is no forced stop input |  | - |
| External <br> signal | Upper limit (FLS) | ON | Within limit range |  | - |
|  | Lower limit (RLS) | ON | Within limit range |  | - |

*: If the PLC CPU is set to the asynchronous mode in the synchronization setting, this must be inserted in the program for interlocking. If it is set to the synchronous mode, it must not be inserted in the program for interlocking because it is turned ON when the PLC CPU executes calculation.

Start time chart


Fig. 11.18 Manual pulse generator operation start time chart
Creating the program


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## Chapter 12 Expansion Control

The details and usage of expansion control are explained in this chapter.
In expansion control, the speed-torque control to execute the speed control and torque control not including position loop can be performed.
Execute the required setting to match the control.
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### 12.1 Speed-torque control

### 12.1.1 Outline of speed-torque control

This function is used to execute the speed control or torque control that does not include the position loop for the command to servo amplifier.
Switch the control mode from "position control mode" to "speed control mode" or from "torque control mode" to execute the speed control or torque control.

| Control mode | Control | Remark |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Position control mode | Positioning control, OPR control, <br> JOG operation, Inching operation <br> and Manual pulse generator <br> operation | Control that include the position <br> loop for the command to servo <br> amplifier |
| Speed control mode | Speed-torque control | Control that does not include the <br> position loop for the command to <br> servo amplifier |
| Torque control mode |  |  |

Use the servo amplifiers compatible with the control mode switching to execute the "Speed-torque control".

### 12.1.2 Setting the required parameters for speed-torque control

The "Positioning parameters" must be set to carry out speed-torque control. The following table shows the setting items of the required parameters for carrying out speed-torque control. When only speed-torque control will be carried out, no parameters other than those shown below need to be set. (Use the initial values or setting values within a range where no error occurs for trouble-free operation.)

| Setting item |  |  | Setting requirement |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pr. 1 | Unit setting | ( |
|  | Pr. 2 | Number of pulses per rotation (AP) | ( |
|  | Pr. 3 | Movement amount per rotation (AL) | ( |
|  | Pr. 4 | Unit magnification (AM) | ( $)$ |
|  | Pr. 8 | Speed limit value | ( |
|  | Pr. 12 | Software stroke limit upper limit value | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | Pr. 13 | Software stroke limit lower limit value | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | Pr. 14 | Software stroke limit selection | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | Pr. 22 | Input signal logic selection | (0) |
|  | Pr. 82 | Forced stop valid/invalid selection | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | Pr. 83 | Speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | Pr. 90 | Operation setting for speed-torque control mode | $\bigcirc$ |

© : Setting always required.
$\bigcirc$ : Set according to requirements (Leave set to the initial value when not used.)

## REMARK

- Positioning parameter settings work in common for all control using the LD77MH. When carrying out other control ("major positioning control", "high-level positioning control", "OPR control"), the respective setting items must also be matched and set.
- Parameters are set for each axis.
- Refer to Chapter 5 "Data Used for Positioning Control" for setting details.


### 12.1.3 Setting the required data for speed-torque control

Required control data setting for the control mode switching
The control data shown below must be set to execute the control mode switching.

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details |  | Buffer memory address |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  |
| Cd.138 | Control mode <br> switching request | 1 | Set "1: Switching request" after setting in <br> "Cd.139 Control mode setting". | $1574+100 \mathrm{n}$ | 4374+100n |  |
| Cd.139 | Control mode setting | $\rightarrow$ | Set the control mode to switch. <br> 0: Position control mode <br> 10: Speed control mode <br> 20: Torque control mode | $1575+100 \mathrm{n}$ | 4375+100n |  |

n: Axis No.-1
*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.
Required control data setting for the speed control mode
The control data shown below must be set to execute the speed control.

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value |  | Setting details |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |

n : Axis No.-1
*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.
Required control data setting for the torque control mode
The control data shown below must be set to execute the torque control.

|  | Setting item | Setting value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Cd. 143 | Command torque at torque control mode | $\rightarrow$ | Set the command torque at torque control mode. | 1580+100n | 4380+100n |
| Cd. 144 | Torque time constant at torque control mode (Forward direction) | $\rightarrow$ | Set the time constant to torque forward direction at torque control mode. | 1581+100n | $4381+100 n$ |
| Cd. 145 | Torque time constant at torque control mode (Reverse direction) | $\rightarrow$ | Set the time constant to torque reverse direction at torque control mode. | 1582+100n | $4382+100 n$ |
| Cd. 146 | Speed limit value at torque control mode | $\rightarrow$ | Set the speed limit value at torque control mode. | $\begin{aligned} & 1584+100 n \\ & 1585+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4384+100 n \\ & 4385+100 n \end{aligned}$ |

n: Axis No.-1
*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

### 12.1.4 Operation of speed-torque control

## [1] Switching of control mode

## Switching method of control mode

Set "1" in "Cd. 138 Control mode switching request" after setting the control mode in " Cd. 139 Control mode setting".
When the mode is switched to the speed control mode or torque control mode, the control data used in each control mode must be set before setting "1" in " Cd. 138 Control mode switching request".
When the switching condition is satisfied at control mode switching request, "30: Control mode switch" is set in "Md.26Axis operation status", and the BUSY signal turns ON. " 0 " is automatically stored in " Cd. 138 Control mode switching" after completion of switching.
A warning (warning code 120: Control mode switching during BUSY or warning code 121: Control mode switching during zero speed OFF) will occur if the switching condition is not satisfied, and the switching mode does not switched. The following shows the switching condition of each control mode.


|  | Switching operation | Switching condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1) | Position control mode $\rightarrow$ Speed control mode | Not during positioning ${ }^{\text {(Note-2) }}$ and during motor stop ${ }^{\text {Note-3) }}$ |
| 2) | Seed control mode $\rightarrow$ Position control mode | During motor stop ${ }^{\text {(Note-3) }}$ |
| 3) | Position control mode $\rightarrow$ Torque control mode (Note-1) | Not during positioning ${ }^{\text {(Note-2) }}$ and during motor stop ${ }^{(\text {Note-3) }}$ |
| 4) | Torque control mode $\rightarrow$ Position control mode (Note-1) | During motor stop ${ }^{(N o t e-3)}$ |
| 5) | Speed control mode $\rightarrow$ Torque control mode |  |
| 6) | Torque control mode $\rightarrow$ Speed control mode | None |

(Note-1): The control mode can be changed without checking the switching condition in LD77MH of "during motor stop" by setting "1: Zero speed ON condition invalid (when switching between position and torque modes)" in "Condition selection at mode switching" of "Pr. 90 Operation setting for speed-torque control mode". However, set "1: Zero speed ON condition invalid (when switching between position and torque modes)" to switch to torque control mode without waiting for stop of servomotor immediately after positioning completion, in the case of stopper, etc. Set "0: Switching conditions valid (for switching control mode" in the other cases.
(Note-2): BUSY signal is OFF.
(Note-3): ZERO speed is ON. (Low-order buffer memory address: b3 of "Md. 108 Servo status")

|  | Buffer memory address (Low-order) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Md.108 Servo status: b3 | $876+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $2476+100 \mathrm{n}$ |

The history of control mode switching is stored to the starting history at request of control mode switching. (Refer to Section 5.6.1 "System monitor data".) Confirm the control mode with "control mode (high-order buffer memory address: b2, b3)" of "Md.108Servo status". (Refer to Section 5.6.2 "Axis monitor data".)

|  | Buffer memory address (High-order) |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Md.108 Servo status: b2, b3 | $877+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $2477+100 \mathrm{n}$ |

Precautions at control mode switching
(1) The start complete signal and positioning complete signal does not turn ON at control mode switching.
(2) "30: Control mode switch", "31: Speed control", or "32: Torque control" is set in "Md.26Axis operation status", the BUSY signal turns ON.
(3) The motor speed might change momentarily at switching from the speed control mode to torque control mode. Therefore, it recommended to switch from the speed control mode to torque control mode after the servomotors are stopped.
(4) Set "2" in the Servo parameter "Pr. 143 Maker setting (PB25)" to use the speed control mode.

Operation for "Position control mode $\leftrightarrow$ Speed control mode switching" When the mode is switched from position control mode to speed control mode, the command speed immediately after switching is the speed set in "speed initial value selection (b8 to b11)" of "Pr. 90 Operation setting for speed-torque control mode".

| Speed initial value selection <br> $(\boxed{P r .90}:$ b8 to b11) | Command speed to servo amplifier immediately after switching from <br> position control mode to speed control mode |
| :--- | :--- |
| 0: Command speed | Speed that position command at switching is converted into the <br> motor speed. <br> (When the positioning does not start at switching, the speed to <br> servo amplifier immediately after switching is "0".) |
| 1: Feedback speed | Motor speed received from servo amplifier at switching. <br> CAUTION |
| CAU motor speed changes even when the positioning does not start <br> (current feed value does not change) or positioning starts at <br> constant speed. Therefore, normally set "0: Command speed" as <br> "speed initial value selection". |  |

When the mode is switched from speed control mode to position control mode, the command position immediately after switching is the current feed value at switching.

The following chart shows the operation timing for axis 1.


Operation for "Position control mode $\leftrightarrow$ Torque control mode switching"
When the mode is switched from position control mode to torque control mode, the command torque immediately after switching is the motor current value at switching. When the mode is switched from torque control mode to position control mode, the command position immediately after switching is the current feed value at switching.

The following chart shows the operation timing for axis 1 .


Operation for "Speed control mode $\leftrightarrow$ Torque control mode switching"
When the mode is switched from speed control mode to torque control mode, the command torque immediately after switching is the motor current value at switching.
When the mode is switched from torque control mode to speed control mode, the command speed immediately after switching is the motor speed at switching.

The following chart shows the operation timing for axis 1


## [2] Speed control mode

Operation for speed control mode
The speed control is executed at speed set in "Cd. 140 Command speed at speed control mode" in the speed control mode. Set a positive value for forward rotation and a negative value for reverse rotation in " Cd.140". "Cd.140" can be changed any time during speed control mode.
Acceleration/deceleration is a trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration processing.
Set acceleration/deceleration time toward "Pr. 8 Speed limit value" in " Cd. 141
Acceleration time at speed control mode" and "Cd.142 Deceleration time at speed control mode". The value at speed control mode switching request is valid for " Cd.141" and "Cd.142".
The command speed during speed control mode is limited with "Pr. 8 Speed limit value". If the speed exceeds speed limit value is set, a warning (warning code 501: Speed limit value over) will occur, the operation is controlled with speed limit value. Confirm the command speed to servo amplifier with "Md. 122 Speed during command".


Current feed value during speed control mode
" Md. 20 Current feed value", " Md.21 Machine feed value" and "Md.101Real current value" are updated.
If the current feed value exceeds the software stroke limit, an error (error code: $507,508)$ will occur and the operation is switched to position control mode. Invalidate the software stroke limit to execute one-way feed.

Stop cause during speed control mode
The operation for stop cause during speed control mode is shown below.

| Item | Operation during speed control mode |
| :---: | :---: |
| The Axis stop [Y4 to Y7] turned ON. LD77MH4 The "Cd.180 Axis stop" turned ON. LD77MH16 | The motor decelerates to speed "0" by setting value of "Cd. 142 Deceleration time at speed control mode". The mode is switched to position control mode when "Zero speed" of "Md. 108 Servo status" turns ON, and the operation stops. |
| The All axis servo ON [Y1] turned OFF. " Cd. 100 Servo OFF command" turned ON. | The servo OFF is not executed during speed control mode or torque control mode. The command status at that time becomes valid at position control mode switching. |
| The current value reached to software stroke limit. The position of motor reached to hardware stroke limit | The error (error code: $507,508,104,105,101$ ) will occur. The mode is switched to position control mode at current position, and the operation immediately stops. (Deceleration processing is not executed.) |
| The PLC READY [Y0] turned OFF. |  |
| The forced stop input to LD77MH. | The mode is switched to position control mode when the servo OFF (Servo ON of "Md. 108 Servo status" turns OFF) is executed. (While the servo amplifier is servo OFF, even if the mode is switched to position control mode, the servomotor occurs to the free run.) |
| The emergency stop input to servo amplifier. |  |
| The servo error occurred. |  |
| The servo amplifier's power supply turned OFF. | The mode is switched to position control mode. (The mode is to position control mode at the servo amplifier's power supply ON again.) |

## [3] Torque control mode

## Operation for torque control mode

The torque control is executed at torque set in "Cd. 143 Command torque at torque control mode" in the torque control mode. Set a positive value for forward direction of torque generation direction of servo motor and a negative value for reverse direction in "Cd.143". "Cd.143" can be changed any time during torque control mode. The relation between setting of command torque and torque generation direction of servomotor differs from the setting of servo parameter "Pr. 114 Rotation direction selection".

| "Pr.114 Rotation direction selection" | "Cd.143 Command torque at torque control mode" | Torque generation direction of servo motor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0: Forward rotation (CCW) with the <br> increase of the positioning address | Positive value (Forward direction) | CCW direction |
|  | Negative value (Reverse direction) | CW direction |
| 1: Reverse rotation (CW) with the <br> increase of the positioning address | Positive value (Forward direction) | CW direction |
|  | Negative value (Reverse direction) | CCW direction |

Set time that reaches "Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value" from 0\% in "Cd. 144 Torque time constant at torque control mode (Forward direction)" and time that decreases 0\% from "Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value" in "Cd. 145 Torque time constant at torque control mode (Reverse direction)". The value at torque control mode switching request is valid for "Cd.144" and "Cd.145".
The command torque during torque control mode is limited with " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value". If the torque exceed torque limit setting value is set, a warning (warning code 520: Torque limit value over) will occur, the operation is controlled with torque limit setting value.
Confirm the command torque to servo amplifier with " Md. 123 Torque during command".


## Speed during torque control mode

The speed during torque control mode is limited with "Cd.146 Speed limit value at torque control mode". At this time, "low-order buffer memory address: b4 Speed limit" of "Md. 108 Servo status" turns ON.

|  | Buffer memory address (Low-order) |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Md.108 Servo status: b4 | $876+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $2476+100 \mathrm{n}$ |

And, "Cd. 146 Speed limit value at torque control mode" is limited with "Pr. 8 Speed limit value". If the speed exceeds speed limit value is set, a warning (warning code 501: Speed limit value over) will occur, the operation is controlled with speed limit value. The acceleration/deceleration processing is invalid for " Cd. 146 Speed limit value at torque control mode".

## Current feed value during torque control mode

" Md. 20 Current feed value", "Md. 21 Machine feed value" and " Md. 101 Real current value" are updated. If the current feed value exceeds the software stroke limit, an error (error code: 507,508 ) will occur and the operation is switched to position control mode. Invalidate the software stroke limit to execute one-way feed.

## Stop cause during torque control mode

The operation for stop cause during torque control mode is shown below.

| Item | Operation during torque control mode |
| :---: | :---: |
| The Axis stop [Y4 to Y7] turned ON. LD77MH4 <br> The " Cd. 180 Axis stop" turned ON. | The speed limit value commanded to servo amplifier is "0" regardless of the setting value of "Cd. 146 Speed limit value at torque control mode". The mode is switched to position control mode when "Zero speed" of "Md. 108 Servo status" turns ON, and the operation stops immediately. (Deceleration processing is not executed.) <br> The value of command torque is not changed. It might take time to reach at the speed " 0 " depending on the current torque command value. |
| The All axis servo ON [Y1] turned OFF. <br> " Cd. 100 Servo OFF command" turned ON. | The servo OFF is not executed during speed control mode or torque control mode. The command status at that time becomes valid at position control mode switching. |
| The current value reached to software stroke limit. <br> The position of motor reached to hardware stroke limit | The error (error code: $507,508,104,105,101$ ) will occur. The mode is switched to position control mode at current position, and the operation immediately stops. (Deceleration processing is not executed.) |
| The PLC READY [Y0] tu |  |
| The forced stop input to LD77MH. | The mode is switched to position control mode when the servo OFF (Servo ON of "Md. 108 Servo status" turns OFF) is executed. (While the servo amplifier is servo OFF, even if the mode is switched to position control mode, the servomotor occurs to the free run.) |
| The emergency stop input to servo amplifier. |  |
| The servo error occurred. |  |
| The servo amplifier's power supply turned OFF. | The mode is switched to position control mode. (The mode is to position control mode at the servo amplifier's power supply ON again.) |

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## Chapter 13 Control Sub Functions

> The details and usage of the "sub functions" added and used in combination with the main functions are explained in this chapter.
> A variety of sub functions are available, including functions specifically for machine OPR and generally related functions such as control compensation, etc. More appropriate, finer control can be carried out by using these sub functions. Each sub function is used together with a main function by creating matching parameter settings and sequence programs. Read the execution procedures and settings for each sub function, and set as required.
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### 13.1 Outline of sub functions

"Sub functions" are functions that compensate, limit, add functions, etc., to the control when the main functions are executed. These sub functions are executed by parameter settings, operation from GX Works2, sub function sequence programs, etc.

### 13.1.1 Outline of sub functions

The following table shows the types of sub functions available.

| Sub function |  | Details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Functions characteristic to machine OPR | OPR retry function | This function retries the OPR with the upper/lower limit switches during machine OPR. This allows machine OPR to be carried out even if the axis is not returned to before the near-point dog with JOG operation, etc. |
|  | OP shift function | After returning to the machine OP, this function offsets the position by the designated distance from the machine OP position and sets that position as the OP address. |
| Functions that compensate control | Backlash compensation function | This function compensates the mechanical backlash. Feed command equivalent to the set backlash amount are output each time the movement direction changes. |
|  | Electronic gear function | By setting the movement amount per pulse, this function can freely change the machine movement amount per commanded pulse. <br> When the movement amount per pulse is set, a flexible positioning system that matches the machine system can be structured. |
|  | Near pass function *1 | This function suppresses the machine vibration when the positioning data is switched during continuous path control in the interpolation control. |
| Functions that limit control | Speed limit function | If the command speed exceeds " Pr. 8 Speed limit value" during control, this function limits the commanded speed to within the " Pr. 8 Speed limit value" setting range. |
|  | Torque limit function | If the torque generated by the servomotor exceeds " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value" during control, this function limits the generated torque to within the " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value" setting range. |
|  | Software stroke limit function | If a command outside of the upper/lower limit stroke limit setting range, set in the parameters, is issued, this function will not execute positioning for that command. |
|  | Hardware stroke limit function | This function carries out deceleration stop with the hardware stroke limit switch. |
|  | Forced stop function | This function is stopped the all axes of the servo amplifier when the forced stop input signal of the LD77MH external input signal connector is turned ON. |
| Functions that change control details | Speed change function | This function changes the speed during positioning. Set the changed speed in the speed change buffer memory (Cd. 14 New speed value), and change the speed with the speed change request ( Cd. 15 Speed change request). |
|  | Override function | This function changes the speed within a percentage of 1 to $300 \%$ during positioning. This is executed using " Cd. 13 Positioning operation speed override". |
|  | Acceleration/deceleration time change function | This function changes the acceleration/deceleration time during speed change. (Functions added to the speed change function and override function.) |
|  | Torque change function | This function changes the "torque limit value" during control. |
|  | Target position change function | This function changes the target position during the execution of positioning. At the same time, this also can change the speed. |

*1: The near pass function is validated only when the machine of the standard specification carries out the position control with the continuous path control mode. It cannot be invalidated with parameters.

| Sub function |  | Details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Absolute position system function |  | This function restores the absolute position of designated axis. By this function, the OPR after power ON from OFF is not required once the OPR is executed when the system operation is started. |
| Other functions | Step function | This function temporarily stops the operation to confirm the positioning operation during debugging, etc. <br> The operation can be stopped at each "automatic deceleration" or "positioning data". |
|  | Skip function | This function stops the positioning being executed (decelerates to a stop) when the skip signal is input, and carries out the next positioning. |
|  | M code output function | This function issues a sub work (clamp or drill stop, tool change, etc.) according to the code No. (0 to 65535) set for each positioning data. |
|  | Teaching function | This function stores the address positioned with manual control into the positioning address ( Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount) having the designated positioning data No. |
|  | Command in-position function | At each automatic deceleration, this function calculates the remaining distance for the LD77MH to reach the positioning stop position, and when the value is less than the set value, sets the "command in-position flag". When using another sub work before ending the control, use this function as a trigger for the sub work. |
|  | Acceleration/deceleration processing function | This function adjusts the control acceleration/deceleration. |
|  | Pre-reading start function | This function shortens the virtual start time. |
|  | Deceleration start flag function | Function that turns ON the flag when the constant speed status or acceleration status switches to the deceleration status during position control, whose operation pattern is "Positioning complete", to make the stop timing known. |
|  | Stop command processing for deceleration stop function | Function that selects a deceleration curve when a stop cause occurs during deceleration stop processing to speed 0 . |
|  | Follow up function | This function monitors the motor rotation amount with the servo turned OFF, and reflects it on the current feed value. |
|  | Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis function | This function is executed the positioning control by the 10 x speed of the command speed and the speed limit value when the setting unit is "degree". |
|  | Operation setting for incompletion of OPR function | This function is provided to select whether positioning control is operated or not, when OPR request flag is ON. |

### 13.2 Sub functions specifically for machine OPR

The sub functions specifically for machine OPR include the "OPR retry function" and "OP shift function". Each function is executed by parameter setting.

### 13.2.1 OPR retry function

When the workpiece goes past the OP without stopping during positioning control, it may not move back in the direction of the OP although a machine OPR is commanded, depending on the workpiece position. This normally means the workpiece has to be moved to a position before the near-point dog by a JOG operation, etc., to start the machine OPR again. However, by using the OPR retry function, a machine OPR can be carried out regardless of the workpiece position.

The details shown below explain about the "OPR retry function".
[1] Control details
[2] Precautions during control
[3] Setting the OPR retry function

## [1] Control details

The following drawing shows the operation of the OPR retry function.
(1) OPR retry point return retry operation when the workpiece is within the range between the upper and lower limits.

1) The movement starts in the " Pr. 44 OPR direction" by a machine OPR start.
2) The operation decelerates when the limit signal OFF is detected.
3) After stopping due to the limit signal OFF detection, the operation moves at the " Pr. 46 OPR speed" in the opposite direction of the " Pr. 44 OPR direction".
4) The operation decelerates when the near-point dog turns OFF.
5) After stopping due to the near-point dog OFF, a machine OPR is carried out in the " Pr. 44 OPR direction".
6) Machine OPR completion


Fig. 13.1 OPR retry operation by limit signal detection
(2) OPR retry operation when the workpiece is outside the range between the upper and lower limits.

1) When the direction from the workpiece to the OP is the same as the " Pr. 44 OPR direction", a normal machine OPR is carried out.

2) When the direction from the workpiece to the OP is the opposite direction from the " Pr. 44 OPR direction", the operation carries out a deceleration stop when the near-point dog turns OFF, and then carries out a machine OPR in the direction set in " Pr. 44 OPR direction".


$$
\text { * In the above example 1) and 2), "0: Positive direction" is set in " Pr. } 44 \text { OPR direction" }
$$

## REMARK

- When the " 0 : Positive direction" is selected in " Pr. 44 OPR direction", the upper limit switch is set to the limit switch in the OPR direction.
- When the "1: Negative direction" is selected in " Pr. 44 OPR direction", the lower limit switch is set to the limit switch in the OPR direction.
- If inverting the install positions of upper/lower limit switches, hardware stroke limit function cannot be operated properly.
If problem is found when "Pr. 114 Rotation direction selection" and the wiring for the upper/lower limit switch are checked.

Fig. 13.2 OPR retry operation from on limit (limit signal OFF)
(3) Setting the dwell time during an OPR retry

The OPR retry function can perform such function as the dwell time using " Pr. 57 Dwell time during OPR retry" when the reverse run operation is carried out due to detection by the limit signal for upper and lower limits and when the machine OPR is executed after the near point dog is turned OFF to stop the operation.
" Pr. 57 Dwell time during OPR retry" is validated when the operation stops at the " $A$ " and " $B$ " positions in the following drawing. (The dwell time is the same value at both positions "A" and "B".)


Fig. 13.3 Setting the dwell time during an OPR retry

## [2] Precaution during control

(1) The following table shows whether the OPR retry function may be executed by the " Pr. 43 OPR method".

| Pr. 43 OPR method | Execution status of OPR retry function |
| :--- | :---: |
| Near-point dog method | $\bigcirc:$ Execution possible |
| Count method 1) | $\bigcirc:$ Execution possible |
| Count method 2) | $\bigcirc:$ Execution possible |
| Data set method | $-:$ |
| Scale origin signal detection method | $\times:$ Execution not possible |

(2) Always establish upper/lower limit switches at the upper/lower limit positions of the machine, and connect an LD77MH module. If the OPR retry function is used without hardware stroke limit switches, the motor will continue rotation until a hardware stroke limit signal is detected.
(3) Do not configure a system so that the servo amplifier power turns OFF by the upper/lower limit switches connected to the LD77MH. If the servo amplifier power is turned OFF, the OPR retry cannot be carried out.
(4) The operation decelerates upon detection of the hardware limit signal, and the movement starts in the opposite direction. In this case, however, an error $(104,105)$ is not produced.

## [3] Setting the OPR retry function

To use the "OPR retry function", set the required details in the parameters shown in the following table, and write them to the LD77MH.
When the parameters are set, the OPR retry function will be added to the machine OPR control. The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF $\rightarrow$ ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0]. Set " Pr. 57 Dwell time during OPR retry" according to the user's requirements.

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Factory-set <br> initial value |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Pr.48 | OPR retry | 1 | Set "1: Carry out OPR retry by limit switch". | 0 |
| Pr.57 | Dwell time during <br> OPR retry | $\rightarrow$ | Set the deceleration stop time during OPR retry. <br> (Random value between 0 and 65535 (ms)) | 0 |

*: Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for setting details.

## REMARK

- Parameters are set for each axis.
- It is recommended that the parameters be set whenever possible with GX Works2. Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.


### 13.2.2 OP shift function

When a machine OPR is carried out, the OP is normally established using the nearpoint dog, stopper, and zero signal. However, by using the OP shift function, the machine can be moved a designated movement amount from the position where the zero signal was detected. A mechanically established OP can then be interpreted at that point.

The details shown below explain about the "OP shift function".
[1] Control details
[2] Setting range for the OP shift amount
[3] Movement speed during OP shift
[4] Precautions during control
[5] Setting the OP shift function

## [1] Control details

The following drawing shows the operation of the OP shift function.


Fig. 13.4 OP shift operation
[2] Setting range for the OP shift amount
Set the OP shift amount within the range from the detected zero signal to the upper/lower limit switches.


Fig. 13.5 Setting range for the OP shift amount
[3] Movement speed during OP shift
When using the OP shift function, the movement speed during the OP shift is set in " Pr. 56 Speed designation during OP shift". The movement speed during the OP shift is selected from either the " Pr. 46 OPR speed" or the " Pr. 47 Creep speed".
The following drawings show the movement speed during the OP shift when a mechanical OPR is carried out by the near-point dog method.
(1) OP shift operation at the " Pr. 46 OPR speed"
(When " Pr. 56 speed designation during OP shift" is 0 )


Fig. 13.6 OP shift operation at the OPR speed
(2) OP shift operation at the " Pr. 47 Creep speed"
(When " Pr. 56 Speed designation during OP shift" is 1)


Fig. 13.7 OP shift operation at the creep speed
[4] Precautions during control
(1) The following data are set after the OP shift amount is complete.

- OPR complete flag (Md.31 Status: b4)
- Md. 20 Current feed value
- Md. 21 Machine feed value
- Md. 26 Axis operation status

OPR request flag ( Md. 31 Status: b3) is reset after completion of the OP shift.
(2) "Pr. 53 OP shift amount" is not added to " Md. 34 Movement amount after nearpoint dog ON". The movement amount immediately before the OP shift operation, considering near-point dog ON as " 0 ", is stored.

## [5] Setting the OP shift function

To use the "OP shift function", set the required details in the parameters shown in the following table, and write them to the LD77MH.
When the parameters are set, the OP shift function will be added to the machine OPR control. The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF $\rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ ) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Factory-set <br> initial value |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pr. 53 | OP shift amount | $\rightarrow$ | Set the shift amount during the OP shift. | 0 |
| Pr. 56 | Speed <br> designation <br> during OP shift | $\rightarrow$ | Select the speed during the OP shift <br> $0:$ Pr.46 OPR speed |  |
| $1:$ | Pr.47 Creep speed |  |  |  |$\quad 0$

*: Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for setting details.

## REMARK

- Parameters are set for each axis.
- It is recommended that the parameters be set whenever possible with GX Works2. Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.


### 13.3 Functions for compensating the control

The sub functions for compensating the control include the "backlash compensation function", "electronic gear function", and "near pass function". Each function is executed by parameter setting or sequence program creation and writing.

### 13.3.1 Backlash compensation function

The "backlash compensation function" compensates the backlash amount in the mechanical system. When the backlash compensation amount is set, an extra amount of command equivalent to the set backlash amount is output every time the movement direction changes.

The details shown below explain about the "backlash compensation function".
[1] Control details
[2] Precautions during control
[3] Setting the backlash compensation function

## [1] Control details

The following drawing shows the operation of the backlash compensation function.


Fig. 13.8 Backlash compensation amount

## [2] Precautions during control

(1) The feed command of the backlash compensation amount are not added to the " Md. 20 Current feed value" or " Md. 21 Machine feed value".
(2) Always carry out a machine OPR before starting the control when using the backlash compensation function (when " Pr. 11 Backlash compensation amount" is set). The backlash in the mechanical system cannot be correctly compensated if a machine OPR is not carried out.
(3) Backlash compensation, which includes the movement amount and " Pr. 11 Backlash compensation amount", is output the moment at the moving direction changes.
(4) Backlash compensation cannot be made when the speed control mode and torque control mode.
[3] Setting the backlash compensation function
To use the "backlash compensation function", set the "backlash compensation amount" in the parameter shown in the following table, and write it to the LD77MH.
The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF $\rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ ) of the PLC READY signal [YO].

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Factory-set <br> initial value |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Pr. 11 | Backlash <br> compensation <br> amount | $\rightarrow$ | Set the backlash compensation amount. | 0 |

*: Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for setting details.

## REMARK

- Parameters are set for each axis.
- It is recommended that the parameters be set whenever possible with GX Works2. Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.


### 13.3.2 Electronic gear function

The "electronic gear function" adjusts the actual machine movement amount and number of pulse output to servo amplifier according to the parameters set in the LD77MH.

The "electronic gear function" has the following three functions ( $[A]$ to $[C]$ ).
[A] During machine movement, the function increments in the LD77MH values less than one pulse that could not be output, and outputs the incremented amount when the total incremented value reached one pulse or more.
[B] When machine OPR is completed, current value changing is completed, speed control is started (except when current feed value change is present), or fixed-feed control is started, the function clears to " 0 " the cumulative values of less than one pulse which could not be output. (If the cumulative value is cleared, an error will occur by a cleared amount in the feed machine value. Control can be constantly carried out at the same machine movement amount, even when the fixed-feed control is continued.)
[C] The function compensates the mechanical system error of the command movement amount and actual movement amount by adjusting the "electronic gear".
(The "movement amount per pulse" value is defined by " Pr. 2 Number of pulses per rotation (AP)", " Pr. 3 Movement amount per rotation (AL)" and " Pr. 4 Unit magnification (AM)".)

The LD77MH automatically carries out the processing for $[A]$ and $[B]$.

The details shown below explain about the "electronic gear function", including the method for compensating the error in [C] above, etc.
[1] Basic concept of the electronic gear
[2] The method for compensating the error

## [1] Basic concept of the electronic gear

The electronic gear is an item which determines how many rotations (rotations by how many pulses) the motor must make in order to move the machine according to the programmed movement amount.


The basic concept of the electronic gear is represented by the following expression.

- Pr. 2 (Number of pulses per rotation) = AP
- Pr. 3 (Movement amount per rotation) = AL
- Pr. 4 (Unit magnification) = AM
- Movement amount per rotation that considered unit magnification $=\Delta \mathrm{S}$

Electronic gear $=\frac{\mathrm{AP}}{\Delta \mathrm{S}}=\frac{\mathrm{AP}}{\mathrm{AL} \times \mathrm{AM}} \ldots(1)$

Set values for $A P, A L$ and $A M$ so that this related equation is established. However, because values to be set for AP, AL and AM have the settable range, values calculated (reduced) from the above related equation must be contained in the setting range for AP, AL and AM.

## (1) For "Ball screw" + "Reduction gear"

When the ball screw pitch is 10 mm , the motor is the HF-KP (262144 PLS/rev) and the reduction ratio of the reduction gear is $9 / 44$.


Reduction ratio 9/44

First, find how many millimeters the load (machine) will travel ( $\Delta \mathrm{S}$ ) when the motor turns one revolution (AP).

- AP (Number of pulses per rotation) $=262144$ [PLS]
- $\Delta \mathrm{S}$ (Movement amount per rotation)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\text { Ball screw pitch } \times \text { Reduction ratio } \\
& =10[\mathrm{~mm}] \times 9 / 44 \\
& =10000.0[\mu \mathrm{~m}] \times 9 / 44
\end{aligned}
$$

Substitute this for the above expression (1).
At this time, make calculation with the reduction ratio 9/44 remaining as a fraction.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{\mathrm{AP}}{\Delta \mathrm{~S}} & =\frac{262144}{10000.0[\mu \mathrm{~m}] \times 9 / 44} \\
& =\frac{262144 \times 44}{10000.0 \times 9} \\
& =\frac{11534336}{90000.0} \\
& =\frac{1441792}{11250.0}=\frac{1441792(\mathrm{AP})}{11250.0(\mathrm{AL}) \times 1(\mathrm{AM})} \\
& =\frac{1441792(\mathrm{AP})}{1125.0(\mathrm{AL}) \times 10(\mathrm{AM})}
\end{aligned}
$$

Thus, AP, AL and AM to be set are as follows.

| AP = 1441792 .. Pr. 2 |  | AP | $=1441792$. | Pr. 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AL $=11250.0 \ldots$ Pr. 3 | or | AL | $=1125.0$ | Pr. 3 |
| AM = 1 .......... Pr. 4 |  | AM | $=10$ | Pr. 4 |

Note): These two examples of settings are only examples. There are settings other than these examples.
(2) When "PLS (pulse)" is set as the control unit

When using PLS (pulse) as the control unit, set the electronic gear as follows.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { AP }=\text { "Number of pulses per rotation" } \\
& \text { AL }=\text { "Movement amount per rotation" } \\
& \text { AM }=1
\end{aligned}
$$

Example) When the motor is the HF-KP (262144PLS/rev)

| AP | $=262144 \ldots$ Pr. 2 |
| ---: | :--- |
| AL | $=262144 \ldots$ Pr. 3 |
| AM | $=1 \ldots \ldots \ldots . . \operatorname{Pr} .4$ |

(3) When "degree" is set as the control unit for a rotary axis When the rotary axis is used, the motor is HF-KP (262144PLS/rev) and the reduction ratio of the reduction gear is $3 / 11$


First, find how many degrees the load (machine) will travel $(\Delta \mathrm{S})$ when the motor turns one revolution (AP).

- AP (Number of pulses per rotation) = 262144 [PLS]
- $\Delta \mathrm{S}$ (Movement amount per rotation)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =360.00000[\text { degree }] \times \text { Reduction ratio } \\
& =360.00000 \times 3 / 11
\end{aligned}
$$

Substitute this for the above expression (1).

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{\mathrm{AP}}{\Delta \mathrm{~S}} & =\frac{262144[\mathrm{PLS}]}{360.00000[\text { degree }] \times 3 / 11} \\
& =\frac{262144[\mathrm{PLS}] \times 11}{360.00000 \times 3} \\
& =\frac{2883584}{1080.00000} \\
& =\frac{180224}{67.50000}=\frac{180224(\mathrm{AP})}{67.50000(\mathrm{AL}) \times 1(\mathrm{AM})} \\
& =\frac{180224(\mathrm{AP})}{0.06750(\mathrm{AL}) \times 1000(\mathrm{AM})}
\end{aligned}
$$

Thus, AP, AL and AM to be set are as follows.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { AP }=180224 \ldots \ldots \text { Pr. } 2 & \text { AP }=180224 \ldots \text { Pr. } 2 \\
\text { AL }=67.50000 \ldots \text { Pr. } 3 \\
\text { AM }=1 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \text { Pr. } 4 & \text { or AL }=0.06750 \ldots \text { Pr. } 3
\end{array}
$$

Note): These two examples of settings are only examples. There are settings other than these examples.)
(4) When " mm " is set as the control unit for conveyor drive (calculation including $\pi$ )
When the belt conveyor drive is used, the conveyor diameter is 135 mm , the pulley ratio is $1 / 3$, the motor is HF-KP ( $262144 \mathrm{PLS} / \mathrm{rev}$ ) and the reduction ratio of the reduction gear is $7 / 53$.


As the travel value of the conveyor is used to exercise control, set "mm" as the control unit.
First, find how many millimeters the load (machine) will travel ( $\Delta \mathrm{S}$ ) when the motor turns one revolution (AP).

- AP (Number of pulses per rotation) $=262144$ [PLS]
- $\triangle \mathrm{S}$ (Movement amount per rotation)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =135000.0[\mu \mathrm{~m}] \times \pi \times \text { Reduction ratio } \\
& =135000.0[\mu \mathrm{~m}] \times \pi \times 7 / 53 \times 1 / 3
\end{aligned}
$$

Substitute this for the above expression (1).
At this time, make calculation with the reduction ratio $7 / 53 \times 1 / 3$ remaining as a fraction.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{\mathrm{AP}}{\Delta \mathrm{~S}}=\frac{\mathrm{AP}}{\mathrm{AL} \times \mathrm{AM}} & =\frac{262144[\mathrm{PLS}]}{135000.0[\mu \mathrm{~m}] \times \pi \times 7 / 53 \times 1 / 3} \\
& =\frac{262144 \times 53 \times 3}{135000.0 \times \pi \times 7}
\end{aligned}
$$

Here, make calculation on the assumption that $\pi$ is equal to 3.141592654.

$$
\frac{\mathrm{AP}}{\Delta \mathrm{~S}}=\frac{\mathrm{AP}}{\mathrm{AL} \times \mathrm{AM}}=\frac{41680896}{2968805.058}
$$

AL has a significant number to first decimal place, round down numbers to two decimal places.

$$
\frac{\mathrm{AP}}{\Delta \mathrm{~S}}=\frac{\mathrm{AP}}{\mathrm{AL} \times \mathrm{AM}}=\frac{41680896}{2968805.0}=\frac{41680896(\mathrm{AP})}{2968805.0(\mathrm{AL}) \times 1(\mathrm{AM})}
$$

Thus, AP, AL and AM to be set are as follows.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { AP }=41680896 \ldots \ldots . \operatorname{Pr} .2 \\
& \mathrm{AL}=2968805.0 \ldots . \mathrm{Pr} .3 \\
& \mathrm{AM}=1 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \text { Pr. } 4
\end{aligned}
$$

This setting will produce an error for the true machine value, but it cannot be helped. This error is as follows.

$$
\left(\frac{29688050 / 41680896}{9450000 \pi \times 41680896}-1\right) \times 100=-1.95 \times 10^{-6}[\%]
$$

It is equivalent to an about $19.5[\mu \mathrm{~m}]$ error in continuous 1 km feed.
(5) Number of pulses/ movement amount at linear servo use


Calculate the number of pulses (AP) and movement amount (AL) for the linear encoder in the following conditions.
Linear encoder resolution $=\frac{\text { Number of pulses (AP) }}{\text { Movement amount (AL) }}$
Linear encoder resolution: $0.05[\mu \mathrm{~m}]$
$\frac{\text { Number of pulses (AP) }[\mathrm{PLS}]}{\text { Movement amount (AL) }[\mu \mathrm{m}]}=\frac{1}{0.05}=\frac{20}{1.0}$

Set the number of pulses in " Pr. 2 Number of pulses per rotation (AP)", and the movement amount in " Pr. 3 Movement amount per rotation (AL)" in the actual setting.
(Note): Set the same value as the value set in the fixed parameter to the servo parameter " Pr. 269 Linear encoder resolution setting Numerator" and " Pr. 270 Linear encoder resolution setting Denominator".
Refer to the "Servo amplifier Instruction Manual" for details.

| Servo amplifier type | Instruction manual name |
| :---: | :---: |
| MR-J3- $\square$ B-RJ004 | Compatible Linear Servo MR-J3- $\square$ B-RJ004 Instruction Manual (SH-030054) |

## [2] The method for compensating the error

When the position control is carried out using the "Electronic gear" set in a parameter, this may produce an error between the command movement amount (L) and the actual movement amount (L'). With LD77MH, this error is compensated by adjusting the electronic gear. The "Error compensation amount", which is used for error compensation, is defined as follows:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\text { Error compensation amount }=\frac{\text { Command movement amount (L) }}{\text { Actual movement amount }\left(\mathrm{L}^{\prime}\right)} \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

The electronic gear including an error compensation amount is shown below.


1 if there is no error (in regular case)


Electronic gear taking an error into consideration


[^4]
### 13.3.3 Near pass function

When continuous pass control is carried out using interpolation control, the near pass function is carried out.

The "near pass function" is a function to suppress the mechanical vibration occurring at the time of switching the positioning data when continuous pass control is carried out using interpolation control.
[Near pass function]
The extra movement amount occurring at the end of each positioning data unit being continuously executed is carried over to the next positioning data unit. Alignment is not carried out, and thus the output speed drops are eliminated, and the mechanical vibration occurring during speed changes can be suppressed. Because alignment is not carried out, the operation is controlled on a path that passes near the position set in " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount".

The details shown below explain about the "near pass function".
[1] Control details
[2] Precautions during control

## [1] Control details

The following drawing shows the path of the continuous path control by the 2axis linear interpolation control.


Fig. 13.9 The path of the continuous path control

## [2] Precautions during control

(1) If the movement amount designated by the positioning data is small when the continuous path control is executed, the output speed may not reach the designated speed.
(2) The movement direction is not checked during interpolation operation. Therefore, a deceleration stops are not carried out even if the movement direction changes. (See below) For this reason, the output will suddenly reverse when the reference axis movement direction changes. To prevent the sudden output reversal, assign not the continuous path control " 11 ", but the continuous positioning control "01" to the positioning data of the passing point.


Fig. 13.10 Path and output speed of various axes when movement direction varies during continuous path control

### 13.4 Functions to limit the control

Functions to limit the control include the "speed limit function", "torque limit function", "software stroke limit function", "hardware stroke limit function", and "forced stop function". Each function is executed by parameter setting or sequence program creation and writing.

### 13.4.1 Speed limit function

The speed limit function limits the command speed to a value within the "speed limit value" setting range when the command speed during control exceeds the "speed limit value".

The details shown below explain about the "speed limit function".
[1] Relation between the speed limit function and various controls
[2] Precautions during control
[3] Setting the speed limit function
[1] Relation between the speed limit function and various controls The following table shows the relation of the "speed limit function" and various controls.

| Control type |  |  | Speed limit function | Speed limit value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPR control | Machine OPR control |  | ( | Pr. 8 Speed limit value |
|  | Fast OPR control |  | ( |  |
| Major positioning control | Position control | 1-axis linear control | ( |  |
|  |  | 2 to 4-axes linear interpolation control | (0) |  |
|  |  | 1-axis fixed-feed control | () |  |
|  |  | 2 to 4-axes fixed-feed control (interpolation) | ( |  |
|  |  | 2-axis circular interpolation control | ( ) |  |
|  | 1 to 4-axes Speed control |  | ( |  |
|  | Speed-position switching control, <br> Position-speed switching control |  | ( |  |
|  | Other control | Current value changing | - | Setting value invalid |
|  |  | JUMP instruction, NOP instruction, LOOP to LEND | - |  |
| Manual control | JOG operation, Inching operation |  | ( | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pr.31 JOG speed limit } \\ \text { value } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Manual pulse generator operation |  | - | Setting is invalid |
| Expansion control | Speed-torque control |  | ( | Pr. 8 Speed limit value |

(0) : Always set

- : Setting not required (Setting value is invalid. Use the initial value or a value within the setting range.)


## [2] Precautions during control

If any axis exceeds " Pr. 8 Speed limit value" during 2- to 4-axis speed control, the axis in excess of the speed limit value is controlled at the speed limit value. The speeds of the other axes interpolated are suppressed depending on their command speed ratios.
If the reference axis exceeds " Pr. 8 Speed limit value" during 2- to 4-axis linear interpolation control, 2- to 4-axis fixed-feed control or 2-axis circular interpolation control, the reference axis is controlled at the speed limit value (The speed limit does not function on the interpolation axis side.)

## [3] Setting the speed limit function

To use the "speed limit function", set the "speed limit value" in the parameters shown in the following table, and write them to the LD77MH.
The set details are validated after they are written to the LD77MH.

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Factory-set <br> initial value |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Pr.8 | Speed limit value | $\rightarrow$ | Set the speed limit value (max. speed during control). | 200000 |
| Pr.31 | JOG speed limit <br> value | $\rightarrow$ | Set the speed limit value during JOG operation (max. <br> speed during control). (Note that Pr.31 JOG speed <br> limit value shall be less than or equal to Pr.8 Speed <br> limit value.) | 20000 |

*: Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for setting details.

## REMARK

- Parameters are set for each axis.
- It is recommended that the parameters be set whenever possible with GX Works2. Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.


### 13.4.2 Torque limit function

The "torque limit function" limits the generated torque to a value within the "torque limit value" setting range when the torque generated in the servomotor exceeds the "torque limit value".
The "torque limit function" protects the deceleration function, limits the power of the operation pressing against the stopper, etc. It controls the operation so that unnecessary force is not applied to the load and machine.

The details shown below explain about the "torque limit function".
[1] Relation between the torque limit function and various controls
[2] Control details
[3] Precautions during control
[4] Setting the torque limit function
[1] Relation between the torque limit function and various controls The following table shows the relation of the "torque limit function" and various controls.

| Control type |  |  | Torque limit function | Torque limit value * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPR control | Machine OPR control |  | $\bigcirc$ | " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value" or " Cd. 101 Torque output setting value". <br> *: After the " Pr. 47 Creep speed" is reached, this value becomes the " Pr. 54 OPR torque limit value". |
|  | Fast OPR control |  | $\bigcirc$ | " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value" or " Cd. 101 Torque output setting value". |
| Major positioning control | Position control | 1-axis linear control | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  |  | 2 to 4-axes linear interpolation control | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  |  | 1-axis fixed-feed control | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  |  | 2 to 4-axes fixed-feed control (interpolation) | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  |  | 2-axis circular interpolation control | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  | 1 to 4-axes speed control |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  | Speed-position switching control Position-speed switching control |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  | Other control | Current value changing | - | Setting value is invalid. |
|  |  | JUMP instruction, NOP instruction, LOOP to LEND | - |  |
| Manual control | JOG operation, Inching operation |  | $\bigcirc$ | " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value" or " Cd. 101 Torque output setting value". |
|  | Manual pulse generator operation |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
| Expansion control | Speed-torque control |  | $\bigcirc$ | Torque limit value is continued after control mode switching. |

○ : Set when required (Set to " - " when not used.)

- : Setting not required (Setting value is invalid. Use the initial value or a value within the setting range.)
*: Shows the torque limit value when " Cd. 22 New torque value/forward new torque value" or "Cd. 113 Reverse new torque value" is set to " 0 ".


## [2] Control details

The following drawing shows the operation of the torque limit function.

(Note): Refer to Section 3.3 for input/output signal or Chapter 5 for buffer memory address of LD77MH16.

Fig. 13.11 Torque limit function operation

## [3] Precautions during control

(1) When limiting the torque at the " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value", confirm that " Cd. 22 New torque value/forward new torque value" or "Cd. 113 Reverse new torque value" is set to " 0 ". If this parameter is set to a value besides " 0 ", the setting value will be validated, and the torque will be limited at that value. (Refer to Section 13.5.4 "Torque change function" for details about the "new torque value".)
(2) When the "Pr. 54 OPR torque limit value "exceeds the " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value", an error occurs. (Error code: 995)
(3) When the operation is stopped by torque limiting, the droop pulse will remain in the deviation counter. If the load torque is eliminated, operation for the amount of droop pulses will be carried out.
[4] Setting the torque limit function
(1) To use the "torque limit function", set the "torque limit value" in the parameters shown in the following table, and write them to the LD77MH.
a) The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF $\rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ ) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Factory-set <br> initial value |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Pr. 17 | Torque limit <br> setting value | $\rightarrow$ | Set the torque limit value as a percentage. | 300 |
| Pr. 54 | OPR torque limit <br> value | $\rightarrow$ | Set the torque limit value after the " Pr.47 <br> speed" is reached. Set as a percentage. | 300 |

b) The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF $\rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ ) of the positioning start signal [Y10].

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Factory-set <br> initial value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cd.101 | Torque output <br> setting value | $\rightarrow$ | Set the torque output setting value as a percentage. | 0 |

: Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" or Section 5.7 "List of control data" for setting details.
*: Torque limit value: Will be an upper limit value of the torque change value. Even if a larger value has been mistakenly input for the torque change value, it is restricted within the torque limit setting values to prevent an erroneous entry. (Even if a value larger than the torque limit setting value has been input to the torque change value, the torque value is not changed.)
*: Torque output setting value: to be taken at the start of positioning, and used as a torque limit value. If the value is " 0 " or larger than the torque limit setting value, the parameter "torque limit setting value" is taken at the start.
(2) The "torque limit value" set in the LD77MH is set in the " Md. 35 Torque limit stored value/forward torque limit stored value" or "Md.120Reverse torque limit stored value".


Fig. 13.12 Limiting the torque to the servo amplifier (Axis 1)

The following table shows the "Md. 35 Torque limit stored value/forward torque limit stored value" and "Md. 120 Reverse torque limit stored value" of the buffer memory address.

| Monitor item |  | Monitor value | Storage details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 |  | LD77MH16 |
| Md. 35 | Torque limit stored value/forward torque limit stored value |  | $\rightarrow$ | The "torque limit value/forward torque limit stored value" valid at that time is stored. <br> (Pr. 17 , Pr. 54 , Cd. 22 or Cd. 101 ) | 826+100n | $2426+100 n$ |
| Md. 120 | Reverse torque limit stored value | $\rightarrow$ | The "reverse torque limit stored value" is stored depending on the control status. (Pr.17), <br> Pr. 54 , Cd. 22 , Cd. 101 or Cd. 113 ) | 891+100n | 2491+100n |

*: Refer to Section 5.6 "List of monitor data" for information on the storage details.

## REMARK

- Parameters are set for each axis.
- It is recommended that the parameters be set whenever possible with GX Works2. Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.
- Use "Md. 120 Reverse torque limit stored value" and "Cd. 113 Reverse new torque value" only when "1: Forward/reverse torque limit value_individual setting" is set in "Cd. 112 Torque change function switching request".
(Refer to Section 13.5.4 "Torque change function".)


### 13.4.3 Software stroke limit function

In the "software stroke limit function" the address established by a machine OPR is used to set the upper and lower limits of the moveable range of the workpiece. Movement commands issued to addresses outside that setting range will not be executed.
In the LD77MH, the "current feed value" and "machine feed value" are used as the addresses indicating the current position. However, in the "software stroke limit function", the address used to carry out the limit check is designated in the " Pr. 14 Software stroke limit selection". (Refer to Section 9.1.4 "Confirming the current value" or details on the "current feed value" and "machine feed value".)
The upper and lower limits of the moveable range of the workpiece are set in " Pr. 12
Software stroke limit upper limit value"/" Pr. 13 Software stroke limit lower limit value".

The details shown below explain about the "software stroke limit function".
[1] Differences in the moveable range when "current feed value" and "machine feed value" are selected.
[2] Software stroke limit check details
[3] Relation between the software stroke limit function and various controls
[4] Precautions during software stroke limit check
[5] Setting the software stroke limit function
[6] Invalidating the software stroke limit
[7] Setting when the control unit is "degree"
[1] Differences in the moveable range when "current feed value" and "machine feed value" are selected.
The following drawing shows the moveable range of the workpiece when the software stroke limit function is used.


Fig. 13.13 Workpiece moveable range

The following drawing shows the differences in the operation when " Md. 20
Current feed value" and " Md. 21 Machine feed value" are used in the moveable range limit check.

## [Conditions]

Assume the current stop position is 2000, and the upper stroke limit is set to 5000.

[Current value changing]
When the current value is changed by a new current value command from 2000 to 1000 , the current value will change to 1000, but the machine feed value will stay the same at 2000.

1) When the machine feed value is set at the limit

The machine feed value of 5000 (current feed value: 4000) becomes the upper stroke limit.

2) When the current feed value is set at the limit

The current feed value of 5000 (machine feed value: 6000) becomes the upper stroke limit.


Fig. 13.14 Software stroke limits of the current feed value and machine feed value

## POINT

When "machine feed value" is set in " Pr. 14 Software stroke limit selection", the moveable range becomes an absolute range referenced on the OP. When "current feed value" is set, the moveable range is the relative range from the "current feed value"

## [2] Software stroke limit check details

| Check details |  | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Processing when } \\ \text { an error occurs }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1) | $\begin{array}{l}\text { An error shall occur if the current value *1 is outside the software } \\ \text { stroke limit range } * 2 .\end{array}$ |  |
| (Check " Md.20 | Current feed value" or " Md.21 | Machine feed value".) | \(\left.\begin{array}{l}An "axis error" will <br>

occur (error code:\end{array}\right\}\)
*1: Check whether the " Md. 20 Current feed value" or " Md. 21 Machine feed value" is set in " Pr. 14 Software stroke limit selection".
*2: Moveable range from the " Pr. 12 Software stroke limit upper limit value" to the " Pr. 13 Software stroke limit lower limit value".
[3] Relation between the software stroke limit function and various controls

| Control type |  |  |  | Limit check | Processing at check |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPR control | Machine OPR control |  | Data set method | (0) | Check not carried out. |
|  |  |  | Other than "Data set method" | _ |  |
|  | Fast OPR control |  |  | - |  |
| Major positioning control | Position control | 1-axis linear | control | () | Checks 1) and 2) in the previous section [2] are carried out. <br> For speed control: The axis decelerates to a stop when it exceeds the software stroke limit range. <br> For position control: The axis comes to an immediate stop when it exceeds the software stroke limit range. |
|  |  | 2 to 4-axes interpolation | axis linear n control | () |  |
|  |  | 1-axis fixed | -feed control | () |  |
|  |  | 2 to 4-axes (interpolation | fixed-feed control n) | () |  |
|  |  | 2-axis circu control | lar interpolation | (0) |  |
|  | 1 to 4-axes speed control |  |  | $* 3, * 4$ |  |
|  | Speed-position switching control Position-speed switching control |  |  | $* 3, * 4$ |  |
|  | Other control | Current va | ue changing | ( | The current value will not be changed if the new current value is outside the software stroke limit range. |
|  |  | JUMP instr instruction, | uction, NOP LOOP to LEND | - | Check not carried out. |
| Manual control | JOG operation, Inching operation |  |  | $\triangle * 5$ | Check 1) in the previous section [2] is carried out. The machine will carry out a deceleration stop when the software stroke limit range is exceeded. If the address is outside the software stroke limit range, the operation can only be started toward the moveable range. |
|  | Manual pulse generator operation |  |  | $\triangle * 5$ |  |
| Expansion control | Speed-torque control |  |  | © | Check 1) in the previous section [2] is carried out. The mode is switched to position control mode when the software stroke limit range is exceeded, then the operation is immediately stop. |

(O) : Check valid

O : Check is not made when the current feed value is not updated (Refer to Pr. 21 ) at the setting of " current feed value" in " Pr. 14 Software stroke limit selection" during speed control.

- : Check not carried out (check invalid).
$\triangle$ : Valid only when " 0 : valid" is set in the " Pr. 15 Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting".
*3: The value in "Md. 20 Current feed value" will differ according to the " Pr. 21 Current feed value during speed control" setting.
*4: When the unit is "degree", check is not made during speed control.
*5: When the unit is "degree", check is not carried out.


## [4] Precautions during software stroke limit check

(1) A machine OPR must be executed beforehand for the "software stroke limit function" to function properly.
(2) During interpolation control, a stroke limit check is carried out for the every current value of both the reference axis and the interpolation axis. Every axis will not start if an error occurs, even if it only occurs in one axis.
(3) During circular interpolation control, the " Pr. 12 Software stroke limit upper limit value"/" Pr. 13 Software stroke limit lower limit value" may be exceeded.
In this case, a deceleration stop will not be carried out even if the stroke limit is exceeded. Always install an external limit switch if there is a possibility the stroke limit will be exceeded.

(4) If an error is detected during continuous path control, the axis stops immediately on completion of execution of the positioning data located right before the positioning data in error.

(5) During simultaneous start, a stroke limit check is carried out for the current values of every axis to be started. Every axis will not start if an error occurs, even if it only occurs in one axis.
[5] Setting the software stroke limit function
To use the "software stroke limit function", set the required values in the parameters shown in the following table, and write them to the LD77MH. The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF $\rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ ) of the PLC READY signal [YO].

|  | Setting item | Setting value | Setting details | Factory-set initial value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pr. 12 | Software stroke limit upper limit value | $\rightarrow$ | Set the upper limit value of the moveable range. | 2147483647 |
| Pr. 13 | Software stroke limit lower limit value | $\rightarrow$ | Set the lower limit value of the moveable range. | -2147483648 |
| Pr. 14 | Software stroke limit selection | $\rightarrow$ | Set whether to use the " Md. 20 Current feed value" or " Md. 21 Machine feed value" as the "current value". | 0: Current feed value |
| Pr. 15 | Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting | 0:Valid | Set whether the software stroke limit is validated or invalidated during manual control (JOG operation, Inching operation, manual pulse generator operation). | 0: valid |

*: Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for setting details.
[6] Invalidating the software stroke limit
To invalidate the software stroke limit, set the following parameters as shown, and write them to the LD77MH. (Set the value within the setting range.)

| Pr. 12 | Software stroke limit <br> upper limit value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |$=$| Pr. 13 | Software stroke limit <br> lower limit value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

(To invalidate only the manual operation, set "1: software stroke limit invalid" in the "Pr. 15 Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting".)
The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF $\rightarrow$ ON) of the PLC READY signal [YO].
When the unit is "degree", the software stroke limit check is not performed during speed control (including speed control in speed-position switching control or position-speed switching control) or during manual control, independently of the values set in Pr. 12 , Pr. 13 and Pr. 15.

## REMARK

- Parameters are set for each axis.
- It is recommended that the parameters be set whenever possible with GX Works2. Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.


## [7] Setting when the control unit is "degree"

Current value address
The " Md. 20 Current feed value" address is a ring address between 0 and $359.99999^{\circ}$.


Fig. 13.15 Current value address when the control unit is "degree".
Setting the software stroke limit
The upper limit value/lower limit value of the software stroke limit is a value between 0 and $359.99999^{\circ}$.
(1) Setting when the software stroke limit is to be validated.

When the software stroke limit is to be validated, set the upper limit value in a clockwise direction from the lower limit value.

(a) Set the movement range of section A as follows.

- Software stroke limit lower limit value ................ $315.00000^{\circ}$
- Software stroke limit upper limit value................ $90.00000^{\circ}$
(b) Set the movement range of section $B$ as follows.
- Software stroke limit lower limit value ................ $90.00000^{\circ}$
- Software stroke limit upper limit value. $315.00000^{\circ}$

Fig. 13.16 Software stroke limit when the control unit is "degree"

### 13.4.4 Hardware stroke limit function

## $\triangle$ DANGER

- When the hardware stroke limit is required to be wired, ensure to wire it in the negative logic using b-contact. If it is set in positive logic using a-contact, a serious accident may occur.

In the "hardware stroke limit function", limit switches are set at the upper/lower limit of the physical moveable range, and the control is stopped (by deceleration stop) by the input of a signal from the limit switch. Damage to the machine can be prevented by stopping the control before the upper/lower limit of the physical moveable range is reached.
The hardware stroke limit is able to use "external input connector" of the servo amplifier. (Refer to the "Pr. 80 External input signal selection".)

The details shown below explain about the "hardware stroke limit function".
[1] Control details
[2] Wiring the hardware stroke limit
[3] Precautions during control
[4] When the hardware stroke limit function is not used
[1] Control details
The following drawing shows the operation of the hardware stroke limit function.


Fig. 13.17 Hardware stroke limit function operation
[2] Wiring the hardware stroke limit
When using the hardware stroke limit function, wire the terminals of the servo amplifier upper/lower limit stroke limit as shown in the following drawing. (When " Pr. 22 Input signal logic selection" is set to the initial value)

(Note): Wire the limit switch installed in the direction to which "Current feed value" increases as upper limit switch and the limit switch installed in the limit switch installed in the direction to which "Current feed value" decreases as lower limit switch. If inverting the install positions of upper/lower limit switches, hardware stroke limit function cannot be operated properly. In addition, the servomotor does not stop. Refer to Section 5.2.8 "Servo parameters" for details about the " Pr. 114 Rotation direction selection".)

Fig. 13.18 Wiring when using the hardware stroke limit

## [3] Precautions during control

(1) If the machine is stopped outside the LD77MH control range (outside the upper/lower limit switches), or if stopped by hardware stroke limit detection, the starting for the "OPR control", "major positioning control", and "high-level positioning control" and the control mode switching cannot be executed. To carry out these types of control again, return the workpiece to the LD77MH control range by a "JOG operation", "inching operation" or "manual pulse generator operation".
(2) When " Pr. 22 Input signal logic selection" is set to the initial value, the LD77MH cannot carry out the positioning control if FLS (limit switch for upper limit) is separated from DICOM or RLS (limit switch for lower limit) is separated from DICOM (including when wiring is not carried out).
[4] When the hardware stroke limit function is not used
When not using the hardware stroke limit function, wire the terminals of the servo amplifier upper/lower limit stroke limit as shown in the following drawing. When the logic of FLS and RLS is set to "positive logic" using " Pr. 22 Input signal logic selection", positioning control can be carried out even if FLS and RLS are not wired. (For details, refer to Section 14.5 "External I/O signal logic switching function".)


Fig. 13.19 Wiring when not using the hardware stroke limit function (When " Pr. 22 Input signal logic selection" is the initial value)

### 13.4.5 Forced stop function

## §DANGER

- When the forced stop is required to be wired, ensure to wire it in the negative logic using bcontact.
- Provided safety circuit outside the LD77MH so that the entire system will operate safety even when the "Pr. 82 Forced stop valid/invalid selection" is set "1: Invalid". Be sure to use the forced stop signal (EMI) of the servo amplifier.

By the LD77MH external input signal connector is connected forced stop, this function is available for all axes of servo amplifier. (The initial value is " 0 : Valid".)
The forced stop input valid/invalid is selected by "Pr. 82 Forced stop valid/invalid selection".

The details shown below explain about the "forced stop function".
[1] Control details
[2] Wiring the forced stop
[3] Setting the forced stop
[4] How to check the forced stop
[5] Precautions during control

## [1] Control details

A warning "controller forced stop warning (warning code: 2147)" will occur if turned on the forced stop input signal when the "Pr. 82 Forced stop valid/invalid selection" is set " 0 : Valid". And then it is available for all axes of servo amplifier.

The outline of the forced stop process is shown below.

| Stop cause |  | Stop axis | M code ON signal after stop | Axis <br> operation <br> status <br> ( Md.26 ) <br> after <br> stopping | Stop process |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | OPR control |  |  | Major positioning control | High-level positioning control | Manual control |  |
|  |  | Machine OPR control |  |  |  |  | Fast OPR control | JOG/ Inching operation | Manual pulse generator operation |
| Forced stop | "Forced stop input signal" OFF |  | All axes | No change | Servo OFF | Servo OFF or free run (The operation stops with dynamic brake) |  |  |  |  | - |

The following drawing shows the operation of the forced stop function.


Fig. 13.20 Operation for the forced stop function
[2] Wiring the forced stop
When using the forced stop function, wire the terminals of the LD77MH forced stop input as shown in the following drawing. (Either polarity can be connected to the forced stop input (EMI, EMI.COM).


Fig. 13.21 Wiring when using the forced stop

## [3] Setting the forced stop

To use the "Forced stop function", set the following data using a sequence program.
The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF $\rightarrow$ ON) of the PLC READY signal [YO].

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details |  | Buffer memory address |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  |  |  | Set the forced stop function. <br> $0:$ Valid (Forced stop is used) <br> $1:$ Invalid (Forced stop is not used) | Forced stop valid/ invalid <br> selection | $\rightarrow$ |  |

: Refer to Section 5.2.3 "Detailed parameters 1" for details on the setting details.

## [4] How to check the forced stop

To use the states (ON/OFF) of forced stop input, set the parameters shown in the following table.

| Monitor item |  | Monitor value | Storage details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 |  | LD77MH16 |
| Md. 50 | Forced stop input |  | $\rightarrow$ | Stores the states (ON/OFF) of forced stop input. <br> 0 : Forced stop input ON (Forced stop) <br> 1: Forced stop input OFF (Forced stop release) | 1431 | 4231 |

*: Refer to Section 5.6.1 "System monitor data" for details on the storage details.

## [5] Precautions during control

(1) After the "Forced stop input" is released, the servo ON/OFF is valid for the status of all axis servo ON [Y1].
(2) If the setting is other than 0 and 1, "Forced stop valid/invalid setting error" (error code: 937) occurs.
(3) The " Md. 50 Forced stop input" is stored "1" by setting " Pr. 82 Forced stop valid/invalid selection" to "1: invalid".
(4) When the "Forced stop input" is turned ON during operation, the "Servo READY signal OFF during operation error (error code: 102)" will not occur.

### 13.5 Functions to change the control details

Functions to change the control details include the "speed change function", "override function", "acceleration/deceleration time change function", "torque change function" and "target position change function". Each function is executed by parameter setting or sequence program creation and writing.
Refer to Section 3.2.5 "Combination of LD77MH main functions and sub functions" for combination with main function.

Both the "speed change function" or "override function" change the speed, but the differences between the functions are shown below. Use the function that corresponds to the application.
"Speed change function"

- The speed is changed at any time, only in the control being executed.
- The new speed is directly set.
"Override function"
- The speed is changed for all control to be executed.
- The new speed is set as a percent (\%) of the command speed.


## POINT

"Speed change function" and "Override function" cannot be used in the manual pulse generator operation and speed-torque control.

### 13.5.1 Speed change function

The speed control function is used to change the speed during control to a newly designated speed at any time.
The new speed is directly set in the buffer memory, and the speed is changed by a speed change command (Cd. 15 Speed change request) or external command signal.
During the machine OPR, a speed change to the creep speed cannot be carried out after deceleration start because the near point dog ON is detected.

The details shown below explain about the "speed change function".
[1] Control details
[2] Precautions during control
[3] Setting the speed change function from the PLC CPU
[4] Setting the speed change function using an external command signal

## [1] Control details

The following drawing shows the operation during a speed change.


Fig. 13.22 Speed change operation

## [2] Precautions during control

(1) Control is carried out as follows at the speed change during continuous path control.
a) When no speed designation (current speed) is provided in the next positioning data:
$\rightarrow$ The next positioning data is controlled at the " Cd. 14 New speed value".
b) When a speed designation is provided in the next positioning data:
$\rightarrow$ The next positioning data is controlled at its " Da.8 Command speed".


Fig. 13.23 Speed change during continuous path control
(2) When changing the speed during continuous path control, the speed change will be ignored if there is not enough distance remaining to carry out the change.
(3) When the stop command was given to make a stop after a speed change that had been made during position control, the restarting speed depends on the " Cd. 14 New speed value".


Fig. 13.24 Restarting speed after speed change made during position control
(4) When the speed is changed by setting " Cd. 14 New speed value" to " 0 ", the operation is carried out as follows.

- When "Cd. 15 Speed change request" is turned ON, the speed change 0 flag ( Md. 31 Status: b10) turns ON.
(During interpolation control, the speed change 0 flag on the reference axis side turns ON.)
- The axis stops, but " Md. 26 Axis operation status" does not change, and the BUSY signal remains ON. (If a stop signal is input, the BUSY signal will turn OFF, and " Md. 26 Axis operation status" will change to "stopped".)

In this case, setting the " Cd. 14 New speed value" to a value besides "0" will turn OFF the speed change 0 flag ( Md.31 Status: b10), and enable continued operation.


Fig. 13.25 Speed change at new speed value "0"
(5) A warning "Deceleration/stop speed change (warning code: 500)" occurs and the speed cannot be changed in the following cases.

- During deceleration by a stop command
- During automatic deceleration during positioning control
(6) A warning "Speed limit value over (warning code: 501)" occurs and the speed is controlled at the " Pr. 8 Speed limit value" when the value set in " Cd. 14 New speed value" is larger than the "Pr. 8 Speed limit value".
(7) When the speed is changed during interpolation control, the required speed is set in the reference axis.
(8) When carrying out consecutive speed changes, be sure there is an interval between the speed changes of 100 ms or more.
(If the interval between speed changes is short, the LD77MH will not be able to track, and it may become impossible to carry out commands correctly.)
(9) When a speed change is requested simultaneously for multiple axes, change the speed one by one.
Therefore, the start timing of speed change is different for each axis.
(10) Speed change cannot be carried out during the machine OPR. A request for speed change is ignored.
(11) When deceleration is started by the speed change function, the deceleration start flag does not turn ON.
(12) The speed change function cannot be used during speed control mode and torque control mode.
Refer to Section 12.1 "Speed-torque control" for the speed change during speed control mode.
[3] Setting the speed change function from the PLC CPU
The following shows the data settings and sequence program example for changing the control speed of axis 1 from the PLC CPU. (In this example, the control speed is changed to " $20.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ ".)
(1) Set the following data.
(Use the start time chart shown in section (2) below as a reference, and set using the sequence program shown in section (3).)

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Cd.14 | New speed value |  | Set the new speed. | $1514+100 \mathrm{n}$ <br> $1515+100 \mathrm{n}$ |
| 4314+100n |  |  |  |  |
| $4315+100 \mathrm{n}$ |  |  |  |  |  |$|$| 4. |
| :--- |

*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.
(2) The following shows the speed change time chart.


Fig. 13.26 Time chart for changing the speed from the PLC CPU
(3) Add the following sequence program to the control program, and write it to the PLC CPU.


## [4] Setting the speed change function using an external command signal

The speed can also be changed using an "external command signal". The following shows the data settings and sequence program example for changing the control speed of axis 1 using an "external command signal". (In this example, the control speed is changed to " $10000.00 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min} "$.)
(1) Set the following data to change the speed using an external command signal.
(Use the start time chart shown in section (2) below as a reference, and set using the sequence program shown in section (3).)

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | LD77MH4 |  | LD77MH16 |  |
| Pr.42 | External command <br> function selection | 1 |  | Set "1: External speed change request". | $62+150 \mathrm{n}$ |  |
| Cd.8 | External command <br> valid | 1 | Set "1: Validate the external command". | $1505+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $4305+100 \mathrm{n}$ |
| Cd.14 | New speed value | 1000000 | Set the new speed. | $1514+100 \mathrm{n}$ <br> $1515+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $4314+100 \mathrm{n}$ <br> $4315+100 \mathrm{n}$ |

*: Set the external command signal [D1] in "Pr. 95 External command signal selection" at LD77MH16 use.
Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" and Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.
(2) The following shows the speed change time chart.


Fig. 13.27 Time chart for changing the speed using an external command signal
(3) Add the following sequence program to the control program, and write it to the PLC CPU.


### 13.5.2 Override function

The override function changes the command speed by a designated percentage ( 1 to $300 \%$ ) for all control to be executed.
The speed can be changed by setting the percentage (\%) by which the speed is changed in " Cd. 13 Positioning operation speed override".
[1] Control details
[2] Precautions during control
[3] Setting the override function

## [1] Control details

The following shows that operation of the override function.

1) A value changed by the override function is monitored by "Md. 22 Feedrate".
2) If "Cd. 13 Positioning operation speed override" is set to $100 \%$, the speed will not change.
3) If " Cd. 13 Positioning operation speed override" is set a value less than $100 \%$, the warning "Less than minimum speed (warning code: 110)" is generated, and control will be carried out at speed unit "1" at the time " Md. 22 Feedrate" becomes a value of "1" or less.
4) If there is not enough remaining distance to change the speed due to the "override function", when the speed is changed during the position control of speed-position switching control or position-speed switching control, the operation will be carried out at the speed that could be changed.
5) If the speed changed by the override function is greater than the " Pr. 8 Speed limit value", a warning "Speed limit value over (warning code: 501)" will occur and the speed will be controlled at the " Pr. 8 Speed limit value". The "Md. 39 In speed limit flag" will turn ON.


Fig. 13.28 Override function operation

## [2] Precaution during control

(1) When changing the speed by the override function during continuous path control, the speed change will be ignored if there is not enough distance remaining to carry out the change.
(2) A warning "Deceleration/stop speed change (warning code: 500)" occurs and the speed cannot be changed by the override function in the following cases.
(The value set in " Cd. 13 Positioning operation speed override" is validated after a deceleration stop.)

- During deceleration by a stop command
- During automatic deceleration during positioning control
(3) When the speed is changed by the override function during interpolation control, the required speed is set in the reference axis.
(4) When carrying out consecutive speed change by the override function, be sure there is an interval between the speed change of 100 ms or more. (If the interval between speed change is short, the LD77MH will not be able to track, and it may become impossible to carry out commands correctly.)
(5) When a machine OPR is performed, the speed change by the override function cannot be carried out after a deceleration start to the creep speed following the detection of near-point dog ON. In this case, a request for speed change is ignored.
(6) When deceleration is started by the override function, the deceleration start flag does not turn ON.
(7) The override function cannot be used during speed control mode and torque control mode.
[3] Setting the override function
The following shows the data settings and sequence program example for setting the override value of axis 1 to " $200 \%$ ".
(1) Set the following data. (Use the start time chart shown in section (2) below as a reference, and set using the sequence program shown in section (3).)

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 |  |  |  |
| Cd.13 | Positioning <br> operation speed <br> override | 200 | Set the new speed as a percentage (\%). | $1513+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $4313+100 \mathrm{n}$ |

*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.
(2) The following shows a time chart for changing the speed using the override function.


Fig.13.29 Time chart for changing the speed using the override function
(3) Add the following sequence program to the control program, and write it to the PLC CPU.


### 13.5.3 Acceleration/deceleration time change function

The "acceleration/deceleration time change function" is used to change the acceleration/deceleration time during a speed change to a random value when carrying out the speed change by the "speed change function" and "override function". In a normal speed change (when the acceleration/deceleration time is not changed), the acceleration/deceleration time previously set in the parameters (Pr. 9 , Pr. 10 , and Pr. 25 to Pr. 30 values) is set in the positioning parameter data items Da. 3 and Da .4 , and control is carried out with that acceleration/deceleration time. However, by setting the new acceleration/deceleration time (Cd.10, Cd.11) in the control data, and issuing an acceleration/deceleration time change enable command (Cd. 12 Acceleration/deceleration time change during speed change, enable/disable selection) to change the speed when the acceleration/deceleration time change is enabled, the speed will be changed with the new acceleration/deceleration time (Cd.10, Cd.11 ).

The details shown below explain about the "acceleration/deceleration time change function".
[1] Control details
[2] Precautions during control
[3] Setting the acceleration/deceleration time change function

## [1] Control details

After setting the following two items, carry out the speed change to change the acceleration/deceleration time during the speed change.

- Set change value of the acceleration/deceleration time ("Cd. 10 New acceleration time value", "Cd. 11 New deceleration time value")
- Setting acceleration/deceleration time change to enable (" Cd. 12 Acceleration/ deceleration time change during speed change, enable/disable selection")
The following drawing shows the operation during an acceleration/deceleration time change.
[For an acceleration/deceleration time change disable setting]

[For an acceleration/deceleration time change enable setting]


Fig. 13.30 Operation during an acceleration/deceleration time change

## [2] Precautions during control

(1) When " 0 " is set in " Cd. 10 New acceleration time value" and " Cd. 11 New deceleration time value", the acceleration/deceleration time will not be changed even if the speed is changed. In this case, the operation will be controlled at the acceleration/deceleration time previously set in the parameters.
(2) The "new acceleration/deceleration time" is valid during execution of the positioning data for which the speed was changed. In continuous positioning control and continuous path control, the speed is changed and control is carried out with the previously set acceleration/deceleration time at the changeover to the next positioning data, even if the acceleration/deceleration time is changed to the "new acceleration/deceleration time (Cd. 10 , Cd. 11 )".
(3) Even if the acceleration/deceleration time change is set to disable after the "new acceleration/deceleration time" is validated, the positioning data for which the "new acceleration/deceleration time" was validated will continue to be controlled with that value. (The next positioning data will be controlled with the previously set acceleration/deceleration time.)

(4) If the "new acceleration/deceleration time" is set to " 0 " and the speed is changed after the "new acceleration/deceleration time" is validated, the operation will be controlled with the previous "new acceleration/deceleration time".

(5) The acceleration/deceleration change function cannot be used during speed control mode and torque control mode.
Refer to Section 12.1"Speed-torque control" for the acceleration/deceleration processing during speed control mode.

## POINT

If the speed is changed when an acceleration/deceleration change is enabled, the "new acceleration/deceleration time" will become the acceleration/deceleration time of the positioning data being executed. The "new acceleration/deceleration time" remains valid until the changeover to the next positioning data. (The automatic deceleration processing at the completion of the positioning will also be controlled by the "new acceleration/deceleration time".)
[3] Setting the acceleration/deceleration time change function
To use the "acceleration/deceleration time change function", write the data shown in the following table to the LD77MH using the sequence program. The set details are validated when a speed change is executed after the details are written to the LD77MH.

| Setting item |  | Setting value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 |  | LD77MH16 |
| Cd. 10 | New acceleration time value |  | $\rightarrow$ | Set the new acceleration time. | $\begin{aligned} & 1508+100 n \\ & 1509+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4308+100 n \\ & 4309+100 n \end{aligned}$ |
| Cd. 11 | New deceleration time value | $\rightarrow$ | Set the new deceleration time. | $\begin{aligned} & 1510+100 n \\ & 1511+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4310+100 n \\ & 4311+100 n \end{aligned}$ |
| Cd. 12 | Acceleration/ deceleration time change during speed change, enable/disable selection | 1 | Set "1: Acceleration/deceleration time change enable". | 1512+100n | 4312+100n |

*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.


### 13.5.4 Torque change function

The "torque change function" is used to change the torque limit value during torque limiting.
The torque limit value at the control start is the value set in the " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value" or "Cd. 101 Torque output setting value"

The following two change methods in the torque change function.

| Torque change function | Details |
| :--- | :--- |
| Forward/reverse new torque <br> value_same setting | The forward torque limit value and reverse torque limit value are <br> changed to the same value by the new torque value. <br> (Use this method when they need not be separately set.) |
| Forward/reverse new torque <br> value_individual setting | The forward torque limit value and reverse torque limit value are <br> individually changed respectively by the forward new torque <br> value and reverse new torque value. |

*: Forward new torque value: The limit value to the generated torque during CCW regeneration at the CCW driving of the servo motor.
Reverse new torque value The limit value to the generated torque during CW regeneration at the CW driving of the servo motor.

Set previously "same setting" or "individual setting" of the forward/reverse new torque in "Cd.112 Torque change function switching request".

| Torque change function | Setting items |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Torque change function <br> switching request ((Cd.112) | New torque value <br> $($ Cd.22), Cd.113) |  |
| Forward/reverse new torque <br> value_same setting | 0: Forward/reverse new torque <br> value: same setting | Cd.22 | New torque value/ <br> forward new torque <br> value |
|  | Cd.113 | Setting invalid |  |
|  | 1: Forward/reverse new torque <br> value: individual setting | Cd.22 | New torque value/ <br> forward new torque <br> value |
|  |  | Cd.113 | Reverse new torque <br> value |

The details shown below explain about the "torque change function".
[1] Control details
[2] Precautions during control
[3] Setting the torque change function start signal

## [1] Control details

The torque value (forward new torque value/reverse new torque value) of the axis control data can be changed at all times. The torque can be limited with a new torque value from the time the new torque value has been written to the LD77MH.
Note that the delay time until a torque control is executed is max. operation cycle after torque change value was written.
The toque limiting is not carried out from the time the power supply is turned ON to the time the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned ON.
The new torque value ( Cd.22, Cd.113 ) is cleared to zero at the leading edge (OFF to ON) of the positioning start signal [Y10].
The torque setting range is from 0 to " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value".
(When the setting value is 0 , a torque change is considered not to be carried out, and it becomes to the value set in " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value" or "

## Cd. 101 Torque output setting value".)

The torque change range is 1 to " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value".
The following drawing shows the operation at the same setting (Figure 13.31) and the operation at the individual setting (Figure 13.32) for the forward new torque value and reverse new torque value.


Fig. 13.31 Torque change operation (forward/reverse new torque value: same setting) (Axis 1)


Fig. 13.32 Torque change operation (forward/reverse new torque value: individual setting) (Axis 1)

## [2] Precautions during control

(1) If a value besides " 0 " is set in the new torque value, the torque generated by the servomotor will be limited by the setting value. To limit the torque with the value set in " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value" or " Cd. 101 Torque output setting value", set " 0 " to the new torque value.

| Setting value of "Cd.112Torque change <br> function switching request" | Setting item (New Torque value) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0: Forward/reverse new torque value <br> _same setting | Cd.22 New torque value/forward new torque value |
| 1: Forward/reverse new torque value <br> _individual setting | Cd.22 New torque value/forward new torque value |
|  | Cd.113 Reverse new torque value |

(2) The " Cd. 22 New torque value/forward new torque value" or "Cd. 113 Reverse new torque value" is validated when written to the LD77MH. (Note that it is not validated from the time the power supply is turned ON to the time the PLC READY signal [YO] is turned ON.)
(3) If the setting value of "Cd. 22 New torque value/forward new torque value" is outside the setting range, an axis warning "Outside new torque value range/outside forward new torque value range" (warning code: 113) will occur and the torque will not be changed.
If the setting value of "Cd. 113 Reverse new torque value" is outside the setting range, an axis warning "Outside reverse new torque value range" (warning code: 115) will occur and the torque will not be changed.
(4) If the time to hold the new torque value is not more than 100 ms , a torque change may not be executed.
(5) When changing from " 0 : Forward/reverse new torque value_same setting" to "1: Forward/reverse new torque value_individual setting" by the torque change function, set " 0 " or same value set in " Cd. 22 New torque value/forward new torque value" in "Cd.113Reverse new torque value" before change.
[3] Setting the torque change function start signal
To use the "torque change function", write the data shown in the following table to the LD77MH using the sequence program.
The set details are validated when written to the LD77MH.

| Setting item |  | Setting value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 |  | LD77MH16 |
| Cd. 112 | Torque change function switching request |  | 0: Forward/ reverse new torque value_ same setting <br> 1: Forward/ reverse new torque value individual setting | Sets "same setting/individual setting" of the forward torque limit value and reverse torque limit value. <br> *: Set " 0 " normally. (When the forward torque limit value and reverse torque limit value are not divided.) <br> *: When a value except " 1 " is set, it operates as "forward/reverse torque limit value_same setting. | 1563+100n | 4363+100n |
| Cd. 22 | New torque value/forward new torque value | 0 to Pr. 17 <br> Torque limit setting value | When " 0 " is set to " Md. 35 Torque change function switching request", a new torque limit value is set. (This value is set to the forward torque limit value and reverse torque limit value.) <br> When "1" is set to "Cd. 112 Torque change function switching request", a new forward torque limit value is set. | 1525+100n | 4325+100n |
| Cd. 113 | Reverse new torque value | 0 to Pr. 17 <br> Torque limit setting value | "1" is set in "Cd. 112 Torque change function switching request", a new reverse torque limit value is set. <br> *: When " 0 " is set in "Cd. 112 Torque change function switching request", the setting value is invalid. | 1564+100n | 4364+100n |

[^5]
### 13.5.5 Target position change function

The "target position change function" is a function to change a target position to a newly designated target position at any timing during the position control (1-axis linear control). A command speed can also be changed simultaneously.
The target position and command speed changed are set directly in the buffer memory, and the target position change is executed by " Cd. 29 Target position
change request flag".
The following shows the details of the "target position change function".
[1] Details of control
[2] Precaution during operation
[3] Method of setting target position change function from PLC CPU

## [1] Details of control

The following charts show the details of control of the target position change function.
(a) When the address after change is positioned away from the start point more than the positioning address:

(b) When the speed is changed simultaneously with changing the address:

(c) When the direction of the operation is changed:


Fig. 13.33 Target position change operation

## [2] Precautions during operation

(1) If the positioning movement direction from the stop position to a new target position is reversed, stop the operation once and then position to the new target position. (Refer to Fig. 13.33 (c).)
(2) If a command speed exceeding the speed limit value is set to change the command speed, a warning will be given, and the new command speed will be the speed limit value (warning code: 501).
Also, if the command speed change disables the remaining distance to the target value from being assured, a warning will be given (warning code: 509).
(3) In the following cases, a target position change request given is ignored and a warning occurs. (warning code: 518)

- During interpolation control
- A new target position value (address) is outside the software stroke limit range.
- The axis is decelerating to a stop by a stop cause.
- While the positioning data whose operation pattern is continuous path control is executed.
- When the speed change 0 flag (Md.31Status: b10) is ON.
(4) When a command speed is changed, the current speed is also changed. When the next positioning speed uses the current speed in the continuous positioning, the next positioning operation is carried out at the new speed value. When the speed is set with the next positioning data, that speed becomes the current speed and the operation is carried out at the current speed.
(5) When a target position change request is given during automatic deceleration in position control, positioning control to a new position is exercised after the axis has stopped once if the moving direction is reversed. If the moving direction is not reversed, the axis is accelerated to the command speed again and positioned to the new position.
(6) If the constant speed status is regained or the output is reversed by a target position change made while " Md. 48 Deceleration start flag" is ON, the deceleration start flag remains ON. (For details, refer to Section 13.7.8.)
(7) Carrying out the target position change to the ABS linear 1 in degrees may carry out the positioning to the new target position after the operation decelerates to stop once, even the movement direction is not reversed.


## POINT

When carrying out the target position change continuously, take an interval of 100 ms or longer between the times of the target position changes. Also, take an interval of 100 ms or longer when the speed change and override is carried out after changing the target position or the target position change is carried out after the speed change and override.
[3] Method of setting target position change function from PLC CPU The following table and chart show the example of a data setting and sequence program used to change the target position of the axis 1 by the command from the PLC CPU, respectively. (example in which the target position value and command speed are changed to a new target position of " $300.0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ " and a new command speed of "10000.00 mm/min".)
(1) The following data is set.
(Referring to the starting time chart shown in item (2) below, carry out the
setting with the sequence program shown in item (3).)

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details |  | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |
| Cd.27 | Target position <br> change value <br> (new address) | 3000 | Set the new address. | $1534+100 \mathrm{n}$ <br> $1535+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $4334+100 \mathrm{n}$ <br> $4335+100 \mathrm{n}$ |  |
| Cd.28 | larget position <br> (hange value <br> (new speed) | 1000000 | Set the new speed. | $1536+100 \mathrm{n}$ <br> $1537+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $4336+100 \mathrm{n}$ <br> $4337+100 \mathrm{n}$ |  |
| Cd.29 | Target position <br> change request <br> flag | 1 | Set "1: Requests a change in the target <br> position". | $1538+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $4338+100 \mathrm{n}$ |  |

*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.
(2) The following shows the time chart for target position change.


Fig. 13.34 Time chart for target position change from PLC CPU
(3) The following sequence program is added to the control program, and written to the PLC CPU.


### 13.6 Absolute position system

The LD77MH can construct an absolute position system by installing the absolute position system and connecting it through SSCNETII.
The following describes precautions when constructing the absolute position system.


Fig. 13.35 Configuration of absolute position system
[1] Setting for absolute positions
When constructing an absolute position system, use a servomotor with absolute position detector.
It is also necessary to install a battery for retaining the location of the OPR in the servo amplifier. When an absolute position detector is installed, the " Pr. 103 Absolute position detection system" is selected "1: Valid" in the amplifier setting for the servo parameters (basic setting).

|  | Buffer memory address |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Pr.103 Absolute position detection system | $30103+200 \mathrm{n}$ | $28403+100 \mathrm{n}$ |

## [2] OPR

The absolute position system can establish the OP position, using "Data set method", "Near-point dog method", "Count method" and "Scale origin signal detection method" OPR method.
In the "Data set method" OPR method, the location to which the location of the OP position is moved by manual operation (JOG operation/manual pulse generator operation) is treated as the OP position.


Fig. 13.36 Operation of the OPR execution

### 13.7 Other functions

Other functions include the "step function", "skip function", "M code output function", "teaching function", "command in-position function", "acceleration/deceleration processing function", "pre-reading start function", " deceleration start flag function", "stop command processing for deceleration stop function", "follow up processing function", "speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis function" and "operation setting for incompletion of OPR function". Each function is executed by parameter setting or sequence program creation and writing.

### 13.7.1 Step function

The "step function" is used to confirm each operation of the positioning control one by one.
It is used in debugging work for major positioning control, etc.
A positioning operation in which a "step function" is used is called a "step operation". In step operations, the timing for stopping the control can be set. (This is called the "step mode".) Control stopped by a step operation can be continued by setting "step continue" (to continue the control)" in the "step start information".

The details shown below explain about the "step function".
[1] Relation between the step function and various controls
[2] Step mode
[3] Step start information
[4] Using the step operation
[5] Control details
[6] Precautions during control
[7] Step function settings
[1] Relation between the step function and various controls The following table shows the relation between the "step function" and various controls.

| Control type |  |  | Step function | Step applicability |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPR control | Machine OPR control |  | $\times$ | Step operation not possible |
|  | Fast OPR control |  | $\times$ |  |
| Major positioning control | Position control | 1-axis linear control | $\bigcirc$ | Step operation possible |
|  |  | 2 to 4-axes linear interpolation control | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  |  | 1-axis fixed-feed control | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  |  | 2 to 4-axes fixed-feed control (interpolation) | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  |  | 2-axis circular interpolation control | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  | 1 to 4- axes Speed control |  | $\times$ | Step operation not possible |
|  | Speed-position switching control Position-speed switching control |  | $\bigcirc$ | Step operation possible |
|  | Other control | Current value changing | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  |  | JUMP instruction, NOP instruction, LOOP to LEND | $\times$ | Step operation not possible |
| Manual control | JOG operation, Inching operation |  | $\times$ |  |
|  | Manual pulse generator operation |  | $\times$ |  |
| Expansion control | Speed-torque control |  | $\times$ |  |

$\bigcirc$ : Set when required. $\times$ : Setting not possible

## [2] Step mode

In step operations, the timing for stopping the control can be set. This is called the "step mode". (The "step mode" is set in the control data " Cd. 34 Step mode".)
The following shows the two types of "step mode" functions.
(1) Deceleration unit step

The operation stops at positioning data requiring automatic deceleration. (A normal operation will be carried out until the positioning data requiring automatic deceleration is found. Once found, that positioning data will be executed, and the operation will then automatically decelerate and stop.)
(2) Data No. unit step

The operation automatically decelerates and stops for each positioning data. (Even in continuous path control, an automatic deceleration and stop will be forcibly carried out.)
[3] Step start information
Control stopped by a step operation can be continued by setting "step continue" (to continue the control) in the "step start information". (The "step start information" is set in the control data " Cd. 36 Step start information".)
The following table shows the results of starts using the "step start information" during step operation.

| Stop status in the step <br> operation | Md.26 <br> Axis operation <br> status | Cd.36Step start <br> information | Step start results |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 step of positioning <br> stopped normally | Step standby | 1: Step continue | The next positioning data is executed. |

The warnings "Step not possible (warning code: 511)" will occur if the " Md. 26 Axis operation status" is as shown below or the step valid flag is OFF when step start information is set.

| Md.26 Axis operation status | Step start results |
| :---: | :---: |
| Standby | Step not continued by warning |
| Stopped |  |
| Interpolation |  |
| JOG operation |  |
| Manual pulse generator operation |  |
| Analyzing |  |
| Special start standby |  |
| OPR |  |
| Position control |  |
| Speed control |  |
| Speed control in speed-position switching control |  |
| Position control in speed-position switching control |  |
| Speed control in position-speed switching control |  |
| Position control in position-speed switching control |  |
| Control mode switch |  |
| Speed control |  |
| Torque control |  |

[4] Using the step operation
The following shows the procedure for checking positioning data using the step operation.


## [5] Control details

(1) The following drawing shows a step operation during a "deceleration unit step".


Fig. 13.37 Operation during step execution by deceleration unit step
(2) The following drawing shows a step operation during a "data No. unit step".


Fig. 13.38 Operation during step execution positioning data No. unit step

## [6] Precautions during control

(1) When step operation is carried out using interpolation control positioning data, the step function settings are carried out for the reference axis.
(2) When the step valid flag is ON, the step operation will start from the beginning if the positioning start signal is turned ON while " Md. 26 Axis operation status" is "step standby". (The step operation will be carried out from the positioning data set in " Cd. 3 Positioning start No.".)

## [7] Step function settings

To use the "step function", write the data shown in the following table to the
LD77MH using the sequence program. Refer to section [4] "Using the step operation" for the timing of the settings.
The set details are validated when written to the LD77MH.

| Setting item |  | Setting value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 |  | LD77MH16 |
| Cd. 34 | Step mode |  | $\rightarrow$ | Set "0: Deceleration unit step" or "1: Data No. unit step". | 1544+100n | $4344+100 n$ |
| Cd. 35 | Step valid flag | 1 | Set "1: Carry out step operation". | $1545+100 n$ | $4345+100 n$ |
| Cd. 36 | Step start information | $\rightarrow$ | Set "1: Step continue", depending on the stop status. | 1546+100n | $4346+100 n$ |

*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

### 13.7.2 Skip function

The "skip function" is used to stop (deceleration stop) the control of the positioning data being executed at the time of the skip signal input, and execute the next positioning data.
A skip is executed by a skip command ( Cd. 37 Skip command) or external command signal.
The "skip function" can be used during control in which positioning data is used.
The details shown below explain about the "skip function".
[1] Control details
[2] Precautions during control
[3] Setting the skip function from the PLC CPU
[4] Setting the skip function using an external command signal

## [1] Control details

The following drawing shows the skip function operation.

(Note): Refer to Section 3.3 for input/output signal of LD77MH16.
Fig. 13.39 Operation when a skip signal is input during positioning control

## [2] Precautions during control

(1) If the skip signal is turned ON at the last of an operation, a deceleration stop will occur and the operation will be terminated.
(2) When a control is skipped (when the skip signal is turned ON during a control), the positioning complete signals will not turn ON.
(3) When the skip signal is turned ON during the dwell time, the remaining dwell time will be ignored, and the next positioning data will be executed.
(4) When a control is skipped during interpolation control, the reference axis skip signal is turned ON. When the reference axis skip signal is turned ON, a deceleration stop will be carried out for every axis, and the next reference axis positioning data will be executed.
(5) The M code ON signals will not turn ON when the M code output is set to the AFTER mode (when "1: AFTER mode" is set in " Pr. 18 M code ON signal output timing").
(In this case, the M code will not be stored in " Md. 25 Valid M code".)
(6) The skip cannot be carried out by the speed control and position-speed switching control.
(7) If the skip signal is turned ON with the M code signal turned ON, the transition to the next data is not carried out until the M code signal is turned OFF.

## [3] Setting the skip function from the PLC CPU

The following shows the settings and sequence program example for skipping the control being executed in axis 1 with a command from the PLC CPU.
(1) Set the following data.
(The setting is carried out using the sequence program shown below in section (2)).

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cd.37 | Skip command | 1 |  | 1547+100n | 4347+100n |

*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.
(2) Add the following sequence program to the control program, and write it to the PLC CPU.

1) When the "skip command" is input, the value "1" (skip request) set in
" Cd. 37 Skip command" is written to the LD77MH buffer memory


## [4] Setting the skip function using an external command signal

 The skip function can also be executed using an "external command signal". The following shows the settings and sequence program example for skipping the control being executed in axis 1 using an "external command signal".(1) Set the following data to execute the skip function using an external command signal.
(The setting is carried out using the sequence program shown below in section (2)).

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |
| Pr.42 | External <br> command function <br> selection | 3 | Set "3: Skip request". | $62+150 \mathrm{n}$ |  |
| Cd.8 | External <br> command valid | 1 | Set "1: Validate external command". | $1505+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $4305+100 \mathrm{n}$ |

*: Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameter" or Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.
(2) Add the following sequence program to the control program, and write it to the PLC CPU.


### 13.7.3 M code output function

The "M code output function" is used to command sub work (clamping, drill rotation, tool replacement, etc.) related to the positioning data being executed.
When the M code ON signal is turned ON during positioning execution, a No. called the M code is stored in " Md. 25 Valid M code". These " Md. 25 Valid M code" are read from the PLC CPU, and used to command auxiliary work. M codes can be set for each positioning data. (Set in setting item " Da. 10 M code" of the positioning data.)
The timing for outputting (storing) the M codes can also be set in the " M code output function".

| Signal | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M code ON signal | X4, X5, X6, X7 | M code ON (Md.31 Status: b12) |

The details shown below explain about the "M code output function".
[1] M code ON signal output timing
[2] M code OFF request
[3] Precautions during control
[4] Setting the M code output function
[5] Reading M codes
[1] M code ON signal output timing
The timing for outputting (storing) the M codes can be set in the "M code output function". (The M code is stored in "Md. 25 Valid M code" when the M code ON signal is turned ON.)
The following shows the two types of timing for outputting M codes: the "WITH mode" and the "AFTER mode".
(1) WITH mode

The M code ON signal is turned ON at the positioning start, and the M code is stored in " Md. 25 Valid M code".


Fig. 13.40 M code ON/OFF timing (WITH mode)

## (2) AFTER mode

The M code ON signal is turned ON at the positioning completion, and the M code is stored in " Md. 25 Valid M code".


Fig. 13.41 M code ON/OFF timing (AFTER mode)

## [2] M code OFF request

When the M code ON signal is ON, it must be turned OFF by the sequence program.
To turn OFF the M code ON signal, set "1" (turn OFF the M code signal) in
" Cd. 7 M code OFF request".

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |
| Cd.7 | M code OFF <br> request | 1 | Set "1: Turn OFF the M code ON signal". | $1504+100 \mathrm{n}$ | 4304+100n |

*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

The next positioning data will be processed as follows if the M code ON signal is not turned OFF. (The processing differs according to the Da. 1 Operation pattern.)

| Da. 1 Operation pattern |  | Processing |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 00 | Independent positioning control <br> (Positioning control) | The next positioning data will not be executed until the M code ON <br> signal is turned OFF. |
| 01 | Continuous positioning control | The next positioning data will be executed. If the M code is set to the <br> next positioning data, a warning "M code ON signal ON start" <br> (warning code: 503 ) will occur. |
| 11 | Continuous path control |  |



Fig. 13.42 Warning due to an M code ON signal during continuous path control

> POINT
> If the M code output function is not required, set a " 0 " in setting item " Da. 10 M code" of the positioning data.
[3] Precautions during control
(1) During interpolation control, the reference axis M code ON signal is turned ON.
(2) The M code ON signal will not turn ON if " 0 " is set in " Da. 10 M code". (The M code will not be output, and the previously output value will be held in " Md. 25 Valid M code".)
(3) If the $M$ code $O N$ signal is $O N$ at the positioning start, an error "M code signal ON at positioning start (error code: 536)" will occur, and the positioning will not start.
(4) If the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned OFF, the M code ON signal will turn OFF and "0" will be stored in " Md. 25 Valid M code".
(5) If the positioning operation time is short during continuous path control, there will not be enough time to turn OFF the M code ON signal, and a warning "M code signal ON (error code: 503)" may occur. In this case, set a " 0 " in the " Da. 10 M code" of that section's positioning data.
(6) In the AFTER mode during speed control, the M code is not output and the M code ON signal does not turn ON .
(7) If current value changing where "9003" has been set to " Cd. 3 Positioning start No." is performed, the M code output function is made invalid.
[4] Setting the M code output function
The following shows the settings to use the " $M$ code output function".
(1) Set the M code No. in the positioning data " Da. 10 M code".
(2) Set the timing to output the $M$ code $O N$ signal.

Set the required value in the following parameter, and write it to the LD77MH. The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF $\rightarrow$ ON) of the PLC READY signal [YO].

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details |  | Buffer memory address |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pr. 18 | M code ON signal <br> output timing | $\rightarrow$ | Set the timing to output the M code ON signal. <br> 0: WITH mode <br> 1: AFTER mode | LD77MH16 |  |  |

: Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for setting details.

## [5] Reading M codes

" M codes" are stored in the following buffer memory when the $M$ code ON signal turns ON.

| Monitor item |  | Monitor <br> value | Storage details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |
| Md.25 | Valid M code | $\rightarrow$ | The M code No. ( Da.10 <br> positioning data is stored. | $808+100 \mathrm{n}$ ) set in the | $2408+100 \mathrm{n}$ |

*: Refer to Section 5.6 "List of monitor data" for information on the storage details.
The following shows a sequence program example for reading the " Md. 25 Valid M code" to the PLC CPU data register (D110). (The read value is used to command the sub work.) Read $M$ codes not as "rising edge commands", but as "ON execution commands".


### 13.7.4 Teaching function

The "teaching function" is used to set addresses aligned using the manual control (JOG operation, inching operation manual pulse generator operation) in the positioning data addresses (" Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount", " Da. 7 Arc address").

The details shown below explain about the "teaching function".
[1] Control details
[2] Precautions during control
[3] Data used in teaching
[4] Teaching procedure
[5] Teaching program example
[1] Control details
(1) Teaching timing

Teaching is executed using the sequence program when the BUSY signal is OFF. (During manual control, teaching can be carried out as long as the axis is not BUSY, even when an error or warning has occurred.)

| Signal | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BUSY signal | XC to XF | X10 to X1F |

(2) Addresses for which teaching is possible

The addresses for which teaching is possible are "current feed values" ( Md. 20 Current feed value) having the OP as a reference. The settings of the "movement amount" used in incremental system positioning cannot be used. In the teaching function, these "current feed values" are set in the " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount" or " Da. 7 Arc address".

(3) Dedicated instructions "ZP.TEACH 1, ZP.TEACH 2, ZP.TEACH 3, ZP.TEACH 4"
When the dedicated instructions " ZP.TEACH 1, ZP.TEACH 2, ZP.TEACH
3 , ZP.TEACH 4" are used to execute the teaching function, the programming becomes easier. Refer to Chapter 15 "Dedicated Instructions" for details.

## [2] Precautions during control

(1) Before teaching, a "machine OPR" must be carried out to establish the OP. (When a current value changing, etc., is carried out, " Md. 20 Current feed value" may not show absolute addresses having the OP as a reference.)
(2) Teaching cannot be carried out for positions to which movement cannot be executed by manual control (positions to which the workpiece cannot physically move). (During center point designation circular interpolation control, etc., teaching of " Da. 7 Arc address" cannot be carried out if the center point of the arc is not within the moveable range of the workpiece.)
(3) Writing to the flash ROM can be executed up to 100,000 times. If writing to the flash ROM exceeds 100,000 times, the writing may become impossible (assured value is up to 100,000 times). If an error (error code: 805) occurs when writing to the flash ROM has been completed, check whether or not the program is created so as to write continuously to the flash ROM.

## [3] Data used in teaching

The following control data is used in teaching.

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details |  | Buffer memory address |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  |
| Cd.1 | Flash ROM write <br> request | 1 | Write the set details to the flash ROM (backup <br> the changed data). | 1900 | 5900 |  |
|  | Teaching data <br> selection | $\rightarrow$ | Sets to which "current feed value" is written. <br> 0: Written to " Da.6 Positioning address/ <br> movement amount". <br> 1: Written to " Da.7 Arc address". | $1548+100 \mathrm{n}$ | 4348+100n |  |
| Cd.39 | Teaching <br> positioning data <br> No. | $\rightarrow$ | Designates the data to be taught. <br> (Teaching is carried out when the setting value <br> is 1 to 600.) <br> When teaching has been completed, this data <br> is zero cleared. | $1549+100 \mathrm{n}$ | 4349+100n |  |

*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

## [4] Teaching procedure

The following shows the procedure for a teaching operation.
(1) When teaching to the "Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount" (Teaching example on LD77MH4 [axis 1])

(2) When teaching to the " Da. 7 Arc address", then teaching to the " Da. 6 Positioning address/movement amount" (Teaching example for 2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation on LD77MH4 [axis 1] and [axis 2])


[5] Teaching program example
The following shows a sequence program example for setting (writing) the positioning data obtained with the teaching function to the LD77MH.
(1) Setting conditions

- When setting the current feed value as the positioning address, write it when the BUSY signal is OFF.


## (2) Program example

- The following example shows a program to carry out the teaching of axis 1 by the dedicated instruction " ZP.TEACH 1".

1) Move the workpiece to the target position using a JOG operation (or an inching operation, a manual pulse generator operation).

2) Carry out the teaching operation with the following program.


## POINT

(1) Confirm the teaching function and teaching procedure before setting the positioning data.
(2) The positioning addresses that are written are absolute address (ABS) values.
(3) If the positioning operation is correctly completed with the written positioning data, it is recommended that the positioning data be registered in the LD77MH flash ROM.

### 13.7.5 Command in-position function

The "command in-position function" checks the remaining distance to the stop position during the automatic deceleration of positioning control, and sets "1". This flag is called the "command in-position flag". The command in-position flag is used as a frontloading signal indicating beforehand the completion of the position control.

The details shown below explain about the "command in-position function".
[1] Control details
[2] Precautions during control
[3] Setting the command in-position function
[4] Confirming the command in-position flag

## [1] Control details

The following shows control details of the command in-position function.
(1) When the remaining distance to the stop position during the automatic deceleration of positioning control becomes equal to or less than the value set in " Pr. 16 Command in-position width", "1" is stored in the command inposition flag ( Md. 31 Status: b2)
(Command in-position width check)
Remaining distance $\leq$ " Pr. 16 Command in-position width" setting value


Fig. 13.43 Command in-position operation
(2) A command in-position width check is carried out every operation cycle.

## [2] Precautions during control

(1) A command in-position width check will not be carried out in the following cases.

- During speed control.
- During speed control in speed-position switching control.
- During speed control in position-speed switching control.
- During speed control mode
- During torque control mode


Fig. 13.44 Command in-position width check
(2) The command in-position flag will be turned OFF in the following cases.
("0" will be stored in " Md. 31 Status: b2".)

- At the positioning control start
- At the speed control start
- At the speed-position switching control, position-speed switching control start
- At the OPR control start
- At the JOG operation start
- At the inching operation start
- When the manual pulse generator operation is enabled.
(3) The " Pr. 16 Command in-position width" and command in-position flag ( Md. 31 Status: b2) of the reference axis are used during interpolation control.
When the "Pr. 20 Interpolation speed designation method" is "Composite speed", the command in-position width check is carried out in the remaining distance on the composite axis (line/arc connecting the start point address and end point address).


## [3] Setting the command in-position function

To use the "command in-position function", set the required value in the parameter shown in the following table, and write it to the LD77MH.
The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF $\rightarrow$ ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Factory-set <br> initial value |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Pr.16 | Command in- <br> position width | $\rightarrow$ | Turn ON the command in-position flag, and set the <br> remaining distance to the stop position of the position <br> control. | 100 |

*: Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for setting details.

## [4] Confirming the command in-position flag

The "command in-position flag" is stored in the following buffer memory.

| Monitor item |  | Monitor <br> value | Storage details |  | Buffer memory address |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  |
| Md.31 | Status | $\rightarrow$ | The command in-position flag is stored in the <br> "b2" position. | $817+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $2417+100 \mathrm{n}$ |  |

*: Refer to Section 5.6 "List of monitor data" for information on the storage details.

## REMARK

- Parameters are set for each axis.
- It is recommended that the parameters be set whenever possible with GX Works2. Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.


### 13.7.6 Acceleration/deceleration processing function

The "acceleration/deceleration processing function" adjusts the acceleration/deceleration of each control to the acceleration/deceleration curve suitable for device.
Setting the acceleration/deceleration time changes the slope of the acceleration/deceleration curve.
The following two methods can be selected for the acceleration/deceleration curve:

- Trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration
- S-curve acceleration/deceleration

Refer to Section 12.1 "Speed-torque control" for acceleration/deceleration processing of speed-torque control.

The details shown below explain about the "acceleration/deceleration processing function".
[1] "Acceleration/deceleration time 0 to 3" control details and setting
[2] "Acceleration/deceleration method setting" control details and setting
[1] "Acceleration/deceleration time 0 to 3" control details and setting In the LD77MH, four types each of acceleration time and deceleration time can be set. By using separate acceleration/deceleration times, control can be carried out with different acceleration/deceleration times for positioning control, JOG operation, OPR, etc.
Set the required values for the acceleration/deceleration time in the parameters shown in the following table, and write them to the LD77MH. The set details are validated when written to the LD77MH.

|  | Setting item | Setting value | Setting details | Factory-set initial value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pr. 9 | Acceleration time 0 | $\rightarrow$ | Set the acceleration time at a value within the range of 1 to 8388608 ms . | 1000 |
| Pr. 25 | Acceleration time 1 | $\rightarrow$ |  | 1000 |
| Pr. 26 | Acceleration time 2 | $\rightarrow$ |  | 1000 |
| Pr. 27 | Acceleration time 3 | $\rightarrow$ |  | 1000 |
| Pr. 10 | Deceleration time 0 | $\rightarrow$ | Set the deceleration time at a value within the range of 1 to 8388608 ms . | 1000 |
| Pr. 28 | Deceleration time 1 | $\rightarrow$ |  | 1000 |
| Pr. 29 | Deceleration time 2 | $\rightarrow$ |  | 1000 |
| Pr. 30 | Deceleration time 3 | $\rightarrow$ |  | 1000 |

*: Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for setting details.
[2] "Acceleration/deceleration method setting" control details and setting
In the "acceleration/deceleration method setting", the acceleration/deceleration processing method is selected and set. The set acceleration/deceleration processing is applied to all acceleration/deceleration. (except for inching operation, manual pulse generator operation and speed-torque control.) The two types of "acceleration/deceleration processing method" are shown below.
(1) Trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration processing method This is a method in which linear acceleration/deceleration is carried out based on the acceleration time, deceleration time, and speed limit value set by the user.


Fig. 13.45 Trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration processing method
(2) S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing method In this method, the motor burden is reduced during starting and stopping. This is a method in which acceleration/deceleration is carried out gradually, based on the acceleration time, deceleration time, speed limit value, and " Pr. 35 S-curve ratio" (1 to 100\%) set by the user.


Fig. 13.46 S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing method

When a speed change request or override request is given during S-curve acceleration/ deceleration processing, S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing begins at a speed change request or override request start.


Fig. 13.47 Speed change during S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing
Set the required values for the "acceleration/deceleration method setting" in the parameters shown in the following table, and write them to the LD77MH.
The set details are validated when written to the LD77MH.

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Factory-set <br> initial value |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Pr.34 | Acceleration/ <br> deceleration <br> process selection | $\rightarrow$ | Set the acceleration/deceleration method. <br> 0: Trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration <br> processing <br> $1:$ S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing | 0 |
| Pr.35 | S-curve ratio | $\rightarrow$ | Set the acceleration/deceleration curve when "1" is set <br> in " Pr.34 Acceleration/deceleration process <br> selection". | 100 |

*: Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for setting details.

## REMARK

- Parameters are set for each axis.
- It is recommended that the parameters be set whenever possible with GX Works2. Execution by sequence program uses many sequence programs and devices. The execution becomes complicated, and the scan times will increase.


### 13.7.7 Pre-reading start function

The "pre-reading start function" does not start servo while the execution prohibition flag is ON if a positioning start request is given with the execution prohibition flag ON, and starts servo within operation cycle after OFF of the execution prohibition flag is detected. The positioning start request is given when the axis is in a standby status, and the execution prohibition flag is turned OFF at the axis operating timing.

The "pre-reading start function" will be explained below.
[1] Controls
[2] Precautions during control
[3] Program examples

## [1] Controls

The pre-reading start function is performed by turning ON the positioning start signal with the execution prohibition flag ON, or by executing the dedicated instruction (ZP.PSTRT1, ZP.PSTRT2, ZP.PSTRT3, ZP.PSTRT4). However, if positioning is started with the execution prohibition flag ON, the positioning data is analyzed but servo start is not provided. While the execution prohibition flag is ON, "Md. 26 Axis operation status" remains unchanged from "5: Analyzing". The servo starts within operation cycle after the execution prohibition flag has turned OFF, and "Md. 26 Axis operation status" changes to the status (e.g. position control, speed control) that matches the control system. (Refer to Fig.13.48)

| Signal | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Execution prohibition flag | Y14, Y15, Y16, Y17 | Cd.183 |



Fig. 13.48 Operations of pre-reading start function

## [2] Precautions during control

(1) The time required to analyze the positioning data is up to 0.88 ms (LD77MH4)/ $3.55 \mathrm{~ms}(\mathrm{LD} 77 \mathrm{MH} 16)$.
(2) After positioning data analysis, the system is put in an execution prohibition flag OFF waiting status. Any change made to the positioning data in the execution prohibition flag OFF waiting status is not reflected on the positioning data. Change the positioning data before turning ON the positioning start signal.
(3) The pre-reading start function is invalid if the execution prohibition flag is turned OFF between when the positioning start signal has turned ON and when positioning data analysis is completed ( $\mathrm{Ta}<$ start time, Ta: Refer to Fig. 13.48).
(4) The data No. which can be executed positioning start using "Cd.3Positioning start No." with the pre-reading start function are No. 1 to 600 only. Performing the pre-reading start function at the setting of No. 7000 to 7004 or 9001 to 9004 will result in an outside start No. range error (Error code: 543).
(5) Always turn ON the execution prohibition flag at the same time or before turning ON the positioning start signal. Pre-reading may not be started if the execution prohibition flag is turned ON during Ta after the positioning start signal is turned ON. The pre-reading start function is invalid if the execution prohibition flag is turned ON after positioning start with the execution prohibition flag OFF. (It is made valid at the next positioning start.)

## [3] Program examples

## [LD77MH4 program example] <br> * <br> * Pre-reading start program (when positioning start signal Y10 is used)

* 


M100 ] <Pre-reading start command pulse>
K1
Y14
Y10
Y14
Y10
*

* Pre-reading start program (when dedicated instruction ZP.PSTRT1 is used)
* 


$\left.\begin{array}{ll}\text { Y14 }\end{array}\right]$ <Turns ON execution prohibition flag>

### 13.7.8 Deceleration start flag function

The "deceleration start flag function" turns ON the flag when the constant speed status or acceleration status switches to the deceleration status during position control whose operation pattern is "Positioning complete". This function can be used as a signal to start the operation to be performed by other equipment at each end of position control or to perform preparatory operation, etc. for the next position control.

For the "deceleration start flag function", the following will be explained.
[1] Control details
[2] Precautions during control
[3] Deceleration start flag function setting method
[4] Checking of deceleration start flag

## [1] Control details

When deceleration for a stop is started in the position control whose operation pattern is "Positioning complete", "1" is stored into "Md.48 Deceleration start flag". When the next operation start is made or the manual pulse generator operation enable status is gained, " 0 " is stored. (Refer to Fig. 13.49.)
(1) Start made with positioning data No. specified


Fig. 13.49 Operation of deceleration start flag
(2) Block start

At a block start, this function is valid for only the position control whose operation pattern is "Positioning complete" at the point whose shape has been set to "End". (Refer to Fig. 13.50.)

The following table indicates the operation of the deceleration start flag in the case of the following block start data and positioning data.

| Block start <br> data | Da.11 <br> Shape | Da.12 <br> Start data No. | Da.13 <br> Special start <br> instruction |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1st point | 1: Continue | 1 | 0: Block start |
| 2nd point | 1: Continue | 3 | 0: Block start |
| 3rd point | 0: End | 4 | 0: Block start |
| • |  |  |  |
| • |  |  |  |


| Positioning <br> Data No. | Da.1 <br> Operation pattern |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | 01: Continuous positioning control |
| 2 | $00:$ Positioning complete |
| 3 | $00:$ Positioning complete |
| 4 | $11:$ Continuous path control |
| 5 | $00:$ Positioning complete |
| $\bullet$ |  |
| $\bullet$ |  |



Fig. 13.50 Operation of deceleration start flag at block start

## [2] Precautions during control

(1) The deceleration start flag function is valid for the control system of "1-axis linear control", "2-axis linear interpolation control", "3-axis linear interpolation control", "4-axis linear interpolation control", "speed-position switching control" or "position-speed switching control". (In the case of linear interpolation control, the function is valid for only the reference axis.) Refer to Section 3.2.5 "Combination of LD77MH main functions and sub functions".
(2) The deceleration start flag does not turn ON when the operation pattern is "continuous positioning control" or "continuous path control".
(3) The deceleration start flag function is invalid for an OPR, JOG operation, inching operation, manual pulse generator operation, speed-torque control and deceleration made with a stop signal.
(4) The deceleration start flag does not turn ON when a speed change or override is used to make deceleration.
(5) If a target position change is made while the deceleration start flag is ON, the deceleration start flag remains ON.

(6) When the movement direction is reversed by a target position change, the deceleration start flag turns ON.

(7) During position control of position-speed switching control, the deceleration start flag is turned ON by automatic deceleration.
The deceleration start flag remains ON if position control is switched to speed control by the position-speed switching signal after the deceleration start flag has turned ON.
(8) If the condition start of a block start is not made since the condition is not satisfied, the deceleration start flag turns ON when the shape is "End".
(9) When an interrupt request during continuous operation is issued, the deceleration start flag turns ON at a start of deceleration in the positioning data being executed.

## [3] Deceleration start flag function setting method

To use the "deceleration start flag function", set "1" to the following control data using a sequence program.
The set data is made valid on the rising edge (OFF to ON) of the PLC READY signal [Y0].

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details |  | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Cd.41 | Deceleration start <br> flag valid | $\rightarrow$ | Set whether the deceleration start flag function <br> is made valid or invalid. <br> 0: Deceleration start flag invalid <br> 1: Deceleration start flag valid | LD77MH16 |  |

*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.
[4] Checking of deceleration start flag
The "deceleration start flag" is stored into the following buffer memory addresses.

| Monitor item |  | Monitor <br> value | Storage details |  | Buffer memory address |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  |  |  | 0: Status other than below <br> 1: Status from deceleration start to next <br> Md.48 <br> operation start or manual pulse generator <br> operation enable | LD77MH16 |  |  |
|  | Deceleration start <br> flag | $\rightarrow$ | $899+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $2499+100 \mathrm{n}$ |  |  |

[^6]
### 13.7.9 Stop command processing for deceleration stop function

The "stop command processing for deceleration stop function" is provided to set the deceleration curve if a stop cause occurs during deceleration stop processing (including automatic deceleration).
This function is valid for both trapezoidal and S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing methods.
(For the stop cause, refer to Section 1.2.3 "Outline of stopping".)
The "stop command processing for deceleration stop function" performs the following two operations:
(1) Deceleration curve re-processing

Re-processes a deceleration curve starting from the speed at stop cause occurrence to stop, according to the preset deceleration time.
(2) Deceleration curve continuation

Continues the current deceleration curve after a stop cause has occurred.

This section explains the "stop command processing for deceleration stop function" as follows:
[1] Control
[2] Precautions for control
[3] Setting method

## [1] Control

The operation of "stop command processing for deceleration stop function" is explained below.

## (1) Deceleration curve re-processing

A deceleration curve is re-processed starting from the speed at stop cause occurrence to stop, according to the preset deceleration time.
If a stop cause occurs during automatic deceleration of position control, the deceleration stop processing stops as soon as the target has reached the positioning address specified in the positioning data that is currently executed.


Fig. 13.51 Deceleration curve re-processing operation (for position control or S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing)

## (2) Deceleration curve continuation

The current deceleration curve is continued after a stop cause has occurred.
If a stop cause occurs during automatic deceleration of position control, the deceleration stop processing may be complete before the target has reached the positioning address specified in the positioning data that is currently executed.


Fig. 13.52 Deceleration curve continuation operation (for position control or S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing)

## [2] Precautions for control

(1) In manual control (JOG operation, inching operation, manual pulse generator operation) and speed-torque control, the stop command processing for deceleration stop function is invalid.
(2) The stop command processing for deceleration stop function is valid when " 0 : Normal deceleration stop" is set in "Pr. 37 Stop group 1 sudden stop selection" to "Pr. 39 Stop group 3 sudden stop selection" as the stopping method for stop cause occurrence.
(3) The stop command processing for deceleration stop function is invalid when "1: Sudden stop" is set in "Pr. 37 Stop group 1 sudden stop selection" to " Pr. 39 Stop group 3 sudden stop selection". (A deceleration curve is reprocessed, according to the "Pr. 36 Sudden stop deceleration time" (starting from the speed at stop cause occurrence to a stop)) In the position control (including position control of speed/position changeover control or position/speed changeover control) mode, positioning may stop immediately depending on the stop cause occurrence timing and " Pr. 36 Sudden stop deceleration time" setting.


Fig. 13.53 Sudden stop operation (for position control or S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing)

## [3] Setting method

To use the "stop command processing for deceleration stop function", set the following control data in a sequence program.
The set data are made valid as soon as they are written to the buffer memory.
The PLC ready signal [Y0] is irrelevant.

| Setting item |  | Setting value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 |  | LD77MH16 |
| Cd. 42 | Stop command processing for deceleration stop selection |  | $\rightarrow$ | Set the stop command processing for deceleration stop function. <br> 0: Deceleration curve re-processing <br> 1: Deceleration curve continuation | 1907 | 5907 |

*: For details of the setting details, refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data".

### 13.7.10 Speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis function

The "Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis function" is executed the positioning control by $10 \times$ speed of the setting value in the command speed and the speed limit value when the setting unit is "degree".

This section explains the "speed control 10 multiplier specifying function for degree axis" as follows:
[1] Control details
[2] Setting method of "Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis function"

## [1] Control details

When "Speed control 10 multiplier specifying function for degree axis" is valid, this function related to the command speed, monitor data, speed limit value, is shown below.
(1) Command speed
(a) Parameters

- "Pr. 7 Bias speed at start"
- "Pr. 46 OPR speed"
- "Pr. 47 Creep speed"
- "Cd. 14 New speed value"
- "Cd. 17 JOG speed"
- "Cd. 25 Position-speed switching control speed change register"
- "Cd. 28 Target position change value (new speed)"
- "Cd. 140 Command speed at speed control mode"
- "Da. 8 Command speed"
(b) Major positioning control

1) For "2 to 4 axis linear interpolation control" and " 2 to 4 axis fixed-feed control", the positioning control is performed at decuple speed of command speed, when "Pr. 83 Speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis" of reference axis is valid.
2) For " 2 to 4 axis speed control", "Pr. 83 Speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis" is evaluated whether it is valid for each axis. If valid, the positioning control will be performed at decuple speed of command speed.
(2) Monitor data

- "Md. 22 Feedrate"
- "Md. 27 Current speed"
- "Md. 28 Axis feedrate"
- "Md. 33 Target speed"
- "Md. 122 Speed during command"
*: For the above monitoring data, "Pr. 83 Speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis" is evaluated whether it is valid for each axis. If valid, unit conversion value is changed $\left(\times 10^{-3} \rightarrow \times 10^{-2}\right)$. The unit conversion table of monitor value is shown below.

(3) Speed limit value
- "Pr. 8 Speed limit value"
- "Pr. 31 JOG speed limit value"
- "Cd. 146 Speed limit value at torque control mode"
*: For the speed limit value, "Pr. 83 Speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis" is evaluated whether it is valid for each axis. If valid, the positioning control will be performed at decuple speed of setting value (max. speed).
[2] Setting method of "Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis function"

Normally, the speed specification range is 0.001 to 2000000.000 [degree/min], but it will be decupled and become 0.01 to 20000000.00 [degree/min] by setting "Pr. 83 Speed control 10 x multiplier setting for degree axis" to valid. The use the "Pr. 83 Speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis function", set the parameters shown in the following table.

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details |  | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  |
| Pr. 83 | Speed control 10 <br> x multiplier setting <br> for degree axis | $\rightarrow$ | Set the speed control 10 $\times$ multiplier setting for <br> degree axis. <br> 0: Invalid <br> $1:$ Valid | $63+150 \mathrm{n}$ |  |  |

[^7]
### 13.7.11 Operation setting for incompletion of OPR function

The "Operation setting for incompletion of OPR function" is provided to select whether positioning control is operated or not, when OPR request flag is ON.

This section explains the "Operation setting for incompletion of OPR function" as follows:
[1] Control details
[2] Precautions during control
[3] Setting method of "Operation setting for incompletion of OPR function"

## [1] Control details

When "Pr. 55 Operation setting for incompletion of OPR" is valid, this function related to the command speed, monitor data, speed limit value, is shown below.

| Item | Pr. 55 Operation setting for incompletion of OPR |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | " 0 : Positioning control is not executed." and "OPR request flag ON" | "1: Positioning control is executed." and "OPR request flag ON" |
| - Machine OPR <br> - JOG operation <br> - Inching operation <br> - Manual pulse generator operation <br> - Current value changing using current value changing start No. (No. 9003). | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| The positioning control is impossible to start/restart in the following case. <br> - 1-axis linear control <br> - 2/3/4-axis linear interpolation control <br> -1/2/3/4-axis fixed-feed control <br> - 2-axis circular interpolation control with sub point designation <br> - 2-axis circular interpolation control with center point designation <br> - 1/2/3/4-axis speed control <br> - Speed-position switching control (INC mode/ ABS mode) <br> - Position-speed switching control <br> - Current value changing using positioning data No. (No. 1 to 600). | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Control mode switching | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| O: Positioning start possible. (Execution possible) |  |  |

## [2] Precautions during control

(1) The "Operation starting at incompletion of OPR" error (error code: 547) occurs if OPR request flag (Md. 31 Status: b3) is executed the positioning control by turning on, when " 0 : Positioning control is not executed" is selected the operation setting for incompletion of OPR setting, and positioning control will not be performed. At this time, operation with the manual control (JOG operation, inching operation, manual pulse generator operation) is available.
(2) When OPR request flag (Md. 31 Status: b3) is ON, starting Fast OPR will result in an "Home positioning return (OPR) request flag ON" error (error code: 207) despite the setting value of "Pr. 55 Operation setting for incompletion of OPR", and Fast OPR will not be performed.
[3] Setting method of "Operation setting for incompletion of OPR"
The use the "Operation setting for incompletion of OPR", set the following parameters using a sequence program.

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details |  | Buffer memory address |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  |
| Pr.55 | Operation setting <br> for incompletion of <br> OPR | $\rightarrow$ | Set the operation setting for incompletion of <br> OPR. <br> 0: Positioning control is not executed. <br> $1: ~ P o s i t i o n i n g ~ c o n t r o l ~ i s ~ e x e c u t e d . ~$ |  |  |  |

*: Refer to Section 5.2.6 "OPR detailed parameters" for details on the setting details.

## 13．8 Servo ON／OFF

## 13．8．1 Servo ON／OFF

The servo amplifiers connected to the LD77MH is executed servo ON or OFF． By establishing the servo ON status with the servo ON command，servo motor operation is enabled．

The following two types of servo ON or OFF can be used．
－All axis servo ON［Y1］
－Cd． 100 Servo OFF command（Buffer memory addresses：

$$
1551+100 \mathrm{n}[\mathrm{LD} 77 \mathrm{MH} 4] / 4351+100 \mathrm{n}[\mathrm{LD} 77 \mathrm{MH} 16])
$$

A list of the＂All axis servo ON［Y1］＂and＂Cd． 100 Servo OFF command＂is given below．

|  |  | Cd．100 Servo OFF command |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Setting value＂0＂ | Setting value＂1＂ |
| All axis servo ON：Y1 | OFF | $\times$ | $\times$ |
|  | ON |  | $\times$ |

O：Servo ON（Servo operation enabled），$\times$ ：Servo OFF（Servo operation disabled）
［1］Servo ON（Servo operation enabled）
The following shows the procedure for servo ON．
（1）Make sure that the servo LED indicates＂b $\square$＂．
（The initial value for＂All axis servo ON［Y1］＂is＂OFF＂．）
（2）Set＂ 0 ＂for＂Cd． 100 Servo OFF command＂．
（3）Turn ON＂All axis servo ON［Y1］＂．
Now the servo amplifier turns ON the servo（servo operation enabled state）．
（The servo LED indicates＂dロ＂．）

## ［2］Servo OFF（Servo operation disabled）

The following shows the procedure for servo OFF．
（1）Set＂1＂for＂Cd．100Servo OFF command＂．（The servo LED indicates＂c口＂．） （If the＂Cd． 100 Servo OFF command＂set＂0＂again，after the servo operation enabled．）
（2）Turn OFF＂All axis servo ON［Y1］＂． （The servo LED indicates＂bロ＂．）

## POINT

- If the servomotor is rotated by external force during the servo OFF status, follow up processing is performed.
- Change between servo ON or OFF status while operation is stopped (position control mode).
The servo OFF command of during positioning in position control mode, manual pulse control, OPR, speed control mode and torque control mode will be ignored.
- When the servo OFF is given to all axes, "All axis servo ON [Y1]" is applied even if all axis servo ON command is turned ON to OFF with "Cd.100Servo OFF command" set "0".
- When the delay time of "Pr. 165 Electromagnetic brake sequence output" is used, servo ON $\rightarrow$ OFF by "Cd. 100 Servo OFF command". (When all axis servo ON [Y1] is ON $\rightarrow$ OFF, servo OFF and turn off [Y1] after delay time passes.)


### 13.8.2 Follow up function

(1) Follow up function

The follow up function monitors the number of motor rotations (actual present value) with the servo OFF and reflects the value in the present feed value.
Therefore, even if the servomotor rotates while the servo OFF, the servomotor will not just rotate for the quantify of droop pulses the next time the servo turns ON but positioning can be performed from the stop position.
(2) Execution follow up

Follow up function is executed continually during the servo OFF status.


Fig. 13.54 Operation timings of follow up function

## POINT

- The follow-up function performs the process if the "LD77MH and the servo amplifier is turned ON" and "servo OFF" regardless of the presence of the absolute position system.


## Chapter 14 Common Functions

The details and usage of the "common functions" executed according to the user's requirements are explained in this chapter.

Common functions include functions required when using the LD77MH, such as parameter initialization and execution data backup.
Read the setting and execution procedures for each common function indicated in this chapter thoroughly, and execute the appropriate function where required.
14.1 Outline of common functions ..... 14- 2
14.2 Parameter initialization function ..... 14- 3
14.3 Execution data backup function ..... 14- 5
14.4 External signal selection function ..... 14-7
14.5 External I/O signal logic switching function ..... 14- 8
14.6 History monitor function ..... 14- 9
14.7 Amplifier-less operation function ..... 14-10
14.8 Virtual servo amplifier function ..... 14-15
14.9 Master-slave operation function ..... 14-18
14.10 Mark detection function ..... 14-23
14.11 Optional data monitor function ..... 14-33
14.12 Module error collection function ..... 14-36

### 14.1 Outline of common functions

"Common functions" are executed according to the user's requirements, regardless of the control system, etc. These common functions are executed by GX Works2 or sequence programs.

The following table shows the functions included in the "common functions".

| Common function | Details | Means |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Sequence program | GX Works2 |
| Parameter initialization function | This function returns the parameter stored in the LD77MH buffer memory and flash ROM to the factory-set initial value. | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Execution data backup function | This function writes the "execution data", currently being used for control, to the flash ROM. | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| External signal selection function | This function uses the upper/lower limit signal and the near-point dog signal with the external input signal of servo amplifier. | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| External I/O signal logic switching function | This function switches I/O signal logic according to the equipment connected to the LD77MH. <br> For the system in which with b-contact, upper limit switch, and lower limit switch are not used, the parameter logic setting can be controlled without wiring if it is changed to a "positive logic". | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| History monitor function | This function monitors errors, warnings and start history of all axes. | - | $\bigcirc$ |
| Amplifier-less operation function | This function executes the positioning control of LD77MH without connecting to the servo amplifiers. It is used to debug the program at the start-up of the device or simulate the positioning operation. | $\bigcirc$ | - |
| Virtual servo amplifier function | This function executes the operation as the axis (virtual servo amplifier axis) that operates only command (instruction) virtually without servo amplifiers. | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Master-slave operation function | This function uses the master-slave operation function of servo amplifier. The positioning control of master axis is executed with LD77MH, and the slave axis is controlled by data communication (driver communication) between servo amplifiers without LD77MH. | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Mark detection function | This function is used to latch any data at the input timing of the mark detection signal (DI1 to DI4). | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Optional data monitor function | This function is used to store the data selected by user up to 4 data per axis to buffer memory and monitor them. | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Module error collection function | This function collects errors occurred in the LD77MH in the PLC CPU. <br> Holding the error contents in the PLC CPU, this function enables to check the error history even after the PLC CPU in powered off or reset. | - | $\bigcirc$ |

### 14.2 Parameter initialization function

The "parameter initialization function" is used to return the setting data set in the LD77MH buffer memory and flash ROM to their factory-set initial values.

The details shown below explain about the "parameter initialization function".
[1] Parameter initialization means
[2] Control details
[3] Precautions during control
[4] Parameter initialization method
[1] Parameter initialization means

- Initialization is executed with a sequence program.
- Initialization is executed by GX Works2.

Refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2 for the execution method by GX Works2.

## [2] Control details

The following table shows the setting data initialized by the "parameter initialization function".
(The data initialized are "buffer memory" and " flash ROM " setting data.)

| Setting data |
| :---: |
| Basic parameters (Pr. 1 to Pr. 10 ) |
| Detailed parameters (Pr. 11 to Pr. 42 , Pr. 80 to Pr. 90 , Pr. 95 ) |
| OPR basic parameters (Pr. 43 to Pr.48) |
| OPR detailed parameters ( Pr.50 to Pr.57) |
| Expansion parameters (Pr. 91 to Pr.94, Pr. 96 ) |
| Servo parameters (Pr. 100 to Pr. 332 ) |
| Positioning data (No. 1 to 600) |
| Block start data (No.7000 to 7004) |

[3] Precautions during control
(1) Parameter initialization is only executed when the positioning control is not carried out (when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is OFF).
A warning "In PLC READY (warning code: 111)" will occur if executed when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is ON.
(2) A writing to the flash ROM is up to 100,000 times. If writing to the flash ROM exceeds 100,000 times, the writing may become impossible, and a flash ROM writing error (error code: 801) will occur.
(3) A "PLC CPU reset" or "PLC CPU power restart" must be carried out after the parameters are initialized.
(4) If an error occurs on the parameter set in the LD77MH when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned ON, the LD77 READY signal [ XO ] will not be turned ON and the control cannot be carried out.

## Important

Parameter initialization takes about 10 seconds. (Up to 30 seconds are sometimes required.)
Do not turn the power ON/OFF or reset the PLC CPU, etc. during parameter initialization. If the power is turned OFF or the PLC CPU module is reset to forcibly end the process, the data backed up in the flash ROM will be lost.

## [4] Parameter initialization method

(1) Parameter initialization is carried out using the dedicated instruction "ZP.PINIT".
(Refer to Chapter 15 "Dedicated Instructions" for details.)
(2) Parameter initialization can also be carried out by the writing of the data shown in the table below to the buffer memory using the TO command/intelligent function device.
The initialization of the parameter is executed at the time point the data is written to the LD77MH buffer memory.

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cd.2 | Parameter <br> initialization <br> request |  | Set "1" (parameter initialization request). | 1901 |

*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

When the initialization is complete, " 0 " will be set in " Cd. 2 Parameter initialization request" by the LD77MH automatically.

### 14.3 Execution data backup function

When the LD77MH buffer memory data is rewritten from the PLC CPU, "the data backed up in the LD77MH flash ROM" may differ from "the data (buffer memory data) for which control is being executed".
In cases like these, the data being executed will be lost when the PLC power is turned OFF. (Refer to Chapter 7 "Memory Configuration and Data Process".)
In cases like these, the "execution data backup function" backs up the data being executed by writing it to the flash ROM. The data that was backed up is then written to the buffer memory when the power is turned ON next.

The details shown below explain about the "execution data backup function".
[1] Execution data backup (written to flash ROM) means
[2] Control details
[3] Precautions during control
[4] Execution data backup method
[1] Execution data backup (written to flash ROM) means

- The backup is executed with a sequence program.
- The backup is executed by GX Works2.

Refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2 for execution data backup method by GX Works2.

## [2] Control details

The following shows the data that can be written to the flash ROM using the "execution data backup function".

Buffer memory

| Parameters ([Pr. 1 to Pr. 57, Pr. 80 to Pr. 96 ) |
| :--- |
| Positioning data (No. 1 to 600) |
| Block start data (No. 7000 to 7004) |
| Servo parameters ( Pr. 100 to Pr. 332 ) |

Flash ROM

| Parameters ([Pr. 1 to Pr. 57 , Pr. 80 to Pr. 96 ) |
| :--- |
| Positioning data (No. 1 to 600) |
| Block start data (No. 7000 to 7004) |
| Servo parameters (Pr. 100 , to Pr. 332 ) |

## [3] Precautions during control

(1) Data can only be written to the flash ROM when the positioning control is not carried out (when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is OFF).
A warning "In PLC READY (warning code: 111)" will occur if executed when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is ON.
(2) Writing to the flash ROM can be executed up to 100,000 times. If writing to the flash ROM exceeds 100,000 times, the writing may become impossible, and a "flash ROM writing error (error code: 801)" will occur.
(3) After one power ON/PLC CPU reset operation, writing to the flash ROM using a sequence program is limited to up to 25 times. If the 26th writing is executed, a "flash ROM write number error (error code: 805)" will occur. If this error occurs, carry out the error reset or power OFF $\rightarrow$ ON/PLC CPU reset operation again.
Refer to "Md.19 Number of write accesses to flash ROM" of Section 5.1.9 "Types and roles of monitor data" for details.

## Important

Do not turn the power ON/OFF, reset the PLC CPU, during writing to the flash ROM. If the power is turned OFF or the PLC CPU module is reset to forcibly end the process, the data backed up in the flash ROM will be lost.

## [4] Execution data backup method

(1) Execution data backup (writing to the flash ROM) is carried out using the dedicated instruction "ZP.PFWRT". (Refer to Chapter 15 "Dedicated Instructions" for details.)
(2) Refer to Section 7.2 "Data transmission process" for the data transmission processing at the backup of the execution data.
(3) Execution data backup can also be carried out by the writing of the data shown in the table below to the LD77MH buffer memory using the TO command/intelligent function device.
The writing to the flash ROM is executed at the time point the data is written to the LD77MH buffer memory.

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cd.1 | Flash ROM write <br> request |  | Set "1" (flash ROM write request). | 1900 |

*: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.
When the writing to the flash ROM is complete, " 0 " will be set in " Cd. 1 Flash ROM write request" by the LD77MH automatically.

### 14.4 External signal selection function

The "external signal selection function" is used to connect the upper/lower limit signal and near-point dog signal by the external input signal of servo amplifier (PIN No. CN32, CN3-12, CN3-19).

The details shown below explain about the "External signal selection function".
[1] Parameter setting details
[2] Precautions on parameter setting
[1] Parameter setting details
The use the "External signal selection function", set the parameters shown in the following table.

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |
| Pr.80 | External input <br> signal selection | 1 | Set the external signal selection. <br> 1: External input signal of servo amplifier | 32+150n |  |

n : Axis No.-1

The use the "External input signal of servo amplifier", set the Pin No. shown in the following table.

| Setting details |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1: External input signal of servo amplifier |  |  |
| , | Pin No. | Signal name |
|  | CN3-19 (DI3) | DOG |
| $\stackrel{¢}{\top}$ | CN3-12 (DI2) | RLS |
| © | CN3-2 (DI1) | FLS |

*: Refer to the "Servo amplifier Instruction Manual" for details on the pin No. of servo amplifier.

## [2] Precautions on parameter setting

(1) Do not set except default value "1: External input signal of servo amplifier".

### 14.5 External I/O signal logic switching function

This function switches the signal logic according to the external equipment connected to the LD77MH or the external input signal (upper/lower limit switch, near-point dog) of the servo amplifier.
For the system in which b-contact, upper limit switch, and lower limit switch are not used, the parameter logic setting can be controlled without wiring if it is changed to a "positive logic".
When the upper limit switch, and lower limit switch are used, ensure to use them with b-contact.

The details shown below explain about the "External I/O signal logic switching function".
[1] Parameter setting details
[2] Precautions on parameter setting
[1] Parameter setting details
To use the "External I/O signal logic switching function", set the parameters shown in the following table.

| Setting item |  | Setting details |  |  | Factoryset initial value | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |
| Pr. 22 | Input signal logic selection |  |  |  | - Selection of logic of signals input from external device to LD77MH |  |  | 0 |  |  |
|  |  | b0 | Lower limit | 0: Negative logic, |  |  |  |
|  |  | b1 | Upper limit | 1: Positive logic |  |  |  |
|  |  | b2 | Not used | Set "0" |  |  |  |
|  |  | b3 | Not used |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | b4 | External command/ switching signal $* 1$ | 0: Negative logic, <br> 1: Positive logic |  | 50n |  |
|  |  | b5 | Not used | Set "0". |  |  |  |
|  |  | b6 | Near-point dog signal | 0: Negative logic, <br> 1: Positive logic |  |  |  |
|  |  | b7 | Not used | Set "0". |  |  |  |
|  |  | b8 | Manual pulse generator input | 0: Negative logic, <br> 1: Positive logic |  |  |  |
|  |  | b9 to b15 | Not used | Set "0". |  |  |  |

n: Axis No.-1

[^8][2] Precautions on parameter setting
(1) The external I/O signal logic switching parameters are validated when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned OFF to ON. (The logic is negative right after power-on.)
(2) If each signal logic is set erroneously, the operation may not be carried out correctly.
Before setting, check the specifications of the equipment to be used.

### 14.6 History monitor function

This function monitors starting history, error history, and warning history stored in the buffer memory of LD77MH during operation.
[1] Starting history
Sixteen starting history logs of operations such as positioning operation, JOG operation, and manual pulse generator operation can be monitored. When the number of logs exceeds 16, the latest log overwrites the oldest log so that the latest history 16 logs can be monitored all the time. This function allows users to check the operation sequence (whether the operations have been started in a predetermined sequence) at system start-up.

| - 0010:LD77MH16[] - Starting History |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Starting History |  |  |  | Create CSV File |  |  |  |  |
| No. | Start <br> information Restart flag | Start information Start origin | Start information Start axis | Start No. TYype | Starting time | Warning flag | Error flag | Error No. |
| 1 | OFF | PLC | Axis \#1 | JOG Operation | 1/18/2011 4:15:24 PM | OFF | OFF | 0 |
| 2 | OFF | PLC | Axis \#11 | JOG Operation | 1/18/2011 4:15:24 PM | OFF | OFF | 0 |
| 3 | OFF | PLC | Axis \#3 | Synchronous Control Operation | 1/18/2011 4:15:35 PM | OFF | ON | 108 |
| 4 | OFF | PLC | Axis \#5 | Synchronous Control Operation | 1/18/2011 4:15:35 PM | OFF | ON | 108 |
| 5 | OFF | PLC | Axis \#7 | Synchronous Control Operation | 1/18/2011 4:15:35 PM | OFF | ON | 108 |
| 6 | OFF | PLC | Axis \#2 | Synchronous Control Operation | 1/18/2011 4:15:35 PM | OFF | OFF | 0 |
| 7 | OFF | PLC | Axis \#4 | Synchronous Control Operation | 1/18/2011 4:15:35 PM | OFF | OFF | 0 |
| 8 | OFF | PLC | Axis \#6 | Synchronous Control Operation | 1/18/2011 4:15:35 PM | OFF | OFF | 0 |
| 9 | OFF | PLC | Axis \#1 | 1 - | 1/18/2011 4:15:37 PM | OFF | OFF | 0 |
| 10 | OFF | PLC | Axis \#5 | 1 | 1/18/2011 4:15:37 PM | OFF | ON | 108 |
| 11 | OFF | PLC | Axis \#9 | 1 | 1/18/2011 4:15:37 PM | OFF | OFF | 0 |
| 12 | OFF | PLC | Axis \#16 | 1 | 1/18/2011 4:15:37 PM | OFF | OFF | 0 |
| 3 | OFF | GX Works2 | Axis \#1 | JOG Operation | 1/18/2011 4:18:50 PM | OFF | ON | 108 |
| 14 | OFF | GX Works2 | Axis \#1 | JOG Operation | 1/18/2011 4:20:03 PM | OFF | OFF | 0 |

For the starting history check method, refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2.

## [2] Error history, warning history

Sixteen error history logs and sixteen warning history logs can be monitored. When the number of logs exceeds 16 , the latest log overwrites the oldest log so that the latest history 16 logs can be monitored all the time.


For the error and warning history check method, refer to the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help" of GX Works2.

## POINT

Set the clock of PLC CPU. Refer to the "GX Works2 Version1 Operating Manual (Common)" for setting method.

### 14.7 Amplifier-less operation function

The positioning control of LD77MH without servo amplifiers connection can be executed in the amplifier-less function. This function is used to debug of user program or simulate of positioning operation at the start.

The details shown below explain about the "Amplifier-less operation function".
[1] Control details
[2] Restrictions
[3] Buffer memory list
[4] Operation mode switching procedure

## [1] Control details

Switch the mode from the normal operation mode (with servo amplifier connection) to the amplifier-less operation mode (without servo amplifier connection) to use the amplifier-less operation function. Operation for each axis without servo amplifier connection as the normal operation mode can be executed during amplifier-less operation mode. The start method of positioning control is also the same procedure of normal operation mode.
The normal operation (with servo amplifier connection) is possible by switching from the amplifier-less operation mode to the normal operation mode after amplifier-less operation.
The current value management (current feed value, machine feed value) at the switching the normal operation mode and amplifier-less operation mode is shown below.

| " Pr. 103 Absolute position detection system" | Current value management at the operation mode switching |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Normal operation mode $\rightarrow$ Amplifier-less operation mode | Amplifier-less operation mode $\rightarrow$ <br> Normal operation mode |
| "0: Invalid" | The current feed value and machine feed value are " 0 ". | The current feed value and machine feed value are " 0 ". (At the communication start to the servo amplifiers) |
| "1: Valid" | The amplifier-less operation mode starts with the address that the servo amplifier's power supply was finally turned OFF. <br> However, the OP position is not established in the normal operation mode, the current feed value and machine feed value are " 0 ". | The current feed value and machine feed value are restored according the actual position of servomotor. (At the communication start to the servo amplifiers) However, when the OP position is not established in the normal operation mode before switching to the amplifier-less operation mode, the current feed value and machine feed value are not restored. Execute the OPR. When the mode is switched to the normal operation mode after moving that exceeds the range "-2147483648( $-2^{31}$ ) to $2147483647\left(2^{31}\right.$ - <br> 1) $[P L S]$ " from the actual position of servo motor during amplifier-less operation mode, the current feed value and machine feed value might be not restored correctly. |

## POINT

(1) Switch of the normal operation mode and amplifier-less operation mode is executed by the batch of all axes. Switch of the operation mode for each axis cannot be executed.
(2) Only axis that operated either the followings before switching to the amplifierless operation mode becomes the connection status during amplifier-less operation.

- "Pr. 100 Servo series" is set, and then the written to flash ROM is executed. (Turn the power supply ON or PLC CPU reset after written to flash ROM.)
- "Pr. 100 Servo series" is set, and then the PLC ready signal is turned ON.) (Servo amplifier connection is unnecessary.)
(3) Suppose the following servo amplifier and servo motor are connected during amplifier-less operation mode. Servo amplifier type: MR-J3-10B Motor type : HF-KP053 (Resolution per servo motor rotation: 262144PLS)


## [2] Restrictions

(1) The following monitor data cannot be used during amplifier-less operation mode.

| Storage item |  | Storage details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Md. 102 | Deviation counter value |  | Always "0" during amplifier-less operation mode. | $\begin{aligned} & 852+100 n \\ & 853+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2452+100 n \\ & 2453+100 n \end{aligned}$ |
| Md. 106 | Servo amplifier software No. | Always "0" during amplifier-less operation mode. | $\begin{gathered} 864+100 n \\ \text { to } \\ 869+100 n \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2464+100 n \\ \text { to } \\ 2469+100 n \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Md. 107 | Parameter error No. | Always "0" during amplifier-less operation mode. | 870+100n | 2470+100n |
|  |  | As follows during amplifier-less operation mode. <br> - Zero point pass (b0) : Always ON <br> - Zero speed (b3) : Change depending on the command speed <br> - Speed limit (b4) : Always OFF <br> - PID control (b8) : Always OFF | 876+100n | 2476+100n |
| Md. 108 | Servo status | As follows during amplifier-less operation mode. <br> - READY ON(b0), Servo ON(b1): <br> Change depending on the all axis servo ON signal[Y1] and "Cd. 100 Servo OFF command" <br> - Control mode (b2, b3) : Always OFF <br> - Servo alarm(b7) : Always OFF <br> - In-position(b12) : Always ON <br> - Torque limit(b13) : Always OFF <br> - Absolute position lost(b14): Always OFF <br> - Servo warning(b15) : Always OFF | 877+100n | 2477+100n |
| Md. 109 | Regenerative load ratio/ Optional data monitor output 1 | Always "0" during amplifier-less operation mode. | 878+100n | 2478+100n |
| Md. 110 | Effective load torque/ Optional data monitor output 2 | Always "0" during amplifier-less operation mode. | $879+100 n$ | 2479+100n |
| Md. 111 | Peak torque ratio/ Optional data monitor output 3 | Always "0" during amplifier-less operation mode. | 880+100n | 2480+100n |
| Md.112 | Optional data monitor output 4 | Always "0" during amplifier-less operation mode. |  | 2481+100n |

n: Axis No.-1
(2) The operation of following function differ from the normal operation mode during amplifier-less operation mode.

| Function | Operation |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | When "1: External input signal of servo amplifier" is set in " Pr. 80 <br> signal selection", the status of external signal at the amplifier-less operation input mode <br> start is shown below. <br> • Upper/lower limit signal (FLS, RLS): ON <br> • Near-point dog signal (DOG): OFF <br> Change "Md.30 External input signal" to change the signal status. <br> (Refer to "Restrictions (3)" for details.) |

(3) The operation of following monitor data differ from the normal operation mode during amplifier-less operation mode

| Storage item |  |  | Storage details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |
| Md.30 | External input <br> signal | When "1: External input signal of servo amplifier" is set in <br> "Pr.80 External input signal selection", the external input <br> signal status can be operated by turning ON/OFF the "b0: <br> Lower limit signal", "b1: Upper limit signal" or "b6: Near- <br> point dog signal" during amplifier-less operation mode. | $816+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $2416+100 \mathrm{nn}$ |  |
| Md.104 | Motor current value | "0" is set at the amplifier-less operation mode start. <br> The motor current value can be emulated by changing this <br> monitor data in user side during amplifier-less operation <br> mode. | $856+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $2456+100 \mathrm{n}$ |  |

n: Axis No.-1
(4) When the power supply is turned OFF $\rightarrow$ ON or PLC CPU is reset during amplifier-less operation mode, the mode is switched to the normal operation mode.
(5) The operation of servo motor or the timing of operation cycle ,etc. at the amplifier-less operation is different from the case where the servo amplifiers are connected at the normal operation mode. Confirm the operation finally with a real machine.
(6) The amplifier-less operation cannot be used in the test mode. Do not request to switch to the amplifier-less operation mode during test mode.
(7) The amplifier-less operation cannot be used in the fully closed loop system, linear servo or direct drive motor.
(8) Even if the PLC READY signal [YO| is turned ON by changing "Pr. 100 Servo series" from "0: Servo series is not set" to other than "0", the setting does not become valid. (The axis connecting status remains disconnection.)

## [3] Buffer memory list

The buffer memory used in the amplifier-less operation function is shown below.
(1) System control data

| Setting item |  | Setting <br> value | Setting details |  | Buffer memory address |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cd.137 | Amplifier-less <br> operation mode <br> switching request | $\rightarrow$ | Switch operation mode. <br> ABCDh: Switch from the normal operation <br> mode to the amplifier-less operation <br> mode. <br> 0000h <br> Switch from the amplifier-less <br> operation mode to the normal <br> operation mode | 1926 | 5926 |  |

(2) System monitor data

| Storage item |  | Monitor <br> value | Storage details |  | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Md.51 | Amplifier-less <br> operation mode <br> status | $\rightarrow$ | Indicate the current operation mode. <br> 0: Normal operation mode <br> 1: Amplifier-less operation mode | 1432 |  |

[4] Operation mode switching procedure
(1) Switch from the normal operation mode to the amplifier-less operation mode

1) Stop all operating axes, and then confirm that the BUSY signal for all axes turned OFF.
2) Turn OFF the PLC READY signal [Y0].
3) Confirm that the LD77 READY signal [ XO ] turned OFF.
4) Set "ABCDh" in "Cd. 137 Amplifier-less operation mode switching request".
5) Confirm that "1: Amplifier-less operation mode" was set in "Md. 51 Amplifier-less operation mode status".
(2) Switch from the amplifier-less operation mode to the normal operation mode
6) Stop all operating axes, and then confirm that the BUSY signal for all axes turned OFF.
7) Turn OFF the PLC READY signal [Y0].
8) Confirm that the LD77 READY signal [X0] turned OFF.
9) Set "0000h" in "Cd. 137 Amplifier-less operation mode switching request".
10) Confirm that "0: Normal operation mode" was set in "Md. 51 Amplifierless operation mode status".
(3) Operation chart

The following drawing shows the operation for the switching of the normal operation mode and amplifier-less operation mode


## POINT

(1) Switch the "normal operation mode" and "amplifier-less operation mode" after confirming the all input signals except synchronization flag [X1] OFF. When the switching of the normal operation mode and amplifier-less operation mode in the status of either of signals except synchronization flag [X1] ON, a "error when switching from normal operation mode to amplifier-less operation mode (error code: 808)" or "error when switching from amplifier-less operation mode to normal operation mode (error code: 809)" will occur, and the switching of operation mode will not execute.
(2) When the operation mode is switched with the servo amplifiers connected, the communication to the servo amplifiers is shown below.

- At switching from normal operation mode to amplifier-less operation mode: The communication for all axes during connection is disconnected. (The servo amplifier LED indicates "AA".)
- At switching from amplifier-less operation mode to normal operation mode: The communication to the servo amplifiers during connection is started.
(3) Even if the servo amplifiers are not connected, the switching of operation mode is possible.
(4) The forced stop is invalid regardless of the setting in "Pr. 82 Forced stop valid/invalid selection" during the amplifier-less operation mode.
(5) Only "0000h" and "ABCDh" are valid for the "Cd. 137 Amplifier-less operation mode switching request". The switching to amplifier-less operation mode can be accepted only when "Cd.137 Amplifier-less operation mode switching request" is switched from "0000h" to "ABCDh". The switching to normal operation mode can be accepted only when "Cd. 137 Amplifier-less operation mode switching request" is switched from "ABCDh" to "0000h".


### 14.8 Virtual servo amplifier function

This function is used to operate as virtual servo amplifier axis that generates only command virtually by setting "4097" in servo parameter "Pr. 100 Servo series". The synchronous control with virtually input command is possible by using the virtual servo amplifier axis as servo input axis of synchronous control.
Also, it can be used as simulation operation for axes without servo amplifiers.
The details shown below explain about the " Virtual servo amplifier function".
[1] Control details
[2] Restrictions

## [1] Control details

(1) When "4097" is set in "Pr. 100 Servo series" of flash ROM, it operates as virtual servo amplifier immediately after power supply ON.
(2) When " 0 " is set in "Pr. 100 Servo series" of flash ROM, it operates as virtual servo amplifier by setting "4097" in "Pr. 100 Servo series" of buffer memory and by turning the PLC READY signal [Y0] OFF to ON after power supply ON.
(3) The LED display status remains "Ab." and the servo amplifier is not recognized even if the actual servo amplifier is connected to axis set as virtual servo amplifier. The following servo amplifiers of actual servo series are recognized.
(4) The current feed value and machine feed value of virtual servo amplifier are as follows.
(a) "0: Invalid" is set in "Pr. 103 Absolute position detection system".

The both of current feed value and machine feed value are set to "0".
(b) "1: Valid" is set in "Pr. 103 Absolute position detection system". OP is established: Address at latest power supply OFF OP is not established: "0" (Feed current value and machine feed value)
(5) When the virtual servo amplifier is set in the system setting of GX Works2, " 0 : Invalid" is set in "Absolute position detection system".
Set "1: Valid" to the buffer memory to use as absolute position detection system.

## POINT

Do not make to operate by switching between the actual servo amplifier and virtual servo amplifier. When except " 0 " is set in "Pr. 100 Servo series" of flash ROM, the operation is not changed even if the "Pr. 100 Servo series" of buffer memory is changed after power supply ON and then the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned OFF to ON.

## [2] Restrictions

(1) The following monitor data of virtual servo amplifier differ from the actual servo amplifier.

| Storage item |  | Storage details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Md. 102 | Deviation counter value |  | Always "0". | $\begin{aligned} & 852+100 n \\ & 853+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2452+100 n \\ & 2453+100 n \end{aligned}$ |
| Md. 106 | Servo amplifier software No. | Always "0". | $\begin{gathered} \hline 864+100 n \\ \text { to } \\ 869+100 n \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2464+100 n \\ \text { to } \\ 2469+100 n \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Md. 107 | Parameter error No. | Always "0". | 870+100n | 2470+100n |
|  | Servo status | - Zero point pass (b0) : Always ON <br> - Zero speed (b3) : Change depending on the command speed <br> - Speed limit (b4) : Always OFF <br> - PID control (b8) : Always OFF | 876+100n | 2476+100n |
| Md. 108 |  | - READY ON (b0), Servo ON (b1) <br> : Change depending on the all axis servo ON signal [Y1] and <br> "Cd. 100 Servo OFF command" <br> - Control mode (b2, b3) : Always OFF <br> - Servo alarm (b7) : Always OFF <br> - In-position (b12) : Always ON <br> - Torque limit (b13) : Always OFF <br> - Absolute position lost (b14): Always OFF <br> - Servo warning (b15) : Always OFF | 877+100n | 2477+100n |
| Md. 109 | Regenerative load ratio/Optional data monitor output 1 | Always "0". | 878+100n | 2478+100n |
| Md. 110 | Effective load torque/Optional data monitor output 2 | Always "0". | 879+100n | 2479+100n |
| Md. 111 | Peak torque ratio/Optional data monitor output 3 | Always "0". | 880+100n | 2480+100n |

n: Axis No.-1
(2) The operation for external signal selection function of virtual servo amplifier differ from the actual servo amplifier.

| Function | Operation |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | The external signal status immediately after power supply ON is shown below. |
| • Upper/lower limit signal (FLS, RLS): ON |  |
| External signal selection function | Near-point dog signal (DOG): OFF <br> Change the signal status in "Md.30 External input signal". <br> (Refer to "Restrictions (3)" for details.) |

(3) The following monitor data of virtual servo amplifier differ from the actual servo amplifiers. The writing operation is possible in the virtual servo amplifier.

| Storage item |  | Storage details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Md. 30 | External input signal |  | The external input signal status can be operated by turning ON/OFF the following signals. <br> - b0: Lower limit signal <br> - b1: Upper limit signal <br> - b6: Near-point dog signal | 816+100n | 2416+100n |
| Md. 104 | Motor current value | "0" is set after immediately power supply ON. <br> The motor current value can be emulated by changing this monitor data in user side. | 856+100n | 2456+100n |

n: Axis No.-1

### 14.9 Master-slave operation function

This function uses the "Master-slave operation function" of servo amplifier. The LD77MH controls positioning of master axis and the slave axis is controlled by data communication (driver communication) between servo amplifiers without LD77MH. This function is used for the case such as to operate the ball screw controlled by multiple axes via the belt.
The following shows the number of settable axes for the master axis and slave axis.

| Model | Number of <br> control axes | Combination of number of <br> settable axes |  | Remark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |

-: No restriction
(Note-1): When the slave axis is not allocated for the master axis, the operation is normal operation only of master axis.

The details shown below explain about the "master-slave operation function".
[1] Control details
[2] Precautions during control
[3] Servo parameter (Driver communication setting)

## [1] Control details

Set the master axis and slave axis in the servo parameter.
Execute each control of LD77MH for the master axis. (However, be sure to execute the servo ON/OFF of slave axis and error reset at servo error occurrence in the slave axis.) The servo amplifier set as master axis receives command (positioning command, speed command, torque command) from the LD77MH, and send the control data to the servo amplifier set as slave axis by driver communication between servo amplifiers.
The servo amplifier set as the slave axis is controlled with the control data transmitted from master axis by driver communication between servo amplifiers. Please consult your local Mitsubishi representative for details of driver communication and slave axis.


## POINT

Connect the master axis to LD77MH before the slave axis.
[2] Precautions during control

## ©CAUTION

- In the master-slave operation, the positioning control or JOG operation, etc. is not interrupted even if the servo error will occur in the slave axis. Be sure to stop the master axis by user program.
(1) Servo amplifier
(a) Use the servo amplifiers of version compatible with the master-slave operation.
(b) When the master-slave operation is set, turn ON the system's power supply after all servo amplifier's power supply ON. It cannot be communicated with the servo amplifiers (including normal operation axis) turned ON after the system's power supply ON. ("1: Searching" is set in "Md.52 Communication between amplifiers axes searching flag", and the servo amplifier's LED display remains "Ab".
(2) OPR control, positioning control and manual control
(a) Do not start the slave axis. The command axis to servo amplifier becomes invalid if the slave axis is started.
(b) The OPR request flag (Md.31 Status: b3) of slave axis is always ON. There is no influence for control of slave axis.
(c) There are some restrictions for data used as the positioning control of slave axis. The external input signals such as FLS or RLS, and the parameters such as software stroke limit are invalid.
Refer to this section (5) or (6) for details.
(3) Control change function
(a) Do not execute the following controls for slave axis. It becomes invalid to execute.
- Speed change request
- Override change
- Target position change
- Current value change
(b) When other than " 0 " is set to torque change value or torque output setting value of slave axis, the torque generated of slave axis (servo motor) is limited by setting value.
(4) Absolute position system

Set "0: Invalid (Used in incremental system)" in "Pr. 103 Absolute position detection system" of servo parameter for slave axis. If "1: Valid (Used in absolute position detection system)" is set, the error "OPR data incorrect" (error code: 1201) will occur and the OPR of slave axis cannot be executed.
(5) I/O signals of slave axis
(a) Input signal
[LD77MH4]
Only the error detection signal [X8 to XB ] is valid. And only the servo error detection is valid. (The control of slave axis is not influenced even if the error other than servo error has been occurred.)
[LD77MH16]
All signals cannot be used. The error detection signal is "Md.31 Status:
b13".
(b) Output signal All output signals of slave axis cannot be used.
(6) Data used for positioning control of slave axis
(a) Set only the following setting data in the slave axis. The other setting data are invalid.

| Item |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Detailed parameters 1 | Pr. 17 | Torque limit setting value |
| Servo parameters | Pr. 100 | Servo series |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Pr. } 101 \text { to Pr. } 118 \text {, } \\ & \text { Pr. } 332 \end{aligned}$ | Basic setting parameters |
|  | Pr. 119 to Pr. 163 , | Gain/filter parameters |
|  | Pr. 164 to Pr. 195 , | Expansion setting parameters |
|  | Pr. 196 to Pr.227, | Input/output setting parameters |
|  | Pr. 228 to Pr. 267 , | Extension control parameters |
|  | Pr. 268 to Pr. 299 , | Special setting parameters |
|  | Pr. 300 to Pr. 315 , | Other setting parameters |
|  | Pr. 316 to Pr. 331 , | Option unit parameters |

(b) Only the following axis monitor data are valid in slave axis.

| Item |  | Remark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Md. 23 | Axis error No. | Valid for only servo error detection. |
| Md. 35 | Torque limit stored value/forward torque limit stored value | - |
|  |  | The following bit is valid. <br> - b0: Zero point pass <br> (Execute OPR to the master axis.) |
| Md. 108 | Servo status | The following bits are valid. <br> -b0: READY ON <br> - b1: Servo ON <br> - b7: Servo alarm |
| Md. 120 | Reverse torque limit stored value | - |

(c) Only the following axis control data are valid in slave axis.

| Item |  | Remark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Cd.5 | Axis error reset | Only servo error detection |
| Cd.22 | New torque value/forward new <br> torque value | - |
| Cd.100 | Servo OFF command | - |
| Cd.101 | Torque output setting value | - |
| Cd.112 | Torque change function <br> switching request | - |
| Cd.113 | Reverse new torque value | - |

[3] Servo parameter (Driver communication setting)
Set the driver communication setting to the following parameters for the axis to execute the master-slave operation.
(Please consult your local Mitsubishi representative for details.)

| Setting item |  |  | Setting details | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Pr. } 210 \\ & \text { (PD15) } \end{aligned}$ | Driver communication setting |  | Set the master axis and slave axis. | 30210+200n | Set with GX Works2 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Pr.211 } \\ & \text { (PD16) } \end{aligned}$ | Driver communication setting Master transmit data selection 1 | Set the transmitted data at master axis setting. | 30211+200n |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Pr. } 212 \\ & \text { (PD17) } \end{aligned}$ | Driver communication setting Master transmit data selection 2 |  | $30212+200 n$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Pr. } 213 \\ & \text { (PD18) } \end{aligned}$ | Driver communication setting Master transmit data selection 3 |  | 30213+200n |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Pr. } 214 \\ & \text { (PD19) } \end{aligned}$ | Driver communication setting Master transmit data selection 4 |  | 30214+200n |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Pr. } 215 \\ & \text { (PD20) } \end{aligned}$ | Driver communication setting Master axis No. selection 1 for slave | Set the axis No. of master axis at slave axis setting. | 30215+200n |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Pr.216 } \\ & \text { (PD21) } \end{aligned}$ | Driver communication setting <br> Master axis No. selection 2 for slave |  | 30216+200n |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Pr.217 } \\ & \text { (PD22) } \end{aligned}$ | Driver communication setting Master axis No. selection 3 for slave |  | 30217+200n |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Pr. } 218 \\ & \text { (PD23) } \end{aligned}$ | Driver communication setting <br> Master axis No. selection 4 for slave |  | $30218+200 n$ |  |

(Note-1): When the slave axis is not allocated for the master axis, the operation is normal operation only of master axis.
(Note-2): For LD77MH16, the above servo parameters are not allocated to the buffer memory. Write them to LD77MH16 with GX Works2.

## POINT

(1) The servo parameters are transmitted from LD77MH to servo amplifier after power supply ON or reset of PLC CPU. Execute flash ROM writing of LD77MH after writing the servo parameter to buffer memory, and then turn the power supply ON or reset of PLC CPU.
(2) The driver communication setting (PD15 to PD23) of servo parameter becomes valid by turning the servo amplifier's power supply OFF to ON. Turn the servo amplifier's power supply OFF to ON after executing the above (1). And then, turn the system's power supply ON or reset of PLC CPU.

### 14.10 Mark detection function <br> LD77MH16

Any data can be latched at the input timing of the mark detection signal (DI1 to DI4). Also, only data within a specific range can be latched by specifying the data detection range.
The following three modes are available for execution of mark detection.

1) Continuous detection mode

The latched data is always stored to the first of mark detection data storage area at mark detection.

2) Specified number of detections mode

The latched data from a specified number of detections is stored.
The detected position for a specified number of detections can be collected when the mark detection signal is continuously input at high speed.

Example) Number of detections: 3

3) Ring buffer mode

The latched data is stored in a ring buffer for a specified number of detections.
The latched data is always stored at mark detection.
Example) Number of detections: 4


| Item | Performance specifications |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number of mark detection settings | Up to 16 |
| Input signal | Axis 1 to Axis 16 External input signal (DI1 to DI4) |
| Input signal detection direction | Selectable for leading edge or trailing edge in logic setting of external input signal |
| Input signal compensation time | Correctable within the range of -32768 to $32767 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Detection accuracy | 10 ${ }^{\text {s }}$ |
| Latch data | 11 types + Optional buffer memory data (2 word) <br> (Current feed value, Machine feed value, Real current value, Servo input axis current value, Synchronous encoder axis current value, Synchronous encoder axis current value per cycle, Current value after composite main shaft gear, Current value per cycle after main shaft gear, Current value per cycle after auxiliary shaft gear, Cam axis current value per cycle, <br> Cam axis current value per cycle (real position) ) |
| Number of continuous latch data storage | Up to 32 |
| Latched data range | Settable in the range of -2147483648 to 2147483647 |

The details shown below explain about the "Mark detection function".
[1] Operation for mark detection function
[2] How to use mark detection function
[3] List of buffer memory
[4] Precautions
[1] Operation for mark detection function
Operations done at mark detection are shown below.

- Calculations for the mark detection data are estimated at leading edge/trailing edge of the mark detection signal.
However, when the specified number of detections mode is set, the current number of mark detection counter is checked, and then it is judged whether to execute the mark detection.
- When a mark detection data range is set, it is first confirmed whether the mark detection data is within the range or not. Data outside the range are not detected.
- The mark detection data is stored in the mark detection data storage area according to the mark detection mode, and then the number of mark detection counter is updated.
(1) Continuous detection mode

(2) Specified number of detection mode (Number of detections: 2)



## [2] How to use mark detection function

The following shows an example for mark detection by the external command signal (DI3) of axis3.
The mark detection target is axis 4 real current value, and the all range is detected in continuous detection mode.
(1) Allocate the input signal (DI3) to the external command signal of axis 3 , and set the "high speed input request" for mark detection.

| Storage item |  | Setting <br> value | Storage details/storage value | Buffer memory <br> address |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Pr.95 | External command <br> signal selection | 3 | Set "3: DI3" to the external command signal of axis 3. | $369(69+150 \mathrm{n})$ |
| Pr.42 | External command <br> function selection | 4 | Set "4: High speed input request" as the function used in <br> the external command signal of axis 3. | $362(62+150 \mathrm{n})$ |

n : Axis No.-1
(2) Set the following mark detection setting parameters. The optional mark detection setting No. can be set.

| Storage item |  | Setting <br> value | Storage details/storage value | Buffer memory <br> address |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Pr. 800 | Mark detection <br> signal setting | 3 | Set "3: Axis 3" to the external input signal for mark <br> detection. | $54000+20 \mathrm{k}$ |
| Pr. 801 | Mark detection <br> signal <br> compensation time | 0 | Set "0: (No compensation)" to the compensation time such <br> as delay of sensor. | $54001+20 \mathrm{k}$ |
| Pr. 802 | Mark detection data <br> type | 2 | Set "2: Real current value" to the target data for mark <br> detection. | $54002+20 \mathrm{k}$ |
| Pr. 803 | Mark detection data <br> axis No. | 4 | Set "4: Axis 4" to the axis No. of target data for mark <br> detection. | $54003+20 \mathrm{k}$ |
|  | Latch data range <br> upper limit value | 0 | Set "0"to the valid upper limit value for latch data at mark <br> detection. (Mark detection for all range is executed by <br> setting the same value as lower limit value.) | $54006+20 \mathrm{k}$ |
|  | Latch data range <br> Pr. | 0 | Set "0" to the valid lower limit value for latch data at mark <br> detection. (Mark detection for all range is executed by <br> setting the same value as upper limit value.) | $54007+20 \mathrm{k}$ |
| Pr. 806 | $54008+20 \mathrm{k}$ |  |  |  |
| Pr. 807 | Mark detection <br> mode setting | 0 | Set "0: Continuous detection mode" to the mark detection <br> mode. | $54009+20 \mathrm{k}$ |

k: Mark detection setting No.-1
(3) Turn the power supply OFF or reset of PLC CPU to validate the setting parameters.
(4) The mark detection starts by setting "1: Validates an external command." in "Cd.8 External command valid" of axis 3 with the sequence program. Refer to "Md.800 Number of mark detection counter" or " Md.801]Mark detection data storage area" of mark detection setting No. set in this section (2) for the number of mark detections and mark detection data.
[3] List of buffer memory
The following shows the configuration of buffer memory for mark detection function.

| Buffer memory address | Number of word | Item | Mark detection setting No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 54000 to 54019 | 20 | Mark detection setting parameter Pr. 800 to Pr. 807 | Mark detection setting 1 |
| 54020 to 54039 | 20 |  | Mark detection setting 2 |
| 54040 to 54059 | 20 |  | Mark detection setting 3 |
| to | to |  | to |
| 54300 to 54319 | 20 |  | Mark detection setting 16 |
| 54640 to 54649 | 10 | Mark detection control data Cd. 800 , Cd. 801 | Mark detection setting 1 |
| 54650 to 54659 | 10 |  | Mark detection setting 2 |
| 54660 to 54669 | 10 |  | Mark detection setting 3 |
| to | to |  | to |
| 54790 to 54799 | 10 |  | Mark detection setting 16 |
| 54960 to 55039 | 80 | Mark detection monitor data Md. 800 , Md. 801 | Mark detection setting 1 |
| 55040 to 55119 | 80 |  | Mark detection setting 2 |
| 55120 to 55199 | 80 |  | Mark detection setting 3 |
| to | to |  | to |
| 56160 to 56239 | 80 |  | Mark detection setting 16 |

- Guide to buffer memory address

In the buffer memory address, "k" in "54002+20k", etc. indicates a value corresponding to mark detection setting No. such as the following table.

| Mark detection <br> setting No. | $k$ | Mark detection <br> setting No. | $k$ | Mark detection <br> setting No. | $k$ | Mark detection <br> setting No. | $k$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 9 | 8 | 13 | 12 |
| 2 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 10 | 9 | 14 | 13 |
| 3 | 2 | 7 | 6 | 11 | 10 | 15 | 14 |
| 4 | 3 | 8 | 7 | 12 | 11 | 16 | 15 |

(Note): Calculate as follows for the buffer memory address corresponding to each mark detection setting No.
(Example) For mark detection setting 16
$54002+20 k$ (Pr. 802 Mark detection data type) $=54002+20 \times 15=54302$
$54641+10 \mathrm{k}$ (Cd. 801 Mark detection invalid flag $)=54641+10 \times 15=54791$

The following shows the buffer memory used in the mark detection function.
(1) Mark detection setting parameters

| Setting item |  | Setting details/setting value | Default value | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 |  | LD77MH16 |
| Pr. 800 | Mark detection signal setting |  | Set the external input signal (high speed input request) for mark detection. <br> 0 : Invalid <br> 1 to 16 : External command signal of axis 1 to axis 16 <br> Fetch cycle: Power supply ON | 0 |  | 54000+20k |
| Pr. 801 | Mark detection signal compensation time | Set the compensation time such as delay of sensor. Set a positive value to compensate for a delay. $-32768 \text { to } 32767[\mu \mathrm{~s}]$ <br> Fetch cycle: Power supply ON or PLC READY signal [Y0] OFF to ON | 0 |  | 54001+20k |
| Pr. 802 | Mark detection data type | Set the target data for mark detection. <br> 0 to 12 : Data type <br> -1 : Optional 2 word buffer memory <br> Fetch cycle: Power supply ON | 0 |  | 54002+20k |
| Pr. 803 | Mark detection data axis No. | Set the axis No. of target data for mark detection. <br> 1 to 16 : Axis 1 to Axis 16 <br> 801 to 804 : Synchronous encoder Axis 1 to 4 <br> Fetch cycle: Power supply ON | 0 |  | $54003+20 k$ |
| Pr. 804 | Mark detection data buffer memory No. | Set the optional buffer memory No. Set this parameter as an even number. 0 to 65534: Optional buffer memory <br> Fetch cycle: Power supply ON | 0 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 54004+20 k \\ & 54005+20 k \end{aligned}$ |
| Pr. 805 | Latch data range upper limit value | Set the valid upper limit value for latch data at mark detection. $-2147483648 \text { to } 2147483647$ <br> Fetch cycle: Power supply ON or PLC READY signal [Y0] OFF to ON | 0 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 54006+20 k \\ & 54007+20 k \end{aligned}$ |
| Pr. 806 | Latch data range lower limit value | Set the valid lower limit value for latch data at mark detection $-2147483648 \text { to } 2147483647$ <br> Fetch cycle: Power supply ON or PLC READY signal [Y0] OFF to ON | 0 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 54008+20 k \\ & 54009+20 k \end{aligned}$ |
| Pr. 807 | Mark detection mode setting | Set the continuous detection mode or specified number of detection mode. <br> $0 \quad$ : Continuous detection mode <br> 1 to 32 : Specified number of detection mode (Set the number of detections.) <br> -1 to -32 : Ring buffer mode (Set the value that made the number of buffers into negative value.) <br> Fetch cycle: Power supply ON or PLC READY signal [Y0] OFF to ON | 0 |  | 54010+20k |

k: Mark detection setting No.-1

## Pr. 800 Mark detection signal setting

Set the input signal for mark detection.
0 : Invalid
1 to 16 : External command signal [DI] of axis 1 to axis 16
Set "4: High speed input request" in "Pr. 42 External command function selection" and set "1: Validates an external command." in " Cd. 8 External command valid".

## Pr. 801 Mark detection signal compensation time

Compensate the input timing of the mark detection signal.
Set this parameter to compensate such as delay of sensor input. (Set a positive value to compensate for a delay.)

## Pr. 802 Mark detection data type

Set the data that latched at mark detection.
The target data is latched by setting "0 to 12". Set the axis No. in "Pr. 803 Mark detection data axis No.".
Optional 2 word buffer memory is latched by setting "-1". Set the buffer memory No. in "Pr. 804 Mark detection data buffer memory No.".
0 : Current feed value
1 : Machine feed value
2 : Real current value
3 : Servo input axis current value
6 : Synchronous encoder axis current value
7 : Synchronous encoder axis current value per cycle
8 : Current value after composite main shaft gear
9 : Current Value per cycle after main shaft gear
10 : Current value per cycle after auxiliary shaft gear
11: Cam axis current value per cycle
12 : Cam axis current value per cycle (Real position)
-1 : Optional 2 words buffer memory

## Pr. 803 Mark detection data axis No.

Set the axis No. of data that latched at mark detection.

| Pr. 802 Mark detection data type |  |  | Pr. 803 Mark detection data axis No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Setting value | Data name | Unit |  |
| 0 | Current feed value | $\begin{aligned} & 10^{-1}[\mu \mathrm{~m}], 10^{-5} \text { [inch], } \\ & 10^{-5} \text { [degree], [PLS] } \end{aligned}$ | 1 to 16 |
| 1 | Machine feed value |  |  |
| 2 | Real current value |  |  |
| 3 | Servo input axis current value |  |  |
| 6 | Synchronous encoder axis current value | Synchronous encoder axis position unit | 801 to 804 |
| 7 | Synchronous encoder axis current value per cycle |  |  |
| 8 | Current value after composite main shaft gear | Main input axis position unit | 1 to 16 |
| 9 | Current value per cycle after main shaft gear | Cam axis cycle unit |  |
| 10 | Current value per cycle after auxiliary shaft gear |  |  |
| 11 | Cam axis current value per cycle |  |  |
| 12 | Cam axis current value per cycle (Real position) (Note) |  |  |

(Note): Cam axis current value per cycle that considered delay of the servo system.

## Pr. 804 Mark detection data buffer memory No.

Set the No. of optional 2 words buffer memory that latched at mark detection. Set this No. as an even No.

Pr. 805 Latch data range upper limit value, Pr. 806 Latch data range lower limit value

Set the upper limit value and lower limit value of the latch data at mark detection.
When the data at mark detection is within the range, they are stored in "Md. 801 Mark detection data storage area" ( 1 to 32) and the "Md. 800 ) Number of mark detection counter" is incremented by 1 . The mark detection processing is not executed.

- Upper limit value > Lower limit value

The mark detection is executed when the mark detection data is "greater or equal to the lower limit value and less than the upper limit value".


- Upper limit value < Lower limit value The mark detection is executed when the mark detection data is "greater or equal to the lower limit value or less than the upper limit value".

- Upper limit value = Lower limit value The mark detection range is not checked. The mark detection is executed for all range.


## Pr. 807 Mark detection mode setting

Set the data storage method of mark detection.

| Mode | Setting <br> value | Operation for mark detection | Mark detection data <br> storage method |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Continuous <br> detection mode | 0 | Always | The data is updated in the <br> mark detection data <br> storage area 1. |
| Specified number of <br> detection mode | 1 to 32 | Number of detections (If the <br> number of mark detection <br> counter is the number of <br> detections or more, the mark <br> detection is not executed.) | The data is stored to the <br> mark detection data <br> storage area "n". <br> $n=(1+$ Number of mark <br> detection counter) |
| Ring buffer mode | -1 to -32 | Always <br> (The mark detection data <br> storage area 1 to 32 is used as <br> a ring buffer for the number of <br> detections.) |  |

(2) Mark detection control data

| Setting item |  | Setting details/setting value | Default value | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 |  | LD77MH16 |
| Cd. 800 | Number of mark detection clear request |  | Set "1" to execute "0" clear of number of mark detections. " 0 " is automatically set after completion by " 0 " clear of number of mark detections. <br> 1: 0 clear of number of mark detections <br> Fetch cycle: Operation cycle | 0 |  | 54640+10k |
| Cd. 801 | Mark detection invalid flag | Set this flag to invalidate mark detection temporarily. <br> 1 : Mark detection: Invalid <br> Others : Mark detection: Valid <br> Fetch cycle: Operation cycle | 0 |  | 54641+10k |

## Cd. 800 Number of mark detection clear request

Set " 1 " to execute " 0 " clear of " Md. 800 Number of mark detection counter". " 0 " is automatically set after completion by " 0 " clear of "Md. 800 Number of mark detection counter".

## Cd. 801 Mark detection invalid flag

Set "1" to invalidate mark detection temporarily. The mark detection signal during invalidity is ignored.
(3) Mark detection monitor data

| Storage item |  | Storage details/storage value | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Md. 800 | Number of mark detection counter |  | The number of mark detections is stored. " 0 " clear is executed at power supply ON. Continuous detection mode: 0 to 65535 (Ring counter) Specified number of detection mode: 0 to 32 Ring buffer mode: 0 to (number of buffers - 1) <br> Refresh cycle: At mark detection |  | 54960+80k |
| Md. 801 | Mark detection data storage area 1 <br> to <br> Mark detection data storage area 32 | The latch data at mark detection is stored. <br> Data for up to 32 times are stored in the specified number of detection mode. <br> Data are stored as a ring buffer for number of detections in the ring buffer mode. $-2147483648 \text { to } 2147483647$ <br> Refresh cycle: At mark detection |  | $\begin{gathered} 54962+80 k \\ 54963+80 k \\ \text { to } \\ 55024+80 k \\ 55025+80 k \end{gathered}$ |

## Md. 800 Number of mark detection counter

The counter value is incremented by 1 at mark detection. Preset " 0 " clear in "Cd. 800 Number of mark detection clear request" to execute the mark detection in specified number of detections mode or ring buffer mode.

## Md. 801 Mark detection data storage area 1 to 32

The latch data at mark detection is stored. Data for up to 32 times can be stored in the specified number of detection mode or ring buffer mode.

## [4] Precautions

When the data of "Pr. 802 Mark detection data type" or "Pr. 803 Mark detection data axis No." is selected incorrectly, the incorrect latch data is stored

### 14.11 Optional data monitor function LD77MH16

This function is used to store the data (refer to following table) up to four points per axis to the buffer memory and monitor them.

The details shown below explain about the "Optional data monitor function".
[1] Data that can be set
[2] List of buffer memory

## [1] Data that can be set

| Data type | Unit |
| :--- | :---: |
| Effective load ratio | $[\%]$ |
| Regenerative load ratio | $[\%]$ |
| Peak load factor | $[\%]$ |
| Load inertia ratio | $[\times 0.1]$ |
| Position loop gain 1 | $[\mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}]$ |
| Bus voltage | $[\mathrm{V}]$ |
| Servo motor rotation speed ${ }^{\text {(Note-1) }}$ | $[\mathrm{rpm}]$ |
| Position feed back (Used point: 2 words) | $[\mathrm{PLS}]$ |
| Absolute position encoder single revolution position <br> (Used point: 2 words) | $[\mathrm{PLS}]$ |
| Select synchronous position droop <br> (Used point: 2 words) | $[\mathrm{PLS}]$ |

(Note-1): The motor speed that took the average every $227[\mathrm{~ms}]$.
Use the servo amplifiers of version compatible with the monitor of motor speed.
Always " 0 " if the monitor is executed for the servo amplifier which does not support this function.
(Note-2): The data set to "Droop pulse monitor setting for controller display" of "Pr. 237 Fully closed loop selection 3 " (PE10) is monitored.

## [2] List of buffer memory

The buffer memory used in the optional data monitor function is shown below.
(1) Expansion parameter

|  | Setting item | Setting details/setting value | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Pr. 91 | Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1 | Set the data type monitored in optional data monitor function every data type setting. <br> $0 \quad$ : No setting ${ }^{\text {(Note-1) }}$ <br> : Effective load ratio <br> : Regenerative load ratio <br> : Peak load factor <br> : Load inertia ratio <br> : Position loop gain 1 <br> : Bus voltage <br> : Servo motor rotation speed <br> : Position feed back (Used point: 2 words) <br> : Absolute position encoder single revolution position (Used point: 2 words) <br> : Select synchronous position droop (Used point: 2 words) <br> Others : No monitor ("0" is stored.) <br> (Note-1): The stored value of "Md. 109 Regenerative load ratio/Optional data monitor output 1" to "Md.112 Optional data monitor output 4" is different every data type setting 1 to 4. (Refer to Section 5.6.2) |  | 100+150n |
| Pr. 92 | Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2 |  | $\square$ | $101+150 n$ |
| Pr. 93 | Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3 |  | $\square$ | 102+150n |
| Pr. 94 | Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4 |  |  | $103+150 n$ |

n : Axis No.-1

## POINT

(1) The monitor address of optional data monitor is registered to servo amplifier with initialized communication after power supply ON or PLC CPU reset.
(2) Set the data type of "used point: 2 words" in "Pr. 91 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1" or "Pr. 93 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3". If it is set in "Pr. 92 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2" or "Pr. 94 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4", the warning (warning code: 116) will occur with initialized communication to servo amplifier, and "0" is set in Md. 109 to Md.112.
(3) Set " 0 " in "Pr. 92 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2" when the data type of "used point: 2 words" is set in "Pr. 91 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1", and set " 0 " in "Pr. 94 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4" when the data type of "used point: 2 words" is set in "Pr. 93 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3". When other than " 0 " is set, the warning (warning code: 116) will occur with initialized communication to servo amplifier, and "0" is set in Md. 109 to Md.112.
(4) When the data type of "used point: 2 words" is set, the monitor data of low-order is "Md. 109 Regenerative load ratio/Optional data monitor output 1" or "Md.111Peak torque ratio/Optional data monitor output 3".
(2) Axis monitor data

|  | Storage item | Storage details/storage value | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Md. 109 | Regenerative load ratio/Optional data monitor output 1 | - The content set in "Pr. 91 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1 " is stored at optional data monitor data type setting. <br> - The regenerative load ratio is stored when nothing is set. |  | 2478+100n |
| Md. 110 | Effective load torque/Optional data monitor output 2 | - The content set in "Pr. 92 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2 " is stored at optional data monitor data type setting. - The effective load ratio is stored when nothing is set. |  | 2479+100n |
| Md. 111 | Peak torque ratio/Optional data monitor output 3 | - The content set in "Pr. 93 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3 " is stored at optional data monitor data type setting. - The peak torque ratio is stored when nothing is set. |  | 2480+100n |
| Md. 112 | Optional data monitor output 4 | - The content set in "Pr. 94 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4 " is stored at optional data monitor data type setting. - " 0 " is stored when nothing is set. |  | 2481+100n |

n: Axis No.-1

## POINT

When the communication interrupted by the servo amplifier's power supply OFF or disconnection of communication cable with servo amplifiers during optional data monitor, " 0 " is stored in Md. 109 to Md.112.

### 14.12 Module error collection function LD77MH16

This function collects errors occurred in the LD77MH in the PLC CPU.
Those errors are stored in a memory (latch area) of the PLC CPU as module error logs. The stored error logs are retained even when the PLC CPU is powered off or reset.


For details on the module error collection function, refer to Section 16.1 "Checking errors using GX Works2".

## Chapter 15 Dedicated Instructions

The LD77MH dedicated instructions are explained in this chapter.
These instructions are used to facilitate the programming for the use of the functions of the intelligent function module.
Using the dedicated instructions, the programming can be carried out without being aware of the LD77MH buffer memory address and interlock signal.
15.1 List of dedicated instructions ..... 15- 2
15.2 Interlock during dedicated instruction is executed ..... 15- 2
15.3 ZP.PSTRT1, ZP.PSTRT2, ZP.PSTRT3, ZP.PSTRT4 ..... 15- 3
15.4 ZP.TEACH1, ZP.TEACH2, ZP.TEACH3, ZP.TEACH4 ..... 15-7
15.5 ZP.PFWRT ..... 15-11
15.6 ZP.PINIT ..... 15-15

### 15.1 List of dedicated instructions

The dedicated instructions explained in this Chapter are listed in Table 15.1.

Table 15.1 List of dedicated instructions

| Application | Dedicated instruction | Outline of functions | Reference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Positioning start | ZP.PSTRT1 | This function starts the positioning control of the designated axis of the LD77MH. | Section 15.3 |
|  | ZP.PSTRT2 |  |  |
|  | ZP.PSTRT3 |  |  |
|  | ZP.PSTRT4 |  |  |
| Teaching | ZP.TEACH1 | This function carries out teaching the designated axis of the LD77MH. | Section 15.4 |
|  | ZP.TEACH2 |  |  |
|  | ZP.TEACH3 |  |  |
|  | ZP.TEACH4 |  |  |
| Writing to flash ROM | ZP.PFWRT | This function writes the buffer memory parameters, positioning data and block start data to the flash ROM. | Section 15.5 |
| Parameter initialization | ZP.PINIT | This function initializes the buffer memory and flash ROM setting data to the factory-set data (initial values). | Section 15.6 |

## POINT

The dedicated instructions of LD77MH16 can be used for only axis 1 to 4. They cannot be used for axis 5 to 16. If the ZP.PSTRT5 to ZP.PSTRT16 or ZP.TEACH5
to ZP.TEACH16 is executed, "Program code error" (error code: 4002) for PLC CPU and "PLC CPU error" (error code: 803) for LD77MH16 will occur and positioning cannot be started.
Refer to "MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection) for error of PLC CPU".

### 15.2 Interlock during dedicated instruction is executed

The positioning start instruction (ZP.PSTRT $\square$ ) and teaching instruction (ZP.TEACH $\square$ ) cannot be executed simultaneously in each axis. If they are executed at the same time, the second and later instructions are ignored by an internal interlock (no error will occur).
The timing of the positioning start instruction (ZP.PSTRTD) is as shown below.


### 15.3 ZP.PSTRT1, ZP.PSTRT2, ZP.PSTRT3, ZP.PSTRT4

These dedicated instructions are used to start the positioning of the designated axis.

| Setting data | Usable device |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Internal device |  | File register | Link direct device J $\square \backslash \square$ |  | Intelligent function module U밈 | Index <br> register <br> Zn | Constant | Others |
|  | Bit | Word |  | Bit | Word |  |  | K, H |  |
| (S) | - | $\bigcirc$ |  | - |  |  |  | - | - |
| (D) | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - |  |  |  | - | - |



Note) When ZP.PSTRT1, ZP.PSTRT2, ZP.PSTRT3, and ZP.PSTRT4 are common to each other, they are designated as " ZP.PSTRT■".
[Setting data]

| Setting data | Setting details | Setting side <br> $($ Note-1) | Data type |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| "Un" | LD77MH head I/O number <br> (00 to FE: High-order two digits of I/O number expressed in three digits) | User | BIN 16 bits |
| (S) | Head number of a device in which control data is stored | - | Device name |
| (D) | Head number of a bit device which turns ON the operation by one scan at the <br> time of completion of the instruction. <br> If the instruction is completed abnormally, ((D) + 1) will also be turned ON. | System | Bit |

Note) The file register of each of the local device and the program cannot be used as a device for setting data.
(Note-1): The data on the setting side is as follows.

- User : Data before the execution of dedicated instructions is stored by user.
- System: Data after the execution of dedicated instruction is stored by PLC CPU.
[Control data]

| Device | Item | Setting data | Setting range | Setting side (Note-1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (S)+0 | System area | - | - | - |
| (S)+1 | Complete status | The state at the time of completion is stored. <br> - $0 \quad$ : Normal completion <br> - Other than 0: Abnormal completion (error code) ${ }^{(\text {Note-2) }}$ | - | System |
| (S)+2 | Start No. | The following data Nos. to be started by the ZP.PSTRT $\square$ instruction are designated. <br> - Positioning data No. : 1 to 600 <br> - Block start : 7000 to 7004 <br> - Machine OPR : 9001 <br> - Fast OPR : 9002 <br> - Current value changing :9003 <br> - Multiple axes simultaneous start : 9004 | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { to } 600 \\ 7000 \text { to } 7004 \\ 9001 \text { to } 9004 \end{gathered}$ | User |

(Note-1): The data on the setting side is as follows.

- User : Data before the execution of dedicated instructions is stored by user.
- System: Data after the execution of dedicated instruction is stored by PLC CPU.
(Note-2): Refer to Section 16.5 for error codes at abnormal completion.
[Functions]
(1) The positioning start of the axes to be processed (See below) is carried out.
- ZP.PSTRT1: Axis 1
- ZP.PSTRT2: Axis 2
- ZP.PSTRT3: Axis 3
-ZP.PSTRT4: Axis 4
(2) The block start, OPR start, current value changing, and multiple axes simultaneous start can be carried out by the setting of "start number" 7000 to 7004/9001 to 9004 in ((S)+2).
(3) The ZP.PSTRT $\square$ instruction completion can be confirmed using the complete devices ((D)+0) and ((D)+1).
(a) Complete device ((D)+0)

This device is turned ON by the END processing of the scan for which ZP.PSTRT $\square$ instruction is completed, and turned OFF by the next END processing.
(b) Complete state display device ((D)+1)

This device is turned ON and OFF according to the state in which ZP.PSTRT $\square$ instruction is completed.

- When completed normally :Kept unchanged at OFF.
- When completed abnormally: This device is turned ON by the END processing of the scan for which ZP.PSTRT $\square$ instruction is completed, and turned OFF by the next END processing. (same ON/OFF operation as complete device).



## [Errors]

(1) When an ZP.PSTRT $\square$ instruction is completed abnormally, the error complete signal $((D)+1)$ is turned $O N$, and the error code is stored in the complete status ((S)+1).
Check and take a measure against the error referring to Section 16.5 "List of errors".

## [Precautions]

(1) If the positioning is started by the ZP.PSTRT $\square$ instruction, the start complete signals turn ON. However, since the ON time is short, the ON status may not to be detected in the program.
Confirm the operation during the positioning control using the ZP.PSTRT $\square$ start instruction and BUSY signals.
(2) If the stop instruction is input before completion of the positioning which has been started by the ZP.PSTRT $\square$ instruction, the completion device (D) turns the 1-scan ON to complete execution of the ZP.PSTRT $\square$ instruction.
(3) The following dedicated instructions cannot be executed simultaneously for the same axis.
(Can be executed simultaneously for different axes.)

- Positioning start instructions (ZP.PSTRT1 to ZP.PSTRT4)
- Teaching instructions (ZP.TEACH1 to ZP.TEACH4)
(4) The ZP.PSTRT $\square$ instruction can only be executed when the LD77 READY signal $[\mathrm{XO} 0$ is turned ON .
Even if the ZP.PSTRT $\square$ instruction execution request is given when the LD77
READY signal [X0] is turned OFF, the ZP.PSTRT $\square$ instruction will not be executed. (not processed.)
Before executing the ZP.PSTRT $\square$ instruction, turn ON the PLC READY signal [Y0], and turn ON the LD77 READY signal [X0].
(5) If the ZP.PSTRT $\square$ instruction is executed in the following cases, an error "Dedicated instruction error" (error code: 804) will occur and positioning cannot be started.
- Any value other than 1 to 600, 7000 to 7004 , and 9001 to 9004 is set to "Starting number" (device: (S)+2) of the control data.
(6) When the multiple axes simultaneous start is executed by ZP.PSTRT $\square$ instruction, the completion device ( D ) will turn ON when the positioning of the axes executed by ZP.PSTRT $\square$ instructions (when the instructions is ZP.PSTRT1, the axis will be 1.) is completed.


## [Program examples]

- The following program executes the positioning start of positioning data No. 1 when X100 turns ON in LD77MH4.
Use D30 to D32 as the control data devices of positioning data No. 1, and M32 and M33 as the completion devices.
(1) Positioning start program

(2) Positioning start program (when dedicated instruction is not used)



### 15.4 ZP.TEACH1, ZP.TEACH2, ZP.TEACH3, ZP.TEACH4

These dedicated instructions are used to teach the designated axis.



Note) When ZP.TEACH1, ZP.TEACH2, ZP.TEACH3, and ZP.TEACH4 are common to each other, they are designated as "ZP.TEACH口".

## [Setting data]

| Setting data | Setting details | Setting side <br> $($ Note-1) | Data type |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| "Un" | LD77MH head I/O number <br> (00 to FE: High-order two digits of I/O number expressed in three digits) | User | BIN 16 bits |
| (S) | Head number of a device in which control data is stored | - | Device name |
| (D) | Head number of a bit device which turns ON the operation by one scan at the <br> time of completion of the instruction. <br> If the instruction is completed abnormally, ((D) + 1) will also be turned ON. | System | Bit |

Note) The file register of each of the local device and the program cannot be used as a device for setting data.
(Note-1): The data on the setting side is as follows.

- User : Data before the execution of dedicated instructions is stored by user.
- System: Data after the execution of dedicated instruction is stored by PLC CPU.
[Control data]

| Device | Item | Setting data | Setting range | Setting side <br> (Note-1) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $(\mathrm{S})+0$ | System area | - | - | - |
| $(\mathrm{S})+1$ | Complete status | The state at the time of completion is stored. <br> $0 \quad$ : Normal completion <br> Other than 0: Abnormal completion (error code) (Note-2) | - | System |
| $(\mathrm{S})+2$ | Teaching data <br> selection | The address (positioning address/arc address) to which <br> the current feed value is written is set. <br> $0:$ Current feed value is written to positioning address. <br> 1: Current feed value is written to arc address. | 0,1 | User |
| $(\mathrm{S})+3$ | Positioning data No. | The positioning data No. for which teaching is carried out is <br> set. | 1 to 600 | User |

(Note-1): The data on the setting side is as follows.

- User : Data before the execution of dedicated instructions is stored by user.
- System: Data after the execution of dedicated instruction is stored by PLC CPU.
(Note-2): Refer to Section 16.5 for error codes at abnormal completion.
[Functions]
(1) The "current feed value" of the axes to be set (See below) is set in the positioning address or arc address.
The positioning data other than the positioning addresses and arc addresses are set by GX Works2 or using a sequence program.
- ZP.TEACH1: Axis 1
- ZP.TEACH2: Axis 2
- ZP.TEACH3: Axis 3
-ZP.TEACH4: Axis 4
(2) Teaching can be carried out for the positioning data No. 1 to 600.
(3) The movement of the machine to the address (position) set in the positioning address/arc address of the positioning data is carried out by the JOG operation, inching operation, or manual pulse generator operation.
(4) The ZP.TEACH $\square$ instruction completion can be confirmed using the complete devices $((\mathrm{D})+0)$ and $((\mathrm{D})+1)$.
(a) Complete device ((D)+0)

This device is turned ON by the END processing of the scan for which ZP.TEACH $\square$ instruction is completed, and turned OFF by the next END processing.
(b) Complete state display device ((D)+1)

This device is turned ON and OFF according to the state in which ZP.TEACH $\square$ instruction is completed.
-When completed normally :Kept unchanged at OFF.

- When completed abnormally: This device is turned ON by the END processing of the scan for which ZP.TEACH $\square$ instruction is completed, and turned OFF by the next END processing. (same ON/OFF operation as complete device).



## [Errors]

(1) When a ZP.TEACH $\square$ instruction is completed abnormally, the error complete signal ((D)+1) is turned ON, and the error code is stored in the complete status (S) +1 .

Check and take a measure against the error referring to Section 16.5 "List of errors".

## [Precautions]

(1) The following dedicated instructions cannot be executed simultaneously for the same axis.
(Can be executed simultaneously for different axes.)

- Positioning start instructions (ZP.PSTRT1 to ZP.PSTRT4)
- Teaching instructions (ZP.TEACH1 to ZP.TEACH4)
(2) The ZP.TEACH $\square$ instruction can only be executed when the BUSY signal is turned OFF.
When the BUSY signal is turned ON, the ZP.TEACH $\square$ instruction will not be executed. (not processed.)
Before executing the ZP.TEACH $\square$ instruction, make sure that the BUSY signal for the axis to be processed is turned OFF
(3) If the ZP.TEACH $\square$ instruction is executed in any of the following cases, an error "Dedicated instruction error" (error code: 804) will occur and teaching cannot be performed.
- Any value other than 0 and 1 is set to "Teaching selection" (device: $(\mathrm{S})+2)$ of the control data.
- Any value other than 1 to 600 is set to "Positioning No." (device: $(\mathrm{S})+3)$ of the control data.


## [Program example]

Program to execute the teaching of the positioning data No. 3 of the axis 1 when X39 is turned ON in LD77MH4.
(1) Teaching program

Positioned manually to target position.

(2) Teaching program (when dedicated instruction is not used)

Positioned manually to target position.


### 15.5 ZP.PFWRT

These dedicated instructions are used to write the LD77MH parameters, positioning data and block start data to the flash ROM.

| Setting data | Usable device |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Internal device |  | File register | Link direct device JロID |  | Intelligent function module UपIGロ | Index register Zn | Constant | Others |
|  | Bit | Word |  | Bit | Word |  |  | K, H |  |
| (S) | - | $\bigcirc$ |  | - |  |  |  | - | - |
| (D) | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |  |  |  |  | - | - |



## [Setting data]

| Setting data | Setting details | Setting side <br> (Note-1) | Data type |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| "Un" | LD77MH head I/O number <br> (00 to FE: High-order two digits of I/O number expressed in three digits) | User | BIN 16 bits |
| (S) | Head number of a device in which control data is stored | - | Device name |
| (D) | Head number of a bit device which turns ON the operation by one scan at the <br> time of completion of the instruction. <br> If the instruction is completed abnormally, ((D) + 1) will also be turned ON. | System | Bit |

Note) The file register of each of the local device and the program cannot be used as a device for setting data.
(Note-1): The data on the setting side is as follows.

- User : Data before the execution of dedicated instructions is stored by user.
- System: Data after the execution of dedicated instruction is stored by PLC CPU.
[Control data]

| Device | Item | Setting data | Setting <br> Range | Setting side <br> (Note-1) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(\mathrm{S})+0$ | System area | - | - | - |
| $(\mathrm{S})+1$ | Complete status | The state at the time of completion is stored. <br> $0 \quad: \quad$ Normal completion <br> Other than 0: Abnormal completion (error code) ${ }^{(N o t e-2)}$ | - | System |

(Note-1): The data on the setting side is as follows.

- User : Data before the execution of dedicated instructions is stored by user.
- System: Data after the execution of dedicated instruction is stored by PLC CPU.
(Note-2): Refer to Section 16.5 for error codes at abnormal completion.


## [Functions]

(1) The ZP.PFWRT instruction completion can be confirmed using the complete devices ((D)+0) and ((D)+1).
(a) Complete device ((D)+0)

This device is turned ON by the END processing of the scan for which ZP.PFWRT instruction is completed, and turned OFF by the next END processing.
(b) Complete state display device ((D)+1)

This device is turned ON and OFF according to the state in which ZP.PFWRT instruction is completed.

- When completed normally : Kept unchanged at OFF
- When completed abnormally : This device is turned ON by the END processing of the scan for which ZP.PFWRT instruction is completed, and turned OFF by the next END processing. (same ON/OFF operation as complete device)

[Errors]
(1) When a dedicated instruction is completed abnormally, the error complete signal $((\mathrm{D})+1)$ is turned ON , and the error code is stored in the complete status ((S)+1). Check and take measures against the error referring to Section 16.5 "List of errors".
(1) Do not turn ON the power and reset the PLC CPU while parameters, positioning data and block start data are written to the flash ROM using the ZP.PFWRT instruction.
A parameter error will occur or normal positioning start will become impossible because the parameters, positioning data and block start data are not written normally to the flash ROM.
If this occurs, restart the operation by the method shown below.
- For GX Works2, write the parameters, positioning data and block start data again to the flash ROM.
- For a sequence program, write the parameters, positioning data and block start data to the LD77MH after initializing the parameters (ZP.PINIT instruction execution and others).
Then execute the ZP.PFWRT instruction again.
(2) A writing to the flash ROM is up to 100,000 times.

If writing to the flash ROM exceeds 100,000 times, the writing to the flash ROM will become impossible.
(3) After the power ON and PLC CPU reset operation, writing to the flash ROM using a sequence program is limited to up to 25 times. (Not limited to up to 25 times when writing to the flash ROM is carried out by GX Works2.) If the 26th or more writing is requested after the power ON/PLC CPU reset operation, a flash ROM exceed writing error (error code: 805) will occur, and the writing will be disabled. If a flash ROM write error occurs by one writing to the flash ROM, check and correct the flash ROM writing program. Then reset the error or turn ON the power and reset the PLC CPU again.
(4) The ZP.PFWRT instruction can only be executed when the LD77 READY signal [X0] is turned OFF.
When the LD77 READY signal [X0] is turned ON, the ZP.PFWRT instruction cannot be executed.
Before executing the ZP.PFWRT instruction, turn OFF the PLC READY signal [Y0] and then turn OFF the LD77 READY signal [X0].
(5) When the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned ON, an error (error code: 1205) occurs, " Pr. 114 Rotation direction selection" is changed by sequence program or the GX Works2 after the servo parameter is transmitted to servo amplifier (LED of the servo amplifier is indicated $\mathrm{b} \square, \mathrm{C} \square$, or $\mathrm{d} \square$ ).
When "Pr. 114 Rotation direction selection" is changed, transmit the servo parameter to servo amplifier.

## [Program example]

Program used to write the parameters and positioning data stored in the buffer memory to the flash ROM when X3D is turned ON in LD77MH4.
(1) Flash ROM write program

(2) Flash ROM write program (when dedicated instruction is not used)


### 15.6 ZP.PINIT

This dedicated instruction is used to initialize the setting data of the LD77MH.

| Setting data | Usable device |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Internal device |  | File register | Link direct device Jप\ロ |  | Intelligent function module UपIGロ | Index register Zn | Constant | Others |
|  | Bit | Word |  | Bit | Word |  |  | K, H |  |
| (S) | - | $\bigcirc$ |  | - |  |  |  | - | - |
| (D) | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - |  |  |  | - | - |


[Setting data]

| Setting data | Setting details | Setting side <br> $($ Note-1) | Data type |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| "Un" | LD77MH head I/O number <br> (00 to FE: High-order two digits of I/O number expressed in three digits) | User | BIN 16 bits |
| (S) | Head number of a device in which control data is stored | - | Device name |
| (D) | Head number of a bit device which turns ON the operation by one scan at the <br> time of completion of the instruction. <br> If the instruction is completed abnormally, ((D) + 1) will also be turned ON. | System | Bit |

Note) The file register of each of the local device and the program cannot be used as a device for setting data.
(Note-1): The data on the setting side is as follows.

- User : Data before the execution of dedicated instructions is stored by user.
- System: Data after the execution of dedicated instruction is stored by PLC CPU.


## [Control data]

| Device | Item | Setting data | Setting range | Setting side <br> (Note-1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(\mathrm{S})+0$ | System area | - | - | - |
| $(\mathrm{S})+1$ | Complete status | The state at the time of completion is stored. <br> $0 \quad$ : Normal completion <br> Other than 0: Abnormal completion (error code) ${ }^{(\text {Note-2) }}$ | - | System |

(Note-1): The data on the setting side is as follows.

- User : Data before the execution of dedicated instructions is stored by user.
- System: Data after the execution of dedicated instruction is stored by PLC CPU.
(Note-2): Refer to Section 16.5 for error codes at abnormal completion.


## [Functions]

(1) This dedicated instruction is used to return the setting data set in the LD77MH buffer memory and flash ROM to their factory-set data (initial values). Refer to Section 14.2 for initialized setting data.
(2) The ZP.PINIT instruction completion can be confirmed using the complete devices $((D)+0)$ and ((D)+1).
(a) Complete device ((D)+0)

This device is turned ON by the END processing of the scan for which ZP.PINIT instruction is completed, and turned OFF by the next END processing.
(b) Complete state display device ((D)+1)

This device is turned ON and OFF according to the state in which ZP.PINIT instruction is completed.

- When completed normally : Kept unchanged at OFF.
- When completed abnormally : This device is turned ON by the END processing of the scan for which ZP.PINIT instruction is completed, and turned OFF by the next END processing. (same ON/OFF operation as complete device).



## [Errors]

(1) When a dedicated instruction is completed abnormally, the error complete signal $((D)+1)$ is turned ON, and the error code is stored in the complete status ((S)+1). Check and take measures against the error referring to Section 16.5 "List of errors".

## [Precautions]

(1) The ZP.PINIT instruction can only be executed when the LD77 READY signal [X0] is turned OFF.
When the LD77 READY signal [X0] is turned ON, the ZP.PINIT instruction cannot be executed.

Before executing the ZP.PINIT instruction, turn OFF the PLC READY signal [Y0] and then turn OFF the LD77 READY signal [X0].
(2) A writing to the flash ROM is up to 100,000 times.

If writing to the flash ROM exceeds 100,000 times, the writing to the flash ROM will become impossible.
(3) After the power ON and PLC CPU reset operation, writing to the flash ROM using a sequence program is limited to up to 25 times. (Not limited to up to 25 times when writing to the flash ROM is carried out by GX Works2.) If the 26th or more writing is requested after the power ON/PLC CPU reset operation, a flash ROM exceed writing error (error code: 805) will occur, and the writing will be disabled. If a flash ROM write error occurs by one writing to the flash ROM, check and correct the flash ROM writing program. Then reset the error or turn ON the power and reset the PLC CPU again.

## [Program example]

The following program initializes the parameters in buffer memory and flash ROM when X3C turns ON in LD77MH4.
(1) Parameter initialization program

(2) Parameter initialization program (when dedicated instruction is not used)


## MEMO

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Chapter 16 Troubleshooting

The "errors" and "warnings" detected by the LD77MH are explained in this chapter.
Errors can be confirmed with the LD77MH LED display and GX Works2.
When an error or warning is detected, confirm the detection details and carry out the required measures.
16.1 Checking errors using GX Works2 ..... 16- 2
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16.3 Troubleshooting ..... 16- 6
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### 16.1 Checking errors using GX Works2

Error codes corresponding to the errors occurred in the LD77MH can be checked either on the following screen of GX Works2.
Select the screen according to the purpose and usage.

- "Module's Detailed Information" screen
- "Error History" screen LD77MH16
(1) Checking errors on the "Module's Detailed Information" screen

Select [Diagnostics] $\rightarrow$ [System Monitor] on GX Works2.
Select " LD77MH " for "Main block" and click the [Detailed information] button. The "Module's Detailed Information" screen for the LD77MH appears and error code, error details, and corrective actions can be checked.

(2) Checking errors on the "Error History" screen. LD77MH16

On the "Error History" screen, the error logs of the LD77MH are displayed in a list together with the error logs of other modules. The logs can be output to a CSV format file. The error codes and the time of error occurrence can be checked even after the PLC CPU is powered off and then on or reset.
Select [Diagnostics] $\rightarrow$ [System Monitor] $\rightarrow$ [System Error History] button on GX Works2.

(a) Error History List

Module error logs are displayed in a list.
(b) Error and Solution, Intelligent Module Information

- Error and Solution Details of the selected in the "Error History List" and its corrective action are displayed.
- Intelligent Module Information

The LD77MH status when the error selected in the "Error History List" occurred is displayed.

| Item | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Start axis | The axis No. requested to start is stored. |
| Positioning start No. | The start No. at positioning start is stored. (Note-1) |
| Axis in which the error occurred | The axis No. in which the error occurred is stored. |
| Axis error occurrence (Data No.) | The positioning data No. currently being executed in which the error occurred is <br> stored. |
| Current feed value (Note-2) |  |$\quad$ The current feed value (at the time of error) of the error axis is stored..

(Note-1): " 0 " is stored at the servo error occurrence.
(Note-2): The current cam data No. is displayed for output axis of synchronous control.
(c) [Create CSV File] button

The module error logs are output to a CSV format file.

## POINT

(1) If errors frequently occur in the LD77MH, "*HST.LOSS*" (instead of an actual error code) may be displayed in the Error Code column.
(Display example)

| No. $\quad 7$ | Error Code | Date and Time | Model Name | Start I/O | A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00200 | *HST.LOSS* | 2011/01/06 17:04:41 | LD7TMH16 | 0200 |  |
| 00199 | 901 | 2011/01/06 17:04:41 | LD77MH16 | 0200 |  |
| 00198 | 903 | 2011/01/06 17:04:41 | LD77MH16 | 0200 |  |
| 00197 | 902 | 2011/01/06 17:04:41 | LD77MH16 | 0200 | छ |
| nntos | ant | On11/n1/nc 17.n4.41 | I П7דM 16 | กวกก |  |

If "*HST.LOSS*" is frequently displayed, set a larger value for the number of errors collected per scan in the PLC RAS tab of the PLC Parameter dialog box.
For the setting, refer to the "MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals)".
(2) If the error occurred at the simultaneous start, the axis No. in which the error is detected is stored in the "Starting axis" in Error History.

### 16.2 Checking errors using a display unit

The buffer memory monitor/test function of a display unit allows users to check the errors in the LD77MH without using the software package.

For the operation methods of a display unit and display contents, refer to the "MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals)".

### 16.3 Troubleshooting

(1) Troubleshooting using the LEDs

Check items and corrective actions for troubleshooting using the indicator LEDs of the LD77MH are described below.
(a) When the RUN LED turns off.

| Check item | Action |
| :--- | :--- |
| Is the power supplied? | Check that the voltage supplied to the power supply <br> module is within the rated range. |
| Is the power supply capacity <br> sufficient? | Calculate the total current consumption of the connected <br> modules (PLC CPU module, I/O modules, and intelligent <br> function modules) and check that the power supply <br> capacity is not insufficient. |
| Is the module connected correctly? | - Check that the connector on the side of the module is <br> properly inserted. <br> - Check that the module joint levers are locked. |

If there is no problem on the above check items, a watchdog timer error may have occurred. Reset the PLC CPU and check that the RUN LED turns on. If not, the possible cause is a hardware failure. Please consult your local Mitsubishi representative, explaining a detailed description of the problem.
(b) When the ERR.LED turns on

| Check item | Action |
| :--- | :--- |
| Is there a system error? | An error may have occurred in the PLC CPU. <br> Check the error code and take a corrective action. |

(c) When the ERR. LED and axis LED flash

| Check item | Action |
| :--- | :--- |
| Is there an axis error? | Check the error code and take the action described in <br> Section 16.5. |

(d) When all LEDs turn on

Reset the PLC CPU and check that the module is in the normal status. If all LEDs still turn on, the possible cause is a hardware failure. Please consult your local Mitsubishi representative, explaining a detailed description of the problem.

## (2) Troubleshooting when a motor does not rotate

Check items and corrective actions for troubleshooting when a motor does not rotate are described below.

## POINT

The following signals must be ON for the LD77MH to operate (excluding when the "positioning test function" of GX Works2 is used).

- LD77 READY signal [X0]
- Servo READY signal
- Upper limit signal and Lower limit signal

The ON status of signals can be checked by the following monitor data.

- Servo READY signal: "Md. 108 Servo status (high-order buffer memory address)" (b0, b1).
- Upper limit signal and Lower limit signal: "Md.30 External input signal" (b0, b1).

|  | Buffer memory address (high-order) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| Md.108 Servo status: b0, b1 | $877+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $2477+100 \mathrm{n}$ |


| Check item |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Are all the LD77 READY signal <br> [XO], servo READY signal, and <br> upper/lower limit signals ON? | Review and correct the sequence program and wiring so <br> that all the LD77 READY signal [X0], servo READY <br> signal, and upper/lower limit signals turn ON. |
| Is there an error in the LD77MH? <br> (ERR. LED is on or flashing) | Check the error code and take a corrective action. |
| Is the servo amplifier powered ON? | Power on the servo amplifier. |
| Is there an error in the servo <br> amplifier? | Check the error code of the servo amplifier and take a <br> corrective action. |
| Is the wiring between the LD77MH <br> and servo amplifier correct? | Check the wiring between the LD77MH and servo <br> amplifier, and correct it. |
| Is the wiring between the servo <br> amplifier and motor correct? | Check the wiring between the servo amplifier and motor, <br> and correct it. |
| Is the value in " "Md.20 Current feed <br> value" changed after positioning <br> control is performed? | Review the start program. |
| Is the cumulative command pulse of <br> servo amplifier changed after <br> positioning control is performed? | Refer to the "Servo amplifier Instruction Manual" and <br> check that the function to suppress the motor rotation is <br> not working. |
| Isn't the value in " Md.26 Axis <br> operation status" "1: stopped"? | Review the stop program. |

If a motor does not rotate even after the above items are checked, the possible cause is a hardware failure.
Please consult your local Mitsubishi representative, explaining a detailed description of the problem.

## (3) Troubleshooting when a motor does not rotate as intended.

Check items and corrective actions for troubleshooting when a motor does not rotate as intended are described below.
(a) When a motor rotates only in the opposite direction

| Check item | Action |
| :--- | :--- |
| Is the value in " <br> dr. 114 <br> direction seletation | Check that the value in " <br> Pr. 114 <br> Rotation direction selection" <br> match the settings of servo amplifier. |

(b) When a motor does not rotate at the set speed

| Check item | Action |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Does the value in "Md.28 Axis feedrate" ${ }^{(N o t e)}$ indicate the set speed? | [When "Md. 28 Axis feedrate" indicates the set speed] <br> - Check that the values in " Pr. 2 Number of pulses per rotation (AP)", "Pr. 3 Movement amount per rotation (AL)", and "Pr. 4 Unit magnification (AM)" meet the system. <br> - When the servo amplifier has the electronic gear function, check that the settings meet the system. |  |  |
|  | [When " Md. 28 Axis feedrate" does not indicate the set speed] <br> - Check that the speed is not limited by the value in "Pr. 8 Speed limit value". <br> - In the JOG operation, check that the speed is not limited by the value in "Pr.31 JOG speed limit value". <br> - In the JOG operation, check that Forward run JOG start signal and Reverse run JOG start signal do not repeatedly turn ON and OFF . |  |  |
|  | Signal | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
|  | Forward run JOG start signal | Y8, YA, YC, YE | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Cd.181 Forward run JOG } \\ \text { start } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  | Reverse run JOG start signal | Y9, YB, YD, YF | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Cd. } 182 \text { Reverse run } \\ \text { JOG start } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |

(Note): Speed control mode: "Md. 122 Speed during command"
(c) When the set position is not reached

| Check item | Action |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Does the value in "Md20 | [When the position set in "Md.20 Current feed value" is reached] <br> - Check that the values in "Pr. 2 Number of pulses per rotation (AP)", "Pr. 3 Movement amount per rotation (AL)", and "Pr. 4 Unit magnification (AM)" meet the system. <br> - When the servo amplifier has the electronic gear function, check that the settings meet the system. |  |  |
| Current feed value" indicate the intended position when the motor stops? | [When the position set in "Md.20 Current feed value" is not reached] <br> - Check that the motor is not stopped by Axis stop signals. If a motor is stopped by them, the value "1: stopped" is stored in " Md.26 Axis operation status". |  |  |
|  | Signal | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
|  | Axis stop signal | Y4 to Y7 | Cd.180 Axis stop |

### 16.4 Error and warning details

## [1] Errors

## Types of errors

Errors detected by the LD77MH include parameter setting range errors, errors at the operation start or during operation and errors detected by servo amplifier.
(1) Errors detected by the LD77MH include parameter setting range errors The parameters are checked when the power is turned ON and at the rising edge (OFF $\rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ ) of the PLC READY signal [Y0]. An error will occur if there is a mistake in the parameter setting details at that time.
When this kind of error occurs, the LD77 READY [X0] signal does not turn ON. To cancel this kind of error, set the correct value in the parameter for which the error occurred, and then turn ON the PLC READY signal [Y0].

## POINT

Execute the re-setup of the parameter after you execute the initialization (refer to the Section 14.2) of the parameter when the error (error code: 900 to 999) occurs in many and LD77MH doesn't start.
(2) Errors at the operation start or during operation (LD77MH detection errors) These are errors that occur at the operation start or during operation when the positioning control, JOG operation, or inching operation is used. If an axis error occurs during interpolation operation, the error No. will be stored in both the reference axis and the interpolation axis.
Note that, in the following cases (a) and (b), the axis error No. will be stored only in the reference axis during analysis of the positioning data set in each point of the positioning start data table.
(a) When the interpolation axis is BUSY.
(b) When the error occurred in positioning data or parameters unrelated to interpolation control.
If the error occurred at the simultaneous start of a positioning operation, the axis error storage details will differ depending on whether the error occurred before or after the simultaneous start.

- If the error occurred before the simultaneous start (illegal axis No., other axis BUSY, etc.), an "error before simultaneous start" will occur.
- If the error occurred after the simultaneous start (positioning data error, software stroke limit error, etc.), an error code corresponding to the axis in which the error occurred will be stored. Because a simultaneous start cannot be carried out due to this, a "simultaneous start not possible error" error code will be stored in all axes in which an error has not occurred.
The axis operation status will be displayed as "error occurring" for axes in which an error occurred.
If an error occurs during operation, any moving axes will deceleration stop, and their operation status will be displayed as "error occurring".
All axes will decelerate to a stop during interpolation operations, even if the error occurs in only one axis.
(3) Servo amplifier detection errors

These are errors that occur at the hardware error such as servo amplifier and servomotor or the servo parameter error.
Servo is turned off at the error occurrence, and axis stop. If you remove an error factor, reset the servo amplifier.
(4) Types of error codes

| Error code | Classification of errors |
| :--- | :--- |
| 001 to 009 | Fatal errors |
| 100 to 199 | Common errors |
| 200 to 299 | OPR or absolute position restoration errors |
| 300 to 399 | JOG operation or inching operation errors |
| 500 to 599 | Positioning operation errors |
| 600 to 699 | Synchronous control input axis errors |
| 700 to 799 | Synchronous control output axis errors |
| 800 to 899 | I/F (Interface) errors |
| 900 to 999 | Parameter setting range errors |
| 1201 to 1209 | Encoder errors |
| 2000 to 2099 | Servo amplifier errors |

## Error storage

When an error occurs, the error detection signal turns ON, and the error code corresponding to the error details is stored in the following buffer memory address ( Md. 23 Axis error No.) for axis error No. storage. Note that there is a delay of up to operation cycle after the error detection signal turns ON until the error code is stored.

| Axis No. | LD77MH4 |  | LD77MH16 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Error detection signal | Buffer memory address | Error detection signal | Buffer memory address |
| 1 | X8 | 806 | Md.31 Status: b13 | 2406 |
| 2 | X9 | 906 |  | 2506 |
| 3 | XA | 1006 |  | 2606 |
| 4 | XB | 1106 |  | 2706 |
| 5 |  |  |  | 2806 |
| to |  |  |  | to |
| 16 |  |  |  | 3906 |

A new error code is stored in the buffer memory address (Md. 23 Axis error No.) for axis error storage every time an error occurs.

## POINT

When any of the following errors is detected, it is stored in the axis error No. of axis 1. (These errors are stored in the axis error No. of axis 1 for the system which not use the axis 1.)
Error code:001, 002, 107, 190, 800, 802, 805, 999

## [2] Warnings

## Types of warnings

Warnings detected by the LD77MH include system warnings, axis warnings and warnings detected by servo amplifier.
(1) Warnings include system warnings.

The types of system warnings are shown below.

- System control data setting warnings

An axis warning for axis 1 will occur.

- Positioning data setting warnings

An axis warning for each axis will occur.
Note that a warning will occur for the reference axis when an interpolation designation or axis setting warning occurs.
(2) Warnings include axis warnings.

- Axis warnings occur due to setting warnings from operations such as positioning operations, JOG operations or manual pulse generator operations.
- Axis warnings occur due to system warnings.

The axis operation status does not change even if an axis warning occurs.
(3) Servo amplifier detection warnings

These are warning that occur at the hardware error such as servo amplifier and servomotor or the inapplicable servo parameters.
Error or normality operation can't be executed by waning when warning is left as it is though servo off isn't executed.
When the warning cause is removed, warning is automatically released in servo amplifier. However, the state of generating warning is continued in LD77MH.
Reset it if necessary.
(4) Types of warning codes

| Warning code | Classification of warnings |
| :---: | :--- |
| 100 to 199 | Common warnings |
| 300 to 399 | JOG operation warnings |
| 400 to 499 | Manual pulse generator operation warnings |
| 500 to 599 | Positioning operation warnings |
| 600 to 699 | Synchronous control input axis warnings |
| 700 to 799 | Synchronous control output axis warnings |
| 800 to 899 | Cam data control warnings |
| 900 to 999 | System control data setting range check warnings |
| 2090 to 2999 | Servo amplifier warnings <br> (The contents of a vary in the model of servo amplifier.) |

Warning storage
(1) When an axis warning occurs, the warning code corresponding to the warning details is stored in the following buffer memory ( $\boxed{M d .24}$ Axis warning No.) for axis warning No. storage.

|  | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Axis No. | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| 1 | 807 | 2407 |
| 2 | 907 | 2507 |
| 3 | 1007 | 2607 |
| 4 | 1107 | 2707 |
| 5 |  | 2807 |
| to |  | to |
| 16 |  | 3907 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

(2) When an axis warning occurs in a positioning operation, etc "axis warning detection (Md.31Status: b9)" turns ON of the following buffer memory for axis status storage turns ON.

|  | Buffer memory address |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Axis No. | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |
| 1 | 817 | 2417 |
| 2 | 917 | 2517 |
| 3 | 1017 | 2617 |
| 4 | 1117 | 2717 |
| 5 |  | 2817 |
| to |  | to |
| 16 |  | 3917 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

## [3] Resetting errors and warnings

Remove the cause of error or warning following the actions described in Section 16.5 and 16.6 , before cancel an error or warning state by resetting the error.

How to clear errors or warnings
An error or warning state is canceled after the following processing has been carried out by setting a "1" in the address of the buffer memory for axis error resetting ( Cd. 5 Axis error reset).

- Axis error detection signal turned OFF
- "Md. 23 Axis error No." cleared
- "Md. 24 Axis warning No." cleared
- Changing of "Md.26Axis operation status" from "Error" to "Standby".
- "Axis warning detection (Md.31Status: b9)" turned OFF
[4] Confirming the error and warning definitions
The error and warning definitions can be confirmed with the error codes and warning codes. Confirming them requires GX Works2.

Confirming the error definitions

- System monitor of GX Works2 (Refer to Section 16.1.)
- Error history screen of GX Works2 (Simple Motion Module Setting Tool)
(Refer to the Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help.)
Confirming the warning definitions
- Warning history screen of GX Works2 (Simple Motion Module Setting Tool) (Refer to the Simple Motion Module Setting Tool Help.)


### 16.5 List of errors

The following table shows the error details and remedies to be taken when an error occurs.

### 16.5.1 LD77MH detection error

| Classification of errors | Error code | Error name | Error | Operation status at error occurrence |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | 000 | (Normal status) | - | - |  |
| Fatal errors | 001 | Faults | Hardware is faulty. | The system stops. |  |
|  | 002 | Internal circuit fault |  |  |  |
| Common errors | 101 | PLC READY OFF during operation | The PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned OFF during operation. | The system stops with the setting (deceleration stop/sudden stop) of the detailed parameter 2 Sudden stop selection (stop group 2). <br> (Note that the deceleration stop only occurs during the manual pulse generator operation.) |  |
|  | 102 | Servo READY signal OFF during operation | The servo READY signal is turned OFF during operation. | The system stops immediately. |  |
|  | 103 | Test mode faults during operation | The personal computer cannot communicate with the CPU module. | The system stops with the setting (deceleration stop/sudden stop) of the detailed parameter 2 Sudden stop selection (stop group 2). <br> (Note that the deceleration stop only occurs during the manual pulse generator operation.) |  |
|  | 104 | Hardware stroke limit | The hardware stroke limit (upper limit signal FLS) is turned OFF during operation. | The system stops with the setting (deceleration stop/sudden stop) of the detailed parameter 2 Sudden stop selection (stop group 1). <br> (Note that the deceleration stop only occurs during the manual pulse generator operation.) |  |
|  |  |  | Start is requested when the hardware stroke limit (upper limit signal FLS) is turned OFF. | The system does not start. |  |
|  | 105 | Hardware stroke limit(-) | The hardware stroke limit (lower limit signal RLS) is turned OFF during operation. | The system stops with the setting (deceleration stop/sudden stop) of the detailed parameter 2 Sudden stop selection (stop group 1). <br> (Note that the deceleration stop only occurs during the manual pulse generator operation.) |  |
|  |  |  | Start is requested when the hardware stroke limit (lower limit signal RLS) is turned OFF. | The system does not start. |  |
|  | 106 | Stop signal ON at start | Start is requested when a stop signal is turned ON. | The system does not start. |  |


| Related buffer memory address |  | Set range(Setting with sequence program) | Remedy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |
| - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | Check that there is no influence from noise. |
| - | - | - | Review the program which turns ON/OFF PLC READY signal [YO]. |
| - | - | - | Check the servo amplifier power, wiring with the servo amplifier, and connection of connectors. |
| - | - | - | Check that there is no error on the personal computer side I/F to which a cable is connected. |
| - | - | - | After making an axis error reset (refer to [3] in Section 16.4), perform manual control operation (refer to Chapter 11) to move the axis to the other position in order that the upper limit signal (FLS) will not turn OFF. |
| - | - | - | - Check the wiring of upper limit signal FLS. <br> - Check if the specification of the limit switch and the setting of the "Pr. 22 Input signal logic selection" match. <br> - If hardware stroke limit (limit switch) is unnecessary system for installation, wire to always turn ON the upper limit signal (FLS) input of LD77MH. |
| - | - | - | After making an axis error reset (refer to [3] in Section 16.4), perform manual control operation (refer to Chapter 11) to move the axis to the other position in order that the lower limit signal (RLS) will not turn OFF. |
| - | - | - | - Check the wiring of lower limit signal RLS. <br> - Check if the specification of the limit switch and the setting of the "Pr.22 Input signal logic selection" match. <br> - If hardware stroke limit (limit switch) is unnecessary system for installation, wire to always turn ON the lower limit signal (RLS) input of LD77MH. |
| - | - | - | After confirming the stop command status, then review the timing of start. |


| Classification of errors | Error code | Error name | Error | Operation status at error occurrence |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Common errors | 107 | READY OFF $\rightarrow$ ON during BUSY | The PLC READY signal is turned from OFF to ON when BUSY signal is turned ON. | The LD77 READY signal [X0] is not turned ON. |  |
|  | 108 | Start not possible | Start is requested when start is not possible in the axis operation state. | The system does not start positioning. |  |
|  | 190 | Operation cycle time over error | The calculation process time of the positioning etc. exceeds the operation cycle. | The operation continues. |  |
| Home position return (OPR) | 201 | Start at OP | - When the OPR retry invalid is set, the near-point dog method machine OPR is started with the OPR complete flag turned ON. <br> - Scale origin signal detection method machine OPR is started with the OPR complete flag turned ON and the nearpoint dog signal turned ON. | The machine OPR does not start. |  |
|  | 203 | Dog detection timing fault | The near-point dog signal is turned OFF during the deceleration from an OPR speed to a creep speed by the near-point dog method machine OPR. | The system stops with the setting (deceleration stop/sudden stop) of the detailed parameter 2 Sudden stop selection (stop group 3). <br> (Note that the deceleration stop only occurs during the manual pulse generator operation.) |  |
|  | 206 | Count method movement amount fault | In the count method 1 and 2 machine OPR, a parameter "Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON" is smaller than a distance necessary for deceleration stop from an OPR speed. | At start <br> During operation: The system does not <br> operate. <br> The system stops with the <br> setting (deceleration <br> stop/sudden stop) of the <br> detailed parameter 2 <br> Sudden stop selection (stop <br> group 3). |  |
|  | 207 | OPR request ON | The OPR request flag is turned ON when a fast -OPR is started (positioning start No. 9002). | The fast -OPR does not start. |  |
|  | 209 | OPR restart not possible | The restart command is turned ON after the machine OPR is stopped using a stop signal. | The restart is not carried out. |  |
|  | 210 | OPR zero point not passed | The zero point is not passed when the dog method, count method or scale origin signal detection method OPR is re-started, or data set method OPR is executed. |  |  |
|  | 211 | ZCT read error | The data is not loaded from the servo amplifier properly upon the OPR. | The OPR does not complete. |  |
|  | 212 | ABS reference point read error | The data is not loaded from the servo amplifier properly upon the OPR. |  |  |
|  | 230 | Encoder ABS data not established | OPR is started on the direct drive motor when the absolute position data of the encoder has not been established. | The OPR does not start. |  |


| Related buffer memory address |  | Set range <br> (Setting with sequence program) | Remedy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |
| - | - | - | Turn ON the PLC READY signal [Y0] with the BUSY signals of all axes OFF. |
| - | - | - | Do not request the start when the axis operation state is other than "standby", "stop", and "step standby". |
|  | 105 | - | Review the content of the positioning or "Pr. 96 Operation cycle setting" longer than the current setting. |
| 78+150n |  | <OPR retry> 0,1 | - Validate the OPR retry function (set value: 1). (Refer to Section 13.2.1). <br> - Move the work piece from the current position (on OP) using the manual control operation (refer to Chapter 11), then carry out a machine OPR again. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 74+150 n \\ & 75+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { <OPR speed> } \\ 1 \text { to } 50000000[\mathrm{PLS} / \mathrm{s}] \\ 1 \text { to } 2000000000\left[\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min} \text { or others }\right] \end{gathered}$ | - Lower the OPR speed. <br> - Increase the dog signal input time. (Refer to Section 8.2.3) |
| $\begin{aligned} & 80+150 n \\ & 81+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  | <Movement amount setting after near- $\begin{gathered} \text { point dog ON> } \\ 0 \text { to } 2147483647 \end{gathered}$ | - Calculate the movement distance using a speed limit, OPR speed, and deceleration time, and set the movement amount after near-point dog ON so that the distance becomes a deceleration distance or longer. <br> - Lower the OPR speed. <br> - Adjust the near-point dog position so that the movement amount after near-point dog ON becomes longer. (Refer to Section 8.2.4, 8.2.5) |
| $\begin{aligned} & 74+150 n \\ & 75+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { <OPR speed> } \\ 1 \text { to } 50000000[\mathrm{PLS} / \mathrm{s}] \\ 1 \text { to } 2000000000\left[\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right] \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 1500+100n | $4300+100 n$ | <Positioning start No.> <br> 1 to 600, 7000 to 7004,9001 to 9004 | Execute the machine OPR (positioning start No. 9001). (Refer to Section 8.2) |
| 1500+100n | 4300+100n | <Positioning start No.> <br> 1 to 600, 7000 to 7004,9001 to 9004 | Start the machine OPR (positioning start No. 9001) again. (Refer to Section 8.2) |
| - | - | - | Turn the motor more than one revolution using JOG or positioning operation. |
| - | - | - | - Execute OPR again. <br> - When the servo amplifier parameter "Pr. 180 Function selection C-4" (PC17) is changed to "1: Not need to pass motor Zphase after the power supply is switched on", transfer the parameter from LD77MH to the servo amplifier and turn the power supply of the servo amplifier OFF. Then, turn it ON and execute OPR again. |
| - | - | - | Execute OPR again. |
| - | - | - | Turn the power supplies of the system or servo amplifier from OFF to ON after passing the zero point of the motor by the JOG operation, etc. |




| Classification of errors | Error <br> code | Error name | Error | Operation status at error occurrence |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Positioning operation errors | 501 |  | <When blocks are started simultaneously> <br> - The partner axis for simultaneous start is BUSY. | At start : The system does n |  |
|  |  | Error before <br> simultaneous start LD77MH4 | $<$ When multiple axes are started and controlled simultaneously> <br> - The partner axis for simultaneous start is BUSY. <br> - The "Simultaneous starting axis start data No." of the start axis is 0 or is outside the setting range. <br> - The "Simultaneous starting axis start data No." of those axes other than the start axis is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  |  |  | <When blocks are started simultaneously> <br> - The partner axis for simultaneous start is BUSY. |  |  |
|  |  | Error before <br> simultaneous start LD77MH16 | $<$ When multiple axes are started and controlled simultaneously> <br> - The same axis number is set to multiple simultaneous start axes. <br> - The own axis number is set to a simultaneous start axis. <br> - The number of simultaneous start axes is outside the setting range of 2 to 4 . <br> - The partner axis for simultaneous start is BUSY. <br> - The "Simultaneous starting axis start data No." of the start axis and the partner axis for simultaneous start is 0 or is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 502 | Illegal data No. | - The positioning data No. tried to be executed is outside the ranges of 1 to 600, 7000 to 7004 , and 9001 to 9004. <br> - The designation of a JUMP destination is executed currently. <br> - The designation of a JUMP destination is outside the ranges of 1 to 600 . | The positioning data is not executed. |  |
|  | 503 | No command speed | - At the start of positioning, a current speed $(-1)$ is set for the command speed of the positioning data to be initially executed. <br> - The current speed is set by speed control. <br> - The current speed is set for speedposition or position-speed switching control. | The operation does not start at positioning start. |  |



| Classification of errors | Error code | Error name | Error | Operation status at error occurrence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Positioning operation errors | 504 | Outside linear movement amount range | - When the parameter "interpolation speed designation method" performs a linear interpolation in setting a "composite speed", the axis movement amount for each positioning data exceeds 1073741824( $2^{30}$ ). <br> - The positioning address is -360.00000 or less or 360.00000 or more using INC instruction, where the control unit is set to "degree" and software stroke limit upper limit is not equal to the software stroke limit lower limit. | At start: The system does not <br> operate. <br> During operation: The system stops <br> immediately. |
|  | 506 | Large arc error deviation | When an arc is interpolated by the designation of the center point, a difference between a radius of start point-center point and a radius of end point-center point exceeds the parameter "Circular interpolation error allowable limit". | At start <br> : The circular interpolation control by center point designation is not executed. <br> During operation: The system stops immediately. |
|  | 507 | Software stroke limit+ | - The positioning is executed at a position exceeding the upper limit of the software stroke limit. <br> - The positioning address and the new current value exceed the upper limit of the software stroke limit. <br> - In the circular interpolation with sub points designated, the sub point exceeds the upper limit of the software stroke limit. <br> - During the speed control mode/the torque control mode, the current feed value exceeded the upper limit of the software stroke limit. | At operation start: <br> The system does not operate. In the analysis of new current value: <br> Current value is not changed. <br> During operation: <br> - The system stops immediately when the positioning address during position control (including position control in speed-position switching control or position-speed switching control) is switched to the data outside the software stroke limit range. <br> - The system makes a stop at the |
|  | 508 | Software stroke limit- | - The positioning is executed at a position exceeding the lower limit of the software stroke limit. <br> - The positioning address and the new current value exceed the lower limit of the software stroke limit. <br> - In the circular interpolation with sub points designated, the sub point exceeds the lower limit of the software stroke limit. <br> - During the speed control mode/the torque control mode, the current feed value exceeded the lower limit of the software stroke limit. | only) of sudden stop selection (stop group 3) in the detailed parameter 2 when the current feed value or machine feed value during speed control (including speed control in speed-position switching control or position-speed switching control) or during manual control falls outside the software stroke limit range. <br> At speed control mode/torque control mode: <br> The mode is switched to the position control mode and the system stops immediately when the current feed value falls outside the software stroke limit range. |



| Classification of errors | Error code | Error name | Error | Operation status at error occurrence |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Positioning operation errors | 514 | Outside new current value range | The new current address is outside the ranges of 0 to 359.99999 , where the control unit is set to "degree". | Current value is not changed. |  |
|  | 515 | New current value not possible | - The control system sets an operation pattern (continuous path control) using new current positioning data. <br> - The operation pattern sets a "new current value" in the control system using the data following the "continuous path control" positioning data. |  |  |
|  | 516 | Continuous path control not possible | - The continuous path control is designated using a control system which is not allowed to use for continuous path control such as speed control, speed-position switching control, position-speed switching control, fixed-feed, and current value changing. <br> - The previous data such as those on speed control, speed-position switching control, position-speed switching control, fixed-feed, and current value changing shows a continuous path control. <br> - The continuous positioning control is designated for speed control or positionspeed switching control. | The system does not operate at start. |  |
|  | 518 | Outside operation pattern range | The operation pattern set value is 2 . | At start : The system does not operate. <br> During operation: The system stops with the setting (deceleration stop/sudden stop) of the detailed parameter 2 Sudden stop selection (stop group 3). (Note that the deceleration stop only occurs during the manual pulse generator operation.) |  |
|  | 519 | Interpolation while interpolation axis BUSY | Interpolation is started during the operation of the interpolation axis. |  |  |
|  | 520 | Unit group unmatched | The reference and interpolation axis units are different at the parameter "interpolation speed designation method" setting of "composite speed". |  |  |
|  | 521 | Illegal interpolation description command | In 2-axis interpolation, the axis to be interpolated is the self axis or an axis not present. |  |  |
|  | 522 | Command speed setting error | The command speed is outside the setting range. <br> Linear interpolation, circular interpolation: Reference axis is outside the setting range. <br> Speed control interpolation: <br> Either of reference axis and interpolation axis is outside the speed range. |  |  |


| Related buffer memory address |  | Set range <br> (Setting with sequence program) | Remedy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1506+100 n \\ & 1507+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4306+100 n \\ & 4307+100 n \end{aligned}$ | <New current value> [degree] 0 to 35999999 | Bring the new current value into the setting range. (Refer to Section 9.2.19) |
| Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" |  | <Control system> 01 H to $1 \mathrm{EH}, 80 \mathrm{H}$ to 84 H <br> - 03H, 0CH, 17H, 1CH: 1 to 4 axis fixedfeed control <br> - 04H, 05H, 13H, 14H, 18H, 19H, <br> 1DH, 1EH: 1 to 4 axis speed control <br> - 81H: current value changing <br> - Speed-position switching control: <br> 06H, 07H <br> - Position-speed switching control: <br> 08H, 09H <br> <Operation pattern> 00, 01, 11 <br> - 01: Continuous positioning control <br> - 11: Continuous path control | - Do not designate a current value changing using the positioning data following the continuous path control. <br> - Do not designate positioning data following continuous path control using a "current value changing". <br> (Refer to Section 9.2.19) |
|  |  | - Do not designate a speed control, fixed-feed, speed-position switching control, position-speed switching control, and current value changing using the positioning data following the continuous path control data. <br> - Do not carry out the fixed-feed, speed control, speed-position switching control, position-speed switching control, and current value changing using the continuous path control operation pattern. <br> - Do not carry out the speed control and position-speed switching control using the continuous path control operation pattern. (Refer to Chapter 9) |  |
| Same as error codes 515 to 516 |  |  | Correct the operation pattern. <br> (Refer to Section 5.3 Da. 1 ) |
|  |  |  | Correct the control system. <br> (Refer to Section 5.3 Da.2) |
| 0+150n |  |  | <Unit setting> $0,1,2,3$ | Correct the positioning data or change the parameter "Unit setting" of the axis to be interpolated. <br> (Refer to Section 9.1.6) |
| Same as error codes 515 to 516 |  |  | - Correct the control system. <br> (Refer to Section 5.3 Da.2) <br> - Correct the axis to be interpolated. <br> (Refer to Section 5.3 Da. 5 , Da. 20 to Da.22) |
| Command speed storage addresses of positioning data No. 1 to 600 |  | <Command speed> 1 to 50000000 [PLS/s] <br> 1 to $2000000000\left[\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right.$ or others] | Correct the command speed. (Refer to Section $5.3 \quad$ Da. 8 ) |


| Classification <br> of errors | Error <br> code | Error name | Error |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  | Operation status at error occurrence |


| Related buffer memory address |  | Set range(Setting with sequence program) | Remedy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |
| 29+150n |  | <Interpolation speed designation method> <br> 0 : Composite speed <br> 1: Reference axis speed | Set the "Interpolation speed designation method" correctly. (Refer to Section 9.1.6) |
| Same as error codes 515 to 516 |  |  | Correct the control system, axis to be interpolated or parameter. <br> (Refer to Section 9.1.6, 9.2.20) |
| Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" |  | <Positioning address/movement amount> <br> - unit [mm] [PLS] [inch] <br> -2147483648 to 2147483647 <br> (Unit [degree]) cannot be set. <br> <Arc address> $-2147483648 \text { to } 2147483647$ | Correct the sub address (arc address). (Refer to Section 9.2.10) |
| Same as in error codes 525 to 526. |  |  | Correct the center point address (arc address). (Refer to Section 9.2.11) |



| Related buffer memory address |  | Set range <br> (Setting with sequence program) | Remedy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |
| Same as in error codes 504, 506. |  |  | Correct the positioning address. <br> (Refer to Section 9.2.16, 9.2.17, 9.2.18) |
| Refer to <br> "List of po and Section sta | ction 5.3 <br> ning data" <br> "List of block ata" | - | In the error history, check the axis where the error other than this error occurred, and remove the error factor. Correct the block start data and positioning data. |
| Refer to Section 5.4 "List of block start data" |  | - | Normalize the block start data. |
|  |  | <Special start instruction> 00 H to 06 H | Correct the instruction code of the special start. (Refer to Section 5.4 Da.13) |
| Refer to Section 5.3 <br> "List of positioning data" |  | - | Correct the control system. <br> (Refer to Section 5.3 Da.2) |
| 1504+100n | 4304+100n | <M code OFF request> <br> 1: $M$ code ON signal is turned OFF | After turning OFF the M code ON signal, start the system. (Refer to Section 13.7.3) |
| - | - | - | Check the program which turns ON/OFF the PLC READY signal [Y0], and turn ON the PLC READY signal. Then start the system. |
| - | - | - | Check the LD77 READY ON signal, and then start the system (Refer to Section 3.3.2) |
| 1500+100n | $4300+100 n$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { <Positioning start No.> } \\ 1 \text { to } 600, \\ 7000 \text { to } 7004, \\ 9001 \text { to } 9004 \end{gathered}$ | Normalize the positioning start No. (Refer to Section 13.7.7) |



| Related buffer memory address |  | Set range <br> (Setting with sequence program) | Remedy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |
| Refer to Section 5.3 <br> "List of positioning data" |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { <Maximum radius> } \\ 536870912 \end{gathered}$ | Correct the positioning data. <br> (Refer to Section 9.2.10, 9.2.11) |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { <LOOP to LEND> } \\ 1 \text { to } 65535 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Set 1 to 65535 in the repeating time of LOOP. (Refer to Section 9.2.22) |
| ABS setting direction in the unit of degree |  | 0 : Shortcut <br> 1: Clockwise <br> 2: Counterclockwise | - Set the ABS setting direction in the unit of degree within the setting range. <br> - Set "0" when the software stroke limits are valid. (Refer to Section 9.1.5) |
| 1550+100n | 4350+100n |  |  |
| Software stroke limit upper limit |  | - [mm] [inch] [PLS] -2147483648 to 2147483647 <br> - [degree] <br> 0 to 35999999 | Invalidate the software stroke limit. <br> (To invalidate, set the software stroke limit upper limit value to the software stroke limit lower limit value.) <br> (Refer to Section 9.1.5) |
| $\begin{aligned} & 18+150 n \\ & 19+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Software stroke limit lower limit |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 20+150 n \\ & 21+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Operation setting for incompletion of OPR |  | <Operation setting for incompletion of <br> OPR> <br> 0, 1 | - Start after the OPR is executed. <br> - Switch the control mode after the OPR is executed. <br> - For systems which can operate the positioning control and speed-torque control though the OPR request is ON, set "1" to the setting value of the operation setting at OPR incomplete. |
| 87+150n |  |  |  |
| - | - | - | Clear the setting of the CPU module parameter "Output at error stop". |
| - | - | - | The flash ROM is expected to be at the end of its writable life. |
| 1901 | 5901 | <Parameter initialization request> <br> 1: Parameter initialization is requested | Return the parameter to that set at the time of delivery from the plant. (Refer to Section 14.2) |
| - | - | - | Check the error code in CPU. <br> (Refer to the "MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)".) |


| Classification of errors | Error code | Error name | Error | Operation status at error occurrence |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { I/F } \\ & \text { errors } \end{aligned}$ | 804 | Dedicated instruction error | - The ZP.PSTRT $\square$ instruction is executed with the start No. set to other than 1 to 600, 7000 to 7004 and 9001 to 9004. <br> - The ZP.TEACH $\square$ instruction is executed with the teaching data selection set to other than 0 and 1. <br> - The ZP.TEACH $\square$ instruction is executed with the positioning data No. set to other than 1 to 600. <br> - The instruction of a non-existent axis is specified by the ZP.PSTRT $\square$ or ZP.TEACH $\square$ instruction. | The function for each instruction is not executed. |  |
|  | 805 | Flash ROM write number error | Data is written to the flash ROM continuously 25 times or more from the program. | At start: The system does not operate. |  |
|  | 806 | Dedicated instruction I/F error | Mismatching occurs between the CPU module and LD77MH. |  |  |
|  | 808 | Error when switching from normal operation mode to amplifier-less operation mode | Input signals other than synchronization flag [X1] are ON when switching from the normal operation mode to the amplifier-less operation mode. | The operation mode is not changed. |  |
|  | 809 | Error when switching from amplifier-less operation mode to normal operation mode | Input signals other than synchronization flag [X1] are ON when switching from the amplifier-less operation mode to the normal operation mode. |  |  |
| Parameter setting range errors | 900 | Outside unit setting range | The set value of the basic parameter 1 "Unit setting" is outside the setting range. | The LD77 READY signal [X0] is not turned ON. |  |
|  | 901 | Outside pulse number per rotation range | The set value of the basic parameter 1 "Number of pulses per rotation" is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 902 | Outside movement amount per rotation range | The set value of the basic parameter 1 "Movement amount per rotation" is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 903 | Outside unit magnification range | - The set value of the basic parameter 1 "Unit magnification" is outside the setting range. <br> - "Movement amount per rotation (AL)" × "Unit magnification (AM)" exceeds 2147483648. |  |  |
|  | 906 | Outside bias speed range | - The set value of the basic parameter 1 "Bias speed at start" is outside the setting range. <br> - The bias speed exceeds the speed limit. |  |  |
|  | 907 | Outside electronic gear setting range | The set value of the electronic gear is outside the setting range. | The LD77 READY signal [X0] is not turned ON. |  |



| Classification of errors | Error code | Error name | Error | Operation status at error occurrence |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parameter setting range errors | 910 | Outside speed limit value range | - The set value of the basic parameter 2 "Speed limit value" is outside the setting range. <br> - The speed limit value is smaller than the OPR speed. | When the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned from OFF to ON <br> : LD77 READY signal [X0] is not turned ON. <br> At start : The system does not operate. |  |
|  | 911 | Outside acceleration time 0 range | The set value of the basic parameter 2 "Acceleration time 0 " is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 912 | Outside deceleration time 0 range | The set value of the basic parameter 2 "Deceleration time 0 " is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 920 | Backlash compensation amount error | The calculation result of the following equation is smaller than 0 or larger than 65536. $0 \leq \frac{\text { Pr. } 11 \times \text { Pr. } 2}{\text { Pr. } 3 \times \text { Pr. } 4} \leq 65535$ |  |  |
|  | 921 | Software stroke limit upper limit | - In the unit of "degree", the set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Software stroke limit upper limit value" is outside the setting range. <br> - In a unit other than degree, the software stroke limit upper limit value is smaller than the software stroke limit lower limit value. |  |  |
|  | 922 | Software stroke limit lower limit | - In the unit of "degree", the set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Software stroke limit lower limit value" is outside the setting range. <br> - In a unit other than degree, the software stroke limit upper limit value is smaller than the software stroke limit lower limit value. | The LD77 READY signal [X0] is not turned ON. |  |
|  | 923 | Software stroke limit selection | - The set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Software stroke limit selection" is outside the setting range. <br> - In the unit of "degree", "1: Apply software stroke limit on machine feed value" is set. |  |  |
|  | 924 | Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting | The set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Software stroke limit valid/invalid setting" is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 925 | Command in-position width | The set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Command in-position width" is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 926 | Illegal torque limit setting value | The set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Torque limit setting value" is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 927 | M code ON timing error | The set value of the detailed parameter 1 " M code ON signal output timing" is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 928 | Speed switching mode error | The set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Speed switching mode" is outside the setting range. |  |  |



| Classification of errors | Error code | Error name | Error | Operation status at error occurrence |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parameter setting range errors | 929 | Interpolation speed designation method error | The set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Interpolation speed designation method" is outside the setting range. | The LD77 READY signal [X0] is not turned ON. |  |
|  | 930 | Current value update request error | The set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Current feed value during speed control" is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 932 | Manual pulse generator input mode error | The set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input selection" is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 935 | Speed-position function selection error | The detailed parameter 1 "Speed-position function selection" is preset to 2 and the following three conditions are not satisfied: <br> 1) Unit is "degree". <br> 2) Software stroke limits are invalid. <br> 3) Update current feed value. |  |  |
|  | 936 | External input signal selection error | The set value of the detailed parameter 1 "External input signal selection" is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 937 | Forced stop valid/invalid setting error | The set value of the detailed parameter 1 "Forced stop valid/invalid setting" is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 950 | Acceleration time 1 setting error | The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Acceleration time 1 " is outside the setting range. | When the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned from OFF to ON:The LD77 READY signal <br> [ XO ] is not turned ON. <br> At start : The system does not operate. <br> During operation : The system stops with the setting (deceleration stop/sudden stop) of the detailed parameter 2 sudden stop selection (stop group 3). <br> (Note that the deceleration stop only occurs during the manual pulse generator operation.) |  |
|  | 951 | Acceleration time 2 setting error | The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Acceleration time 2 " is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 952 | Acceleration time 3 setting error | The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Acceleration time 3 " is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 953 | Deceleration time 1 setting error | The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Deceleration time 1 " is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 954 | Deceleration time 2 setting error | The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Deceleration time 2" is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 955 | Deceleration time 3 setting error | The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "Deceleration time 3" is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 956 | JOG speed limit value error | - The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "JOG speed limit value" is outside the setting range. <br> - The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "JOG speed limit value" exceeds the speed limit. |  |  |
|  | 957 | JOG acceleration time selection setting error | The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "JOG operation acceleration time selection" is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 958 | JOG deceleration time selection setting error | The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "JOG operation deceleration time selection" is outside the setting range. |  |  |




| Related buffer memory address |  | Set range <br> (Setting with sequence program) | Remedy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |
| 52+150n |  | 0, 1 |  |
| 53+150n |  | 1 to 100 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 54+150 n \\ & 55+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  | 1 to 8388608 |  |
| 56+150n |  | 0, 1 |  |
| 57+150n |  | 0, 1 |  |
| $58+150 n$ |  | 0,1 | READY signal [Y0] from OFF to ON. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 60+150 n \\ & 61+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  | 0 to 10000 |  |
| $62+150 n$ |  | 0, 1, 2, 3 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 64+150 n \\ & 65+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  | 0 to 327680 |  |
| $63+150 n$ |  | 0, 1 |  |
| $30210+200 n$ | Set with GX Works2 | - | Set the number of master axis not more than the number can be set in servo parameter "PD15". <br> (Refer to Section 14.9) |
| $\begin{aligned} & 30215+200 n \\ & 30216+200 n \\ & 30217+200 n \\ & 30218+200 n \end{aligned}$ | Set with GX Works2 | - | Review the master axis No. of servo parameters "PD20 to PD23". <br> (Refer to Section 14.9) |
| - | - | - | Confirm the driver communication and the actually connected servo amplifier. |
| 67 |  | 0,1 |  |
| 68+150n |  | <Speed initial value selection (b8 to b11)> $0,1$ | With the setting brought into the setting range, turn the PLC READY signal [YO] from OFF to ON. |
|  |  | <Condition selection at mode switching $\begin{gathered} \text { (b12 to b15)> LD77MH16 } \\ 0,1 \end{gathered}$ |  |


| Classification of errors | Error code | Error name | Error | Operation status at error occurrence |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 978 | External command signal selection error | The set value of the detailed parameter 2 "External command signal selection" is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 979 | ABS synchronous encoder unsupported error | "Servo series" of the axis which uses the ABS synchronous encoder is other than " 3 : MR-J3- $\square B S "$. |  |  |
|  | 980 | OPR method error | The set value of the OPR basic parameter " OPR method" is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 981 | OPR direction error | The set value of the OPR basic parameter "OPR direction" is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 982 | OP address setting error | The set value of the OPR basic parameter "OP address" is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 983 | OPR speed error | - The set value of the OPR basic parameter "OPR speed" is outside the setting range. <br> - The set value of the OPR basic parameter "OPR speed" is smaller than the bias speed at start. |  |  |
| Parameter setting range errors | 984 | Creep speed error | - The set value of the OPR basic parameter "Creep speed" is outside the setting range. <br> - The set value of the OPR basic parameter "Creep speed" is larger than the OPR speed. <br> - The set value of the OPR basic parameter "Creep speed" is smaller than the bias speed at start. | The LD77 READY signal [X0] is not turned ON. |  |
|  | 985 | OPR retry error | The set value of the OPR basic parameter " OPR retry" is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 991 | Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON error | The set value of the OPR detailed parameter "Setting for the movement amount after near-point dog ON" is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 992 | OPR acceleration time selection error | The set value of the OPR detailed parameter "OPR acceleration time selection" is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 993 | OPR deceleration time selection error | The set value of the OPR detailed parameter "OPR deceleration time selection" is outside the setting range. |  |  |
|  | 995 | OPR torque limit value error | - The set value of the OPR detailed parameter "OPR torque limit value" is outside the setting range. <br> - The OPR detailed parameter "OPR torque limit value" has exceeded the detailed parameter 1 "Torque limit setting value". |  |  |
|  | 997 | Speed designation during OP shift error | The set value of the OPR detailed parameter "Speed designation during OP shift" is outside the setting range. |  |  |


| Related buffer memory address |  | Set range <br> (Setting with sequence program) | Remedy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |
|  | $69+150 n$ | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 | With the setting brought into the setting range, turn the PLC READY signal [Y0] from OFF to ON. |
| $30100+200 n$ | $28400+100 n$ | 3 |  |
| 70+150n |  | 0, 1, 4, 5, 6 |  |
| 71+150n |  | 0, 1 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 72+150 n \\ & 73+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  | - [mm] [inch] [PLS] -2147483648 to 2147483647 <br> - [degree] 0 to 35999999 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 74+150 n \\ & 75+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  | <OPR speed> <br> 1 to 50000000 [PLS/s] <br> 1 to $2000000000\left[\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right.$ or others] | - Bring the setting into the setting range. <br> - Set the speed to the bias speed at start or higher. (Refer to Section 5.2.5) |
| $\begin{aligned} & 76+150 n \\ & 77+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { <Creep speed> } \\ 1 \text { to } 50000000[\mathrm{PLS} / \mathrm{s}] \\ 1 \text { to } 2000000000\left[\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min} \text { or others }\right] \end{gathered}$ | - Bring the setting into the setting range. <br> - Set the speed to that below the OPR speed. <br> - Set the value to the bias speed at start or higher. (Refer to Section 5.2.5) |
| 78+150n |  | 0, 1 | With the setting brought into the setting range, turn the PLC READY signal [Y0] from OFF to ON. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 80+150 n \\ & 81+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  | 0 to 2147483647 |  |
| 82+150n |  | 0, 1, 2, 3 |  |
| $83+150 n$ |  | 0, 1, 2, 3 |  |
| 86+150n |  | 1 to 1000 |  |
| $88+150 n$ |  | 0, 1 |  |

Chapter 16 Troubleshooting


| Related buffer memory address |  | Set range <br> (Setting with sequence program) | Remedy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |
| 87+150n |  | 0, 1 | With the setting brought into the setting range, turn the PLC READY signal [YO] from OFF to ON. |
|  | 105 | 0, 1 | With the setting brought into the setting range, write to the flash ROM and switch the power on again or reset the PLC. |
| - | - | - | Execute OPR. |
| - | - | - | - Check the SSCNETIII cable. <br> - Check the servomotor and encoder cable. <br> - Take measures against noise. <br> - Check whether the rotation direction (Pr. 114 Rotation direction selection ) is set " $0 \rightarrow 1$ " or "1 $\rightarrow 0$ " in the user program or the GX Works2. (Refer to Section 15.5) |

### 16.5.2 Servo amplifier detection error

The detection error list for servo amplifier is shown below.
Refer to the "Servo amplifier Instruction Manual" for details.

| Servo amplifier type | Instruction manual name |
| :--- | :--- |
| MR-J3- $\square$ B | SSCNETII Compatible MR-J3- $\square$ B Servo amplifier Instruction Manual (SH-030051) |
| MR-J3W- $\square$ B | SSCNETII interface 2-axis AC Servo Amplifier MR-J3W- $\square$ B Servo amplifier <br> Instruction Manual (SH-030073) |
| MR-J3- $\square$ B-RJ004 | SSCNETII Compatible Linear Servo MR-J3- $\square$ B-RJ004 Instruction Manual <br> (SH-030054) |
| MR-J3- $\square$ B-RJ006 | SSCNETIII Compatible Fully Closed Loop Control MR-J3- $\square$ B-RJ006 Servo <br> amplifier Instruction Manual (SH-030056) |
| MR-J3- $\square$ BS | SSCNETII interface Drive Safety integrated MR-J3- $\square B$ Safety Servo amplifier <br> Instruction Manual (SH-030084) |

(1) MR-J3- $\square B$

| Classification of errors | Error code | Servo amplifier LED display | Error name | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Servo amplifier errors | 2010 | 10 | Under voltage |  |
|  | 2012 | 12 | Memory error 1 (RAM) |  |
|  | 2013 | 13 | Clock error |  |
|  | 2015 | 15 | Memory error 2 (EEP-ROM) |  |
|  | 2016 | 16 | Encoder error 1 (At power on) |  |
|  | 2017 | 17 | Board error |  |
|  | 2019 | 19 | Memory error 3 (Flash-ROM) |  |
|  | 2020 | 20 | Encoder error 2 (Run time) |  |
|  | 2021 | 21 | Encoder error 3 (Run time) |  |
|  | 2024 | 24 | Main circuit error |  |
|  | 2025 | 25 | Absolute position erase |  |
|  | 2030 | 30 | Regenerative error |  |
|  | 2031 | 31 | Overspeed |  |
|  | 2032 | 32 | Overcurrent |  |
|  | 2033 | 33 | Overvoltage |  |
|  | 2034 | 34 | Receive error 1 |  |
|  | 2035 | 35 | Command frequency error |  |
|  | 2036 | 36 | Receive error 2 |  |
|  | 2037 | 37 | Parameter error |  |
|  | 2045 | 45 | Main circuit device over heated |  |
|  | 2046 | 46 | Servomotor overheate |  |
|  | 2047 | 47 | Cooling fan alarm |  |
|  | 2050 | 50 | Overload 1 |  |
|  | 2051 | 51 | Overload 2 |  |
|  | 2052 | 52 | Error excessive |  |
|  | 2060 | 1A | Motor combination error |  |
|  | 2082 | 82 | Master/slave operation error 1 |  |
|  | 2088 | 888 | Watchdog |  |
|  | 2907 | 1B | Converter alarm |  |
|  | 2921 | 3D | Driver communication parameter setting error |  |

(Note): The LED display is different when using the servo amplifiers with a large capacity. Refer to the "Servo amplifier Instruction Manual" for details.
(2) MR-J3W- $\square B$

| Classification of errors | Error code | Servo amplifier LED display | Name | Details name | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Servo amplifier errors | 2010 | 10.1 | Undervoltage | Voltage drop in the control power |  |
|  |  | 10.2 |  | Voltage drop in the main circuit power |  |
|  | 2011 | 11.1 | Switch setting error | Rotary switch setting error |  |
|  |  | 11.2 |  | DIP switch setting error |  |
|  |  | 11.3 |  | Rotation/linear motor selection switch setting error |  |
|  |  | 11.4 |  | Rotation/linear motor selection switch setting error 2 |  |
|  | 2012 | 12.1 | Memory error 1 (RAM) | CPU built-in RAM error |  |
|  |  | 12.2 |  | CPU data RAM error |  |
|  |  | 12.3 |  | Custom IC RAM error |  |
|  | 2013 | 13.1 | Clock error | Clock error |  |
|  | 2015 | 15.1 | Memory error 2 (EEP-ROM) | EEP-ROM error at power on |  |
|  |  | 15.2 |  | EEP-ROM error during operation |  |
|  | 2016 | 16.1 | Encoder initial communication error 1 | Encoder receive data error 1 |  |
|  |  | 16.2 |  | Encoder receive data error 2 |  |
|  |  | 16.3 |  | Encoder receive data error 3 |  |
|  |  | 16.5 |  | Encoder transmission data error 1 |  |
|  |  | 16.6 |  | Encoder transmission data error 2 |  |
|  |  | 16.7 |  | Encoder transmission data error 3 |  |
|  | 2017 | 17.1 | Board error | AD converter error |  |
|  |  | 17.2 |  | Current feedback data error |  |
|  |  | 17.3 |  | Custom IC error |  |
|  |  | 17.4 |  | Amplifier detection signal error ${ }^{(\text {Note) }}$ |  |
|  |  | 17.5 |  | Rotary switch error |  |
|  |  | 17.6 |  | DIPSW error |  |
|  | 2019 | 19.1 | Memory error 3 (Flash ROM) | Flash-ROM error 1 |  |
|  |  | 19.2 |  | Flash-ROM error 2 |  |
|  | 2020 | 20.1 | Encoder normal communication error 1 | Encoder receive data error 1 |  |
|  |  | 20.2 |  | Encoder receive data error 2 |  |
|  |  | 20.3 |  | Encoder receive data error 3 |  |
|  |  | 20.5 |  | Encoder transmission data error 1 |  |
|  |  | 20.6 |  | Encoder transmission data error 2 |  |
|  |  | 20.7 |  | Encoder transmission data error 3 |  |
|  | 2021 | 21.1 | Encoder normal communication error 2 | Encoder data error |  |
|  |  | 21.2 |  | Encoder data update error |  |
|  | 2024 | 24.1 | Main circuit error | Ground fault detected at hardware detection circuit |  |
|  |  | 24.2 |  | Ground fault detected at software detection function |  |
|  | 2025 | 25.1 | Absolute position erase | Absolute position data erase |  |

(Note): The details name is different when using the linear servo motors.
Refer to the "Servo amplifier Instruction Manual" for details.

| Classification of errors | Error code | Servo amplifier LED display | Name | Details name | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Servo amplifier errors | 2027 | 27.1 | Initial magnetic pole detection error | Magnetic pole detection abnormal termination | Linear servo motor use |
|  |  | 27.2 |  | Magnetic pole detection time out error |  |
|  |  | 27.3 |  | Magnetic pole detection limit switch error |  |
|  |  | 27.4 |  | Magnetic pole detection estimated error |  |
|  |  | 27.5 |  | Magnetic pole detection position deviation error |  |
|  |  | 27.6 |  | Magnetic pole detection speed deviation error |  |
|  |  | 27.7 |  | Magnetic pole detection current error |  |
|  | 2028 | 28.1 | Linear encoder error 2 | Linear encoder environment error |  |
|  | 2030 | 30.1 | Regenerative error | Regeneration heat error |  |
|  |  | 30.2 |  | Regenerative transistor error |  |
|  |  | 30.4 |  | Regenerative transistor feedback data error |  |
|  | 2031 | 31.1 | Overspeed | Abnormal motor rotation number ${ }^{(\text {Note })}$ |  |
|  | 2032 | 32.1 | Overcurrent | Overcurrent detected at hardware detection circuit (during operation). |  |
|  |  | 32.2 |  | Overcurrent detected at software detection function (during operation). |  |
|  |  | 32.3 |  | Overcurrent detected at hardware detection circuit (during a stop). |  |
|  |  | 32.4 |  | Overcurrent detected at software detection function (during a stop). |  |
|  | 2033 | 33.1 | Overvoltage | Main circuit voltage error |  |
|  | 2034 | 34.1 | SSCNET receive error 1 | SSCNET receive data error |  |
|  |  | 34.2 |  | SSCNET communication connector connection error |  |
|  |  | 34.3 |  | Communication data error |  |
|  |  | 34.4 |  | Hardware error signal detection |  |
|  | 2035 | 35.1 | Command frequency error | Command frequency error |  |
|  | 2036 | 36.1 | SSCNET receive error 2 | Continuous communication data error |  |
|  | 2037 | 37.1 | Parameter error | Parameter setting range error |  |
|  |  | 37.2 |  | Parameter combination error |  |
|  | 2042 | 42.1 | Linear servo control error | Linear servo control error on the positioning detection | Linear servo motor use |
|  |  | 42.2 |  | Linear servo control error on the speed detection |  |
|  |  | 42.3 |  | Linear servo control error on the thrust detection |  |
|  | 2045 | 45.1 | Main circuit device overheat | Main circuit abnormal temperature |  |
|  |  | 45.2 |  | Board temperature error |  |
|  | 2046 | 46.1 | Servo motor overheat | Abnormal temperature of servo motor (Note) |  |
|  | 2047 | 47.1 | Cooling fan error | Cooling fan stop error |  |
|  |  | 47.2 |  | Decreased cooling fan speed error |  |

(Note): The details name is different when using the linear servo motors.
Refer to the "Servo amplifier Instruction Manual" for details.

| Classification of errors | Error code | Servo amplifier LED display | Name | Details name | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Servo amplifier errors | 2050 | 50.1 | Overload 1 | Thermal overload error 1 during operation |  |
|  |  | 50.2 |  | Thermal overload error 2 during operation |  |
|  |  | 50.3 |  | Thermal overload error 4 during operation |  |
|  |  | 50.4 |  | Thermal overload error 1 during a stop |  |
|  |  | 50.5 |  | Thermal overload error 2 during a stop |  |
|  |  | 50.6 |  | Thermal overload error 4 during a stop |  |
|  | 2051 | 51.1 | Overload 2 | Thermal overload error 3 during operation |  |
|  |  | 51.2 |  | Thermal overload error 3 during a stop |  |
|  | 2052 | 52.3 | Error excessive | Excess droop pulse existing between the model position and the actual servo motor position |  |
|  |  | 52.4 |  | Maximum deviation at 0 torque limit |  |
|  | 2060 | 1A. 1 | Motor combination error | Motor combination error |  |
|  | 2061 | 2A. 1 | Linear encoder error 1 | Linear encoder side error 1 | Linear servo motor use |
|  |  | 2A. 2 |  | Linear encoder side error 2 |  |
|  |  | 2A. 3 |  | Linear encoder side error 3 |  |
|  |  | 2A. 4 |  | Linear encoder side error 4 |  |
|  |  | 2A. 5 |  | Linear encoder side error 5 |  |
|  |  | 2A. 6 |  | Linear encoder side error 6 |  |
|  |  | 2A. 7 |  | Linear encoder side error 7 |  |
|  |  | 2A. 8 |  | Linear encoder side error 8 |  |
|  | 2063 | 1E. 1 | Encoder initial communication error 2 | Encoder failure |  |
|  | 2064 | 1F. 1 | Encoder initial communication error 3 | Incompatible encoder |  |
|  | 2088 | 888 | Watchdog | - |  |

(Note): The details name is different when using the linear servo motors.
Refer to the "Servo amplifier Instruction Manual" for details.
(3) MR-J3- $\square \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{RJ} 004$ (For linear servo)

| Classification of errors | Error code | Servo amplifier LED display | Name | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Servo amplifier errors | 2010 | 10 | Undervoltage |  |
|  | 2012 | 12 | Memory error 1 (RAM) |  |
|  | 2013 | 13 | Clock error |  |
|  | 2015 | 15 | Memory error 2 (EEP-ROM) |  |
|  | 2016 | 16 | Encoder error 1 (At power on) |  |
|  | 2017 | 17 | Board error |  |
|  | 2019 | 19 | Memory error 3 (Flash ROM) |  |
|  | 2020 | 20 | Encoder error 2 |  |
|  | 2024 | 24 | Main circuit error |  |
|  | 2027 | 27 | Initial magnetic pole detection error |  |
|  | 2028 | 28 | Linear encoder error 2 |  |
|  | 2030 | 30 | Regenerative error |  |
|  | 2031 | 31 | Overspeed |  |
|  | 2032 | 32 | Overcurrent |  |
|  | 2033 | 33 | Overvoltage |  |
|  | 2034 | 34 | Receive error 1 |  |
|  | 2035 | 35 | Command frequency alarm |  |
|  | 2036 | 36 | Receive error 2 |  |
|  | 2037 | 37 | Parameter error |  |
|  | 2042 | 42 | Linear servo control error |  |
|  | 2045 | 45 | Main circuit device overheat |  |
|  | 2046 | 46 | Linear servo motor overheat |  |
|  | 2047 | 47 | Cooling fan alarm |  |
|  | 2050 | 50 | Overload 1 |  |
|  | 2051 | 51 | Overload 2 |  |
|  | 2052 | 52 | Error excessive |  |
|  | 2061 | 2A | Linear encoder error 1 |  |
|  | 2088 | 888 | Watchdog |  |

(4) MR-J3- $\square$ B-RJ006 (For fully closed control)

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Classification } \\ \text { of errors } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Error code | Servo amplifier LED display | Name | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Servo amplifier errors | 2010 | 10 | Undervoltage |  |
|  | 2012 | 12 | Memory error 1 (RAM) |  |
|  | 2013 | 13 | Clock error |  |
|  | 2015 | 15 | Memory error 2 (EEP-ROM) |  |
|  | 2016 | 16 | Encoder error 1 (At power on) |  |
|  | 2017 | 17 | Board error |  |
|  | 2019 | 19 | Memory error 3 (Flash ROM) |  |
|  | 2020 | 20 | Encoder error 2 (During runtime) |  |
|  | 2021 | 21 | Encoder error 3 (During runtime) |  |
|  | 2024 | 24 | Main circuit error |  |
|  | 2028 | 28 | Linear encoder error 2 |  |
|  | 2030 | 30 | Regenerative error |  |
|  | 2031 | 31 | Overspeed |  |
|  | 2032 | 32 | Overcurrent |  |
|  | 2033 | 33 | Overvoltage |  |
|  | 2034 | 34 | Receive error 1 |  |
|  | 2035 | 35 | Command frequency alarm |  |
|  | 2036 | 36 | Receive error 2 |  |
|  | 2037 | 37 | Parameter error |  |
|  | 2042 | 42 | Fully closed control error detection |  |
|  | 2045 | 45 | Main circuit device overheat |  |
|  | 2046 | 46 | Servo motor overheat |  |
|  | 2047 | 47 | Cooling fan alarm |  |
|  | 2050 | 50 | Overload 1 |  |
|  | 2051 | 51 | Overload 2 |  |
|  | 2052 | 52 | Error excessive |  |
|  | 2060 | 1A | Motor combination error |  |
|  | 2061 | 2A | Linear encoder error 1 |  |
|  | 2070 | 70 | Load side encoder error 1 |  |
|  | 2071 | 71 | Load side encoder error 2 |  |
|  | 2088 | 888 | Watchdog |  |

(5) MR-J3- $\square \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{RJ} 080 \mathrm{~W}$ (For direct drive motor)

| Classification of errors | Error code | Servo amplifier LED display | Name | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Servo amplifier errors | 2010 | 10 | Undervoltage |  |
|  | 2012 | 12 | Memory error 1 (RAM) |  |
|  | 2013 | 13 | Clock error |  |
|  | 2015 | 15 | Memory error 2 (EEP-ROM) |  |
|  | 2016 | 16 | Encoder error 1 |  |
|  | 2017 | 17 | Board error |  |
|  | 2019 | 19 | Memory error 3 (Flash ROM) |  |
|  | 2020 | 20 | Encoder error 2 |  |
|  | 2021 | 21 | Encoder error 3 |  |
|  | 2024 | 24 | Main circuit error |  |
|  | 2025 | 25 | Absolute position erase |  |
|  | 2027 | 27 | Initial magnetic pole detection error |  |
|  | 2030 | 30 | Regenerative error |  |
|  | 2031 | 31 | Overspeed |  |
|  | 2032 | 32 | Overcurrent |  |
|  | 2033 | 33 | Overvoltage |  |
|  | 2034 | 34 | Receive error 1 |  |
|  | 2035 | 35 | Command frequency alarm |  |
|  | 2036 | 36 | Receive error 2 |  |
|  | 2037 | 37 | Parameter error |  |
|  | 2042 | 42 | Servo control error |  |
|  | 2045 | 45 | Main circuit device overheat |  |
|  | 2046 | 46 | Direct drive motor overheat |  |
|  | 2047 | 47 | Cooling fan alarm |  |
|  | 2050 | 50 | Overload 1 |  |
|  | 2051 | 51 | Overload 2 |  |
|  | 2052 | 52 | Error excessive |  |
|  | 2060 | 1A | Motor combination error |  |
|  | 2064 | 1F | Encoder combination error |  |
|  | 2088 | 888 | Watchdog |  |
|  | 2913 | 2B | Encoder counter error |  |

(6) MR-J3- $\square$ BS (For safety servo)

| Classification of errors | Error code | Servo amplifier LED display | Name | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Servo amplifier errors | 2010 | 10 | Undervoltage |  |
|  | 2012 | 12 | Memory error 1 (RAM) |  |
|  | 2013 | 13 | Clock error |  |
|  | 2015 | 15 | Memory error 2 (EEP-ROM) |  |
|  | 2016 | 16 | Encoder error 1 (At power on) |  |
|  | 2017 | 17 | Board error |  |
|  | 2019 | 19 | Memory error 3 (Flash ROM) |  |
|  | 2020 | 20 | Encoder error 2 (during runtime) |  |
|  | 2021 | 21 | Encoder error 3 (during runtime) |  |
|  | 2024 | 24 | Main circuit error |  |
|  | 2025 | 25 | Absolute position erase |  |
|  | 2028 | 28 | Linear encoder error 2 |  |
|  | 2030 | 30 | Regenerative error |  |
|  | 2031 | 31 | Overspeed |  |
|  | 2032 | 32 | Overcurrent |  |
|  | 2033 | 33 | Overvoltage |  |
|  | 2034 | 34 | Receive error 1 |  |
|  | 2035 | 35 | Command frequency error |  |
|  | 2036 | 36 | Receive error 2 |  |
|  | 2037 | 37 | Parameter error |  |
|  | 2042 | 42 | Fully closed control error detection |  |
|  | 2045 | 45 | Main circuit device overheat |  |
|  | 2046 | 46 | Servo motor overheat |  |
|  | 2047 | 47 | Cooling fan error |  |
|  | 2050 | 50 | Overload 1 |  |
|  | 2051 | 51 | Overload 2 |  |
|  | 2052 | 52 | Error excessive |  |
|  | 2056 | 56 | Forced stop error |  |
|  | 2070 | 70 | Load side encoder error 1 |  |
|  | 2071 | 71 | Load side encoder error 2 |  |
|  | 2060 | 1A | Motor combination error |  |
|  | 2061 | 2A | Linear encoder error 1 |  |
|  | 2063 | 63 | STO timing error |  |
|  | 2088 | 888 | Watchdog |  |

### 16.6 List of warnings

The following table shows the warning details and remedies to be taken when a warning occurs.

### 16.6.1 LD77MH detection warning



| Related buffer memory address |  | Set range <br> (Setting with sequence program) | Remedy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |
| - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - Normalize the start request ON timing. <br> - When in speed control mode/torque control mode, start positioning after switching to the position control mode. |
| 1503+100n | 4303+100n | <Restart command> <br> 1: Restart | Normalize the start request ON timing. <br> (Refer to Section 6.5.5) <br> (Do not issue the restart command when the axis operation is not stopped.) |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1548+100 n \\ & 1549+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4348+100 n \\ & 4349+100 n \end{aligned}$ | <Teaching data selection> $0,1$ <br> <Teaching positioning data No.> $1 \text { to } 600$ | Carry out the teaching request when the axis is not BUSY. (Refer to Section 13.7.4) |
| 1513+100n | 4313+100n | <Positioning operation speed override> $1 \text { to } 300$ | Prevent the overridden speed from being reduced to 0 . (Refer to Section 13.5.2) |
| Same as warning code 109 |  |  | Request to write when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is OFF. |
| 1513+100n | $4313+100 n$ | <Positioning operation speed override> 1 to 300 | Set a value within the setting range. |
| 1525+100n | 4325+100n | <New torque value/forward new torque value > <br> 0 to [Torque limit setting value] | que value or a forward new torque value |
| $26+150 n$ |  | <Torque limit setting value> 1 to 1000 |  |
| Refer to Section 5.3 <br> "List of positioning data" for command speed |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { <Command speed> } \\ 1 \text { to } 50000000[\mathrm{PLS} / \mathrm{s}] \\ 1 \text { to } 2000000000\left[\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min} \text { or another }\right] \end{gathered}$ | Re-set the command speed/bias speed at start so that the command speed is equal to or larger than the bias |
| Bias speed at start |  | <Bias speed at start> | the command speed is equal to or larger than the bias speed at start. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 6+150 n \\ & 7+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  | 0 [PLS/s] <br> $0\left[\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right.$ or another] |  |
| 1564+100n | 4364+100n | <Reverse new torque value> 0 to [Torque limit setting value] | Set a value which does not exceed the torque limit setting value as the reverse new torque value. |
| 26+150n |  | <Torque limit setting value> 1 to 1000 |  |



| Related buffer memory address |  | Set range <br> (Setting with sequence program) | Remedy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |
| Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1 |  | - | Set the 2-word data to " Pr. 91 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 1" or "Pr. 93 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3" and 0 to "Pr. 92 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2" or "Pr. 94 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4". |
| 100+150n |  |  |  |
| Optional data monitor: Data type setting 2 |  |  |  |
| 101+150n |  |  |  |
| Optional data monitor: Data type setting 3 |  |  |  |
| 102+150n |  |  |  |
| Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4 |  |  |  |
| 103+150n |  |  |  |
| - | - | - | Switch the control mode after turning BUSY OFF. |
| - | - | - | Switch the control mode after turning "Zero Speed" (Md. 108 Servo status) ON. |
| 1575+100n | 4375+100n | <Control mode setting> $0,10,20$ | Switch the control mode after setting a value within the range for " Cd. 139 Control mode setting". |
| - | - | - | Carry out the control mode switching request after completing the control mode switching. |
| JOG speed |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { <JOG speed> } \\ 1 \text { to } 50000000[\mathrm{PLS} / \text { s] } \end{gathered}$ <br> 1 to $2000000000\left[\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right.$ or another] | Do not carry out the JOG speed change during deceleration with the JOG start signal OFF. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1518+100 n \\ & 1519+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4318+100 n \\ & 4319+100 n \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| New speed value |  | <New speed value> 0 to 50000000 [PLS/s] <br> 0 to $2000000000\left[\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right.$ or another] | Bring the set value into the setting range. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1514+100 n \\ & 1515+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4314+100 n \\ & 4315+100 n \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| JOG speed limit value |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { <JOG speed limit value> } \\ & 1 \text { to } 50000000[\text { PLS } / \mathrm{s}] \\ & 0000000\left[\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min} \text { or another }\right] \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 48+150 n \\ & 49+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Positioning operation speed override |  | < Positioning operation speed override >$1 \text { to } 300 \text { [\%] }$ |  |
| 1513+100n | 4313+100n |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1522+100 n \\ & 1523+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4322+100 n \\ & 4323+100 n \end{aligned}$ | <Manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification> 1 to 1000 | Set the manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification to within the setting range. |


| Classification of warnings | Warning code | Warning name | Warning | Operation status at warning occurrence |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Positioning operation warnings | 500 | Deceleration/stop speed change | The speed change request is issued during deceleration stop. | The speed change is not carried out. |  |
|  | 501 | Speed limit value over | - Setting speeds ${ }^{(\text {Note-2) }}$ exceed the speed limit value when starting/restarting the positioning or when changing the speed at the positioning ${ }^{(\text {Note-1) }}$. (At the interpolation control, either of reference axes or interpolation axes exceed the speed limit value.) <br> - "Cd. 140 Command speed at speed control mode" exceeds " Pr. 8 Speed limit value" during the speed control mode. <br> - "Cd. 146 Speed limit value at torque control mode" exceeds "Pr. 8 Speed limit value" during the torque control mode. <br> (Note-1): The speed change by positionspeed switching control, target position change function, or override function is contained. <br> (Note-2): This speed is a value in which override value is considered when override function is used. (" Cd. 13 Positioning operation speed override" is set other then 100[\%].) | [Position control mode] <br> - The speed is controlled with the speed limit value. <br> - The "Md. 39 In speed limit flag" is turned ON. <br> [Speed control mode/Torque control mode] <br> - The speed is controlled with the speed limit value. (The "Md. 39 In speed limit flag" is not turned ON.) |  |
|  | 503 | M code ON signal ON start | The M code ON signal is turned ON when the positioning data is executed. | Continue executing the positioning data. |  |
|  | 505 | No operation termination setting | In the positioning by block starting, the 50th point of the positioning start data is set to CONTINUE. | The operation is terminated. |  |
|  | 506 | FOR to NEXT nest construction | FOR to NEXT is nested. |  |  |
|  | 508 | Speed-position switching (during acceleration) signal ON | The switching signal for speed-position switching control (INC mode) is turned ON during acceleration. | The operation is continued. |  |


| Related buffer memory address |  | Set range <br> (Setting with sequence program) | Remedy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |
| 1516+100n | 4316+100n | <Speed change request> <br> 1: Speed change is requested | Do not carry out the speed change during deceleration with a stop command, during stoppage, or during automatic deceleration with position control. |
| OPR speed |  | <OPR speed> | Review each speed so that setting speeds do not exceed the speed limit value. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 74+150 n \\ & 75+150 n \end{aligned}$ |  | 1 to 50000000 [PLS/s] <br> 1 to $2000000000\left[\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right.$ or another] |  |
| Command speed |  | <Command speed> |  |
| Refer to Section 5.3 "List of positioning data" |  | 1 to 50000000 [PLS/s] <br> 1 to $2000000000\left[\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right.$ or another $]$ |  |
| New speed value |  | <New speed value> |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1514+100 n \\ & 1515+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4314+100 n \\ & 4315+100 n \end{aligned}$ | 0 to 50000000 [PLS/s] <br> 0 to $2000000000\left[\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right.$ or another $]$ |  |
| Position-speed switching control speed change register |  | <Position-speed switching control speed change register> <br> 0 to 50000000 [PLS/s] <br> 0 to $2000000000\left[\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right.$ or another] |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1530+100 n \\ & 1531+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4330+100 n \\ & 4331+100 n \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Target position change value (New speed) |  | <Target position change value (New speed)> |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1536+100 n \\ & 1537+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4336+100 n \\ & 4337+100 n \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 0 to 50000000 [PLS/s] 0 to $2000000000\left[\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right.$ or another] |  |
| Speed | value | <JOG speed limit value> |  |
|  |  | 1 to 50000000 [PLS/s] 1 to 2000000000 [ $\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ or another] |  |
| Positioning ope | speed override | <Positioning operation speed override> |  |
| 1513+100n | $4313+100 n$ | 1 to 300[\%] |  |
| Command | speed control | <Command speed at speed control mode> -50000000 to 50000000 [PLS/s] |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1576+100 n \\ & 1577+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4376+100 n \\ & 4377+100 n \end{aligned}$ | -2000000000 to 2000000000 [ $\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ or another] |  |
| Speed limit value at torque control mode |  | <Speed limit value at torque control mode> 0 to 50000000 [PLS/s] 0 to $2000000000\left[\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right.$ or another] |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1584+100 n \\ & 1585+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4384+100 n \\ & 4385+100 n \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 1504+100n | $4304+100 n$ | <M code OFF request> <br> 1: $M$ code ON signal is turned OFF | Normalize the ON and OFF timings of the "M code OFF request". (Refer to Section 13.7.3) |
| Refer to Section 5.3 <br> "List of positioning data" |  | <Operation pattern> 00: Positioning end <br> 01: Continuous positioning control <br> 11: Continuous path control | Set the operation termination to the 50th point. (Refer to Chapter 10) |
| - | - | - | Make 1 nest construction for FOR to NEXT. (Refer to Section 10.3.8) |
| - | - | - | Do not turn ON the speed-position switching signal during acceleration. <br> (Refer to Section 9.2.16) |


| Classification of warnings | Warning code | Warning name | Warning | Operation status at warning occurrence |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Positioning operation warnings | 509 | Insufficient remaining distance | - At a continuous operation interrupt request, the distance required deceleration stop is not long enough. <br> - At a speed change request, the remaining distance is shorter than the distance required for speed change. | - When a command speed is changed: <br> Change to a value as near a new speed value as possible. <br> - When a target position is changed: <br> Adjust the speed to a value as near the command speed as possible, and then change to a target position. <br> (When the operation pattern is a continuous path control, ignore the operations stated above.) |  |
|  | 511 | Step not possible | Code 1 is set for the step start information when the step is outside standby. | The step will not start. |  |
|  | 512 | Illegal external command function | The detailed parameter 2 "External command function selection" setting range is exceeded. | Even if the external command signal is turned ON, the system will not perform anything. |  |
|  | 513 | Insufficient movement amount | The movement amount is not large enough for automatic deceleration. | The system stops immediately after it reaches the positioning address. |  |
|  | 514 | Outside command speed range | - The speed change value is outside the setting range when changing the speed during operation ${ }^{\text {(Note-1) }}$ <br> - "Cd. 140 Command speed at speed control mode" is outside the setting range during the speed control mode. <br> - "Cd. 146 Speed limit value at torque control mode" is outside the setting range during the torque control mode. <br> (Note-1): The speed change by positionspeed switching control or target position change function is contained. | - The speed change value is controlled as the "maximum value within the setting range". <br> - The "Md.39 In speed limit flag" is turned ON. |  |
|  | 516 | Illegal teaching data No. | The positioning data No. is set outside the setting range. | Teaching is not carried out when the set value is 0 or 601 or more. <br> (The set value is automatically reset to " 0 " by the LD77MH even when a " 0 " or " 601 " or more is set.) |  |
|  | 517 | Illegal teaching data selection | The teaching data selection set value is outside the setting range. | Teaching is not carried out. |  |


| Related buffer memory address |  | Set range <br> (Setting with sequence program) | Remedy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |
|  |  |  | Give a request at the position where there is an enough remaining distance. |
| 1546+100n | 4346+100n | <Step start information> <br> 1: Step is continued <br> 2: Re-start is carried out | Do not set a "1" to the step start information when the step is not in standby state. (Refer to Section 13.7.1) |
| 62+150n |  | <External command function selection> $0,1,2,3$ | Set the detailed parameter 2 "External command function selection" to within the setting range. |
| Refer to Section 5.3 <br> "List of positioning data" |  | - | Set a decelerating address or a movement amount to the positioning data. |
| New speed value |  | <New speed value> | - Set the speed change value to within the setting range. <br> - Set "Cd. 140 Command speed at speed control mode" to within the setting range during the speed control mode. <br> - Set "Cd. 146 Speed limit value at torque control mode" to within the setting range during the torque control mode. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1514+100 n \\ & 1515+100 n \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4314+100 n \\ & 4315+100 n \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 0 to 50000000 [PLS/s] 0 to $2000000000\left[\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right.$ or another] |  |
| Position-speed switching control speed change register |  | <Position-speed switching control speed change register> |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1530+100 n \\ & 1531+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4330+100 n \\ & 4331+100 n \end{aligned}$ | 0 to 50000000 [PLS/s] 0 to $2000000000\left[\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right.$ or another $]$ |  |
| Target position change value (New speed) |  | <Target position change value <br> (New speed)> |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1536+100 n \\ & 1537+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4336+100 n \\ & 4337+100 n \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 0 to 50000000 [PLS/s] 0 to $2000000000\left[\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right.$ or another] |  |
| Command speed at speed control mode |  | <Command speed at speed control mode> -50000000 to 50000000 [PLS/s] -2000000000 to 2000000000 <br> [ $\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}$ or another] |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1576+100 n \\ & 1577+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4376+100 n \\ & 4377+100 n \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Speed limit value at torque control mode |  | <Speed limit value at torque control mode> 0 to 50000000 [PLS/s] 0 to $2000000000\left[\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{min}\right.$ or another $]$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1584+100 n \\ & 1585+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4384+100 n \\ & 4385+100 n \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 1549+100n | 4349+100n | <Teaching positioning data No.> 1 to 600 | Set the positioning data No. to within the setting range. |
| 1548+100n | $4348+100 n$ | <Teaching data selection> $0,1$ | Set the teaching data selection set value to within the setting range. |


| Classification of warnings | Warning code | Warning name | Warning | Operation status at warning occurrence |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Positioning operation warnings | 518 | Target position change not possible | - A target position change request was given for the control system other than ABS1 and INC1. <br> - A target position change request is turned ON during continuous path control. <br> - A new target position address is outside the software stroke limit range. <br> - A target position change request was given during deceleration to a stop. <br> - A target position change request was issued when speed change 0 flag (Md.31 Status: b10) was ON. | The target position change is not carried out. |  |
|  | 520 | Torque limit value over | A value exceeding " Pr. 17 Torque limit setting value" is set to "Cd. 143 Command torque at torque control mode" at torque control mode. | The torque is controlled with the torque limit setting value. |  |


| Related buffer memory address |  | Set range <br> (Setting with sequence program) | Remedy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |
| 1538+100n | 4338+100n | <Target position change request flag> <br> 1: Target position change request | - Do not turn ON the target position change request in the following cases. <br> 1) An operating pattern "continuous path control" is used. <br> 2) A control system other than ABS1, and INC1 is used. <br> 3) During deceleration stop. <br> 4) When speed change 0 flag $\square$ Md. 31 Status: b10) is ON. <br> - When the target position change address is outside the software stroke limit range, correct the target position change address. (Refer to Section 13.5.5) |
| Command torque at torque control mode |  | <Command torque at torque control mode>$-10000 \text { to } 10000\left[\times 10^{-1} \%\right]$ | Review the setting value so that the setting torque is not exceeded the torque limit setting value. |
| 1580+100n | 4380+100n |  |  |
| Torque limit setting value |  | <Torque limit setting value> 1 to $1000[\%]$ |  |
| 26+150n |  |  |  |

### 16.6.2 Servo amplifier detection warning

The detection warning list for Servo amplifier is shown below.
Refer to the "Servo amplifier Instruction Manual" for details.

| Servo amplifier type | Instruction manual name |
| :--- | :--- |
| MR-J3- $\square$ B | SSCNETII Compatible MR-J3- $\square$ B Servo amplifier Instruction Manual (SH-030051) |
| MR-J3W- $\square$ B | SSCNETII interface 2-axis AC Servo Amplifier MR-J3W- $\square$ B Servo amplifier <br> Instruction Manual (SH-030073) |
| MR-J3- $\square$ B-RJ004 | SSCNETII Compatible Linear Servo MR-J3- $\square$ B-RJ004 Instruction Manual <br> (SH-030054) |
| MR-J3- $\square$ B-RJ006 | SSCNETIII Compatible Fully Closed Loop Control MR-J3- $\square$ B-RJ006 Servo <br> amplifier Instruction Manual (SH-030056) |
| MR-J3- $\square$ BS | SSCNETII interface Drive Safety integrated MR-J3- $\square B$ Safety Servo amplifier <br> Instruction Manual (SH-030084) |

(1) MR-J3- $\square$ B

| Classification <br> of warnings | Warning code | Servo amplifier <br> LED display | Warning name | Remarks |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | 2102 | 92 | Open battery cable warning |  |
|  | 2106 | 96 | Home position setting warning |  |
|  | 2116 | $9 F$ | Battery warning |  |
|  | 2140 | E0 | Excessive regenerative load warning |  |
|  | 2141 | E1 | Over load warning1 |  |
|  | 2143 | E3 | Absolute position counter warning |  |
|  | 2144 | E4 | Parameter warning |  |
|  | 2146 | E6 | Servo forced stop warning |  |
|  | 2147 | E7 | Controller forced stop warning |  |
|  | 2148 | E8 | Cooling fan speed reduction warning |  |

(2) MR-J3W- $\square B$

| Classification of warnings | Warning code | Servo amplifier LED display | Name | Details name | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Servo amplifier warnings | 2101 | 91.1 | Main circuit device overheat warning | Main circuit device overheat warning |  |
|  |  | 91.2 |  | Board temperature warning |  |
|  | 2102 | 92.1 | Battery cable disconnection warning | Encoder battery disconnection warning signal detection |  |
|  | 2106 | 96.1 | Home position setting warning | INP error at home positioning |  |
|  |  | 96.2 |  | Command input error at home positioning |  |
|  | 2116 | 9F. 1 | Battery warning | Low battery |  |
|  | 2140 | E0.1 | Excessive regeneration warning | Excessive regeneration warning |  |
|  | 2141 | E1.1 | Overload warning 1 | Thermal overload warning 1 during operation |  |
|  |  | E1.2 |  | Thermal overload warning 2 during operation |  |
|  |  | E1.3 |  | Thermal overload warning 3 during operation |  |
|  |  | E1.4 |  | Thermal overload warning 4 during operation |  |
|  |  | E1.5 |  | Thermal overload warning 1 during a stop |  |
|  |  | E1.6 |  | Thermal overload warning 2 during a stop |  |
|  |  | E1.7 |  | Thermal overload warning 3 during a stop |  |
|  |  | E1.8 |  | Thermal overload warning 4 during a stop |  |
|  | 2142 | E2.1 | Linear servo motor overheat warning | Linear servo motor overheat warning | Linear servo motor use |
|  | 2143 | E3.1 | Absolute position counter warning | Multi-revolution counter movement amount excess warning |  |
|  |  | E3.2 |  | Absolute positioning counter error |  |
|  | 2144 | E4.1 | Parameter warning | Parameter setting range error warning |  |
|  | 2146 | E6.1 | Servo forced stop warning | Forced stop warning |  |
|  | 2147 | E7.1 | Controller forced stop warning | Controller forced stop warning |  |
|  | 2148 | E8.1 | Cooling fan speed reduction warning | Decreased cooling fan speed warning |  |
|  | 2149 | E9.1 | Main circuit off warning | Servo-on signal on at main circuit off |  |
|  |  | E9.2 |  | Bus voltage drop during low speed operation ${ }^{\text {(Note) }}$ |  |
|  | 2151 | EB. 1 | The other axis fault warning | The other axis fault warning |  |
|  | 2152 | EC. 1 | Overload warning 2 | Overload warning 2 |  |
|  | 2153 | ED. 1 | Output watt excess warning | Output watt excess |  |

(Note): The details name is different when using the linear servo motors.
Refer to the "Servo amplifier Instruction Manual" for details.
(3) MR-J3- $\square$ B-RJ004 (For linear servo)

| Classification <br> of warnings | Warning code | Servo amplifier <br> LED display | Name | Remarks |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Servo <br> amplifier <br> warnings | 2106 | 96 | Home position setting error |  |
|  | 2140 | E0 | Excessive regeneration warning |  |
|  | 2141 | E1 | Overload warning 1 |  |
|  | 2142 | E2 | Linear servo motor overheat warning |  |
|  | 2144 | E4 | Parameter warning |  |
|  | 2146 | E6 | Servo forced stop warning |  |
|  | 2147 | E7 | Controller emergency stop warning |  |
|  | 2148 | E8 | Cooling fan speed reduction warning |  |

(4) MR-J3- $\square$ B-RJ006 (For fully closed control)

| Classification <br> of warnings | Warning code | Servo amplifier <br> LED display | Name | Remarks |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Servo <br> amplifier <br> warnings | 2106 | 96 | Home position setting error |  |
|  | 2140 | E0 | Excessive regeneration warning |  |
|  | 2141 | E1 | Overload warning 1 |  |
|  | 2144 | E4 | Parameter warning |  |
|  | 2146 | E6 | Servo forced stop warning |  |
|  | 2147 | E7 | Controller emergency stop warning |  |
|  | 2148 | E8 | Cooling fan speed reduction warning |  |
|  | 2149 | E9 | Main circuit off warning |  |

(5) MR-J3-■B-RJ080W (For direct drive motor)

| Classification <br> of warnings | Warning code | Servo amplifier <br> LED display | Name | Remarks |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
|  | 2102 | 92 | Battery cable disconnection warning |  |
|  | 2106 | 96 | Home position setting error |  |
|  | 2116 | $9 F$ | Battery warning |  |
|  | 2140 | E0 | Excessive regeneration warning |  |
|  | 2141 | E1 | Overload warning 1 |  |
|  | 2142 | E2 | Direct drive motor overheat |  |
|  | 2143 | E3 | Absolute position counter warning |  |
|  | 2144 | E4 | Parameter warning |  |
|  | 2146 | E6 | Servo forced stop warning |  |
|  | 2147 | E7 | Controller emergency stop warning |  |
|  | 2148 | E8 | Cooling fan speed reduction warning |  |
|  | 2149 | E9 | Main circuit off warning |  |
|  | 2152 | EC | Overload warning 2 |  |

(6) MR-J3- $\square$ BS (For safety servo)

| Classification <br> of warnings | Warning code | Servo amplifier <br> LED display | Name | Remarks |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Servo <br> amplifier <br> warnings | 2095 | 95 | STO warning |  |
|  | 2102 | 92 | Battery cable disconnection warning |  |
|  | 2106 | 96 | Home position setting warning |  |
|  | 2116 | $9 F$ | Battery warning |  |
|  | 2140 | E0 | Excessive regeneration warning |  |
|  | 2141 | E1 | Overload warning 1 |  |
|  | 2143 | E3 | Absolute position counter warning |  |
|  | 2146 | E4 | Parameter warning |  |
|  | 2147 | E6 | Servo forced stop warning |  |
|  | 2148 | E8 | Controller forced stop warning |  |

## MEMO

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## Appendices

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## Appendix 1 Positioning data (No. 1 to 600) List of buffer memory addresses (LD77MH4)

(1) For axis 1

| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | Highorder | Low- | Highorder | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | Highorder |
| 1 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
| 2 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| 3 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 |
| 4 | 2030 | 2031 | 2032 | 2034 | 2035 | 2036 | 2037 | 2038 | 2039 |
| 5 | 2040 | 2041 | 2042 | 2044 | 2045 | 2046 | 2047 | 2048 | 2049 |
| 6 | 2050 | 2051 | 2052 | 2054 | 2055 | 2056 | 2057 | 2058 | 2059 |
| 7 | 2060 | 2061 | 2062 | 2064 | 2065 | 2066 | 2067 | 2068 | 2069 |
| 8 | 2070 | 2071 | 2072 | 2074 | 2075 | 2076 | 2077 | 2078 | 2079 |
| 9 | 2080 | 2081 | 2082 | 2084 | 2085 | 2086 | 2087 | 2088 | 2089 |
| 10 | 2090 | 2091 | 2092 | 2094 | 2095 | 2096 | 2097 | 2098 | 2099 |
| 11 | 2100 | 2101 | 2102 | 2104 | 2105 | 2106 | 2107 | 2108 | 2109 |
| 12 | 2110 | 2111 | 2112 | 2114 | 2115 | 2116 | 2117 | 2118 | 2119 |
| 13 | 2120 | 212 | 2122 | 2124 | 2125 | 2126 | 2127 | 2128 | 2129 |
| 14 | 2130 | 2131 | 2132 | 2134 | 2135 | 2136 | 2137 | 2138 | 2139 |
| 15 | 2140 | 2141 | 2142 | 2144 | 2145 | 2146 | 2147 | 2148 | 2149 |
| 16 | 2150 | 2151 | 2152 | 2154 | 2155 | 2156 | 2157 | 2158 | 2159 |
| 17 | 2160 | 2161 | 2162 | 2164 | 2165 | 2166 | 2167 | 2168 | 2169 |
| 18 | 217 | 217 | 2172 | 2174 | 2175 | 2176 | 2177 | 2178 | 2179 |
| 19 | 2180 | 2181 | 2182 | 2184 | 2185 | 2186 | 2187 | 2188 | 2189 |
| 20 | 2190 | 2191 | 2192 | 2194 | 2195 | 2196 | 2197 | 2198 | 2199 |
| 21 | 2200 | 2201 | 2202 | 2204 | 2205 | 2206 | 2207 | 2208 | 2209 |
| 22 | 2210 | 22 | 221 | 22 | 2215 | 2216 | 2217 | 2218 | 2219 |
| 23 | 2220 | 2221 | 2222 | 2224 | 2225 | 2226 | 2227 | 2228 | 2229 |
| 24 | 2230 | 2231 | 2232 | 2234 | 2235 | 2236 | 2237 | 2238 | 2239 |
| 25 | 2240 | 2241 | 2242 | 2244 | 2245 | 2246 | 2247 | 2248 | 2249 |
| 26 | 2250 | 2251 | 2252 | 2254 | 2255 | 2256 | 2257 | 2258 | 2259 |
| 27 | 2260 | 2261 | 2262 | 2264 | 2265 | 2266 | 2267 | 2268 | 2269 |
| 28 | 2270 | 2271 | 2272 | 2274 | 2275 | 2276 | 2277 | 2278 | 2279 |
| 29 | 2280 | 2281 | 2282 | 2284 | 2285 | 2286 | 2287 | 2288 | 2289 |
| 30 | 2290 | 2291 | 2292 | 2294 | 2295 | 2296 | 2297 | 2298 | 2299 |
| 31 | 2300 | 2301 | 2302 | 2304 | 2305 | 2306 | 2307 | 2308 | 2309 |
| 32 | 2310 | 2311 | 2312 | 2314 | 2315 | 2316 | 2317 | 2318 | 2319 |
| 33 | 2320 | 232 | 2322 | 2324 | 2325 | 2326 | 2327 | 2328 | 2329 |
| 34 | 2330 | 2331 | 2332 | 2334 | 2335 | 2336 | 2337 | 2338 | 2339 |
| 35 | 2340 | 2341 | 2342 | 2344 | 2345 | 2346 | 2347 | 2348 | 2349 |
| 36 | 2350 | 2351 | 2352 | 2354 | 2355 | 2356 | 2357 | 2358 | 2359 |
| 37 | 2360 | 2361 | 2362 | 2364 | 2365 | 2366 | 2367 | 2368 | 2369 |
| 38 | 2370 | 2371 | 2372 | 2374 | 2375 | 2376 | 2377 | 2378 | 2379 |
| 39 | 2380 | 2381 | 2382 | 2384 | 2385 | 2386 | 2387 | 2388 | 2389 |
| 40 | 2390 | 2391 | 2392 | 2394 | 2395 | 2396 | 2397 | 2398 | 2399 |
| 41 | 2400 | 2401 | 2402 | 2404 | 2405 | 2406 | 2407 | 2408 | 2409 |
| 42 | 2410 | 2411 | 2412 | 2414 | 2415 | 2416 | 2417 | 2418 | 2419 |
| 43 | 2420 | 2421 | 2422 | 2424 | 2425 | 2426 | 2427 | 2428 | 2429 |
| 44 | 2430 | 2431 | 2432 | 2434 | 2435 | 2436 | 2437 | 2438 | 2439 |
| 45 | 2440 | 2441 | 2442 | 2444 | 2445 | 2446 | 2447 | 2448 | 2449 |
| 46 | 2450 | 2451 | 2452 | 2454 | 2455 | 2456 | 2457 | 2458 | 2459 |
| 47 | 2460 | 2461 | 2462 | 2464 | 2465 | 2466 | 2467 | 2468 | 2469 |
| 48 | 2470 | 2471 | 2472 | 2474 | 2475 | 2476 | 2477 | 2478 | 2479 |
| 49 | 2480 | 2481 | 2482 | 2484 | 2485 | 2486 | 2487 | 2488 | 2489 |
| 50 | 2490 | 2491 | 2492 | 2494 | 2495 | 2496 | 2497 | 2498 | 2499 |


| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Loworder | Highorder | Loworder | Highorder | Loworder | Highorder |
| 51 | 2500 | 2501 | 2502 | 2504 | 2505 | 2506 | 2507 | 2508 | 2509 |
| 52 | 2510 | 2511 | 2512 | 2514 | 2515 | 2516 | 2517 | 2518 | 2519 |
| 53 | 2520 | 2521 | 2522 | 2524 | 2525 | 2526 | 2527 | 2528 | 2529 |
| 54 | 2530 | 2531 | 2532 | 2534 | 2535 | 2536 | 2537 | 2538 | 2539 |
| 55 | 2540 | 2541 | 2542 | 2544 | 2545 | 2546 | 2547 | 2548 | 2549 |
| 56 | 2550 | 2551 | 2552 | 2554 | 2555 | 2556 | 2557 | 2558 | 2559 |
| 57 | 2560 | 2561 | 2562 | 2564 | 2565 | 2566 | 2567 | 2568 | 2569 |
| 58 | 2570 | 2571 | 2572 | 2574 | 2575 | 2576 | 2577 | 2578 | 2579 |
| 59 | 2580 | 2581 | 2582 | 2584 | 2585 | 2586 | 2587 | 2588 | 2589 |
| 60 | 2590 | 2591 | 2592 | 2594 | 2595 | 2596 | 2597 | 2598 | 2599 |
| 61 | 2600 | 2601 | 2602 | 2604 | 2605 | 2606 | 2607 | 2608 | 2609 |
| 62 | 2610 | 2611 | 2612 | 2614 | 2615 | 2616 | 2617 | 2618 | 2619 |
| 63 | 2620 | 2621 | 2622 | 2624 | 2625 | 2626 | 2627 | 2628 | 2629 |
| 64 | 2630 | 2631 | 2632 | 2634 | 2635 | 2636 | 2637 | 2638 | 2639 |
| 65 | 2640 | 2641 | 2642 | 2644 | 2645 | 2646 | 2647 | 2648 | 2649 |
| 66 | 2650 | 2651 | 2652 | 2654 | 2655 | 2656 | 2657 | 2658 | 2659 |
| 67 | 2660 | 2661 | 2662 | 2664 | 2665 | 2666 | 2667 | 2668 | 2669 |
| 68 | 2670 | 267 | 2672 | 267 | 2675 | 2676 | 2677 | 2678 | 2679 |
| 69 | 2680 | 2681 | 2682 | 2684 | 2685 | 2686 | 2687 | 2688 | 2689 |
| 70 | 2690 | 2691 | 2692 | 2694 | 2695 | 2696 | 2697 | 2698 | 2699 |
| 71 | 2700 | 2701 | 2702 | 2704 | 2705 | 2706 | 2707 | 2708 | 2709 |
| 72 | 2710 | 271 | 271 | 271 | 2715 | 2716 | 2717 | 2718 | 9 |
| 73 | 2720 | 2721 | 2722 | 2724 | 2725 | 2726 | 2727 | 2728 | 2729 |
| 74 | 2730 | 2731 | 2732 | 2734 | 2735 | 2736 | 2737 | 2738 | 2739 |
| 75 | 2740 | 2741 | 2742 | 2744 | 2745 | 2746 | 2747 | 2748 | 2749 |
| 76 | 2750 | 2751 | 2752 | 2754 | 2755 | 2756 | 2757 | 2758 | 2759 |
| 77 | 2760 | 2761 | 2762 | 2764 | 2765 | 2766 | 2767 | 2768 | 9 |
| 78 | 2770 | 2771 | 2772 | 2774 | 2775 | 2776 | 2777 | 2778 | 2779 |
| 79 | 2780 | 2781 | 2782 | 2784 | 2785 | 2786 | 2787 | 2788 | 2789 |
| 80 | 2790 | 2791 | 2792 | 2794 | 2795 | 2796 | 2797 | 2798 | 2799 |
| 81 | 2800 | 2801 | 2802 | 2804 | 2805 | 2806 | 2807 | 2808 | 2809 |
| 82 | 2810 | 2811 | 2812 | 2814 | 2815 | 2816 | 2817 | 2818 | 2819 |
| 83 | 2820 | 2821 | 2822 | 2824 | 2825 | 2826 | 2827 | 2828 | 2829 |
| 84 | 2830 | 2831 | 2832 | 2834 | 2835 | 2836 | 2837 | 2838 | 2839 |
| 85 | 2840 | 2841 | 2842 | 2844 | 2845 | 2846 | 2847 | 2848 | 2849 |
| 86 | 2850 | 2851 | 2852 | 2854 | 2855 | 2856 | 2857 | 2858 | 2859 |
| 87 | 2860 | 2861 | 2862 | 2864 | 2865 | 2866 | 2867 | 2868 | 2869 |
| 88 | 2870 | 2871 | 2872 | 2874 | 2875 | 2876 | 2877 | 2878 | 2879 |
| 89 | 2880 | 2881 | 2882 | 2884 | 2885 | 2886 | 2887 | 2888 | 2889 |
| 90 | 2890 | 2891 | 2892 | 2894 | 2895 | 2896 | 2897 | 2898 | 2899 |
| 91 | 2900 | 2901 | 2902 | 2904 | 2905 | 2906 | 2907 | 2908 | 2909 |
| 92 | 2910 | 2911 | 2912 | 2914 | 2915 | 2916 | 2917 | 2918 | 2919 |
| 93 | 2920 | 2921 | 2922 | 2924 | 2925 | 2926 | 2927 | 2928 | 2929 |
| 94 | 2930 | 2931 | 2932 | 2934 | 2935 | 2936 | 2937 | 2938 | 2939 |
| 95 | 2940 | 2941 | 2942 | 2944 | 2945 | 2946 | 2947 | 2948 | 2949 |
| 96 | 2950 | 2951 | 2952 | 2954 | 2955 | 2956 | 2957 | 2958 | 2959 |
| 97 | 2960 | 2961 | 2962 | 2964 | 2965 | 2966 | 2967 | 2968 | 2969 |
| 98 | 2970 | 2971 | 2972 | 2974 | 2975 | 2976 | 2977 | 2978 | 2979 |
| 99 | 2980 | 2981 | 2982 | 2984 | 2985 | 2986 | 2987 | 2988 | 2989 |
| 100 | 2990 | 2991 | 2992 | 2994 | 2995 | 2996 | 2997 | 2998 | 2999 |

(1) For axis 1

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Data } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Posi- } \\ \text { tioning } \\ \text { identi- } \\ \text { fier } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { M } \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwelltime | $\begin{gathered} \text { Command } \\ \text { speed } \end{gathered}$ |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Highorder | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { Low } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{w}-\mathrm{x} \\ & \text { der } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ligh- } \\ & \text { rder } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 101 | 3000 | 30 | 3002 | 04 | 3005 | 3006 | 3007 | 3008 | 3009 |
| 102 | 3010 | 30 | 12 | 3014 | 3015 | 3016 | 3017 | 3018 | 3019 |
| 103 | 3020 | 30 | 3022 | 3024 | 3025 | 3026 | 3027 | 3028 | 3029 |
| 104 | 3030 | 3031 | 3032 | 3034 | 30 | 30 | 3037 | 88 | 3039 |
| 105 | 3040 | 3041 | 3042 | 3044 | 3045 | 3046 | 7 | 2088 |  |
| 106 | 3050 | 3051 | 52 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 7 | 508 | 3059 |
| 107 | 3060 | 30 | 3062 | 3064 | 3065 | 66 | 3067 | 068 |  |
| 108 | 3070 | 30 | 307 | 307 | 30 | 3076 | 3077 | 3078 |  |
| 109 | 30 | 308 | 30 | 30 | 3085 | 3086 | 3087 | 3088 | 3089 |
| 110 | 3090 | 3091 | 3092 | 3094 | 3095 | 96 | 7 | 3098 | 3099 |
| 111 | 3100 | 3101 | 31 | 3104 | 3105 | 3106 | 3107 | 3108 | 3109 |
| 112 | 3110 | 3111 | 31 | 31 | 3115 | 3116 | 17 | 3118 | 3119 |
| 113 | 312 | 31 | 3122 | 3124 | 3125 | 3126 | 3127 | 128 |  |
| 114 | 3130 | 31 | 313 | 31 | 31 | 3136 | 3137 | 3138 |  |
| 11 | 3140 | 314 | 3142 | 3144 | 3145 | 31 | 31 | 3148 |  |
| 116 | 3150 | 3151 | 3152 | 3154 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 117 | 3160 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 3165 | 3166 | 3167 | 68 |  |
| 118 | 3170 | 31 | 3172 | 3174 | 31 | 3176 | 77 | 178 | 3179 |
| 119 | 318 | 31 | 3182 | 31 | 31 | 3186 | 3187 | 3188 | 3189 |
| 120 | 319 | 31 | 3192 | 319 | 3195 | 3196 | 3197 | 3198 |  |
| 121 | 32 | 32 | 3202 | 3204 | 3205 | 3206 | 3207 | 3208 |  |
| 12 | 321 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 321 | 3218 |  |
| 12 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 3224 | 32 | 3226 | 32 |  |  |
| 12 | 323 | 32 | 3232 | 32 | 3235 | 32 | 3237 | 3238 | 3239 |
| 125 | 3240 | 3241 | 3242 | 3244 | 3245 | 3246 | 3247 | 3248 |  |
| 12 | 325 | 32 | 3252 | 3254 | 3255 | 3256 | 3257 | 3258 |  |
| 12 | 32 | 32 | 3262 | 32 | 3265 | 3266 | 3267 | 3268 | 3269 |
| 128 | 32 | 327 | 3272 | 3274 | 327 | 32 | 3277 | 327 | 3279 |
| 12 | 32 | 328 | 328 | 3284 | 32 | 32 | 3287 | 32 |  |
| 130 | 3290 | 3291 | 3292 | 3294 | 3295 | 3296 | 3297 | 3298 |  |
| 131 | 3300 | 3301 | 3302 | 3304 | 3305 | 3306 | 3307 | 3308 |  |
| 132 | 3310 | 33 | 33 | 3314 | 3315 | 3316 | 3317 | 3318 |  |
| 13 | 332 | 33 | 3322 | 3324 | 332 | 33 | 3327 | 3328 | 3329 |
| 13 | 333 | 333 | 3332 | 3334 | 333 | 33 | 33 | 3338 | 3339 |
| 13 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 3347 | 3348 | 3349 |
| 136 |  |  | 3352 | 3354 | 3355 | 3356 | 3357 | 3358 |  |
| 137 | 33 | 33 | 3362 | 3364 | 33 | 33 | 3367 | 3368 | 3369 |
| 138 | 337 | 33 | 3372 | 3374 | 33 | 33 | 3377 | 3378 | 3379 |
| 13 | 338 | 338 | 3382 | 3384 | 3385 | 338 | 33 | 3388 | 3389 |
| 140 | 33 | 339 | 3392 | 3394 | 339 | 33 | 3397 | 3398 | 3399 |
| 141 | 3400 | 34 | 3402 | 34 | 3405 | 3406 | 3407 | 3408 | 3409 |
| 142 | 34 | 34 | 34 | 34 | 3415 | 34 | 3417 | 18 | 3419 |
| 143 | 342 | 34 | 3422 | 3424 | 342 | 34 | 3427 | 34 | 3429 |
| 14 | 3430 | 3431 | 3432 | 3434 | 3435 | 3436 | 3437 | 3438 | 3439 |
| 145 | 3440 | 344 | 3442 | 3444 | 3445 | 3446 | 3447 | 3448 | 3449 |
| 146 | 3450 | 345 | 3452 | 3454 | 3455 |  |  | 588 |  |
| 147 | 346 | 34 | 3462 | 346 | 346 | 34 | 34 | 3468 | 3469 |
| 148 | 347 | 34 | 347 | 34 | 347 | 347 | 34 | 34 | 3479 |
| 149 | 3480 | 3481 | 3482 | 3484 | 3485 | 3486 | 3487 | 3488 | 348 |
| 150 | 349 | 349 | 349 | 34 | 3495 | 34 | 3497 | 34 | 3499 |


| $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \text { Data } \\ \text { No. } \end{array}$ | Posi- <br> tioning <br> identi- <br> fier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwelltime | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\overline{\text { igh- }}$ der |
|  | 3500 | 3501 | 3502 | 3504 | 3505 | 3506 | 3507 |  | 3509 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 3522 | 3524 | 3525 | 3526 |  |  | 29 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 3536 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3545 | 3546 | 47 | 48 |  |
| 156 | 3550 | 3551 |  | 3554 | 3555 | 3556 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 158 | 3570 | 35 | 3572 | 3574 | 3575 | 3576 | 3577 | 3578 | 579 |
| 159 |  | 3581 | 3582 | 3584 | 3585 | 3586 | 3587 | 3588 | 3589 |
| 160 | 359 | 3591 | 3592 | 3594 | 35 | 3596 | 3597 | 3598 |  |
|  |  | 3601 | 3602 | 3604 | 360 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 3622 |  |  |  | 3627 |  |  |
| 164 | 3630 | 3631 | 3632 | 3634 | 3635 | 3636 | 3637 |  | 3639 |
| 165 | 3640 | 3641 | 3642 | 3644 | 3645 | 3646 | 3647 | 3648 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 3654 | 3655 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 3664 | 3665 | 3666 | 3667 | 3668 | 3669 |
| 168 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 169 |  | 3681 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 170 | 36 | 36 | 3692 | 3694 | 3695 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3715 |  |  |  |  |
| 173 |  |  | 3722 | 3724 | 3725 |  | 3727 | 3728 |  |
| 17 |  | 3731 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 175 | 37 | 37 | 3742 | 3744 | 3745 | 3746 | 3747 |  |  |
| 176 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 179 |  | 3781 | 3782 | 3784 | 3785 | 3786 | 3787 | 3788 |  |
| 180 | 379 | 37 | 3792 | 3794 | 3795 | 37 | 3797 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 38 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | 384 | 384 | 38 |  | 38 | 38 | 3847 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 38 |  | 3874 |  | 3876 | 3877 |  | 3879 |
| 18 |  |  | 3882 |  |  | 3886 |  |  |  |
| 190 | 38 | 3891 | 3892 | 3894 | 3895 | 3896 | 3897 | 3898 | 389 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 192 | 3910 |  | 3912 |  | 3915 |  |  |  |  |
| 193 | 3920 | 39 | 3922 |  | 3925 |  |  |  |  |
| 194 |  | 3931 | 3932 | 3934 | 3935 | 3936 | 3937 | 3938 | 3939 |
| 195 | 3940 | 3941 | 3942 | 3944 | 3945 | 3946 | 3947 | 3948 | 3949 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 197 | 39 | 39 | 3962 | 3964 | 3965 | 3966 | 3967 |  |  |
| 198 | 39 | 39 | 39 | 3974 | 3975 | 3976 | 3977 | 3978 | 3979 |
| 199 | 39 | 398 | 3982 | 398 | 398 | 398 | 398 | 3988 | 3989 |
| 200 | 399 | 39 | 3992 | 3994 | 3995 | 39 | 3997 | 3998 | 3999 |

Appendix-3
(1) For axis 1

| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4000 | 400 | 4002 |  | 40 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 4 | 4 |  |  |  |  | 4028 |  |
|  |  | 4 | 40 | 4034 | 4 | 4 | 4037 | 8 | 4039 |
| 205 | 4040 | 404 | 4042 | 40 | 4045 | 40 | 4047 | 4048 | 4049 |
|  |  | 40 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4060 | 4 | 4 |  |  |  |  | 4068 |  |
| 208 |  |  | 4072 |  |  |  | 4077 | 4078 | 4079 |
| 20 | 4 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 4 | 4086 | 7 | 8 | 4089 |
| 21 |  | 40 | 4092 | 40 | 40 |  | 40 | 8 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 213 |  | 4 | 4 |  |  |  | 4127 | 8 | 4129 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 217 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4169 |
| 218 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 4 | 4191 |  |  |  |  | 4197 | 4198 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4219 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 |  |  |  |  | 4 |  | 4247 | 4248 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4269 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  | 4288 | 4289 |
| 23 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 4 | 42 | 42 | 4298 | 4299 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  | 4 | 4334 | 4 | 4336 | 4 | 4338 | 9 |
| 23 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4346 | 4347 | 4348 | 4349 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4379 |
| 239 |  |  |  |  | 4385 | 4386 | 4387 | 4388 | 4389 |
| 24 | 4390 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4397 | 4398 | 4399 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 243 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4428 | 4429 |
| 244 |  |  |  |  |  | 4436 | 4437 |  | 4439 |
| 2 | 44 | 4 | 4 | 44 | 4 | 44 | 444 | 4448 | 4449 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  | 4468 | 4469 |
| 248 |  | 44 | 4 |  |  | 4476 | 44 | 4478 | 4479 |
| 249 | 4480 | 448 | 44 | 44 | 448 | 44 | 44 | 4488 | 4489 |
| 250 | 4490 | 449 | 4492 | 449 | 449 | 449 | 4497 | 449 | 4499 |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Data } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Positioning identi-$\qquad$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Dwell } \\ \text { time } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Low- } \\ \text { orddor } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|} \text { Higd- } \\ \text { order } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | -ow- rrder | High- |
|  | 00 | 4501 | 4502 | 4504 | 4505 | 4506 | 07 | 4508 | 4509 |
| 25 | 4510 | 4511 | 4512 | 4514 | 15 | 4516 | 17 | 8 | 4519 |
| 253 | 4520 | 45 | 4522 | 45 | 4525 | 45 | 45 | 28 | 4529 |
| 254 | 4530 | 4531 | 453 | 45 | 4535 | 4536 | 4537 | 8 | 4539 |
| 255 | 4540 | 4541 | 4542 | 4544 | 4545 | 4546 | 4547 | 4548 | 4549 |
| 256 | 4550 | 4551 | 4552 | 4554 | 4555 | 4556 | 4557 | 4558 | 4559 |
| 257 | 4560 | 4561 | 4562 | 4564 | 45 | 4566 | 4567 | 4568 | 4569 |
| 258 | 4570 | 4571 | 45 | 4574 | 45 | 45 | 4577 | 4578 | 4579 |
| 25 | 458 | 45 | 45 | 4584 | 4585 | 4586 | 4587 | 8 |  |
| 260 | 4590 | 459 | 4592 | 459 | 4595 | 45 | 45 | 4598 |  |
| 26 | 4600 | 4601 | 4602 | 4604 | 46 | 4606 | 4607 | 4608 |  |
| 262 | 4610 | 4611 | 46 | 46 | 4615 | 4616 | 4617 | 8 | 4619 |
| 263 | 46 | 46 | 46 | 4624 | 4625 | 46 | 4627 | 4628 | 4629 |
| 26 | 4630 | 46 | 46 | 46 | 4635 | 4636 | 4637 | 4638 | 4639 |
| 265 | 4640 | 464 | 4642 | 46 | 4645 | 4646 | 46 | 4648 |  |
| 26 | 4650 | 46 | 46 | 4654 | 4655 | 46 | 4657 | 88 |  |
| 267 | 4660 | 4661 | 4662 | 4664 | 4665 | 4666 | 4667 |  |  |
| 268 | 4670 | 4671 | 46 | 4674 | 75 | 4676 | 4677 | 4678 | 4679 |
| 269 | 46 | 46 | 46 | 4684 | 4685 | 468 | 4687 | 4688 | 4689 |
| 270 | 4690 | 4691 | 4692 | 4694 | 4695 | 4696 | 4697 | 4698 | 4699 |
| 271 | 4700 | 4701 | 4702 | 4704 | 4705 | 4706 | 4707 | 4708 | 4709 |
| 27 | 47 | 47 | 47 | 4714 | 4715 | 4716 | 4717 | 4718 | 471 |
| 273 | 4720 | 4721 | 47 | 4724 | 4725 | 4726 | 4727 | 4728 |  |
| 274 | 4730 |  | 4732 | 4734 | 4735 | 4736 | 47 | 4738 |  |
| 275 | 4740 | 4741 | 4742 | 47 | 4745 | 4746 | 4747 | 4748 |  |
| 276 | 4750 |  |  |  | 55 | 4756 |  |  |  |
| 277 | 4760 | 4761 | 4762 | 4764 | 4765 | 4766 | 4767 | 4768 | 4769 |
| 27 | 4770 | 47 | 47 | 4774 | 47 | 4776 | 4777 | 4778 | 47 |
| 27 | 4780 | 4781 | 47 | 4784 | 478 | 4786 | 4787 | 4788 | 4789 |
| 280 | 4790 | 479 | 47 | 47 | 4795 | 47 | 47 | 4798 | 4799 |
| 281 | 4800 |  | 4802 | 4804 | 4805 | 4806 | 4807 | 4808 |  |
| 282 | 4810 | 4811 | 4812 |  | 4815 | 4816 | 4817 | 4818 | 4819 |
| 283 | 4820 | 48 | 48 | 48 | 4825 | 482 | 48 |  | 4829 |
| 284 | 4830 | 48 | 483 | 48 | 483 | 4836 | 48 | 4838 | 4839 |
| 285 | 4840 | 4841 | 4842 | 48 | 484 | 48 | 48 | 4848 | 48 |
| 286 | 4850 |  |  | 4854 | 4855 | 4856 | 4857 |  | 4859 |
| 287 | 4860 |  | 48 | 4864 | 48 | 4866 | 4867 | 4868 | 4869 |
| 288 | 4870 | 487 | 487 | 4874 | 4875 | 48 | 48 | 4878 | 4879 |
| 289 | 4880 | 4881 | 4882 | 4884 | 4885 | 4886 | 4887 | 4888 | 4889 |
| 290 | 4890 | 4891 | 4892 | 4894 | 4895 | 4896 | 489 | 48 | 4899 |
| 29 | 4900 |  |  |  | 4905 |  |  |  |  |
| 292 | 4910 | 4911 | 49 | 49 | 4915 | 4 | 4917 | 4918 | 4919 |
| 293 | 49 | 4921 | 49 | 49 | 4925 | 49 | 4927 | 4928 | 4929 |
| 29 | 493 | 49 | 49 | 49 | 4935 | 49 | 49 | 4938 | 4939 |
| 295 | 4940 | 4941 | 4942 | 4944 | 4945 | 4946 | 4947 | 4948 | 4949 |
| 96 | 4950 | 495 | 49 | 49 | 4955 | 49 | 4957 | 4958 | 4959 |
| 29 | 4960 | 496 | 4962 | 4964 | 4965 | 49 | 4967 | 4968 | 4969 |
| 298 | 497 | 49 | 497 | 497 | 497 | 497 | 49 | 4978 | 49 |
| 29 | 4980 | 498 | 4982 | 498 | 4985 | 4986 | 498 | 4988 | 49 |
| 300 | 4990 | 499 | 4992 | 499 | 499 | 4996 | 499 | 49 | 4999 |

(1) For axis 1

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Data } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Posi-tioningidenti-fier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \hline \text { Dwell } \\ \text { time } \end{array}$ | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Sow- } \\ \text { Lorder } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ow- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \hline \text { reder } \end{aligned}$ |
| 301 | 00 | 50 | 5002 | 5004 | 5005 | 5006 | 5007 | 5008 | 5009 |
| 302 | 5010 | 5011 | 5012 | 5014 | 5015 | 5016 | 5017 | 5018 | 5019 |
| 303 | 5020 | 5021 | 5022 | 5024 | 5025 | 5026 | 5027 | 5028 | 29 |
| 304 | 5030 | 5031 | 32 | 5034 | 5035 | 5036 | 5037 | 38 | 5039 |
| 305 | 5040 | 5041 | 5042 | 5044 | 5045 | 5046 | 5047 | 5048 | 49 |
| 306 | 5050 | 5051 | 5052 | 5054 | 5055 | 5056 | 5057 | 5058 |  |
| 307 | 50 | 50 | 5062 | 5064 | 50 | 5066 | 5067 | 5068 | 5069 |
| 308 | 50 | 5071 | 50 | 5074 | 5075 | 5076 | 5077 | 5078 | 5079 |
| 309 | 5080 | 5081 | 50 | 5084 | 5085 | 50 | 5087 | 5088 | 89 |
| 310 | 5090 | 5091 | 50 | 50 | 5095 | 5096 | 5097 | 5098 | 9 |
| 311 | 5100 | 5101 | 5102 | 5104 | 5105 | 5106 | 5107 | 5108 | 5109 |
| 312 | 5110 | 5111 | 5112 | 5114 | 5115 | 5116 | 5117 | 5118 |  |
| 313 | 5120 | 5121 | 51 | 5124 | 5125 | 5126 | 5127 | 28 |  |
| 314 | 513 | 5131 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 5138 | 39 |
| 315 | 5140 | 5141 | 5142 | 5144 | 5145 | 5146 | 5147 | 48 | 5149 |
| 316 | 5150 | 5151 | 5152 | 5154 |  | 5156 | 5157 | 5158 |  |
| 317 | 5160 | 5161 | 5 | 5164 | 5165 | 5166 | 5167 | 5168 | 5169 |
| 318 | 5170 | 51 | 5172 | 51 | 51 | 5176 | 517 | 5178 | 5179 |
| 319 | 5180 | 5181 | 5182 | 5184 | 5185 | 5186 | 518 | 5188 |  |
| 20 | 5190 | 5191 | 5192 | 5194 | 51 |  | 7 |  |  |
| 321 | 5200 | 5201 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 322 | 52 | 5211 | 5212 | 5214 | 52 | 5216 | 17 | 5218 |  |
| 32 | 52 | 52 | 5222 | 52 | 5225 | 52 | 5227 | 5228 | 29 |
| 32 | 523 | 52 | 5232 | 523 | 52 | 5236 | 52 | 5238 | 5239 |
| 325 | 5240 | 5241 | 5242 | 5244 | 5245 | 52 | 52 | 52 |  |
| 326 | 5250 | 5251 | 5252 | 5254 | 5255 | 5256 | 5257 | 5258 |  |
| 327 | 526 | 52 | 5262 | 526 | 52 | 5266 | 526 | 52 | 5269 |
| 328 | 52 | 5271 | 5272 | 52 | 52 | 52 | 52 | 5278 |  |
| 329 | 52 | 52 | 5282 | 5284 | 5285 | 52 | 5287 | 88 | 89 |
| 330 | 5290 | 5291 | 5292 | 5294 | 5295 | 5296 | 5297 | 5298 | 9 |
| 331 | 5300 | 5301 | 5302 | 5304 | 5305 | 5306 | 5307 |  |  |
| 332 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 5314 | 5315 | 5316 | 5317 | 5318 |  |
| 333 | 532 | 53 | 5322 | 5324 | 5325 | 53 | 5327 | 53 | 5329 |
| 334 | 53 | 5331 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 533 | 5338 |  |
| 33 | 5340 | 5341 | 5342 | 5344 | 5345 | 5346 | 5347 | 534 | 5349 |
|  |  | 5351 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 337 | 5360 | 61 | 5362 | 5364 | 65 | 5366 | 5367 |  |  |
| 338 | 53 | 5371 | 5372 | 53 | 5375 | 53 | 5377 | 5378 | 5379 |
| 339 | 538 | 538 | 5382 | 5384 | 5385 | 53 | 538 | 5388 | 9 |
| 340 | 53 | 53 | 539 | 53 | 53 | 5396 | 5397 | 5398 | 5399 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 5406 | 5407 |  | 5409 |
| 342 | 54 | 5411 | 5412 | 5414 | 5415 | 416 | 54 | 5418 | 9 |
| 343 | 5420 | 5421 | 5422 | 5424 | 5425 | 5426 | 5427 | 5428 | 5429 |
| 344 | 5430 | 431 | 5432 | 5434 | 5435 | 54 | 54 | 5438 | 5439 |
| 345 | 40 | 5441 | 5442 | 5444 | 5445 | 5446 | 5447 | 5448 | 5449 |
|  | 54 |  | 54 | 5454 | 5455 | 5456 | 5457 | 5458 |  |
| 347 | 54 | 5461 | 5462 | 54 | 54 | 5 | 54 | 5468 | 5469 |
| 348 | 5470 | 5471 | 5472 | 5474 | 5475 | 5476 | 5477 | 5478 | 5479 |
| 349 | 5480 | 5481 | 5482 | 5484 | 5485 | 5486 | 5487 | 54 | 89 |
| 350 | 549 | 5491 | 5492 | 5494 | 5495 | 5496 | 5497 | 5498 | 5499 |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Data } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Positioning identi-$\qquad$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \text { Dwell } \\ \text { time } \end{array}$ | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc dat |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Low- } \\ \text { orddor } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|} \text { Higd- } \\ \text { order } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | High- |
|  | 5500 | 5501 | 5502 | 5504 | 5505 | 5506 | 5507 | 5508 | 5509 |
| 35 | 5510 | 5511 | 5512 | 5514 | 15 | 16 | 517 | 8 |  |
| 353 | 20 | 55 | 5522 | 5524 | 5525 | 26 | 527 | 28 | 5529 |
| 354 | 5530 | 55 | 553 | 55 | 5535 | 55 | 55 | 8 | 5539 |
| 355 | 5540 | 5541 | 5542 | 5544 | 5545 | 5546 | 5547 | 5548 | 5549 |
| 356 | 5550 | 5551 | 5552 | 5554 | 5555 | 5556 | 5557 | 5558 | 5559 |
| 357 | 5560 | 5561 | 5562 | 5564 | 5565 | 5566 | 5567 | 5568 | 5569 |
| 358 | 5570 | 5571 | 55 | 5574 | 5575 | 55 | 5577 | 5578 |  |
| 35 | 5580 | 55 | 55 | 5584 | 5585 | 86 | 5587 | 88 |  |
| 360 | 5590 | 559 | 5592 | 5594 | 5595 | 55 | 55 | 5598 |  |
| 36 | 5600 | 5601 | 5602 | 5604 | 5605 | 5606 | 5607 | 5608 |  |
| 362 | 5610 | 5611 | 56 | 56 | 56 | 56 | 5617 | 5618 | 5619 |
| 363 | 5620 | 56 | 56 | 5624 | 5625 | 5626 | 56 | 5628 | 5629 |
| 364 | 5630 | 56 | 56 | 56 | 5635 | 5636 | 563 | 56 | 5639 |
| 365 | 5640 | 5641 | 5642 | 56 | 5645 | 5646 | 564 | 5648 |  |
| 36 | 5650 | 5651 | 5652 | 5654 | 55 | 5656 | 5657 | 58 |  |
| 36 | 5660 | 5661 | 5662 | 5664 | 5665 | 5666 | 5667 |  |  |
| 368 | 5670 | 56 | 567 | 5674 | 75 | 56 | 56 | 5678 | 5679 |
| 369 | 5680 | 56 | 56 | 56 | 5685 | 5686 | 5687 | 5688 | 5689 |
| 370 | 5690 | 5691 | 5692 | 5694 | 5695 | 5696 | 5697 | 5698 | 569 |
| 371 | 5700 | 5701 | 5702 | 5704 | 5705 | 5706 | 5707 | 5708 | 5709 |
| 372 | 5710 | 5711 | 5712 | 5714 | 5715 | 5716 | 5717 | 5718 |  |
| 37 | 572 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 5726 | 5727 | 5728 |  |
| 37 | 5730 | 57 | 5732 | 5734 | 5735 | 57 | 5737 | 5738 |  |
| 375 | 5740 | 5741 | 5742 | 57 | 5745 | 5746 | 5747 | 57 |  |
| 376 | 5750 |  |  |  | 5 | 5756 |  |  |  |
| 37 | 5760 | 5761 | 5762 | 5764 | 57 | 5766 | 5767 | 5768 | 5769 |
| 378 | 5770 | 5771 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 5776 | 57 | 5778 |  |
| 37 | 5780 | 57 | 578 | 5784 | 57 | 57 | 5787 | 5788 | 5789 |
| 380 | 5790 | 5791 | 5792 | 5794 | 5795 | 5796 | 57 | 5798 |  |
| 381 |  |  |  | 5804 | 5805 | 5806 |  |  |  |
| 382 | 5810 | 5811 | 12 | 5814 | 5815 | 5816 | 5817 | 5818 | 5819 |
| 383 | 5820 | 58 | 5822 | 582 | 5825 | 582 | 5827 | 8 | 5829 |
| 38 | 5830 | 5831 | 583 | 5834 | 58 | 5836 | 58 | 5838 | 5839 |
| 385 | 5840 | 5841 | 5842 | 58 | 584 | 5846 | 5847 | 5848 |  |
| 386 |  |  |  |  | 5855 |  |  |  |  |
| 387 | 5860 | 58 | 58 | 58 | 5865 | 5866 | 5867 | 5868 | 5869 |
| 38 | 58 | 58 | 58 | 58 | 5875 | 58 | 58 | 5878 | 5879 |
| 389 | 5880 | 588 | 5882 | 5884 | 5885 | 5886 | 5887 | 5888 | 5889 |
| 390 | 5890 | 5891 | 5892 | 5894 | 589 | 589 | 589 | 58 | 5899 |
| 391 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 392 | 5910 | 5911 | 59 | 5914 | 5915 | 5916 | 5917 | 5918 | 5919 |
| 393 | 5920 | 59 | 59 | 59 | 5925 | 59 | 59 | 5928 | 5929 |
| 39 | 593 | 59 | 593 | 59 | 5935 | 59 | 59 | 5938 | 5939 |
| 395 | 5940 | 5941 | 5942 | 5944 | 5945 | 5946 | 5947 | 5948 | 5949 |
| 396 | 50 | 5951 | 5952 | 59 | 5955 | 5956 | 5957 | 5958 | 5959 |
| 397 | 5960 | 596 | 5962 | 5964 | 5965 | 59 | 5967 | 5968 | 5969 |
| 398 | 597 | 59 | 5972 | 597 | 5975 | 5976 | 59 | 59 | 5979 |
| 39 | 59 | 598 | 5982 | 598 | 598 | 598 | 598 | 5988 | 5989 |
| 400 | 5990 | 599 | 5992 | 599 | 599 | 5996 | 599 | 5998 | 5999 |

(1) For axis 1

| $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \text { Data } \\ \text { No. } \end{array}$ | Posi- <br> tioning <br> identi- <br> fier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Dwell } \\ \text { time } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Command } \\ \text { speed } \end{gathered}$ |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { Lorder } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \\ \hline \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Highorder |
| 401 | 6000 | 60 | 6002 | 6004 | 6005 | 6006 | 6007 | 8 | 6009 |
| 402 | 6010 | 6011 | 601 | 6014 | 60 | 6016 | 6017 | 8 | 6019 |
| 403 | 6020 | 60 | 22 | 6024 | 6025 | 6026 | 27 | 8 | 60 |
| 40 | 6030 | 6031 | 6032 | 6034 | 6035 | 6036 | 6037 | 38 | 6039 |
| 405 | 6040 | 6041 | 6042 | 6044 | 6045 | 6046 | 6047 | 6048 | 6049 |
| 40 | 6050 | 6051 | 60 | 6054 | 6055 | 6056 | 6057 | 8 |  |
| 407 | 6060 | 6061 | 6062 | 6064 | 65 | 6066 | 6067 | 8 | 6069 |
| 408 | 6070 | 60 | 607 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 6077 | 6078 | 6079 |
| 40 | 6080 | 60 | 608 | 60 | 60 | 608 | 60 | 88 | 6089 |
| 410 | 6090 | 6091 | 6092 | 6094 | 6095 | 6096 | 609 | 6098 | 6099 |
| 41 | 6100 | 61 | 6102 | 6104 | 105 | 6106 | 6107 | 6108 | 6109 |
| 41 | 6110 | 6111 | 6112 | 6114 | 15 | 6116 | 6117 | 8 | 6119 |
| 413 | 61 | 6121 | 6 | 6124 | 6125 | 6126 | 6127 | 6128 | 6129 |
| 414 | 613 | 61 | 61 | 61 | 6135 | 6136 | 61 | 38 | 6139 |
| 41 | 6140 | 61 | 6142 | 6144 | 6145 | 6146 | 6147 | 48 | 6149 |
|  | 6150 | 6151 | 6152 | 6154 | 6155 | 6156 | 6157 | 6158 | 6159 |
| 417 | 6160 | 6161 | 61 | 6164 | 6165 | 6166 | 6167 | 6168 | 6169 |
| 418 | 6170 | 6171 | 61 | 6174 | 6175 | 6176 | 6177 | 6178 | 6179 |
| 419 | 6180 | 618 | 61 | 6184 | 6185 |  | 6187 |  | 6189 |
| 420 | 6190 | 6191 | 6192 | 6194 | 6195 | 6196 | 6197 | 6198 | 6199 |
| 421 | 6200 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 6210 | 62 | 62 | 6214 | 6215 | 6216 | 6217 | 6218 | 62 |
| 423 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 6228 | 6229 |
| 42 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 6236 | 6237 | 6238 | 6239 |
| 425 | 6240 | 6241 | 6242 | 6244 | 624 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 6249 |
| 42 | 6250 | 62 | 6252 | 6254 | 6255 | 6256 |  |  |  |
| 427 | 6260 | 62 | 6262 | 62 | 6265 | 62 | 62 | 6268 | 6269 |
| 428 | 62 | 62 | 627 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 6277 | 78 | 6279 |
| 42 |  | 62 | 628 | 62 | 6285 | 6286 | 62 | 6288 | 6289 |
| 430 | 6290 | 6291 | 6292 | 6294 | 6295 | 6296 | 6297 | 6298 | 629 |
| 43 | 6300 | 6301 | 6302 |  | 6305 | 6306 |  |  | 6309 |
| 43 | 63 | 6311 | 63 | 6314 | 6315 | 6316 | 6317 | 6318 | 6319 |
| 433 | 6320 | 63 | 632 | 632 | 6325 | 63 | 63 | 6328 | 6329 |
| 434 | 6330 | 63 | 6332 | 633 | 6335 | 6336 | 6337 | 6338 | 6339 |
| 435 | 6340 | 6341 | 6342 | 6344 | 6345 | 6346 | 6347 | 6348 | 63 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6359 |
| 437 | 6360 | 6361 | 636 | 6364 | 65 | 6366 | 6367 | 6368 | 6369 |
| 43 | 6370 | 6371 | 63 | 63 | 6375 | 6376 | 63 | 63 | 637 |
| 439 | 6380 | 63 | 63 | 6384 | 63 | 6386 | 6387 | 6388 | 6389 |
| 44 | 639 | 639 | 63 | 63 | 63 | 63 | 63 | 6398 | 6399 |
| 441 | 6400 |  |  |  | 6405 | 6406 |  | 408 | 6409 |
| 442 | 6410 | 64 | 6412 | 64 | 6415 | 6416 | 64 | 6418 | 6419 |
| 443 | 6420 | 64 | 6422 | 6424 | 6425 | 642 | 6427 |  | 42 |
| 444 | 6430 | 6431 | 6432 | 6434 | 6435 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 |
| 445 | 40 | 6441 | 6442 | 6444 | 6445 | 64 | 64 | 6448 | 6449 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 6455 |  |  |  | 6459 |
| 447 | 6460 | 646 | 64 | 646 | 6465 | 64 | 64 | 6468 | 646 |
| 448 | 6470 | 647 | 6472 | 6474 | 6475 | 647 | 64 | 6478 | 647 |
| 449 | 6480 | 6481 | 6482 | 6484 | 6485 | 648 | 648 | 648 | 6489 |
| 450 | 6490 | 6491 | 6492 | 6494 | 6495 | 6496 | 6497 | 6498 | 6499 |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Data } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { Posi- } \\ \text { tioning } \\ \text { identi- } \\ \text { fier } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc dat |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { ordd } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { or } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\overline{w-}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { igh- } \\ & \text { rder } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 65 | 6501 | 6502 | 04 | 05 | 6506 | 6507 |  | 509 |
|  | 6510 | 6511 | 6512 | 6514 | 6515 | 16 | 6517 | 6518 | 6519 |
| 453 | 65 | 65 | 6522 | 6524 | 6525 | 6526 | 6527 | 28 | 6529 |
| 454 | 65 | 65 | 6532 | 6534 | 6535 | 6536 | 6537 | 6538 | 6539 |
| 455 | 6540 | 6541 | 6542 | 6544 | 6545 | 6546 | 6547 | 6548 | 6549 |
| 456 | 6550 | 6551 | 6552 | 6554 | 6555 | 6556 | 6557 | 6558 |  |
| 457 | 6560 | 6561 | 6562 | 6564 | 6565 | 6566 | 6567 | 6568 | 6569 |
| 458 | 6570 | 65 | 6572 | 6574 | 65 | 6576 | 6577 | 6578 |  |
| 459 | 65 | 65 | 658 | 6584 | 6585 | 6586 | 587 | 88 |  |
| 460 | 659 | 6591 | 659 | 6594 | 659 | 6596 | 6597 | 6598 |  |
| 461 | 6600 | 6601 | 6602 | 6604 | 6605 | 6606 | 6607 |  |  |
| 462 | 6610 | 6611 | 6612 | 66 | 66 | 6616 | 6617 | 6618 | 6619 |
| 463 | 662 | 66 | 6622 | 6624 | 6625 | 6626 | 6627 | 6628 | 6629 |
| 464 | 6630 | 66 | 66 | 66 | 66 | 66 | 66 | 6638 | 6639 |
| 46 | 66 | 66 | 66 | 664 | 66 | 66 | 6647 | 6648 |  |
| 46 | 6650 | 66 | 6652 | 6654 | 6655 | 6656 | 6657 |  |  |
| 467 | 6660 | 6661 | 6662 | 6664 | 6665 | 6666 | 6667 |  |  |
| 468 | 6670 | 6671 | 6672 | 6674 | 6675 | 6676 | 6677 |  | 6679 |
| 469 | 66 | 66 | 66 | 6684 | 66 | 6686 | 6687 | 6688 | 6689 |
| 470 | 669 | 669 | 669 | 6694 | 6695 | 6696 | 6697 | 66 |  |
| 471 | 6700 | 6701 | 6702 | 6704 | 6705 | 6706 | 6707 | 6708 | 6709 |
| 47 | 6710 | 6711 | 6712 | 6714 | 6715 | 6716 | 6717 | 6718 |  |
| 473 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 6724 | 6725 | 6726 | 6727 |  |  |
| 474 | 6730 | 6731 | 6732 | 6734 | 67 | 67 | 6737 |  |  |
| 475 | 674 | 6741 | 6742 | 6744 | 6745 | 6746 | 6747 | 6748 |  |
| 476 |  |  | 6752 | 6754 | 6755 |  |  |  |  |
| 477 | 6760 | 67 | 67 | 6764 | 6765 | 6766 | 6767 | 6768 |  |
| 478 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 6774 | 6775 | 6776 | 6777 | 6778 |  |
| 479 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 6784 | 67 | 67 | 6787 | 6788 | 6789 |
| 480 | 679 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 6796 | 6797 | 6798 |  |
| 481 |  |  | 6802 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 482 | 68 | 6811 | 6812 | 6814 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 6818 |  |
| 483 | 68 | 68 | 682 | 6824 | 682 | 68 | 7 | 6828 | 6829 |
| 484 | 68 | 68 | 68 | 6834 | 6835 | 6836 | 6837 | 6838 |  |
| 485 | 684 | 68 | 68 | 6844 | 68 | 68 | 7 | 6848 |  |
| 486 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 487 | 68 |  | 686 | 6864 | 6865 | 68 | 68 | 6868 | 6869 |
| 48 | 68 | 68 | 68 | 6874 | 68 | 68 | 68 | 6878 | 6879 |
| 489 | 688 | 688 | 6882 | 6884 | 6885 | 68 | 6887 | 6888 | 6889 |
| 490 | 6890 | 6891 | 6892 | 689 | 689 | 689 | 689 | 68 | 6899 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 492 | 69 | 69 | 6912 | 6914 | 6915 | 6916 | 6917 | 6918 | 6919 |
| 493 | 69 | 69 | 6922 | 6924 | 69 | 69 | 6927 | 6928 | 6929 |
| 494 | 69 | 69 | 69 | 6934 | 69 | 69 | 6937 | 6938 | 6939 |
| 495 | 694 | 6941 | 6942 | 6944 | 694 | 6946 | 6947 | 6948 | 6949 |
| 496 | 695 | 6951 | 6952 | 6954 | 6955 |  | 6957 |  | 959 |
| 497 | 696 | 69 | 6962 | 6964 | 6965 | 6966 | 6967 |  |  |
| 498 | 6970 | 69 | 69 | 697 | 697 | 69 | 697 | 6978 | 69 |
| 499 | 698 | 69 | 6982 | 6984 | 698 | 69 | 69 | 6988 | 69 |
| 500 | 699 | 699 | 6992 | 699 | 699 | 699 | 699 | 69 | 6999 |

(1) For axis 1

| DataNo | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Posi- } \\ \text { tioning } \\ \text { identi- } \\ \text { fier } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Dwell } \\ \text { time } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|} \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Command } \\ \text { speed } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { Lorder } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \\ \hline \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ |
| 501 | 7000 | 70 | 7002 | 7004 | 7005 | 7006 | 7007 | 8 | 7009 |
| 502 | 7010 | 7011 | 7012 | 7014 | 7015 | 7016 | 7017 | 7018 | 7019 |
| 503 | 7020 | 7021 | 7022 | 7024 | 7025 | 7026 | 027 | 7028 | 7029 |
| 504 | 7030 | 70 | 7032 | 34 | 7035 | 7036 | 7037 | 38 | 7039 |
| 505 | 7040 | 7041 | 7042 | 7044 | 7045 | 7046 | 7047 | 7048 | 7049 |
| 506 | 50 | 705 | 70 | 7054 | 7055 | 70 | 7057 | 58 |  |
| 50 | 7060 | 70 | 7062 | 7064 | 7065 | 7066 | 7067 | 68 | 7069 |
| 50 | 7070 | 7071 | 7072 | 7074 | 7075 | 70 | 7077 | 8 | 7079 |
| 50 | 7080 | 7081 | 708 | 70 | 7085 | 7086 | 7087 | 7088 | 7089 |
| 510 | 7090 | 7091 | 7092 | 7094 | 7095 | 7096 | 709 | 70 | 7099 |
| 51 | 7100 | 7101 | 7102 | 7104 | 7105 | 7106 | 7107 | 7108 |  |
| 512 | 7110 | 7111 | 7112 | 7114 | 7115 | 7116 | 7117 | 18 |  |
| 51 | 7120 | 71 | 712 | 7124 | 7125 | 7126 | 7127 | 128 | 7129 |
| 51 | 7130 | 71 | 7132 | 71 | 7135 | 71 | 7137 | 38 | 7139 |
| 515 | 7140 | 7141 | 7142 | 7144 | 7145 | 7146 | 7147 | 48 | 7149 |
| 516 | 7150 | 7151 | 7152 | 7154 | 7155 | 7156 | 7157 | 7158 | 7159 |
| 51 | 7160 | 7161 | 71 | 7164 | 7165 | 7166 | 7167 | 7168 | 7169 |
| 51 | 7170 | 7171 | 717 | 7174 | 71 | 7176 | 7177 | 7178 | 7179 |
| 51 | 7180 | 71 | 718 | 7184 | 7185 |  | 7187 |  |  |
| 520 | 7190 | 7191 | 7192 | 7194 | 7195 | 7196 | 7 |  | 7199 |
| 52 | 7200 | 7201 | 7202 | 7204 | 7205 |  |  |  |  |
| 522 | 7210 | 7211 | 7212 | 7214 | 7215 | 7216 | 7217 | 7218 | 7219 |
| 52 | 72 | 72 | 7222 | 7224 | 7225 | 72 | 7227 | 7228 | 7229 |
| 52 | 723 | 723 | 723 | 723 | 7235 | 72 | 72 | 7238 | 7239 |
| 525 | 7240 | 7241 | 7242 | 7244 | 724 | 724 | 72 | 7248 | 7249 |
| 52 | 7250 | 72 | 7252 | 7254 | 7255 | 7256 | 7257 |  |  |
| 52 | 7260 | 726 | 7262 | 7264 | 7265 | 7266 | 7267 | 268 | 7269 |
| 528 | 7270 | 72 | 7272 | 7274 | 7275 | 7276 | 7277 | 7278 | 7279 |
| 529 | 728 | 728 | 728 | 72 | 7285 | 7286 | 7287 | 88 | 28 |
| 530 | 7290 | 7291 | 7292 | 7294 | 7295 | 7296 | 729 | 7298 | 7299 |
| 531 | 7300 | 7301 | 7302 | 7304 | 7305 | 7306 | 7307 | 7308 | 7309 |
| 532 | 7310 | 73 | 73 | 7314 | 731 | 7316 | 7317 | 7318 | 7319 |
| 533 | 7320 | 732 | 7322 | 732 | 7325 | 7326 | 7327 | 7328 | 732 |
| 53 | 7330 | 73 | 7332 | 7334 | 7335 | 7336 | 7337 | 7338 | 7339 |
| 535 | 7340 | 7341 | 7342 | 7344 | 7345 | 7346 | 7347 | 7348 | 7349 |
| 536 | 7350 | 7351 | 7352 | 7354 | 7355 | 7356 |  |  | 7359 |
| 537 | 7360 | 73 | 7362 | 73 | 7365 | 7366 | 7367 | 8 | 36 |
| 538 | 7370 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 7378 | 73 |
| 53 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 738 | 7385 | 73 | 73 | 7388 | 7389 |
| 540 | 739 | 739 | 73 | 73 | 739 | 73 | 73 | 7398 | 7399 |
| 541 | 7400 |  |  |  | 7405 | 7406 |  | 7408 | 7409 |
| 542 | 7410 | 74 | 7412 | 7414 | 7415 | 7416 | 7417 | 7418 | 7419 |
| 543 | 7420 | 7421 | 7422 | 7424 | 7425 | 7426 | 7427 |  | 7429 |
| 54 |  | 743 | 7432 | 7434 | 7435 | 743 | 7437 | 74 | 74 |
| 54 | 7440 | 7441 | 7442 | 7444 | 7445 | 7446 | 7447 | 7448 | 7449 |
| 546 | 7450 |  | 7452 | 7454 | 7455 | 7456 |  |  | 7459 |
| 547 | 7460 | 7461 | 7462 | 746 | 7465 | 7466 | 74 | 7468 | 746 |
| 548 | 7470 | 747 | 7472 | 7474 | 7475 | 747 | 747 | 7478 | 747 |
| 549 | 7480 | 7481 | 7482 | 7484 | 7485 | 7486 | 748 | 748 | 7489 |
| 550 | 7490 | 7491 | 7492 | 7494 | 7495 | 7496 | 7497 | 7498 | 7499 |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Data } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Posi- <br> tioning <br> identi- <br> fier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Dwell } \\ \text { time } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc dat |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Low- } \\ \text { orddor } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|} \text { Higd- } \\ \text { order } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Heghn } \\ & \text { roder } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 00 | 75 | 7502 | 7504 | 7505 | 506 | 7507 | 7508 | 7509 |
| 552 | 7510 | 7511 | 7512 | 7514 | 515 | 16 | 7517 | 8 |  |
| 553 | 7520 | 75 | 7522 | 7524 | 7525 | 7526 | 7527 | 28 | 7529 |
| 554 | 7530 | 75 | 7532 | 75 | 7535 | 75 | 75 | 8 | 7539 |
| 555 | 7540 | 7541 | 7542 | 7544 | 7545 | 7546 | 7547 | 7548 | 7549 |
| 556 | 7550 | 7551 | 7552 | 7554 | 7555 | 7556 | 7557 | 7558 |  |
| 557 | 7560 | 7561 | 7562 | 7564 | 756 | 7566 | 7567 | 7568 | 7569 |
| 558 | 7570 | 7571 | 75 | 7574 | 7575 | 7576 | 7577 | 7578 |  |
| 559 | 7580 | 75 | 7582 | 7584 | 7585 | 7586 | 7587 | 88 |  |
| 560 | 7590 | 759 | 7592 | 7594 | 7595 | 75 | 75 | 7598 |  |
| 56 | 7600 | 7601 | 7602 | 7604 | 7605 | 7606 | 7607 | 7608 |  |
| 562 | 7610 | 7611 | 7612 | 7614 | 7615 | 76 | 7617 | 7618 | 7619 |
| 563 | 7620 | 76 | 7622 | 7624 | 7625 | 7626 | 27 | 7628 | 7629 |
| 56 | 7630 | 76 | 76 | 7634 | 7635 | 7636 | 7637 | 7638 | 7639 |
| 565 | 7640 | 7641 | 7642 | 7644 | 7645 | 7646 | 76 | 7648 |  |
| 56 | 7650 | 7651 | 7652 | 7654 | 7655 | 76 | 7657 | 88 |  |
| 567 | 7660 | 7661 | 7662 | 7664 | 7665 | 7666 | 7667 |  |  |
| 56 | 7670 | 7671 | 76 | 7674 | 7675 | 7676 | 7677 | 7678 | 7679 |
| 569 | 7680 | 76 | 76 | 76 | 7685 | 7686 | 7687 | 7688 | 7689 |
| 570 | 7690 | 7691 | 7692 | 7694 | 7695 | 7696 | 7697 | 7698 | 769 |
| 571 | 7700 | 7701 | 7702 | 7704 | 7705 | 7706 | 7707 | 7708 | 7709 |
| 57 | 77 | 77 | 77 | 7714 | 77 | 7716 | 7717 | 7718 | 7719 |
| 573 | 772 | 772 | 77 | 77 | 77 | 7726 | 7727 | 7728 |  |
| 57 | 7730 | 77 | 7732 | 7734 | 7735 | 77 | 77 | 7738 |  |
| 575 | 7740 | 7741 | 7742 | 774 | 7745 | 7746 | 7747 | 7748 |  |
|  | 7750 |  |  |  | 5 | 7756 |  |  |  |
| 57 | 7760 | 7761 | 7762 | 7764 | 7765 | 7766 | 7767 | 7768 | 7769 |
| 57 | 7770 | 77 | 77 | 77 | 77 | 7776 | 77 | 7778 | 777 |
| 57 | 7780 | 77 | 77 | 77 | 7785 | 77 | 7787 | 7788 | 7789 |
| 580 | 90 | 7791 | 77 | 7794 | 7795 | 779 | 77 | 7798 |  |
| 581 | 7800 | 7801 |  | 7804 | 7805 | 7806 |  | 7808 |  |
| 582 | 7810 | 7811 | 12 | 7814 | 7815 | 7816 | 817 | 7818 | 7819 |
| 58 | 7820 | 78 | 7822 | 7824 | 7825 | 7826 | 27 | 8 | 7829 |
| 584 | 7830 | 78 | 7832 | 78 | 78 | 78 | 78 | 8 | 7839 |
| 58 | 7840 | 7841 | 7842 | 7844 | 784 | 784 | 7847 | 7848 |  |
| 586 | 7850 | 7851 |  | 7854 | 7855 | 7856 | 7857 |  |  |
| 587 | 786 | 78 | 78 | 78 | 78 | 78 | 78 | 7868 | 7869 |
| 588 | 7870 | 787 | 78 | 78 | 7875 | 7876 | 78 | 7878 | 7879 |
| 589 | 7880 | 7881 | 7882 | 7884 | 7885 | 7886 | 7887 | 7888 | 㖪 |
| 590 | 7890 | 7891 | 7892 | 7894 | 789 | 789 | 789 | 789 |  |
| 59 | 7900 |  |  |  |  | 7906 |  |  |  |
| 592 | 7910 | 79 | 79 | 79 | 791 | 79 | 79 | 7918 | 7919 |
| 593 | 79 | 79 | 792 | 79 | 79 | 79 | 79 | 7928 | 7929 |
| 59 | 79 | 793 | 79 | 793 | 7935 | 793 | 79 | 38 | 7939 |
| 595 | 7940 | 7941 | 7942 | 7944 | 7945 | 7946 | 7947 | 7948 | 7949 |
| 596 | 7950 | 79 | 7952 | 7954 | 7955 | 㖪 | 7957 | 7958 | 959 |
| 597 | 7960 | 796 | 7962 | 7964 | 7965 | 7966 | 79 | 7968 | 7969 |
| 598 | 7970 | 797 | 7972 | 797 | 797 | 797 | 7977 | 79 | 79 |
| 59 | 7980 | 7981 | 7982 | 798 | 798 | 798 | 798 | 7988 | 7989 |
| 600 | 7990 | 799 | 7992 | 799 | 799 | 7996 | 799 | 7998 | 7999 |

(2) For axis 2

| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { Lorder } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1 | 8000 | 8001 | 8002 | 8004 | 8005 | 8006 | 8007 | 8008 | 8009 |
| 2 | 8010 | 8011 | 8012 | 8014 | 8015 | 8016 | 8017 | 8018 | 8019 |
| 3 | 8020 | 8021 | 8022 | 8024 | 8025 | 8026 | 8027 | 8028 | 8029 |
| 4 | 8030 | 8031 | 8032 | 8034 | 8035 | 8036 | 8037 | 8038 | 8039 |
| 5 | 8040 | 8041 | 8042 | 8044 | 8045 | 8046 | 8047 | 8048 | 8049 |
| 6 | 8050 | 8051 | 8052 | 8054 | 8055 | 8056 | 8057 | 8058 | 8059 |
| 7 | 8060 | 8061 | 8062 | 8064 | 8065 | 8066 | 8067 | 8068 | 8069 |
| 8 | 8070 | 8071 | 8072 | 8074 | 8075 | 8076 | 8077 | 8078 | 8079 |
| 9 | 8080 | 8081 | 8082 | 8084 | 8085 | 8086 | 8087 | 8088 | 8089 |
| 10 | 8090 | 8091 | 8092 | 8094 | 8095 | 8096 | 8097 | 8098 | 8099 |
| 11 | 8100 | 8101 | 8102 | 8104 | 8105 | 8106 | 8107 | 8108 | 8109 |
| 12 | 8110 | 8111 | 8112 | 8114 | 8115 | 8116 | 8117 | 8118 | 8119 |
| 13 | 8120 | 8121 | 8122 | 8124 | 8125 | 8126 | 8127 | 8128 | 8129 |
| 14 | 8130 | 8131 | 8132 | 8134 | 8135 | 8136 | 8137 | 8138 | 8139 |
| 15 | 8140 | 8141 | 8142 | 8144 | 8145 | 8146 | 8147 | 8148 | 8149 |
| 16 | 8150 | 8151 | 8152 | 8154 | 8155 | 8156 | 8157 | 8158 | 8159 |
| 17 | 8160 | 816 | 8162 | 816 | 816 | 8166 | 8167 | 8168 | 9 |
| 18 | 8170 | 8171 | 8172 | 8174 | 8175 | 8176 | 8177 | 8178 | 8179 |
| 19 | 8180 | 8181 | 8182 | 8184 | 8185 | 8186 | 8187 | 8188 | 8189 |
| 20 | 8190 | 81 | 8192 | 8194 | 8195 | 8196 | 8197 | 8198 | 8199 |
| 21 | 8200 | 820 | 8202 | 8204 | 8205 | 8206 | 8207 | 8208 | 9 |
| 22 | 821 | 821 | 821 | 821 | 8215 | 8216 | 8217 | 8218 | 8219 |
| 23 | 8220 | 8221 | 8222 | 8224 | 8225 | 8226 | 8227 | 8228 | 8229 |
| 24 | 8230 | 8231 | 8232 | 8234 | 8235 | 8236 | 8237 | 8238 | 8239 |
| 25 | 8240 | 824 | 8242 | 824 | 8245 | 8246 | 8247 | 8248 | 8249 |
| 26 | 8250 | 825 | 825 | 8254 | 825 | 8256 | 8257 | 8258 | 8259 |
| 27 | 8260 | 8261 | 8262 | 8264 | 8265 | 8266 | 8267 | 8268 | 8269 |
| 28 | 8270 | 8271 | 8272 | 8274 | 8275 | 8276 | 8277 | 8278 | 8279 |
| 29 | 8280 | 8281 | 8282 | 8284 | 8285 | 8286 | 8287 | 8288 | 8289 |
| 30 | 8290 | 8291 | 8292 | 8294 | 8295 | 8296 | 8297 | 8298 | 8299 |
| 31 | 8300 | 830 | 8302 | 8304 | 8305 | 8306 | 8307 | 8308 | 8309 |
| 32 | 8310 | 831 | 8312 | 8314 | 8315 | 8316 | 8317 | 8318 | 8319 |
| 33 | 8320 | 8321 | 8322 | 8324 | 8325 | 8326 | 8327 | 8328 | 8329 |
| 34 | 8330 | 8331 | 8332 | 8334 | 8335 | 8336 | 8337 | 8338 | 8339 |
| 35 | 8340 | 8341 | 8342 | 8344 | 8345 | 8346 | 8347 | 8348 | 8349 |
| 36 | 8350 | 835 | 8352 | 8354 | 8355 | 8356 | 8357 | 8358 | 8359 |
| 37 | 8360 | 8361 | 8362 | 8364 | 8365 | 8366 | 8367 | 8368 | 8369 |
| 38 | 8370 | 8371 | 8372 | 8374 | 8375 | 8376 | 8377 | 8378 | 8379 |
| 39 | 8380 | 8381 | 8382 | 8384 | 8385 | 8386 | 8387 | 8388 | 8389 |
| 40 | 8390 | 8391 | 8392 | 8394 | 8395 | 8396 | 8397 | 8398 | 8399 |
| 41 | 8400 | 8401 | 8402 | 8404 | 8405 | 8406 | 8407 | 8408 | 8409 |
| 42 | 8410 | 8411 | 8412 | 8414 | 8415 | 8416 | 8417 | 8418 | 8419 |
| 43 | 8420 | 8421 | 8422 | 8424 | 8425 | 8426 | 8427 | 8428 | 8429 |
| 44 | 8430 | 8431 | 8432 | 8434 | 8435 | 8436 | 8437 | 8438 | 8439 |
| 45 | 8440 | 8441 | 8442 | 8444 | 8445 | 8446 | 8447 | 8448 | 8449 |
| 46 | 8450 | 8451 | 8452 | 8454 | 8455 | 8456 | 8457 | 8458 | 8459 |
| 47 | 8460 | 8461 | 8462 | 8464 | 8465 | 8466 | 8467 | 8468 | 8469 |
| 48 | 8470 | 8471 | 8472 | 8474 | 8475 | 8476 | 8477 | 8478 | 8479 |
| 49 | 8480 | 8481 | 8482 | 8484 | 8485 | 8486 | 8487 | 8488 | 8489 |
| 50 | 8490 | 8491 | 8492 | 8494 | 8495 | 8496 | 8497 | 8498 | 8499 |


| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Highorder | Loworder | Highorder | Loworder | Highorder |
| 51 | 8500 | 8501 | 8502 | 8504 | 8505 | 8506 | 8507 | 8508 | 8509 |
| 52 | 8510 | 8511 | 8512 | 8514 | 8515 | 8516 | 8517 | 8518 | 8519 |
| 53 | 8520 | 8521 | 8522 | 8524 | 8525 | 8526 | 8527 | 8528 | 8529 |
| 54 | 8530 | 8531 | 8532 | 8534 | 8535 | 8536 | 8537 | 8538 | 8539 |
| 55 | 8540 | 8541 | 8542 | 8544 | 8545 | 8546 | 8547 | 8548 | 8549 |
| 56 | 8550 | 8551 | 8552 | 8554 | 8555 | 8556 | 8557 | 8558 | 8559 |
| 57 | 8560 | 8561 | 8562 | 8564 | 8565 | 8566 | 8567 | 8568 | 8569 |
| 58 | 8570 | 8571 | 8572 | 8574 | 8575 | 8576 | 8577 | 8578 | 8579 |
| 59 | 8580 | 8581 | 8582 | 8584 | 8585 | 8586 | 8587 | 8588 | 8589 |
| 60 | 8590 | 8591 | 8592 | 8594 | 8595 | 8596 | 8597 | 8598 | 8599 |
| 6 | 8600 | 860 | 8602 | 8604 | 8605 | 8606 | 8607 | 8608 | 8609 |
| 62 | 8610 | 8611 | 8612 | 8614 | 8615 | 8616 | 8617 | 8618 | 8619 |
| 63 | 8620 | 8621 | 8622 | 8624 | 8625 | 8626 | 8627 | 8628 | 8629 |
| 64 | 8630 | 863 | 8632 | 8634 | 8635 | 8636 | 8637 | 8638 | 8639 |
| 65 | 864 | 864 | 8642 | 8644 | 8645 | 8646 | 8647 | 8648 | 8649 |
| 66 | 8650 | 865 | 8652 | 8654 | 8655 | 8656 | 8657 | 8658 | 86 |
| 67 | 8660 | 8661 | 8662 | 8664 | 8665 | 8666 | 8667 | 8668 | 8669 |
| 68 | 8670 | 8671 | 8672 | 8674 | 8675 | 8676 | 8677 | 8678 | 8679 |
| 69 | 868 | 868 | 868 | 868 | 868 | 8686 | 8687 | 8688 | 8689 |
| 70 | 869 | 869 | 8692 | 8694 | 8695 | 8696 | 8697 | 8698 | 8699 |
| 71 | 8700 | 870 | 8702 | 8704 | 8705 | 8706 | 8707 | 8708 | 8709 |
| 72 | 8710 | 8711 | 8712 | 8714 | 8715 | 8716 | 8717 | 8718 | 8719 |
| 73 | 8720 | 8721 | 8722 | 8724 | 8725 | 8726 | 8727 | 8728 | 8729 |
| 74 | 873 | 8731 | 8732 | 873 | 8735 | 8736 | 8737 | 8738 | 8739 |
| 75 | 8740 | 8741 | 8742 | 8744 | 8745 | 8746 | 8747 | 8748 | 8749 |
| 76 | 8750 | 875 | 8752 | 8754 | 8755 | 8756 | 8757 | 8758 | 8759 |
| 77 | 8760 | 8761 | 8762 | 8764 | 8765 | 8766 | 8767 | 8768 | 8769 |
| 78 | 8770 | 8771 | 8772 | 8774 | 8775 | 8776 | 8777 | 8778 | 8779 |
| 79 | 8780 | 8781 | 8782 | 8784 | 8785 | 8786 | 8787 | 8788 | 8789 |
| 80 | 8790 | 8791 | 8792 | 8794 | 8795 | 8796 | 8797 | 8798 | 8799 |
| 81 | 8800 | 8801 | 8802 | 8804 | 8805 | 8806 | 8807 | 8808 | 8809 |
| 82 | 8810 | 8811 | 8812 | 8814 | 8815 | 8816 | 8817 | 8818 | 8819 |
| 83 | 8820 | 8821 | 8822 | 8824 | 8825 | 8826 | 8827 | 8828 | 8829 |
| 84 | 8830 | 8831 | 8832 | 8834 | 8835 | 8836 | 8837 | 8838 | 8839 |
| 85 | 8840 | 8841 | 8842 | 8844 | 8845 | 8846 | 8847 | 8848 | 8849 |
| 86 | 8850 | 8851 | 8852 | 8854 | 8855 | 8856 | 8857 | 8858 | 8859 |
| 87 | 8860 | 8861 | 8862 | 8864 | 8865 | 8866 | 8867 | 8868 | 8869 |
| 88 | 8870 | 8871 | 8872 | 8874 | 8875 | 8876 | 8877 | 8878 | 8879 |
| 89 | 888 | 888 | 8882 | 8884 | 8885 | 8886 | 8887 | 8888 | 8889 |
| 90 | 8890 | 8891 | 8892 | 8894 | 8895 | 8896 | 8897 | 8898 | 8899 |
| 91 | 8900 | 8901 | 8902 | 8904 | 8905 | 8906 | 8907 | 8908 | 8909 |
| 92 | 8910 | 8911 | 8912 | 8914 | 8915 | 8916 | 8917 | 8918 | 8919 |
| 93 | 8920 | 8921 | 8922 | 8924 | 8925 | 8926 | 8927 | 8928 | 8929 |
| 94 | 8930 | 8931 | 8932 | 8934 | 8935 | 8936 | 8937 | 8938 | 8939 |
| 95 | 8940 | 8941 | 8942 | 8944 | 8945 | 8946 | 8947 | 8948 | 8949 |
| 96 | 8950 | 8951 | 8952 | 8954 | 8955 | 8956 | 8957 | 8958 | 8959 |
| 97 | 8960 | 8961 | 8962 | 8964 | 8965 | 8966 | 8967 | 8968 | 8969 |
| 98 | 8970 | 8971 | 8972 | 8974 | 8975 | 8976 | 8977 | 8978 | 8979 |
| 99 | 8980 | 8981 | 8982 | 8984 | 8985 | 8986 | 8987 | 8988 | 8989 |
| 100 | 8990 | 8991 | 8992 | 8994 | 8995 | 8996 | 8997 | 8998 | 8999 |

(2) For axis 2

| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { order } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ |
| 101 | 9000 | 9001 | 9002 | 9004 | 9005 | 9006 | 9007 | 9008 | 9009 |
| 102 | 9010 | 9011 | 9012 | 901 | 9015 | 9016 | 7 | 9018 | 9019 |
| 103 | 9020 | 9021 | 9022 | 9024 | 9025 | 9026 | 9027 | 9028 | 9029 |
| 104 | 9030 | 9031 | 9032 | 9034 | 9035 | 9036 | 9037 | 9038 | 9039 |
| 105 | 9040 | 9041 | 9042 | 9044 | 9045 | 9046 | 9047 | 9048 | 9049 |
| 106 | 9050 | 9051 | 9052 | 9054 | 9055 | 9056 | 9057 | 9058 | 9059 |
| 10 | 9060 | 906 | 9062 | 9064 | 9065 | 9066 | 9067 | 9068 | 9 |
| 108 | 907 | 90 | 9072 | 907 | 9075 | 9076 | 9077 | 9078 | 9079 |
| 109 | 9080 | 9081 | 9082 | 9084 | 9085 | 9086 | 9087 | 9088 | 9089 |
| 110 | 9090 | 9091 | 9092 | 9094 | 9095 | 9096 | 9097 | 9098 | 9099 |
| 11 | 9100 | 910 | 9102 | 9104 | 9105 | 9106 | 9107 | 8 | 9 |
| 11 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 9115 | 9116 | 9117 | 9118 |  |
| 113 | 9120 | 9121 | 9122 | 9124 | 9125 | 9126 | 9127 | 9128 | 9129 |
| 114 | 9130 | 9131 | 9132 | 9134 | 9135 | 9136 | 9137 | 9138 | 9139 |
| 115 | 9140 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 9145 | 9146 | 9147 | 9148 | 9149 |
| 116 | 9150 | 91 | 9152 | 9154 | 9155 | 9156 | 7 | 8 | - |
| 11 | 916 | 91 | 916 | 916 | 916 | 91 | 9167 | 9168 | - |
| 118 | 9170 | 9171 | 9172 | 9174 | 9175 | 9176 | 9177 | 9178 | 9179 |
| 119 | 9180 | 9181 | 9182 | 9184 | 9185 | 9186 | 9187 | 9188 | 9189 |
| 12 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 9195 | 9 | 7 | 9198 | 9 |
| 12 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 9205 | 92 | 9207 | 8 | 9 |
| 122 | 92 | 921 | 921 | 921 | 921 | 9216 | 9217 | 9218 | 9219 |
| 123 | 9220 | 9221 | 9222 | 9224 | 9225 | 9226 | 9227 | 9228 | 9229 |
| 124 | 9230 | 923 | 9232 | 9234 | 9235 | 9236 | 9237 | 9238 | 9239 |
| 125 | 924 | 924 | 924 | 924 | 924 | 9246 | 9247 | 9248 | 9249 |
| 126 | 925 | 925 | 925 | 925 | 9255 | 92 | 9257 | 9258 | 9259 |
| 127 | 926 | 926 | 9262 | 926 | 9265 | 9266 | 9267 | 9268 | 9269 |
| 128 | 9270 | 9271 | 9272 | 9274 | 9275 | 9276 | 9277 | 9278 | 9279 |
| 129 | 9280 | 928 | 9282 | 9284 | 9285 | 9286 | 9287 | 9288 | 9289 |
| 130 | 9290 | 929 | 929 | 9294 | 9295 | 9296 | 9297 | 9298 | 9299 |
| 131 | 930 | 930 | 930 | 9304 | 9305 | 9306 | 9307 | 9308 | 9309 |
| 132 | 9310 | 93 | 9312 | 931 | 9315 | 9316 | 9317 | 9318 | 9319 |
| 133 | 9320 | 9321 | 9322 | 9324 | 9325 | 9326 | 9327 | 9328 | 9329 |
| 134 | 9330 | 9331 | 9332 | 933 | 9335 | 9336 | 9337 | 9338 | 9339 |
| 135 | 9340 | 934 | 9342 | 934 | 9345 | 9346 | 9347 | 9348 | 49 |
| 136 | 9350 | 93 | 93 | 9354 | 9355 | 9356 | 9357 | 9358 | 9 |
| 137 | 9360 | 9361 | 9362 | 9364 | 9365 | 9366 | 9367 | 9368 | 9369 |
| 138 | 9370 | 9371 | 9372 | 9374 | 9375 | 9376 | 9377 | 9378 | 9379 |
| 139 | 9380 | 9381 | 9382 | 9384 | 9385 | 9386 | 9387 | 9388 | 9389 |
| 140 | 9390 | 9391 | 9392 | 9394 | 9395 | 9396 | 9397 | 9398 | 9399 |
| 141 | 9400 | 9401 | 9402 | 9404 | 9405 | 9406 | 9407 | 9408 | 9 |
| 142 | 9410 | 9411 | 9412 | 9414 | 9415 | 9416 | 9417 | 9418 | 9419 |
| 143 | 9420 | 9421 | 9422 | 9424 | 9425 | 9426 | 9427 | 9428 | 9429 |
| 144 | 9430 | 9431 | 9432 | 9434 | 9435 | 9436 | 9437 | 9438 | 9439 |
| 145 | 9440 | 9441 | 9442 | 9444 | 9445 | 9446 | 9447 | 9448 | 9449 |
| 146 | 9450 | 9451 | 9452 | 9454 | 9455 | 9456 | 9457 | 9458 | 9459 |
| 147 | 9460 | 9461 | 9462 | 9464 | 9465 | 9466 | 9467 | 9468 | 9469 |
| 148 | 9470 | 9471 | 9472 | 9474 | 9475 | 9476 | 9477 | 9478 | 9479 |
| 149 | 9480 | 9481 | 9482 | 9484 | 9485 | 9486 | 9487 | 9488 | 9489 |
| 150 | 9490 | 9491 | 9492 | 9494 | 9495 | 9496 | 9497 | 9498 | 9499 |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Data } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { Posi- } \\ \text { tioning } \\ \text { identi- } \\ \text { fier } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwelltime | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc dat |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \end{array}$ | High- order | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { Low- } \\ \text { ordde } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { W- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { igh- } \\ & \text { rder } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 95 | 9501 | 502 | 9504 | 9505 | 9506 | 9507 | 88 |  |
|  | 9510 | 9511 | 9512 | 9514 | 9515 | 16 | 9517 | 9518 |  |
| 153 | 952 | 95 | 9522 | 9524 | 95 | 9526 | 9527 | 28 | 9529 |
| 154 | 95 | 95 | 9532 | 9534 | 9535 | 9536 | 9537 | 9538 | 9539 |
| 155 | 9540 | 9541 | 9542 | 9544 | 9545 | 9546 | 9547 | 9548 | 9549 |
| 156 | 9550 | 9551 | 9552 | 9554 | 9555 | 9556 | 9557 | 9558 | 9559 |
| 157 | 9560 | 9561 | 9562 | 9564 | 9565 | 9566 | 9567 | 9568 | 9569 |
| 158 | 9570 | 95 | 9572 | 9574 | 9575 | 9576 | 9577 | 9578 |  |
| 159 | 95 | 95 | 9582 | 9584 | 95 | 9586 | 9587 | 88 |  |
| 160 | 959 | 9591 | 959 | 9594 | 959 | 9596 | 9597 | 9598 |  |
| 161 | 9600 | 9601 | 9602 | 9604 | 9605 | 9606 | 9607 | 9608 |  |
| 162 | 9610 | 9611 | 961 | 96 | 96 | 9616 | 9617 | 9618 | 9619 |
| 16 | 9620 | 96 | 9622 | 9624 | 25 | 9626 | 9627 | 9628 | 9629 |
| 16 | 9630 | 9631 | 9632 | 9634 | 96 | 96 | 9637 | 9638 | 9639 |
| 16 | 964 | 9641 | 9642 | 964 | 96 | 9646 | 9647 | 9648 |  |
| 166 | 9650 | 9651 | 2 | 9654 | 9655 | 9656 | 9657 | 9658 |  |
| 167 | 9660 |  | 9662 | 9664 | 9665 | 9666 |  |  |  |
| 168 | 9670 | 9671 | 9672 | 9674 | 9675 | 9676 | 9677 | 9678 |  |
| 169 | 96 | 96 | 9682 | 9684 | 96 | 96 | 9687 | 9688 | 9689 |
| 170 | 9690 | 9691 | 9692 | 96 | 9695 | 9696 | 9697 | 9698 |  |
| 171 | 9700 | 9701 | 9702 | 9704 | 9705 | 9706 | 9707 | 9708 | 9709 |
| 172 | 97 | 9711 | 9712 | 9714 | 9715 | 9716 | 9717 | 9718 |  |
| 173 | 97 | 97 | 972 | 9724 | 9725 | 9726 | 9727 | 9728 |  |
| 174 | 97 | 97 | 9732 | 97 | 97 | 97 | 97 | 9738 |  |
| 175 | 974 | 9741 | 9742 | 97 | 9745 | 9746 | 9747 | 9748 |  |
|  |  |  | 9752 |  |  |  |  | 9758 |  |
| 177 | 9760 | 9761 | 9762 | 9764 | 9765 | 9766 | 9767 | 9768 |  |
| 178 | 97 | 97 | 977 | 9774 | 9775 | 9776 | 9777 | 9778 |  |
| 179 | 97 | 97 | 9782 | 9784 | 9785 | 97 | 9787 | 9788 | 9789 |
| 80 | 979 | 97 | 97 | 9794 | 9795 | 9796 | 9797 | 9798 |  |
| 181 |  |  | 9802 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 182 | 9810 |  | 12 | 9814 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 9818 |  |
| 183 | 98 | 98 | 9822 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 7 | 9828 | 9829 |
| 184 | 9830 | 98 | 983 | 9834 | 9835 | 98 | 9837 | 9838 |  |
| 185 | 9840 | 98 | 9842 | 9844 | 984 | 9846 | 7 | 9848 |  |
| 186 |  |  | 9852 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 187 | 98 | 98 | 986 | 9864 | 98 | 98 | 9867 | 9868 | 9869 |
| 18 | 98 | 98 | 987 | 9874 | 98 | 98 | 7 | 9878 | 9879 |
| 189 | 988 | 9881 | 9882 | 9884 | 9885 | 9886 | 9887 | 9888 | 9889 |
| 190 | 9890 | 9891 | 9892 | 989 | 989 | 989 | 989 | 98 |  |
| 191 |  |  | 02 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 192 | 99 | 9911 | 9912 | 9914 | 9915 | 9916 | 9917 | 9918 | 9919 |
| 193 | 99 | 9921 | 99 | 9924 | 99 | 9926 | 9927 | 9928 | 9929 |
| 194 | 99 | 99 | 9932 | 99 | 99 | 99 | 9937 | 99 | 9939 |
| 195 | 994 | 9941 | 9942 | 9944 | 994 | 9946 | 9947 | 99 | 9949 |
| 196 | 995 | 9951 | 9952 | 99 | 9955 | 9956 | 995 | 9958 | 9959 |
| 197 | 996 | 996 | 9962 | 9964 | 9965 | 9966 | 9967 |  |  |
| 198 | 997 | 99 | 997 | 99 | 997 | 9976 | 997 | 9978 | 9979 |
| 199 | 99 | 998 | 9982 | 9984 | 998 | 9986 | 99 | 9988 | 998 |
| 200 | 999 | 999 | 9992 | 999 | 999 | 999 | 999 | 99 | 9999 |

(2) For axis 2

| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 201 | 10000 | 10001 | 10002 | 10004 | 10005 | 10006 | 10007 | 10008 | 10009 |
| 202 | 10010 | 10011 | 10012 | 10014 | 10015 | 10016 | 10017 | 10018 | 10019 |
| 203 | 10020 | 10021 | 10022 | 10024 | 10025 | 10026 | 10027 | 10028 | 10029 |
| 204 | 10030 | 10031 | 10032 | 10034 | 10035 | 10036 | 10037 | 10038 | 10039 |
| 205 | 10040 | 10041 | 10042 | 10044 | 10045 | 10046 | 10047 | 10048 | 10049 |
| 206 | 10050 | 10051 | 10052 | 10054 | 10055 | 10056 | 10057 | 10058 | 10059 |
| 207 | 10060 | 10061 | 10062 | 10064 | 10065 | 10066 | 10067 | 10068 | 10069 |
| 208 | 10070 | 10071 | 10072 | 10074 | 10075 | 10076 | 10077 | 10078 | 10079 |
| 209 | 10080 | 10081 | 10082 | 10084 | 10085 | 10086 | 10087 | 10088 | 10089 |
| 210 | 10090 | 10091 | 10092 | 10094 | 10095 | 10096 | 10097 | 10098 | 10099 |
| 211 | 10100 | 10101 | 10102 | 10104 | 10105 | 10106 | 10107 | 10108 | 10109 |
| 212 | 10110 | 10111 | 10112 | 10114 | 10115 | 10116 | 10117 | 10118 | 10119 |
| 213 | 10120 | 10121 | 10122 | 10124 | 10125 | 10126 | 10127 | 10128 | 10129 |
| 214 | 10 | 101 | 10132 | 1013 | 10135 | 10136 | 10137 | 10138 | 10139 |
| 215 | 10140 | 10141 | 10142 | 10144 | 10145 | 10146 | 10147 | 10148 | 10149 |
| 216 | 10150 | 10151 | 10152 | 10154 | 10155 | 10156 | 10157 | 10158 | 10159 |
| 217 | 10160 | 10161 | 10162 | 10164 | 10165 | 10166 | 10167 | 10168 | 10169 |
| 218 | 10170 | 1017 | 10172 | 1017 | 10175 | 10176 | 10177 | 10178 | 10179 |
| 219 | 10180 | 10181 | 10182 | 10184 | 10185 | 10186 | 10187 | 10188 | 10189 |
| 220 | 10190 | 10191 | 10192 | 10194 | 10195 | 10196 | 10197 | 10198 | 10199 |
| 221 | 10200 | 10201 | 10202 | 10204 | 10205 | 10206 | 10207 | 10208 | 10209 |
| 222 | 10210 | 10211 | 10212 | 10214 | 10215 | 10216 | 10217 | 10218 | 10219 |
| 223 | 10220 | 10221 | 10222 | 10224 | 10225 | 10226 | 10227 | 10228 | 10229 |
| 224 | 10230 | 10231 | 10232 | 10234 | 10235 | 10236 | 10237 | 10238 | 10239 |
| 225 | 10240 | 10241 | 10242 | 10244 | 10245 | 10246 | 10247 | 10248 | 1024 |
| 226 | 10250 | 10251 | 10252 | 10254 | 10255 | 10256 | 10257 | 10258 | 10259 |
| 227 | 10260 | 10261 | 10262 | 10264 | 10265 | 10266 | 10267 | 10268 | 10269 |
| 228 | 10270 | 10271 | 10272 | 10274 | 10275 | 10276 | 10277 | 10278 | 10279 |
| 229 | 10280 | 10281 | 10282 | 10284 | 10285 | 10286 | 10287 | 10288 | 10289 |
| 230 | 10290 | 10291 | 10292 | 10294 | 10295 | 10296 | 10297 | 10298 | 10299 |
| 231 | 10300 | 10301 | 10302 | 10304 | 10305 | 10306 | 10307 | 10308 | 10309 |
| 232 | 10310 | 10311 | 10312 | 10314 | 10315 | 10316 | 10317 | 10318 | 10319 |
| 233 | 10320 | 10321 | 10322 | 10324 | 10325 | 10326 | 10327 | 10328 | 10329 |
| 234 | 10330 | 10331 | 10332 | 10334 | 10335 | 10336 | 10337 | 10338 | 10339 |
| 235 | 10340 | 10341 | 10342 | 10344 | 10345 | 10346 | 10347 | 10348 | 10349 |
| 236 | 10350 | 10351 | 10352 | 10354 | 10355 | 10356 | 10357 | 10358 | 10359 |
| 237 | 10360 | 10361 | 10362 | 10364 | 10365 | 10366 | 10367 | 10368 | 10369 |
| 238 | 10370 | 10371 | 10372 | 10374 | 10375 | 10376 | 10377 | 10378 | 10379 |
| 239 | 10380 | 10381 | 10382 | 10384 | 10385 | 10386 | 10387 | 10388 | 10389 |
| 240 | 10390 | 10391 | 10392 | 10394 | 10395 | 10396 | 10397 | 10398 | 10399 |
| 241 | 10400 | 10401 | 10402 | 10404 | 10405 | 10406 | 10407 | 10408 | 10409 |
| 242 | 10410 | 10411 | 10412 | 10414 | 10415 | 10416 | 10417 | 10418 | 10419 |
| 243 | 10420 | 10421 | 10422 | 10424 | 10425 | 10426 | 10427 | 10428 | 10429 |
| 244 | 10430 | 10431 | 10432 | 10434 | 10435 | 10436 | 10437 | 10438 | 10439 |
| 245 | 10440 | 10441 | 10442 | 10444 | 10445 | 10446 | 10447 | 10448 | 10449 |
| 246 | 10450 | 10451 | 10452 | 10454 | 10455 | 10456 | 10457 | 10458 | 10459 |
| 247 | 10460 | 10461 | 10462 | 10464 | 10465 | 10466 | 10467 | 10468 | 10469 |
| 248 | 10470 | 10471 | 10472 | 10474 | 10475 | 10476 | 10477 | 10478 | 10479 |
| 249 | 10480 | 10481 | 10482 | 10484 | 10485 | 10486 | 10487 | 10488 | 10489 |
| 250 | 10490 | 10491 | 10492 | 10494 | 10495 | 10496 | 10497 | 10498 | 10499 |


| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Loworder | Highorder | Low- | Highorder | Loworder | Highorder |
| 251 | 10500 | 10501 | 10502 | 10504 | 10505 | 10506 | 10507 | 10508 | 10509 |
| 252 | 10510 | 10511 | 10512 | 10514 | 10515 | 10516 | 10517 | 10518 | 10519 |
| 253 | 10520 | 10521 | 10522 | 10524 | 10525 | 10526 | 10527 | 10528 | 10529 |
| 254 | 10530 | 10531 | 10532 | 10534 | 10535 | 10536 | 10537 | 10538 | 10539 |
| 255 | 10540 | 10541 | 10542 | 10544 | 10545 | 10546 | 10547 | 10548 | 10549 |
| 256 | 10550 | 10551 | 10552 | 10554 | 10555 | 10556 | 10557 | 10558 | 10559 |
| 257 | 10560 | 10561 | 10562 | 10564 | 10565 | 10566 | 10567 | 10568 | 10569 |
| 258 | 10570 | 10571 | 10572 | 10574 | 10575 | 10576 | 10577 | 10578 | 10579 |
| 259 | 10580 | 10581 | 10582 | 10584 | 10585 | 10586 | 10587 | 10588 | 10589 |
| 260 | 10590 | 10591 | 10592 | 10594 | 10595 | 10596 | 10597 | 10598 | 10599 |
| 261 | 10600 | 10601 | 10602 | 10604 | 10605 | 10606 | 10607 | 10608 | 10609 |
| 262 | 10610 | 10611 | 10612 | 10614 | 10615 | 10616 | 10617 | 10618 | 10619 |
| 263 | 10620 | 10621 | 10622 | 10624 | 10625 | 10626 | 10627 | 10628 | 10629 |
| 264 | 10630 | 10631 | 10632 | 10634 | 10635 | 10636 | 10637 | 10638 | 10639 |
| 265 | 10640 | 10641 | 10642 | 10644 | 10645 | 10646 | 10647 | 10648 | 10649 |
| 266 | 10650 | 10651 | 10652 | 1065 | 10655 | 10656 | 10657 | 10658 | 106 |
| 267 | 10660 | 10661 | 10662 | 10664 | 10665 | 10666 | 10667 | 10668 | 10669 |
| 268 | 10670 | 10671 | 10672 | 10674 | 10675 | 10676 | 10677 | 10678 | 10679 |
| 269 | 10680 | 10681 | 10682 | 10684 | 10685 | 10686 | 10687 | 10688 | 10689 |
| 270 | 10690 | 10691 | 10692 | 10694 | 10695 | 10696 | 10697 | 10698 | 10699 |
| 27 | 10700 | 10701 | 10702 | 1070 | 10705 | 10706 | 10707 | 10708 | 10709 |
| 272 | 10710 | 10711 | 10712 | 10714 | 10715 | 10716 | 10717 | 10718 | 10719 |
| 273 | 10720 | 10721 | 10722 | 10724 | 10725 | 10726 | 10727 | 10728 | 10729 |
| 274 | 10730 | 1073 | 10732 | 10734 | 10735 | 10736 | 10737 | 10738 | 39 |
| 275 | 10740 | 10741 | 10742 | 10744 | 10745 | 10746 | 10747 | 10748 | 10749 |
| 276 | 10750 | 10751 | 10752 | 10754 | 10755 | 10756 | 10757 | 10758 | 0759 |
| 277 | 10760 | 10761 | 10762 | 10764 | 10765 | 10766 | 10767 | 10768 | 10769 |
| 278 | 10770 | 10771 | 10772 | 10774 | 10775 | 10776 | 10777 | 10778 | 10779 |
| 279 | 10780 | 10781 | 10782 | 10784 | 10785 | 10786 | 10787 | 10788 | 10789 |
| 280 | 10790 | 10791 | 10792 | 10794 | 10795 | 10796 | 10797 | 10798 | 10799 |
| 281 | 10800 | 10801 | 10802 | 10804 | 10805 | 10806 | 10807 | 10808 | 10809 |
| 282 | 10810 | 10811 | 10812 | 10814 | 10815 | 10816 | 10817 | 10818 | 10819 |
| 283 | 10820 | 10821 | 10822 | 10824 | 10825 | 10826 | 10827 | 10828 | 10829 |
| 284 | 10830 | 10831 | 10832 | 10834 | 10835 | 10836 | 10837 | 10838 | 10839 |
| 285 | 10840 | 10841 | 10842 | 10844 | 10845 | 10846 | 10847 | 10848 | 10849 |
| 286 | 10850 | 10851 | 10852 | 10854 | 10855 | 10856 | 10857 | 10858 | 10859 |
| 287 | 10860 | 10861 | 10862 | 10864 | 10865 | 10866 | 10867 | 10868 | 10869 |
| 288 | 10870 | 10871 | 10872 | 10874 | 10875 | 10876 | 10877 | 10878 | 10879 |
| 289 | 10880 | 10881 | 10882 | 10884 | 10885 | 10886 | 10887 | 10888 | 10889 |
| 290 | 10890 | 10891 | 10892 | 10894 | 10895 | 10896 | 10897 | 10898 | 10899 |
| 291 | 10900 | 10901 | 10902 | 10904 | 10905 | 10906 | 10907 | 10908 | 10909 |
| 292 | 10910 | 10911 | 10912 | 10914 | 10915 | 10916 | 10917 | 10918 | 10919 |
| 293 | 10920 | 10921 | 10922 | 10924 | 10925 | 10926 | 10927 | 10928 | 10929 |
| 294 | 10930 | 10931 | 10932 | 10934 | 10935 | 10936 | 10937 | 10938 | 10939 |
| 295 | 10940 | 10941 | 10942 | 10944 | 10945 | 10946 | 10947 | 10948 | 10949 |
| 296 | 10950 | 10951 | 10952 | 10954 | 10955 | 10956 | 10957 | 10958 | 10959 |
| 297 | 10960 | 10961 | 10962 | 10964 | 10965 | 10966 | 10967 | 10968 | 10969 |
| 298 | 10970 | 10971 | 10972 | 10974 | 10975 | 10976 | 10977 | 10978 | 10979 |
| 299 | 10980 | 10981 | 10982 | 10984 | 10985 | 10986 | 10987 | 10988 | 10989 |
| 300 | 10990 | 10991 | 10992 | 10994 | 10995 | 10996 | 10997 | 10998 | 10999 |

(2) For axis 2

| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Positioning } \\ \text { address } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |
| 301 | 11000 | 11001 | 11002 | 04 | 11005 | 06 | 7 | 008 |  |
| 302 |  | 11 | 11 | 11 |  | 16 | 11 | 018 |  |
| 303 |  | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11028 | 11029 |
|  | 1 | 11 | 110 | 110 | 11 | 11036 | 11 | 11038 | 9 |
| 305 | 11040 | 11041 | 1104 | 1104 | 11045 | 11046 | 11047 | 11048 | 9 |
| 306 | 11050 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11055 | 1 | 11 | 58 |  |
| 307 |  | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 8 |  |
| 308 | 11070 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11078 | 9 |
| 309 | 11080 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11085 | 11086 | 11 | 88 | 89 |
| 31 |  | 1109 | 1109 | 110 | 11 | 11096 | 11097 | 11098 |  |
| 311 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 312 |  | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11115 | 11116 | 11 | 11118 |  |
| 313 | 11120 | 11 | 11 | 1 | 11 | 1 | 11 | 8 | 9 |
| 314 |  | 11 | 11 | 1 |  | 11136 | 11137 | 8 |  |
| 315 | 11 | 11 | 11 |  |  | 11146 | 11147 | 88 |  |
| 316 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 317 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11168 |  |
| 318 | 11170 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 1 | 11177 | 11178 |  |
| 319 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 320 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 321 |  |  | 11202 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 322 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11215 | 1 | 11 | 11218 |  |
| 32 | 11220 | 11 | 11 | 11224 | 1 | 11226 | 11 | 11228 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 325 |  | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11246 | 247 | 248 | 9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 327 | 11260 | 11 | 11 | 11264 | 11265 | 11266 | 11267 | 11268 |  |
| 328 |  |  | 11 |  |  | 11 |  | 11278 |  |
| 329 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 | 8 |  |
| 330 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11295 | 11296 | 11297 | 8 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 332 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11317 |  |  |
| 333 |  | 11 | 11 | 11 |  | 11 | 11 | 11328 |  |
|  | 11330 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11338 | 9 |
| 335 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 113 | 11348 | 9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11370 |  |  |  | $11375$ |  |  | 11378 |  |
| 339 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 340 | 11390 | 1139 | 11392 | 1139 | 11 | 1139 | 11397 | 11398 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 342 |  | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11418 |  |
| 343 |  | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 1 | 11 | 9 |
| 344 |  | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 1 | 11437 | 11438 |  |
| 345 | 11440 | 11 | 11442 | 11 | 11445 | 11446 | 11447 | 11 |  |
| 346 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11457 |  |  |
| 347 | 11460 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11468 | 11469 |
| 348 | 11 | 11 | 1147 | 11 | 1147 | 11 | 114 | 11 | 11479 |
| 349 | 11 | 11 | 11482 | 11484 | 11485 | 11486 | 11487 | 11488 | 11489 |
| 350 | 11490 | 11491 | 11492 | 1149 | 11495 | 11496 | 11497 | 1149 | 11499 |


| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Loworder | Highorder | Low- | Highorder | Loworder | Highorder |
| 351 | 11500 | 11501 | 11502 | 11504 | 11505 | 11506 | 11507 | 11508 | 11509 |
| 352 | 11510 | 11511 | 11512 | 11514 | 11515 | 11516 | 11517 | 11518 | 11519 |
| 353 | 11520 | 11521 | 11522 | 11524 | 11525 | 11526 | 11527 | 11528 | 11529 |
| 354 | 11530 | 11531 | 11532 | 11534 | 11535 | 11536 | 11537 | 11538 | 11539 |
| 355 | 11540 | 11541 | 11542 | 11544 | 11545 | 11546 | 11547 | 11548 | 11549 |
| 356 | 11550 | 11551 | 11552 | 11554 | 11555 | 11556 | 11557 | 11558 | 11559 |
| 357 | 11560 | 11561 | 11562 | 11564 | 11565 | 11566 | 11567 | 11568 | 11569 |
| 358 | 11570 | 11571 | 11572 | 11574 | 11575 | 11576 | 11577 | 11578 | 11579 |
| 359 | 11580 | 11581 | 11582 | 11584 | 11585 | 11586 | 11587 | 11588 | 11589 |
| 360 | 11590 | 11591 | 11592 | 11594 | 11595 | 11596 | 11597 | 11598 | 11599 |
| 361 | 11600 | 11601 | 11602 | 11604 | 11605 | 11606 | 11607 | 11608 | 09 |
| 362 | 11610 | 11611 | 11612 | 11614 | 11615 | 11616 | 11617 | 11618 | 11619 |
| 363 | 11620 | 11621 | 11622 | 11624 | 11625 | 11626 | 11627 | 11628 | 11629 |
| 364 | 11630 | 11631 | 11632 | 11634 | 11635 | 11636 | 11637 | 11638 | 11639 |
| 365 | 11640 | 11641 | 11642 | 11644 | 11645 | 11646 | 11647 | 11648 | 11649 |
| 366 | 11650 | 11651 | 11652 | 1165 | 11655 | 11656 | 11657 | 11658 | 11 |
| 367 | 11660 | 11661 | 11662 | 11664 | 11665 | 11666 | 11667 | 11668 | 11669 |
| 368 | 11670 | 11671 | 11672 | 11674 | 11675 | 11676 | 11677 | 11678 | 11679 |
| 369 | 11680 | 11681 | 11682 | 11684 | 11685 | 11686 | 11687 | 11688 | 11689 |
| 370 | 11690 | 11691 | 11692 | 11694 | 11695 | 11696 | 11697 | 11698 | 11699 |
| 37 | 1170 | 11701 | 11702 | 1170 | 11705 | 11706 | 11707 | 11708 | 11709 |
| 372 | 11710 | 11711 | 11712 | 11714 | 11715 | 11716 | 11717 | 11718 | 11719 |
| 373 | 11720 | 11721 | 11722 | 11724 | 11725 | 11726 | 11727 | 11728 | 11729 |
| 374 | 11730 | 1173 | 11732 | 11734 | 11735 | 11736 | 11737 | 11738 | 11739 |
| 375 | 11740 | 11741 | 11742 | 11744 | 11745 | 11746 | 11747 | 11748 | 11749 |
| 376 | 11750 | 11751 | 11752 | 11754 | 11755 | 11756 | 11757 | 11758 | 11759 |
| 377 | 11760 | 11761 | 11762 | 11764 | 11765 | 11766 | 11767 | 11768 | 11769 |
| 378 | 11770 | 11771 | 11772 | 11774 | 11775 | 11776 | 11777 | 11778 | 11779 |
| 379 | 11780 | 11781 | 11782 | 11784 | 11785 | 11786 | 11787 | 11788 | 11789 |
| 380 | 11790 | 11791 | 11792 | 11794 | 11795 | 11796 | 11797 | 11798 | 11799 |
| 381 | 11800 | 11801 | 11802 | 11804 | 11805 | 11806 | 11807 | 11808 | 11809 |
| 382 | 11810 | 11811 | 11812 | 11814 | 11815 | 11816 | 11817 | 11818 | 11819 |
| 383 | 11820 | 11821 | 11822 | 11824 | 11825 | 11826 | 11827 | 11828 | 11829 |
| 384 | 11830 | 11831 | 11832 | 11834 | 11835 | 11836 | 11837 | 11838 | 11839 |
| 385 | 11840 | 11841 | 11842 | 11844 | 11845 | 11846 | 11847 | 11848 | 11849 |
| 386 | 11850 | 11851 | 11852 | 11854 | 11855 | 11856 | 11857 | 11858 | 11859 |
| 387 | 11860 | 11861 | 11862 | 11864 | 11865 | 11866 | 11867 | 11868 | 11869 |
| 388 | 11870 | 11871 | 11872 | 11874 | 11875 | 11876 | 11877 | 11878 | 11879 |
| 389 | 11880 | 11881 | 11882 | 11884 | 11885 | 11886 | 11887 | 11888 | 11889 |
| 390 | 11890 | 11891 | 11892 | 11894 | 11895 | 11896 | 11897 | 11898 | 11899 |
| 391 | 11900 | 11901 | 11902 | 11904 | 11905 | 11906 | 11907 | 11908 | 11909 |
| 392 | 11910 | 11911 | 11912 | 11914 | 11915 | 11916 | 11917 | 11918 | 11919 |
| 393 | 11920 | 11921 | 11922 | 11924 | 11925 | 11926 | 11927 | 11928 | 11929 |
| 394 | 11930 | 11931 | 11932 | 11934 | 11935 | 11936 | 11937 | 11938 | 11939 |
| 395 | 11940 | 11941 | 11942 | 11944 | 11945 | 11946 | 11947 | 11948 | 11949 |
| 396 | 11950 | 11951 | 11952 | 11954 | 11955 | 11956 | 11957 | 11958 | 11959 |
| 397 | 11960 | 11961 | 11962 | 11964 | 11965 | 11966 | 11967 | 11968 | 11969 |
| 398 | 11970 | 11971 | 11972 | 11974 | 11975 | 11976 | 11977 | 11978 | 11979 |
| 399 | 11980 | 11981 | 11982 | 11984 | 11985 | 11986 | 11987 | 11988 | 11989 |
| 400 | 11990 | 11991 | 11992 | 11994 | 11995 | 11996 | 11997 | 11998 | 11999 |

(2) For axis 2

| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \end{array}$ | High- order | Loworder | High- order | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ |
| 401 | 12000 | 12001 | 12002 | 12004 | 12005 | 12006 | 12007 | 12008 | 12009 |
| 402 | 12010 | 12011 | 12012 | 12014 | 12015 | 12016 | 12017 | 12018 | 12019 |
| 403 | 12020 | 12021 | 12022 | 12024 | 12025 | 12026 | 12027 | 12028 | 12029 |
| 404 | 12030 | 12031 | 12032 | 12034 | 12035 | 12036 | 12037 | 12038 | 12039 |
| 405 | 12040 | 12041 | 12042 | 12044 | 12045 | 12046 | 12047 | 12048 | 12049 |
| 406 | 12050 | 12051 | 12052 | 12054 | 12055 | 12056 | 12057 | 12058 | 12059 |
| 407 | 12060 | 12061 | 12062 | 12064 | 12065 | 12066 | 12067 | 12068 | 12069 |
| 408 | 12070 | 12071 | 12072 | 12074 | 12075 | 12076 | 12077 | 12078 | 12079 |
| 40 | 12080 | 120 | 12082 | 1208 | 12085 | 12086 | 12087 | 12088 | 89 |
| 410 | 12090 | 12091 | 12092 | 12094 | 12095 | 12096 | 12097 | 12098 | 12099 |
| 411 | 12100 | 12101 | 12102 | 12104 | 12105 | 12106 | 12107 | 12108 | 12109 |
| 412 | 12110 | 12111 | 12112 | 12114 | 12115 | 12116 | 12117 | 12118 | 12119 |
| 413 | 12120 | 12121 | 12122 | 12124 | 12125 | 12126 | 12127 | 12128 | 12129 |
| 41 | 12 | 121 | 1213 | 121 | 12 | 12136 | 12137 | 12138 | 12139 |
| 415 | 12140 | 12141 | 12142 | 12144 | 12145 | 12146 | 12147 | 12148 | 12149 |
| 416 | 12150 | 12151 | 12152 | 12154 | 12155 | 12156 | 12157 | 12158 | 12159 |
| 417 | 12160 | 12161 | 12162 | 12164 | 12165 | 12166 | 12167 | 12168 | 12169 |
| 418 | 12170 | 12171 | 12172 | 1217 | 12175 | 12176 | 12177 | 12178 | 12179 |
| 419 | 12180 | 12181 | 12182 | 12184 | 12185 | 12186 | 12187 | 12188 | 12189 |
| 420 | 12190 | 12191 | 12192 | 12194 | 12195 | 12196 | 12197 | 12198 | 12199 |
| 421 | 12200 | 12201 | 12202 | 12204 | 12205 | 12206 | 12207 | 12208 | 12209 |
| 422 | 12210 | 12211 | 12212 | 1221 | 12215 | 12216 | 12217 | 12218 | 12219 |
| 423 | 12220 | 12221 | 12222 | 12224 | 12225 | 12226 | 12227 | 12228 | 12229 |
| 424 | 12230 | 12231 | 12232 | 12234 | 12235 | 12236 | 12237 | 12238 | 12239 |
| 425 | 12240 | 12241 | 12242 | 12244 | 12245 | 12246 | 12247 | 12248 | 122 |
| 426 | 12250 | 12251 | 12252 | 12254 | 12255 | 12256 | 12257 | 12258 | 12259 |
| 427 | 12260 | 1226 | 12262 | 1226 | 12265 | 12266 | 12267 | 12268 | 122 |
| 428 | 12270 | 12271 | 12272 | 12274 | 12275 | 12276 | 12277 | 12278 | 12279 |
| 429 | 12280 | 12281 | 12282 | 12284 | 12285 | 12286 | 12287 | 12288 | 12289 |
| 430 | 12290 | 12291 | 12292 | 12294 | 12295 | 12296 | 12297 | 12298 | 122 |
| 431 | 12300 | 12301 | 12302 | 12304 | 12305 | 12306 | 12307 | 12308 | 12309 |
| 432 | 12310 | 12311 | 12312 | 12314 | 12315 | 12316 | 12317 | 12318 | 12319 |
| 433 | 12320 | 12321 | 12322 | 12324 | 12325 | 12326 | 12327 | 12328 | 12329 |
| 434 | 12330 | 1233 | 12332 | 12334 | 12335 | 12336 | 12337 | 12338 | 12339 |
| 435 | 12340 | 12341 | 12342 | 12344 | 12345 | 12346 | 12347 | 12348 | 12349 |
| 436 | 12350 | 12351 | 12352 | 12354 | 12355 | 12356 | 12357 | 12358 | 1235 |
| 437 | 12360 | 12361 | 12362 | 12364 | 12365 | 12366 | 12367 | 12368 | 12369 |
| 438 | 12370 | 12371 | 12372 | 12374 | 12375 | 12376 | 12377 | 12378 | 12379 |
| 439 | 12380 | 12381 | 12382 | 12384 | 12385 | 12386 | 12387 | 12388 | 12389 |
| 440 | 12390 | 12391 | 12392 | 12394 | 12395 | 12396 | 12397 | 12398 | 12399 |
| 441 | 12400 | 12401 | 12402 | 12404 | 12405 | 12406 | 12407 | 12408 | 409 |
| 442 | 12410 | 12411 | 12412 | 12414 | 12415 | 12416 | 12417 | 12418 | 12419 |
| 443 | 12420 | 12421 | 12422 | 12424 | 12425 | 12426 | 12427 | 12428 | 12429 |
| 444 | 12430 | 12431 | 12432 | 12434 | 12435 | 12436 | 12437 | 12438 | 12439 |
| 445 | 12440 | 12441 | 12442 | 12444 | 12445 | 12446 | 12447 | 12448 | 12449 |
| 446 | 12450 | 12451 | 12452 | 12454 | 12455 | 12456 | 12457 | 12458 | 12459 |
| 447 | 12460 | 12461 | 12462 | 12464 | 12465 | 12466 | 12467 | 12468 | 12469 |
| 448 | 12470 | 12471 | 12472 | 12474 | 12475 | 12476 | 12477 | 12478 | 12479 |
| 449 | 12480 | 12481 | 12482 | 12484 | 12485 | 12486 | 12487 | 12488 | 12489 |
| 450 | 12490 | 12491 | 12492 | 12494 | 12495 | 12496 | 12497 | 12498 | 12499 |


| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Loworder | Highorder | Loworder | High- <br> order | Loworder | Highorder |
| 451 | 12500 | 12501 | 12502 | 12504 | 12505 | 12506 | 12507 | 12508 | 12509 |
| 452 | 12510 | 12511 | 12512 | 12514 | 12515 | 12516 | 12517 | 12518 | 12519 |
| 453 | 12520 | 12521 | 12522 | 12524 | 12525 | 12526 | 12527 | 12528 | 12529 |
| 45 | 12530 | 12531 | 12532 | 12534 | 12535 | 12536 | 12537 | 12538 | 12539 |
| 455 | 12540 | 12541 | 12542 | 12544 | 12545 | 12546 | 12547 | 12548 | 12549 |
| 456 | 12550 | 12551 | 12552 | 12554 | 12555 | 12556 | 12557 | 12558 | 12559 |
| 457 | 12560 | 12561 | 12562 | 12564 | 12565 | 12566 | 12567 | 12568 | 12569 |
| 458 | 12570 | 12571 | 12572 | 12574 | 12575 | 12576 | 12577 | 12578 | 12579 |
| 459 | 12580 | 12581 | 12582 | 12584 | 12585 | 12586 | 12587 | 12588 | 12589 |
| 460 | 12590 | 12591 | 12592 | 12594 | 12595 | 12596 | 12597 | 12598 | 12599 |
| 461 | 12600 | 12601 | 12602 | 12604 | 12605 | 12606 | 12607 | 12608 | 12609 |
| 462 | 12610 | 12611 | 12612 | 12614 | 12615 | 12616 | 12617 | 12618 | 12619 |
| 463 | 12620 | 12621 | 12622 | 12624 | 12625 | 12626 | 12627 | 12628 | 12629 |
| 464 | 12630 | 12631 | 12632 | 12634 | 12635 | 12636 | 12637 | 12638 | 12639 |
| 465 | 12640 | 12641 | 12642 | 12644 | 12645 | 12646 | 12647 | 12648 | 12649 |
| 466 | 12650 | 12651 | 12652 | 12654 | 12655 | 12656 | 12657 | 12658 | 12659 |
| 467 | 12660 | 12661 | 12662 | 12664 | 12665 | 12666 | 12667 | 12668 | 12669 |
| 468 | 12670 | 12671 | 12672 | 12674 | 12675 | 12676 | 12677 | 12678 | 12679 |
| 469 | 12680 | 12681 | 12682 | 12684 | 12685 | 12686 | 12687 | 12688 | 12689 |
| 470 | 12690 | 12691 | 12692 | 12694 | 12695 | 12696 | 12697 | 12698 | 12699 |
| 471 | 12700 | 12701 | 12702 | 12704 | 12705 | 12706 | 12707 | 12708 | 12709 |
| 472 | 12710 | 12711 | 12712 | 12714 | 12715 | 12716 | 12717 | 12718 | 12719 |
| 473 | 12720 | 12721 | 12722 | 12724 | 12725 | 12726 | 12727 | 12728 | 12729 |
| 474 | 12730 | 12731 | 12732 | 12734 | 12735 | 12736 | 12737 | 12738 | 12739 |
| 475 | 12740 | 12741 | 12742 | 12744 | 12745 | 12746 | 12747 | 12748 | 49 |
| 476 | 12750 | 12751 | 12752 | 127 | 12755 | 12756 | 12757 | 12758 | 12 |
| 477 | 12760 | 12761 | 12762 | 12764 | 12765 | 12766 | 12767 | 12768 | 12769 |
| 478 | 12770 | 12771 | 12772 | 12774 | 12775 | 12776 | 12777 | 12778 | 12779 |
| 479 | 12780 | 12781 | 12782 | 12784 | 12785 | 12786 | 12787 | 12788 | 12789 |
| 480 | 12790 | 12791 | 12792 | 12794 | 12795 | 12796 | 12797 | 12798 | 12799 |
| 481 | 12800 | 12801 | 12802 | 12804 | 12805 | 12806 | 12807 | 12808 | 12809 |
| 482 | 12810 | 12811 | 12812 | 12814 | 12815 | 12816 | 12817 | 12818 | 12819 |
| 483 | 12820 | 12821 | 12822 | 12824 | 12825 | 12826 | 12827 | 12828 | 12829 |
| 484 | 12830 | 12831 | 12832 | 12834 | 12835 | 12836 | 12837 | 12838 | 12839 |
| 485 | 12840 | 12841 | 12842 | 12844 | 12845 | 12846 | 12847 | 12848 | 12849 |
| 486 | 12850 | 12851 | 12852 | 12854 | 12855 | 12856 | 12857 | 12858 | 12859 |
| 487 | 12860 | 12861 | 12862 | 12864 | 12865 | 12866 | 12867 | 12868 | 12869 |
| 488 | 12870 | 12871 | 12872 | 12874 | 12875 | 12876 | 12877 | 12878 | 12879 |
| 489 | 12880 | 12881 | 12882 | 12884 | 12885 | 12886 | 12887 | 12888 | 12889 |
| 490 | 12890 | 12891 | 12892 | 12894 | 12895 | 12896 | 12897 | 12898 | 12899 |
| 491 | 12900 | 12901 | 12902 | 12904 | 12905 | 12906 | 12907 | 12908 | 12909 |
| 492 | 12910 | 12911 | 12912 | 12914 | 12915 | 12916 | 12917 | 12918 | 12919 |
| 493 | 12920 | 12921 | 12922 | 12924 | 12925 | 12926 | 12927 | 12928 | 12929 |
| 494 | 12930 | 12931 | 12932 | 12934 | 12935 | 12936 | 12937 | 12938 | 12939 |
| 495 | 12940 | 12941 | 12942 | 12944 | 12945 | 12946 | 12947 | 12948 | 12949 |
| 496 | 12950 | 12951 | 12952 | 12954 | 12955 | 12956 | 12957 | 12958 | 12959 |
| 497 | 12960 | 12961 | 12962 | 12964 | 12965 | 12966 | 12967 | 12968 | 12969 |
| 498 | 12970 | 12971 | 12972 | 12974 | 12975 | 12976 | 12977 | 12978 | 12979 |
| 499 | 12980 | 12981 | 12982 | 12984 | 12985 | 12986 | 12987 | 12988 | 12989 |
| 500 | 12990 | 12991 | 12992 | 12994 | 12995 | 12996 | 12997 | 12998 | 12999 |

(2) For axis 2

| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { order } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |
| 501 | 13000 | 13001 | 13002 | 13004 | 13005 | 13006 | 13007 | 13008 | 09 |
| 502 | 13010 | 13011 | 13012 | 13014 | 13015 | 13016 | 13017 | 13018 | 13019 |
| 503 | 13020 | 13021 | 13022 | 13024 | 13025 | 13026 | 13027 | 13028 | 13029 |
| 50 | 13030 | 13031 | 13032 | 13034 | 13035 | 13036 | 13037 | 13038 | 13039 |
| 505 | 13040 | 13041 | 13042 | 13044 | 13045 | 13046 | 13047 | 13048 | 13049 |
| 506 | 13050 | 13051 | 13052 | 13054 | 13055 | 13056 | 13057 | 13058 | 13059 |
| 507 | 13060 | 13061 | 13062 | 13064 | 13065 | 13066 | 13067 | 13068 | 13069 |
| 508 | 13070 | 130 | 13072 | 13074 | 13075 | 13076 | 13077 | 13078 | 79 |
| 50 | 13 | 13 | 13082 | 13084 | 13085 | 13086 | 13087 | 13088 | 89 |
| 510 | 13090 | 13091 | 13092 | 13094 | 13095 | 13096 | 13097 | 13098 | 13099 |
| 511 | 13100 | 13101 | 13102 | 13104 | 13105 | 13106 | 13107 | 13108 | 13109 |
| 512 | 13110 | 13111 | 13112 | 13114 | 13115 | 13116 | 13117 | 13118 | 13119 |
| 51 | 13 | 131 | 1312 | 13124 | 13125 | 13126 | 13127 | 13128 | 29 |
| 51 | 1313 | 1313 | 13132 | 13134 | 13135 | 13136 | 13137 | 13138 | 13139 |
| 515 | 13140 | 13141 | 13142 | 13144 | 13145 | 13146 | 13147 | 13148 | 13149 |
| 516 | 13150 | 13151 | 13152 | 13154 | 13155 | 13156 | 13157 | 13158 | 13159 |
| 517 | 13160 | 13161 | 13162 | 13164 | 13165 | 13166 | 13167 | 13168 | 13169 |
| 518 | 1317 | 1317 | 1317 | 13174 | 13175 | 13176 | 13177 | 13178 | 13179 |
| 519 | 13180 | 13181 | 13182 | 13184 | 13185 | 13186 | 13187 | 13188 | 13189 |
| 520 | 13190 | 13191 | 13192 | 13194 | 13195 | 13196 | 13197 | 13198 | 13199 |
| 521 | 13200 | 13201 | 13202 | 13204 | 13205 | 13206 | 13207 | 13208 | 13209 |
| 522 | 13210 | 1321 | 13212 | 13214 | 13215 | 13216 | 13217 | 13218 | 13219 |
| 523 | 13220 | 13221 | 13222 | 13224 | 13225 | 13226 | 13227 | 13228 | 13229 |
| 524 | 13230 | 13231 | 13232 | 13234 | 13235 | 13236 | 13237 | 13238 | 13239 |
| 525 | 13240 | 13241 | 13242 | 13244 | 13245 | 13246 | 13247 | 13248 | 13249 |
| 526 | 13250 | 13251 | 13252 | 13254 | 13255 | 13256 | 13257 | 13258 | 13259 |
| 527 | 1326 | 13261 | 1326 | 13264 | 13265 | 13266 | 13267 | 13268 | 13269 |
| 528 | 13270 | 13271 | 13272 | 13274 | 13275 | 13276 | 13277 | 13278 | 13279 |
| 529 | 13 | 13 | 13282 | 13284 | 13285 | 13286 | 13287 | 13288 | 13289 |
| 530 | 13290 | 13291 | 13292 | 13294 | 13295 | 13296 | 13297 | 13298 | 13299 |
| 531 | 13300 | 13301 | 13302 | 13304 | 13305 | 13306 | 13307 | 13308 | 13309 |
| 532 | 13310 | 13311 | 13312 | 13314 | 13315 | 13316 | 13317 | 13318 | 13319 |
| 533 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13324 | 13325 | 13326 | 13327 | 13328 | 13329 |
| 534 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13334 | 13335 | 13336 | 13337 | 13338 | 13339 |
| 535 | 13340 | 13341 | 13342 | 13344 | 13345 | 13346 | 13347 | 13348 | 13349 |
| 536 | 13350 | 13351 | 13352 | 13354 | 13355 | 13356 | 13357 | 13358 | 1335 |
| 537 | 13360 | 13361 | 13362 | 13364 | 13365 | 13366 | 13367 | 13368 | 13369 |
| 538 | 13370 | 13371 | 13372 | 13374 | 13375 | 13376 | 13377 | 13378 | 13379 |
| 539 | 13380 | 13381 | 13382 | 13384 | 13385 | 13386 | 13387 | 13388 | 13389 |
| 540 | 13390 | 13391 | 13392 | 13394 | 13395 | 13396 | 13397 | 13398 | 13399 |
| 541 | 13400 | 13401 | 13402 | 13404 | 13405 | 13406 | 13407 | 13408 | 409 |
| 542 | 13410 | 13411 | 13412 | 13414 | 13415 | 13416 | 13417 | 13418 | 13419 |
| 543 | 13420 | 13421 | 13422 | 13424 | 13425 | 13426 | 13427 | 13428 | 13429 |
| 544 | 13430 | 13431 | 13432 | 13434 | 13435 | 13436 | 13437 | 13438 | 13439 |
| 545 | 13440 | 13441 | 13442 | 13444 | 13445 | 13446 | 13447 | 13448 | 13449 |
| 546 | 13450 | 13451 | 13452 | 13454 | 13455 | 13456 | 13457 | 13458 | 13459 |
| 547 | 13460 | 13461 | 13462 | 13464 | 13465 | 13466 | 13467 | 13468 | 13469 |
| 548 | 13470 | 13471 | 13472 | 13474 | 13475 | 13476 | 13477 | 13478 | 13479 |
| 549 | 13480 | 13481 | 13482 | 13484 | 13485 | 13486 | 13487 | 13488 | 13489 |
| 550 | 13490 | 13491 | 13492 | 13494 | 13495 | 13496 | 13497 | 13498 | 13499 |


| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Loworder | Highorder | Loworder | Highorder | Loworder | Highorder |
| 551 | 13500 | 13501 | 13502 | 13504 | 13505 | 13506 | 13507 | 13508 | 13509 |
| 552 | 13510 | 13511 | 13512 | 13514 | 13515 | 13516 | 13517 | 13518 | 13519 |
| 553 | 13520 | 13521 | 13522 | 13524 | 13525 | 13526 | 13527 | 13528 | 13529 |
| 554 | 13530 | 13531 | 13532 | 13534 | 13535 | 13536 | 13537 | 13538 | 13539 |
| 555 | 13540 | 13541 | 13542 | 13544 | 13545 | 13546 | 13547 | 13548 | 13549 |
| 556 | 13550 | 13551 | 13552 | 13554 | 13555 | 13556 | 13557 | 13558 | 13559 |
| 557 | 13560 | 13561 | 13562 | 13564 | 13565 | 13566 | 13567 | 13568 | 13569 |
| 558 | 13570 | 13571 | 13572 | 13574 | 13575 | 13576 | 13577 | 13578 | 13579 |
| 559 | 13580 | 13581 | 13582 | 13584 | 13585 | 13586 | 13587 | 13588 | 13589 |
| 560 | 13590 | 13591 | 13592 | 13594 | 13595 | 13596 | 13597 | 13598 | 13599 |
| 561 | 13600 | 13601 | 13602 | 13604 | 13605 | 13606 | 13607 | 13608 | 13609 |
| 562 | 13610 | 13611 | 13612 | 13614 | 13615 | 13616 | 13617 | 13618 | 13619 |
| 563 | 13620 | 13621 | 13622 | 13624 | 13625 | 13626 | 13627 | 13628 | 13629 |
| 564 | 13630 | 13631 | 13632 | 13634 | 13635 | 13636 | 13637 | 13638 | 13639 |
| 565 | 13640 | 13641 | 13642 | 13644 | 13645 | 13646 | 13647 | 13648 | 13649 |
| 566 | 13650 | 13651 | 13652 | 1365 | 13655 | 13656 | 13657 | 13658 | 13659 |
| 567 | 13660 | 13661 | 13662 | 13664 | 13665 | 13666 | 13667 | 13668 | 13669 |
| 568 | 13670 | 13671 | 13672 | 13674 | 13675 | 13676 | 13677 | 13678 | 13679 |
| 569 | 13680 | 13681 | 13682 | 13684 | 13685 | 13686 | 13687 | 13688 | 13689 |
| 570 | 13690 | 13691 | 13692 | 13694 | 13695 | 13696 | 13697 | 13698 | 13699 |
| 57 | 13700 | 13701 | 13702 | 1370 | 13705 | 13706 | 13707 | 13708 | 1370 |
| 572 | 13710 | 13711 | 13712 | 13714 | 13715 | 13716 | 13717 | 13718 | 13719 |
| 573 | 13720 | 13721 | 13722 | 13724 | 13725 | 13726 | 13727 | 13728 | 13729 |
| 574 | 13730 | 1373 | 13732 | 13734 | 13735 | 13736 | 13737 | 13738 | 13739 |
| 575 | 13740 | 13741 | 13742 | 13744 | 13745 | 13746 | 13747 | 13748 | 13749 |
| 576 | 13750 | 13751 | 13752 | 13754 | 13755 | 13756 | 13757 | 13758 | 13759 |
| 577 | 13760 | 13761 | 13762 | 13764 | 13765 | 13766 | 13767 | 13768 | 13769 |
| 578 | 13770 | 13771 | 13772 | 13774 | 13775 | 13776 | 13777 | 13778 | 13779 |
| 579 | 13780 | 13781 | 13782 | 13784 | 13785 | 13786 | 13787 | 13788 | 13789 |
| 580 | 13790 | 13791 | 13792 | 13794 | 13795 | 13796 | 13797 | 13798 | 13799 |
| 581 | 13800 | 13801 | 13802 | 13804 | 13805 | 13806 | 13807 | 13808 | 13809 |
| 582 | 13810 | 13811 | 13812 | 13814 | 13815 | 13816 | 13817 | 13818 | 13819 |
| 583 | 13820 | 13821 | 13822 | 13824 | 13825 | 13826 | 13827 | 13828 | 13829 |
| 584 | 13830 | 13831 | 13832 | 13834 | 13835 | 13836 | 13837 | 13838 | 13839 |
| 585 | 13840 | 13841 | 13842 | 13844 | 13845 | 13846 | 13847 | 13848 | 13849 |
| 586 | 13850 | 13851 | 13852 | 13854 | 13855 | 13856 | 13857 | 13858 | 13859 |
| 587 | 13860 | 13861 | 13862 | 13864 | 13865 | 13866 | 13867 | 13868 | 13869 |
| 588 | 13870 | 13871 | 13872 | 13874 | 13875 | 13876 | 13877 | 13878 | 13879 |
| 589 | 13880 | 13881 | 13882 | 13884 | 13885 | 13886 | 13887 | 13888 | 13889 |
| 590 | 13890 | 13891 | 13892 | 13894 | 13895 | 13896 | 13897 | 13898 | 13899 |
| 591 | 13900 | 13901 | 13902 | 13904 | 13905 | 13906 | 13907 | 13908 | 13909 |
| 592 | 13910 | 13911 | 13912 | 13914 | 13915 | 13916 | 13917 | 13918 | 13919 |
| 593 | 13920 | 13921 | 13922 | 13924 | 13925 | 13926 | 13927 | 13928 | 13929 |
| 594 | 13930 | 13931 | 13932 | 13934 | 13935 | 13936 | 13937 | 13938 | 13939 |
| 595 | 13940 | 13941 | 13942 | 13944 | 13945 | 13946 | 13947 | 13948 | 13949 |
| 596 | 13950 | 13951 | 13952 | 13954 | 13955 | 13956 | 13957 | 13958 | 13959 |
| 597 | 13960 | 13961 | 13962 | 13964 | 13965 | 13966 | 13967 | 13968 | 13969 |
| 598 | 13970 | 13971 | 13972 | 13974 | 13975 | 13976 | 13977 | 13978 | 13979 |
| 599 | 13980 | 13981 | 13982 | 13984 | 13985 | 13986 | 13987 | 13988 | 13989 |
| 600 | 13990 | 13991 | 13992 | 13994 | 13995 | 13996 | 13997 | 13998 | 13999 |

(3) For axis 3

| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | Loworder | Highorder | Loworder | Highorder |
| 1 | 14000 | 14001 | 14002 | 14004 | 14005 | 14006 | 14007 | 14008 | 14009 |
| 2 | 14010 | 14011 | 14012 | 14014 | 14015 | 14016 | 14017 | 14018 | 14019 |
| 3 | 14020 | 14021 | 14022 | 14024 | 14025 | 14026 | 14027 | 14028 | 14029 |
| 4 | 14030 | 14031 | 14032 | 14034 | 14035 | 14036 | 14037 | 14038 | 14039 |
| 5 | 14040 | 14041 | 14042 | 14044 | 14045 | 14046 | 14047 | 14048 | 14049 |
| 6 | 14050 | 14051 | 14052 | 14054 | 14055 | 14056 | 14057 | 14058 | 14059 |
| 7 | 14060 | 14061 | 14062 | 14064 | 14065 | 14066 | 14067 | 14068 | 14069 |
| 8 | 14070 | 14071 | 14072 | 14074 | 14075 | 14076 | 14077 | 14078 | 14079 |
| 9 | 14080 | 14081 | 14082 | 14084 | 14085 | 14086 | 14087 | 14088 | 14089 |
| 10 | 14090 | 14091 | 14092 | 14094 | 14095 | 14096 | 14097 | 14098 | 14099 |
| 11 | 14100 | 14101 | 14102 | 14104 | 14105 | 14106 | 14107 | 14108 | 14109 |
| 12 | 14110 | 14111 | 14112 | 14114 | 14115 | 14116 | 14117 | 14118 | 14119 |
| 13 | 14120 | 14121 | 14122 | 14124 | 14125 | 14126 | 14127 | 14128 | 14129 |
| 14 | 14130 | 1413 | 14132 | 14134 | 14135 | 14136 | 14137 | 14138 | 14139 |
| 15 | 14140 | 14141 | 14142 | 14144 | 14145 | 14146 | 14147 | 14148 | 14149 |
| 16 | 14150 | 14151 | 14152 | 14154 | 14155 | 14156 | 14157 | 14158 | 14159 |
| 17 | 14160 | 14161 | 14162 | 14164 | 14165 | 14166 | 14167 | 14168 | 14169 |
| 18 | 14170 | 14171 | 14172 | 14174 | 14175 | 14176 | 14177 | 14178 | 14179 |
| 19 | 14180 | 14181 | 14182 | 14184 | 14185 | 14186 | 14187 | 14188 | 14189 |
| 20 | 14190 | 14191 | 14192 | 14194 | 14195 | 14196 | 14197 | 14198 | 14199 |
| 21 | 14200 | 14201 | 14202 | 14204 | 14205 | 14206 | 14207 | 14208 | 14209 |
| 22 | 14210 | 14211 | 14212 | 14214 | 14215 | 14216 | 14217 | 14218 | 14219 |
| 23 | 14220 | 14221 | 14222 | 14224 | 14225 | 14226 | 14227 | 14228 | 14229 |
| 24 | 14230 | 14231 | 14232 | 14234 | 14235 | 14236 | 14237 | 14238 | 14239 |
| 25 | 14240 | 14241 | 14242 | 14244 | 14245 | 14246 | 14247 | 14248 | 14249 |
| 26 | 14250 | 14251 | 14252 | 14254 | 14255 | 14256 | 14257 | 14258 | 14259 |
| 27 | 14260 | 14261 | 14262 | 14264 | 14265 | 14266 | 14267 | 14268 | 14269 |
| 28 | 14270 | 14271 | 14272 | 14274 | 14275 | 14276 | 14277 | 14278 | 14279 |
| 29 | 14280 | 14281 | 14282 | 14284 | 14285 | 14286 | 14287 | 14288 | 14289 |
| 30 | 14290 | 14291 | 14292 | 14294 | 14295 | 14296 | 14297 | 14298 | 14299 |
| 31 | 14300 | 14301 | 14302 | 14304 | 14305 | 14306 | 14307 | 14308 | 14309 |
| 32 | 14310 | 14311 | 14312 | 14314 | 14315 | 14316 | 14317 | 14318 | 14319 |
| 33 | 14320 | 14321 | 14322 | 14324 | 14325 | 14326 | 14327 | 14328 | 14329 |
| 34 | 14330 | 14331 | 14332 | 14334 | 14335 | 14336 | 14337 | 14338 | 14339 |
| 35 | 14340 | 14341 | 14342 | 14344 | 14345 | 14346 | 14347 | 14348 | 14349 |
| 36 | 14350 | 14351 | 14352 | 14354 | 14355 | 14356 | 14357 | 14358 | 14359 |
| 37 | 14360 | 14361 | 14362 | 14364 | 14365 | 14366 | 14367 | 14368 | 14369 |
| 38 | 14370 | 14371 | 14372 | 14374 | 14375 | 14376 | 14377 | 14378 | 14379 |
| 39 | 14380 | 14381 | 14382 | 14384 | 14385 | 14386 | 14387 | 14388 | 14389 |
| 40 | 14390 | 14391 | 14392 | 14394 | 14395 | 14396 | 14397 | 14398 | 14399 |
| 41 | 14400 | 14401 | 14402 | 14404 | 14405 | 14406 | 14407 | 14408 | 14409 |
| 42 | 14410 | 14411 | 14412 | 14414 | 14415 | 14416 | 14417 | 14418 | 14419 |
| 43 | 14420 | 14421 | 14422 | 14424 | 14425 | 14426 | 14427 | 14428 | 14429 |
| 44 | 14430 | 14431 | 14432 | 14434 | 14435 | 14436 | 14437 | 14438 | 14439 |
| 45 | 14440 | 14441 | 14442 | 14444 | 14445 | 14446 | 14447 | 14448 | 14449 |
| 46 | 14450 | 14451 | 14452 | 14454 | 14455 | 14456 | 14457 | 14458 | 14459 |
| 47 | 14460 | 14461 | 14462 | 14464 | 14465 | 14466 | 14467 | 14468 | 14469 |
| 48 | 14470 | 14471 | 14472 | 14474 | 14475 | 14476 | 14477 | 14478 | 14479 |
| 49 | 14480 | 14481 | 14482 | 14484 | 14485 | 14486 | 14487 | 14488 | 14489 |
| 50 | 14490 | 14491 | 14492 | 14494 | 14495 | 14496 | 14497 | 14498 | 14499 |


| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ |
| 51 | 14500 | 14501 | 14502 | 14504 | 14505 | 14506 | 14507 | 14508 | 14509 |
| 52 | 14510 | 14511 | 14512 | 14514 | 14515 | 14516 | 14517 | 14518 | 14519 |
| 53 | 14520 | 14521 | 14522 | 14524 | 14525 | 14526 | 14527 | 14528 | 14529 |
| 54 | 14530 | 14531 | 14532 | 14534 | 14535 | 14536 | 14537 | 14538 | 14539 |
| 55 | 14540 | 14541 | 14542 | 14544 | 14545 | 14546 | 14547 | 14548 | 14549 |
| 56 | 14550 | 14551 | 14552 | 14554 | 14555 | 14556 | 14557 | 14558 | 559 |
| 57 | 14560 | 14561 | 14562 | 14564 | 14565 | 14566 | 14567 | 14568 | 14569 |
| 58 | 14570 | 14571 | 14572 | 14574 | 14575 | 14576 | 14577 | 14578 | 14579 |
| 59 | 14580 | 14581 | 14582 | 14584 | 14585 | 14586 | 14587 | 14588 | 89 |
| 60 | 14590 | 14591 | 14592 | 14594 | 14595 | 14596 | 14597 | 14598 | 14599 |
| 61 | 14600 | 14601 | 14602 | 14604 | 14605 | 14606 | 14607 | 14608 | 14609 |
| 62 | 14610 | 14611 | 14612 | 14614 | 14615 | 14616 | 14617 | 14618 | 14619 |
| 63 | 14620 | 14621 | 14622 | 14624 | 14625 | 14626 | 14627 | 14628 | 14629 |
| 64 | 14630 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14635 | 14636 | 14637 | 14638 | 14639 |
| 65 | 14640 | 14641 | 14642 | 14644 | 14645 | 14646 | 14647 | 14648 | 14649 |
| 66 | 14650 | 14651 | 14652 | 14654 | 14655 | 14656 | 14657 | 14658 | 14659 |
| 67 | 14660 | 14661 | 14662 | 14664 | 14665 | 14666 | 14667 | 14668 | 14669 |
| 68 | 14670 | 1467 | 14672 | 14674 | 14675 | 14676 | 14677 | 14678 | 14679 |
| 69 | 14680 | 14681 | 14682 | 14684 | 14685 | 14686 | 14687 | 14688 | 14689 |
| 70 | 14690 | 14691 | 14692 | 14694 | 14695 | 14696 | 14697 | 14698 | 14699 |
| 71 | 14700 | 14701 | 14702 | 14704 | 14705 | 14706 | 14707 | 14708 | 14709 |
| 72 | 14710 | 1471 | 14712 | 14714 | 14715 | 14716 | 14717 | 14718 | 9 |
| 73 | 14720 | 14721 | 14722 | 14724 | 14725 | 14726 | 14727 | 14728 | 14729 |
| 74 | 14730 | 14731 | 14732 | 14734 | 14735 | 14736 | 14737 | 14738 | 14739 |
| 75 | 14740 | 14741 | 14742 | 14744 | 14745 | 14746 | 14747 | 14748 | 14749 |
| 76 | 14750 | 14751 | 14752 | 14754 | 14755 | 14756 | 14757 | 14758 | 14759 |
| 77 | 14760 | 14761 | 14762 | 14764 | 14765 | 14766 | 14767 | 14768 | 14769 |
| 78 | 14770 | 14771 | 14772 | 14774 | 14775 | 14776 | 14777 | 14778 | 14779 |
| 79 | 14780 | 14781 | 14782 | 14784 | 14785 | 14786 | 14787 | 14788 | 14789 |
| 80 | 14790 | 14791 | 14792 | 14794 | 14795 | 14796 | 14797 | 14798 | 799 |
| 81 | 14800 | 14801 | 14802 | 14804 | 14805 | 14806 | 14807 | 14808 | 809 |
| 82 | 14810 | 14811 | 14812 | 14814 | 14815 | 14816 | 14817 | 14818 | 14819 |
| 83 | 14820 | 1482 | 14822 | 14824 | 14825 | 14826 | 14827 | 14828 | 14829 |
| 84 | 14830 | 14831 | 14832 | 14834 | 14835 | 14836 | 14837 | 14838 | 14839 |
| 85 | 14840 | 14841 | 14842 | 14844 | 14845 | 14846 | 14847 | 14848 | 14849 |
| 86 | 14850 | 14851 | 14852 | 14854 | 14855 | 14856 | 14857 | 14858 | 14859 |
| 87 | 14860 | 1486 | 14862 | 14864 | 14865 | 14866 | 14867 | 14868 | 14869 |
| 88 | 14870 | 14871 | 14872 | 14874 | 14875 | 14876 | 14877 | 14878 | 14879 |
| 89 | 14880 | 1488 | 14882 | 14884 | 14885 | 14886 | 14887 | 14888 | 14889 |
| 90 | 14890 | 14891 | 14892 | 14894 | 14895 | 14896 | 14897 | 14898 | 899 |
| 91 | 14900 | 14901 | 14902 | 14904 | 14905 | 14906 | 14907 | 14908 | 14909 |
| 92 | 14910 | 14911 | 14912 | 14914 | 14915 | 14916 | 14917 | 14918 | 14919 |
| 93 | 14920 | 14921 | 14922 | 14924 | 14925 | 14926 | 14927 | 14928 | 14929 |
| 94 | 14930 | 14931 | 14932 | 14934 | 14935 | 14936 | 14937 | 14938 | 14939 |
| 95 | 14940 | 14941 | 14942 | 14944 | 14945 | 14946 | 14947 | 14948 | 14949 |
| 96 | 14950 | 14951 | 14952 | 14954 | 14955 | 14956 | 14957 | 14958 | 14959 |
| 97 | 14960 | 14961 | 14962 | 14964 | 14965 | 14966 | 14967 | 14968 | 14969 |
| 98 | 14970 | 14971 | 14972 | 14974 | 14975 | 14976 | 14977 | 14978 | 14979 |
| 99 | 14980 | 14981 | 14982 | 14984 | 14985 | 14986 | 14987 | 14988 | 14989 |
| 100 | 14990 | 14991 | 14992 | 14994 | 14995 | 14996 | 14997 | 14998 | 14999 |

(3) For axis 3

| Data No. | Positioning identifier | M code | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { order } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ |
| 101 | 15000 | 15001 | 15002 | 15004 | 15005 | 15006 | 15007 | 15008 | 009 |
| 102 | 15010 | 15011 | 15012 | 15014 | 15015 | 15016 | 15017 | 15018 | 15019 |
| 103 | 15020 | 15021 | 15022 | 15024 | 15025 | 15026 | 15027 | 15028 | 15029 |
| 10 | 15030 | 15 | 15032 | 15034 | 15035 | 15036 | 15037 | 15038 | 15039 |
| 105 | 15040 | 15041 | 15042 | 15044 | 15045 | 15046 | 15047 | 15048 | 15049 |
| 106 | 15050 | 15051 | 15052 | 15054 | 15055 | 15056 | 15057 | 15058 | 15059 |
| 107 | 15060 | 15061 | 15062 | 15064 | 15065 | 15066 | 15067 | 15068 | 15069 |
| 108 | 15070 | 150 | 15072 | 15074 | 15075 | 15076 | 15077 | 15078 | 15079 |
| 109 | 15 | 15 | 1508 | 15084 | 15085 | 15086 | 15087 | 15088 | 89 |
| 110 | 15090 | 15091 | 15092 | 15094 | 15095 | 15096 | 15097 | 15098 | 15099 |
| 111 | 15100 | 15101 | 15102 | 15104 | 15105 | 15106 | 15107 | 15108 | 15109 |
| 112 | 15110 | 15111 | 15112 | 15114 | 15115 | 15116 | 15117 | 15118 | 15119 |
| 11 | 15 | 151 | 1512 | 15124 | 15125 | 15126 | 15127 | 15128 | 29 |
| 114 | 15130 | 15131 | 15132 | 15134 | 15135 | 15136 | 15137 | 15138 | 15139 |
| 115 | 15140 | 15141 | 15142 | 15144 | 15145 | 15146 | 15147 | 15148 | 15149 |
| 116 | 15150 | 15151 | 15152 | 15154 | 15155 | 15156 | 15157 | 15158 | 15159 |
| 11 | 15160 | 15161 | 15162 | 15164 | 15165 | 15166 | 15167 | 15168 | 15169 |
| 118 | 1517 | 1517 | 1517 | 15174 | 15175 | 15176 | 15177 | 15178 | 15179 |
| 119 | 15180 | 15181 | 15182 | 15184 | 15185 | 15186 | 15187 | 15188 | 15189 |
| 120 | 15190 | 15191 | 15192 | 15194 | 15195 | 15196 | 15197 | 15198 | 15199 |
| 121 | 15200 | 15201 | 15202 | 15204 | 15205 | 15206 | 15207 | 15208 | 15209 |
| 122 | 15210 | 152 | 1521 | 15214 | 15215 | 15216 | 15217 | 15218 | 15219 |
| 123 | 15220 | 15221 | 15222 | 15224 | 15225 | 15226 | 15227 | 15228 | 15229 |
| 124 | 15230 | 15231 | 15232 | 15234 | 15235 | 15236 | 15237 | 15238 | 15239 |
| 125 | 15240 | 15241 | 15242 | 15244 | 15245 | 15246 | 15247 | 15248 | 15249 |
| 126 | 15250 | 15251 | 15252 | 15254 | 15255 | 15256 | 15257 | 15258 | 15259 |
| 127 | 1526 | 1526 | 1526 | 1526 | 15265 | 15266 | 15267 | 15268 | 15269 |
| 128 | 15270 | 15271 | 15272 | 15274 | 15275 | 15276 | 15277 | 15278 | 15279 |
| 129 | 15 | 15 | 15282 | 15284 | 15285 | 15286 | 15287 | 15288 | 15289 |
| 130 | 15290 | 15291 | 15292 | 15294 | 15295 | 15296 | 15297 | 15298 | 15299 |
| 131 | 15300 | 15301 | 15302 | 15304 | 15305 | 15306 | 15307 | 15308 | 15309 |
| 132 | 15310 | 15311 | 15312 | 15314 | 15315 | 15316 | 15317 | 15318 | 15319 |
| 133 | 153 | 1532 | 15322 | 15324 | 15325 | 15326 | 15327 | 15328 | 15329 |
| 13 | 15 | 15 | 15332 | 15334 | 15335 | 15336 | 15337 | 15338 | 15339 |
| 135 | 15340 | 15341 | 15342 | 15344 | 15345 | 15346 | 15347 | 15348 | 15349 |
| 136 | 15350 | 15351 | 15352 | 15354 | 15355 | 15356 | 15357 | 15358 | 1535 |
| 137 | 15360 | 15361 | 15362 | 15364 | 15365 | 15366 | 15367 | 15368 | 15369 |
| 138 | 15370 | 15371 | 15372 | 15374 | 15375 | 15376 | 15377 | 15378 | 15379 |
| 139 | 15380 | 15381 | 15382 | 15384 | 15385 | 15386 | 15387 | 15388 | 15389 |
| 140 | 15390 | 15391 | 15392 | 15394 | 15395 | 15396 | 15397 | 15398 | 15399 |
| 141 | 15400 | 15401 | 15402 | 15404 | 15405 | 15406 | 15407 | 15408 | 409 |
| 142 | 15410 | 15411 | 15412 | 15414 | 15415 | 15416 | 15417 | 15418 | 15419 |
| 143 | 15420 | 15421 | 15422 | 15424 | 15425 | 15426 | 15427 | 15428 | 15429 |
| 144 | 15430 | 15431 | 15432 | 15434 | 15435 | 15436 | 15437 | 15438 | 15439 |
| 145 | 15440 | 15441 | 15442 | 15444 | 15445 | 15446 | 15447 | 15448 | 15449 |
| 146 | 15450 | 15451 | 15452 | 15454 | 15455 | 15456 | 15457 | 15458 | 15459 |
| 147 | 15460 | 15461 | 15462 | 15464 | 15465 | 15466 | 15467 | 15468 | 15469 |
| 148 | 15470 | 15471 | 15472 | 15474 | 15475 | 15476 | 15477 | 15478 | 15479 |
| 149 | 15480 | 15481 | 15482 | 15484 | 15485 | 15486 | 15487 | 15488 | 15489 |
| 150 | 15490 | 15491 | 15492 | 15494 | 15495 | 15496 | 15497 | 15498 | 15499 |


| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | Low- order | Highorder | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \end{array}$ | Highorder |
| 151 | 15500 | 15501 | 15502 | 15504 | 15505 | 15506 | 15507 | 15508 | 15509 |
| 152 | 15510 | 15511 | 15512 | 15514 | 15515 | 15516 | 15517 | 15518 | 15519 |
| 153 | 15520 | 15521 | 15522 | 15524 | 15525 | 15526 | 15527 | 15528 | 15529 |
| 154 | 15530 | 15531 | 15532 | 15534 | 15535 | 15536 | 15537 | 15538 | 15539 |
| 155 | 15 | 15541 | 15542 | 15544 | 15545 | 15546 | 15547 | 15548 | 15549 |
| 156 | 15550 | 15551 | 15552 | 15554 | 15555 | 15556 | 15557 | 15558 | 15559 |
| 157 | 15560 | 15561 | 15562 | 15564 | 15565 | 15566 | 15567 | 15568 | 15569 |
| 158 | 15570 | 15571 | 15572 | 15574 | 15575 | 15576 | 15577 | 15578 | 15579 |
| 159 | 15580 | 15581 | 15582 | 15584 | 15585 | 15586 | 15587 | 15588 | 15589 |
| 160 | 15590 | 15591 | 15592 | 15594 | 15595 | 15596 | 15597 | 15598 | 15599 |
| 161 | 15600 | 15601 | 15602 | 15604 | 15605 | 15606 | 15607 | 15608 | 15609 |
| 162 | 15610 | 15611 | 15612 | 15614 | 15615 | 15616 | 15617 | 15618 | 15619 |
| 163 | 15620 | 15621 | 15622 | 15624 | 15625 | 15626 | 15627 | 15628 | 15629 |
| 164 | 15 | 15631 | 15 | 15634 | 15635 | 15636 | 15637 | 15638 | 15639 |
| 165 | 15640 | 15641 | 15642 | 15644 | 15645 | 15646 | 15647 | 15648 | 15649 |
| 166 | 15650 | 15651 | 15652 | 15654 | 15655 | 15656 | 15657 | 15658 | 15659 |
| 167 | 15660 | 15661 | 15662 | 15664 | 15665 | 15666 | 15667 | 15668 | 15669 |
| 168 | 15670 | 15671 | 15672 | 1567 | 15675 | 15676 | 15677 | 15678 | 15679 |
| 169 | 15680 | 15681 | 15682 | 15684 | 15685 | 15686 | 15687 | 15688 | 15689 |
| 170 | 15690 | 15691 | 15692 | 15694 | 15695 | 15696 | 15697 | 15698 | 15699 |
| 171 | 15700 | 15701 | 15702 | 15704 | 15705 | 15706 | 15707 | 15708 | 15709 |
| 172 | 15710 | 15711 | 15712 | 15714 | 15715 | 15716 | 15717 | 15718 | 15719 |
| 173 | 15720 | 15721 | 15722 | 15724 | 15725 | 15726 | 15727 | 15728 | 15729 |
| 174 | 15730 | 15731 | 15732 | 15734 | 15735 | 15736 | 15737 | 15738 | 15739 |
| 175 | 15740 | 15741 | 15742 | 15744 | 15745 | 15746 | 15747 | 15748 | 1574 |
| 176 | 15750 | 15751 | 15752 | 15754 | 15755 | 15756 | 15757 | 15758 | 15759 |
| 177 | 15760 | 15761 | 15762 | 15764 | 15765 | 15766 | 15767 | 15768 | 15769 |
| 178 | 15770 | 15771 | 15772 | 15774 | 15775 | 15776 | 15777 | 15778 | 15779 |
| 179 | 15780 | 15781 | 15782 | 15784 | 15785 | 15786 | 15787 | 15788 | 15789 |
| 180 | 15790 | 15791 | 15792 | 15794 | 15795 | 15796 | 15797 | 15798 | 799 |
| 181 | 15800 | 15801 | 15802 | 15804 | 15805 | 15806 | 15807 | 15808 | 15809 |
| 182 | 15810 | 15811 | 15812 | 15814 | 15815 | 15816 | 15817 | 15818 | 15819 |
| 183 | 15820 | 15821 | 15822 | 15824 | 15825 | 15826 | 15827 | 15828 | 15829 |
| 184 | 15830 | 15831 | 15832 | 15834 | 15835 | 15836 | 15837 | 15838 | 15839 |
| 185 | 15840 | 15841 | 15842 | 15844 | 15845 | 15846 | 15847 | 15848 | 15849 |
| 186 | 15850 | 15851 | 15852 | 15854 | 15855 | 15856 | 15857 | 15858 | 15859 |
| 187 | 15860 | 15861 | 15862 | 15864 | 15865 | 15866 | 15867 | 15868 | 15869 |
| 188 | 15870 | 15871 | 15872 | 15874 | 15875 | 15876 | 15877 | 15878 | 15879 |
| 189 | 15880 | 15881 | 15882 | 15884 | 15885 | 15886 | 15887 | 15888 | 15889 |
| 190 | 15890 | 15891 | 15892 | 15894 | 15895 | 15896 | 15897 | 15898 | 15899 |
| 191 | 15900 | 15901 | 15902 | 15904 | 15905 | 15906 | 15907 | 15908 | 15909 |
| 192 | 15910 | 15911 | 15912 | 15914 | 15915 | 15916 | 15917 | 15918 | 15919 |
| 193 | 15920 | 15921 | 15922 | 15924 | 15925 | 15926 | 15927 | 15928 | 15929 |
| 194 | 15930 | 15931 | 15932 | 15934 | 15935 | 15936 | 15937 | 15938 | 15939 |
| 195 | 15940 | 15941 | 15942 | 15944 | 15945 | 15946 | 15947 | 15948 | 15949 |
| 196 | 15950 | 15951 | 15952 | 15954 | 15955 | 15956 | 15957 | 15958 | 15959 |
| 197 | 15960 | 15961 | 15962 | 15964 | 15965 | 15966 | 15967 | 15968 | 15969 |
| 198 | 15970 | 15971 | 15972 | 15974 | 15975 | 15976 | 15977 | 15978 | 15979 |
| 199 | 15980 | 15981 | 15982 | 15984 | 15985 | 15986 | 15987 | 15988 | 15989 |
| 200 | 15990 | 15991 | 15992 | 15994 | 15995 | 15996 | 15997 | 15998 | 15999 |

(3) For axis 3

| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 201 | 16000 | 16001 | 16002 | 16004 | 16005 | 16006 | 16007 | 16008 | 16009 |
| 202 | 16010 | 16011 | 16012 | 16014 | 16015 | 16016 | 16017 | 16018 | 16019 |
| 203 | 16020 | 16021 | 16022 | 16024 | 16025 | 16026 | 16027 | 16028 | 16029 |
| 204 | 16030 | 16031 | 16032 | 16034 | 16035 | 16036 | 16037 | 16038 | 16039 |
| 205 | 16040 | 16041 | 16042 | 16044 | 16045 | 16046 | 16047 | 16048 | 16049 |
| 206 | 16050 | 16051 | 16052 | 16054 | 16055 | 16056 | 16057 | 16058 | 16059 |
| 207 | 16060 | 16061 | 16062 | 16064 | 16065 | 16066 | 16067 | 16068 | 16069 |
| 208 | 16070 | 16071 | 16072 | 16074 | 16075 | 16076 | 16077 | 16078 | 16079 |
| 209 | 16080 | 16081 | 16082 | 16084 | 16085 | 16086 | 16087 | 16088 | 89 |
| 210 | 16090 | 16091 | 16092 | 16094 | 16095 | 16096 | 16097 | 16098 | 16099 |
| 211 | 16100 | 16101 | 16102 | 16104 | 16105 | 16106 | 16107 | 16108 | 16109 |
| 212 | 16110 | 16111 | 16112 | 16114 | 16115 | 16116 | 16117 | 16118 | 16119 |
| 213 | 16120 | 16121 | 16122 | 16124 | 16125 | 16126 | 16127 | 16128 | 16129 |
| 214 | 16 | 161 | 16132 | 16134 | 16135 | 16136 | 16137 | 16138 | 16139 |
| 215 | 16140 | 16141 | 16142 | 16144 | 16145 | 16146 | 16147 | 16148 | 16149 |
| 216 | 16150 | 16151 | 16152 | 16154 | 16155 | 16156 | 16157 | 16158 | 16159 |
| 217 | 16160 | 16161 | 16162 | 16164 | 16165 | 16166 | 16167 | 16168 | 16169 |
| 218 | 16170 | 1617 | 16172 | 16174 | 16175 | 16176 | 16177 | 16178 | 16179 |
| 219 | 16180 | 16181 | 16182 | 16184 | 16185 | 16186 | 16187 | 16188 | 16189 |
| 220 | 16190 | 16191 | 16192 | 16194 | 16195 | 16196 | 16197 | 16198 | 16199 |
| 221 | 16200 | 16201 | 16202 | 16204 | 16205 | 16206 | 16207 | 16208 | 16209 |
| 222 | 16210 | 16211 | 16212 | 16214 | 16215 | 16216 | 16217 | 16218 | 16219 |
| 223 | 16220 | 16221 | 16222 | 16224 | 16225 | 16226 | 16227 | 16228 | 16229 |
| 224 | 16230 | 16231 | 16232 | 16234 | 16235 | 16236 | 16237 | 16238 | 16239 |
| 225 | 16240 | 16241 | 16242 | 16244 | 16245 | 16246 | 16247 | 16248 | 1624 |
| 226 | 16250 | 16251 | 16252 | 16254 | 16255 | 16256 | 16257 | 16258 | 16259 |
| 227 | 16260 | 16261 | 16262 | 16264 | 16265 | 16266 | 16267 | 16268 | 16269 |
| 228 | 16270 | 16271 | 16272 | 16274 | 16275 | 16276 | 16277 | 16278 | 16279 |
| 229 | 16280 | 16281 | 16282 | 16284 | 16285 | 16286 | 16287 | 16288 | 16289 |
| 230 | 16290 | 16291 | 16292 | 16294 | 16295 | 16296 | 16297 | 16298 | 16299 |
| 231 | 16300 | 16301 | 16302 | 16304 | 16305 | 16306 | 16307 | 16308 | 16309 |
| 232 | 16310 | 16311 | 16312 | 16314 | 16315 | 16316 | 16317 | 16318 | 16319 |
| 233 | 16320 | 16321 | 16322 | 16324 | 16325 | 16326 | 16327 | 16328 | 16329 |
| 234 | 16330 | 16331 | 16332 | 16334 | 16335 | 16336 | 16337 | 16338 | 16339 |
| 235 | 16340 | 16341 | 16342 | 16344 | 16345 | 16346 | 16347 | 16348 | 16349 |
| 236 | 16350 | 16351 | 16352 | 16354 | 16355 | 16356 | 16357 | 16358 | 16359 |
| 237 | 16360 | 16361 | 16362 | 16364 | 16365 | 16366 | 16367 | 16368 | 16369 |
| 238 | 16370 | 16371 | 16372 | 16374 | 16375 | 16376 | 16377 | 16378 | 16379 |
| 239 | 16380 | 16381 | 16382 | 16384 | 16385 | 16386 | 16387 | 16388 | 16389 |
| 240 | 16390 | 16391 | 16392 | 16394 | 16395 | 16396 | 16397 | 16398 | 16399 |
| 241 | 16400 | 16401 | 16402 | 16404 | 16405 | 16406 | 16407 | 16408 | 16409 |
| 242 | 16410 | 16411 | 16412 | 16414 | 16415 | 16416 | 16417 | 16418 | 16419 |
| 243 | 16420 | 16421 | 16422 | 16424 | 16425 | 16426 | 16427 | 16428 | 16429 |
| 244 | 16430 | 16431 | 16432 | 16434 | 16435 | 16436 | 16437 | 16438 | 16439 |
| 245 | 16440 | 16441 | 16442 | 16444 | 16445 | 16446 | 16447 | 16448 | 16449 |
| 246 | 16450 | 16451 | 16452 | 16454 | 16455 | 16456 | 16457 | 16458 | 16459 |
| 247 | 16460 | 16461 | 16462 | 16464 | 16465 | 16466 | 16467 | 16468 | 16469 |
| 248 | 16470 | 16471 | 16472 | 16474 | 16475 | 16476 | 16477 | 16478 | 16479 |
| 249 | 16480 | 16481 | 16482 | 16484 | 16485 | 16486 | 16487 | 16488 | 16489 |
| 250 | 16490 | 16491 | 16492 | 16494 | 16495 | 16496 | 16497 | 16498 | 16499 |


| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Highorder | Low- order | High- order | Low- | Highorder |
| 251 | 16500 | 16501 | 16502 | 16504 | 16505 | 16506 | 16507 | 16508 | 16509 |
| 252 | 16510 | 16511 | 16512 | 16514 | 16515 | 16516 | 16517 | 16518 | 16519 |
| 253 | 16520 | 16521 | 16522 | 16524 | 16525 | 16526 | 16527 | 16528 | 16529 |
| 254 | 16530 | 16531 | 16532 | 16534 | 16535 | 16536 | 16537 | 16538 | 16539 |
| 255 | 16540 | 16541 | 16542 | 16544 | 16545 | 16546 | 16547 | 16548 | 16549 |
| 256 | 16550 | 16551 | 16552 | 16554 | 16555 | 16556 | 16557 | 16558 | 16559 |
| 257 | 16560 | 16561 | 16562 | 16564 | 16565 | 16566 | 16567 | 16568 | 16569 |
| 258 | 16570 | 16571 | 16572 | 16574 | 16575 | 16576 | 16577 | 16578 | 16579 |
| 259 | 16580 | 16581 | 16582 | 16584 | 16585 | 16586 | 16587 | 16588 | 16589 |
| 260 | 16590 | 16591 | 16592 | 16594 | 16595 | 16596 | 16597 | 16598 | 16599 |
| 261 | 16600 | 16601 | 16602 | 16604 | 16605 | 16606 | 16607 | 16608 | 16609 |
| 262 | 16610 | 16611 | 16612 | 16614 | 16615 | 16616 | 16617 | 16618 | 16619 |
| 263 | 16620 | 16621 | 16622 | 16624 | 16625 | 16626 | 16627 | 16628 | 16629 |
| 264 | 16630 | 16631 | 16632 | 16634 | 16635 | 16636 | 16637 | 16638 | 16639 |
| 265 | 16640 | 16641 | 16642 | 16644 | 16645 | 16646 | 16647 | 16648 | 16649 |
| 266 | 16650 | 16651 | 16652 | 16654 | 16655 | 16656 | 16657 | 16658 | 16 |
| 267 | 16660 | 16661 | 16662 | 16664 | 16665 | 16666 | 16667 | 16668 | 16669 |
| 268 | 16670 | 16671 | 16672 | 16674 | 16675 | 16676 | 16677 | 16678 | 16679 |
| 269 | 16680 | 16681 | 16682 | 16684 | 16685 | 16686 | 16687 | 16688 | 16689 |
| 270 | 16690 | 16691 | 16692 | 16694 | 16695 | 16696 | 16697 | 16698 | 699 |
| 271 | 16700 | 16701 | 16702 | 16704 | 16705 | 16706 | 16707 | 16708 | 16 |
| 272 | 16710 | 16711 | 16712 | 16714 | 16715 | 16716 | 16717 | 16718 | 16719 |
| 273 | 16720 | 16721 | 16722 | 16724 | 16725 | 16726 | 16727 | 16728 | 16729 |
| 274 | 16730 | 16731 | 16732 | 16734 | 16735 | 16736 | 16737 | 16738 | 16739 |
| 275 | 16740 | 16741 | 16742 | 16744 | 16745 | 16746 | 16747 | 16748 | 16749 |
| 276 | 16750 | 16751 | 16752 | 16754 | 16755 | 16756 | 16757 | 16758 | 1675 |
| 277 | 16760 | 16761 | 16762 | 16764 | 16765 | 16766 | 16767 | 16768 | 16769 |
| 278 | 16770 | 16771 | 16772 | 16774 | 16775 | 16776 | 16777 | 16778 | 16779 |
| 279 | 16780 | 1678 | 16782 | 1678 | 16785 | 16786 | 16787 | 16788 | 16789 |
| 280 | 16790 | 16791 | 16792 | 16794 | 16795 | 16796 | 16797 | 16798 | 16799 |
| 281 | 16800 | 16801 | 16802 | 16804 | 16805 | 16806 | 16807 | 16808 | 16809 |
| 282 | 16810 | 16811 | 16812 | 16814 | 16815 | 16816 | 16817 | 16818 | 16819 |
| 283 | 16820 | 16821 | 16822 | 16824 | 16825 | 16826 | 16827 | 16828 | 16829 |
| 28 | 16830 | 16831 | 16832 | 16834 | 16835 | 16836 | 16837 | 16838 | 16839 |
| 285 | 16840 | 16841 | 16842 | 16844 | 16845 | 16846 | 16847 | 16848 | 16849 |
| 286 | 16850 | 16851 | 16852 | 16854 | 16855 | 16856 | 16857 | 16858 | 16859 |
| 287 | 16860 | 16861 | 16862 | 16864 | 16865 | 16866 | 16867 | 16868 | 16869 |
| 288 | 16870 | 16871 | 16872 | 16874 | 16875 | 16876 | 16877 | 16878 | 16879 |
| 289 | 16880 | 16881 | 16882 | 16884 | 16885 | 16886 | 16887 | 16888 | 16889 |
| 290 | 16890 | 16891 | 16892 | 16894 | 16895 | 16896 | 16897 | 16898 | 1689 |
| 291 | 16900 | 16901 | 16902 | 16904 | 16905 | 16906 | 16907 | 16908 | 16909 |
| 292 | 16910 | 16911 | 16912 | 16914 | 16915 | 16916 | 16917 | 16918 | 16919 |
| 293 | 16920 | 16921 | 16922 | 16924 | 16925 | 16926 | 16927 | 16928 | 16929 |
| 294 | 16930 | 16931 | 16932 | 16934 | 16935 | 16936 | 16937 | 16938 | 16939 |
| 295 | 16940 | 16941 | 16942 | 16944 | 16945 | 16946 | 16947 | 16948 | 16949 |
| 296 | 16950 | 16951 | 16952 | 16954 | 16955 | 16956 | 16957 | 16958 | 16959 |
| 297 | 16960 | 16961 | 16962 | 16964 | 16965 | 16966 | 16967 | 16968 | 16969 |
| 298 | 16970 | 16971 | 16972 | 16974 | 16975 | 16976 | 16977 | 16978 | 16979 |
| 299 | 16980 | 16981 | 16982 | 16984 | 16985 | 16986 | 16987 | 16988 | 16989 |
| 300 | 16990 | 16991 | 16992 | 16994 | 16995 | 16996 | 16997 | 16998 | 16999 |

(3) For axis 3

| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { order } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ |
| 301 | 17000 | 17001 | 17002 | 17004 | 17005 | 17006 | 17007 | 17008 | 17009 |
| 302 | 17010 | 17011 | 17012 | 17014 | 17015 | 17016 | 17017 | 17018 | 17019 |
| 303 | 17020 | 17021 | 17022 | 17024 | 17025 | 17026 | 17027 | 17028 | 17029 |
| 304 | 17030 | 17031 | 17032 | 17034 | 17035 | 17036 | 17037 | 17038 | 17039 |
| 30 | 17040 | 17041 | 17042 | 17044 | 17045 | 17046 | 17047 | 17048 | 17049 |
| 306 | 17050 | 17051 | 17052 | 17054 | 17055 | 17056 | 17057 | 17058 | 17059 |
| 307 | 17060 | 17061 | 17062 | 17064 | 17065 | 17066 | 17067 | 17068 | 17069 |
| 308 | 17070 | 17071 | 17072 | 17074 | 17075 | 17076 | 17077 | 17078 | 79 |
| 30 | 170 | 1708 | 17082 | 17084 | 17085 | 17086 | 17087 | 17088 | 89 |
| 310 | 17090 | 17091 | 17092 | 17094 | 17095 | 17096 | 17097 | 17098 | 17099 |
| 311 | 17100 | 17101 | 17102 | 17104 | 17105 | 17106 | 17107 | 17108 | 17109 |
| 312 | 17110 | 17111 | 17112 | 17114 | 17115 | 17116 | 17117 | 17118 | 17119 |
| 313 | 17 | 1712 | 1712 | 17124 | 17125 | 17126 | 17127 | 17128 | 29 |
| 31 | 17 | 1713 | 1713 | 17134 | 17135 | 17136 | 17137 | 17138 | 17139 |
| 315 | 17140 | 17141 | 17142 | 17144 | 17145 | 17146 | 17147 | 17148 | 17149 |
| 316 | 17150 | 17151 | 17152 | 17154 | 17155 | 17156 | 17157 | 17158 | 17159 |
| 317 | 17160 | 17161 | 17162 | 17164 | 17165 | 17166 | 17167 | 17168 | 17169 |
| 318 | 17170 | 1717 | 17172 | 17174 | 17175 | 17176 | 17177 | 17178 | 17179 |
| 319 | 17180 | 17181 | 17182 | 17184 | 17185 | 17186 | 17187 | 17188 | 17189 |
| 320 | 17190 | 17191 | 17192 | 17194 | 17195 | 17196 | 17197 | 17198 | 17199 |
| 321 | 17200 | 17201 | 17202 | 17204 | 17205 | 17206 | 17207 | 17208 | 17209 |
| 322 | 17210 | 17211 | 17212 | 17214 | 17215 | 17216 | 17217 | 17218 | 17219 |
| 323 | 17220 | 17221 | 17222 | 17224 | 17225 | 17226 | 17227 | 17228 | 17229 |
| 324 | 17230 | 17231 | 17232 | 17234 | 17235 | 17236 | 17237 | 17238 | 17239 |
| 325 | 17240 | 17241 | 17242 | 17244 | 17245 | 17246 | 17247 | 17248 | 1724 |
| 326 | 17250 | 17251 | 17252 | 17254 | 17255 | 17256 | 17257 | 17258 | 17259 |
| 327 | 17260 | 17261 | 17262 | 17264 | 17265 | 17266 | 17267 | 17268 | 17269 |
| 328 | 17270 | 17271 | 17272 | 17274 | 17275 | 17276 | 17277 | 17278 | 17279 |
| 329 | 17280 | 17281 | 17282 | 17284 | 17285 | 17286 | 17287 | 17288 | 17289 |
| 330 | 17290 | 17291 | 17292 | 17294 | 17295 | 17296 | 17297 | 17298 | 17299 |
| 331 | 17300 | 17301 | 17302 | 17304 | 17305 | 17306 | 17307 | 17308 | 17309 |
| 332 | 17310 | 17311 | 17312 | 17314 | 17315 | 17316 | 17317 | 17318 | 17319 |
| 333 | 17320 | 17321 | 17322 | 17324 | 17325 | 17326 | 17327 | 17328 | 17329 |
| 334 | 17330 | 17331 | 17332 | 17334 | 17335 | 17336 | 17337 | 17338 | 17339 |
| 335 | 17340 | 17341 | 17342 | 17344 | 17345 | 17346 | 17347 | 17348 | 17349 |
| 336 | 17350 | 17351 | 17352 | 17354 | 17355 | 17356 | 17357 | 17358 | 1735 |
| 337 | 17360 | 17361 | 17362 | 17364 | 17365 | 17366 | 17367 | 17368 | 17369 |
| 338 | 17370 | 17371 | 17372 | 17374 | 17375 | 17376 | 17377 | 17378 | 17379 |
| 339 | 17380 | 17381 | 17382 | 17384 | 17385 | 17386 | 17387 | 17388 | 17389 |
| 340 | 17390 | 17391 | 17392 | 17394 | 17395 | 17396 | 17397 | 17398 | 7399 |
| 341 | 17400 | 17401 | 17402 | 17404 | 17405 | 17406 | 17407 | 17408 | 409 |
| 342 | 17410 | 17411 | 17412 | 17414 | 17415 | 17416 | 17417 | 17418 | 17419 |
| 343 | 17420 | 17421 | 17422 | 17424 | 17425 | 17426 | 17427 | 17428 | 17429 |
| 344 | 17430 | 17431 | 17432 | 17434 | 17435 | 17436 | 17437 | 17438 | 17439 |
| 345 | 17440 | 17441 | 17442 | 17444 | 17445 | 17446 | 17447 | 17448 | 17449 |
| 346 | 17450 | 17451 | 17452 | 17454 | 17455 | 17456 | 17457 | 17458 | 17459 |
| 347 | 17460 | 17461 | 17462 | 17464 | 17465 | 17466 | 17467 | 17468 | 17469 |
| 348 | 17470 | 17471 | 17472 | 17474 | 17475 | 17476 | 17477 | 17478 | 17479 |
| 349 | 17480 | 17481 | 17482 | 17484 | 17485 | 17486 | 17487 | 17488 | 17489 |
| 350 | 17490 | 17491 | 17492 | 17494 | 17495 | 17496 | 17497 | 17498 | 17499 |


| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | Low- | High- order order | Loworde | Highorder |
| 351 | 17500 | 17501 | 17502 | 17504 | 17505 | 17506 | 17507 | 17508 | 17509 |
| 352 | 17510 | 17511 | 17512 | 17514 | 17515 | 17516 | 17517 | 17518 | 17519 |
| 353 | 17520 | 17521 | 17522 | 17524 | 17525 | 17526 | 17527 | 17528 | 17529 |
| 354 | 17530 | 17531 | 17532 | 17534 | 17535 | 17536 | 17537 | 17538 | 17539 |
| 355 | 17540 | 17541 | 17542 | 17544 | 17545 | 17546 | 17547 | 17548 | 17549 |
| 356 | 17550 | 17551 | 17552 | 17554 | 17555 | 17556 | 17557 | 17558 | 17559 |
| 357 | 17560 | 17561 | 17562 | 17564 | 17565 | 17566 | 17567 | 17568 | 17569 |
| 358 | 17570 | 17571 | 17572 | 17574 | 17575 | 17576 | 17577 | 17578 | 17579 |
| 359 | 17580 | 17581 | 17582 | 17584 | 17585 | 17586 | 17587 | 17588 | 17589 |
| 360 | 17590 | 17591 | 17592 | 17594 | 17595 | 17596 | 17597 | 17598 | 17599 |
| 361 | 17600 | 17601 | 17602 | 17604 | 17605 | 17606 | 17607 | 17608 | 17609 |
| 362 | 17610 | 17611 | 17612 | 17614 | 17615 | 17616 | 17617 | 17618 | 17619 |
| 363 | 17620 | 17621 | 17622 | 17624 | 17625 | 17626 | 17627 | 17628 | 17629 |
| 364 | 17630 | 1763 | 17632 | 17 | 17635 | 17636 | 17637 | 17638 | 17639 |
| 365 | 17640 | 17641 | 17642 | 17644 | 17645 | 17646 | 17647 | 17648 | 17649 |
| 366 | 17650 | 17651 | 17652 | 17654 | 17655 | 17656 | 17657 | 17658 | 17659 |
| 367 | 17660 | 17661 | 17662 | 17664 | 17665 | 17666 | 17667 | 17668 | 17669 |
| 368 | 17670 | 17671 | 17672 | 17674 | 17675 | 17676 | 17677 | 17678 | 17679 |
| 369 | 17680 | 17681 | 17682 | 17684 | 17685 | 17686 | 17687 | 17688 | 17689 |
| 370 | 17690 | 17691 | 17692 | 17694 | 17695 | 17696 | 17697 | 17698 | 17699 |
| 371 | 17700 | 17701 | 17702 | 17704 | 17705 | 17706 | 17707 | 17708 | 17709 |
| 372 | 17710 | 1771 | 17712 | 17714 | 17715 | 17716 | 17717 | 17718 | 17719 |
| 373 | 17720 | 17721 | 17722 | 17724 | 17725 | 17726 | 17727 | 17728 | 17729 |
| 374 | 17730 | 17731 | 17732 | 17734 | 17735 | 17736 | 17737 | 17738 | 17739 |
| 375 | 17740 | 17741 | 17742 | 17744 | 17745 | 17746 | 17747 | 17748 | 1774 |
| 376 | 17750 | 17751 | 17752 | 17754 | 17755 | 17756 | 17757 | 17758 | 17759 |
| 377 | 17760 | 17761 | 17762 | 17764 | 17765 | 17766 | 17767 | 17768 | 17769 |
| 378 | 17770 | 17771 | 17772 | 17774 | 17775 | 17776 | 17777 | 17778 | 17779 |
| 379 | 17780 | 17781 | 17782 | 17784 | 17785 | 17786 | 17787 | 17788 | 17789 |
| 380 | 17790 | 17791 | 17792 | 17794 | 17795 | 17796 | 17797 | 17798 | 799 |
| 381 | 17800 | 17801 | 17802 | 17804 | 17805 | 17806 | 17807 | 17808 | 17809 |
| 382 | 17810 | 17811 | 17812 | 17814 | 17815 | 17816 | 17817 | 17818 | 17819 |
| 383 | 17820 | 17821 | 17822 | 17824 | 17825 | 17826 | 17827 | 17828 | 17829 |
| 384 | 17830 | 17831 | 17832 | 17834 | 17835 | 17836 | 17837 | 17838 | 17839 |
| 385 | 17840 | 17841 | 17842 | 17844 | 17845 | 17846 | 17847 | 17848 | 17849 |
| 386 | 17850 | 17851 | 17852 | 17854 | 17855 | 17856 | 17857 | 17858 | 17859 |
| 387 | 17860 | 17861 | 17862 | 17864 | 17865 | 17866 | 17867 | 17868 | 17869 |
| 388 | 17870 | 17871 | 17872 | 17874 | 17875 | 17876 | 17877 | 17878 | 17879 |
| 389 | 17880 | 17881 | 17882 | 17884 | 17885 | 17886 | 17887 | 17888 | 17889 |
| 390 | 17890 | 17891 | 17892 | 17894 | 17895 | 17896 | 17897 | 17898 | 17899 |
| 391 | 17900 | 17901 | 17902 | 17904 | 17905 | 17906 | 17907 | 17908 | 17909 |
| 392 | 17910 | 17911 | 17912 | 17914 | 17915 | 17916 | 17917 | 17918 | 17919 |
| 393 | 17920 | 17921 | 17922 | 17924 | 17925 | 17926 | 17927 | 17928 | 17929 |
| 394 | 17930 | 17931 | 17932 | 17934 | 17935 | 17936 | 17937 | 17938 | 17939 |
| 395 | 17940 | 17941 | 17942 | 17944 | 17945 | 17946 | 17947 | 17948 | 17949 |
| 396 | 17950 | 17951 | 17952 | 17954 | 17955 | 17956 | 17957 | 17958 | 17959 |
| 397 | 17960 | 17961 | 17962 | 17964 | 17965 | 17966 | 17967 | 17968 | 17969 |
| 398 | 17970 | 17971 | 17972 | 17974 | 17975 | 17976 | 17977 | 17978 | 17979 |
| 399 | 17980 | 17981 | 17982 | 17984 | 17985 | 17986 | 17987 | 17988 | 17989 |
| 400 | 17990 | 17991 | 17992 | 17994 | 17995 | 17996 | 17997 | 17998 | 17999 |

(3) For axis 3

| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 401 | 18 | 18001 | 18 | 18004 | 18005 | 6 | 18007 | 08 | 18009 |
| 402 | 18010 | 18 | 18 | 18014 | 18015 | 16 | 18017 | 018 |  |
| 403 | 18 | 18 | 18022 | 18024 | 18 | 26 | 18 | 28 | 18029 |
| 404 |  | 18031 | 18 | 18034 | 18035 | 18036 | 18037 | 38 | 18039 |
| 405 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18045 | 46 | 18047 | 48 | 18049 |
| 406 | 18 | 18051 | 18 | 18054 | 18055 | 18056 | 18057 | 5 | 18059 |
| 407 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18065 | 18066 | 18 | 18068 | 18069 |
| 408 |  | 18 | 1807 | 18 | 18 | 18076 | 18 | 78 |  |
| 409 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18086 | 18087 | 8 | 18089 |
| 410 | 18090 | 18 | 18 | 18094 | 18095 | 18096 | 18 | 18098 |  |
|  | 18100 | 18101 | 18102 | 18104 | 18105 | 18106 | 18107 | 18108 |  |
|  |  |  | 18 |  | 18115 | 18116 | 18117 | 8 |  |
| 413 |  | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18126 | 18127 | 28 |  |
|  |  |  | 18132 |  |  |  |  | 18138 |  |
| 415 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 46 | 18147 | 48 |  |
| 416 |  | 18151 | 18152 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 18 |  |  |  |  | 8 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 419 | 18 | 18181 | 18182 | 18184 | 18185 | 18186 | 18187 | 18188 | 18189 |
| 420 |  | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18196 | 18 | 8 |  |
| 421 |  | 18 | 18202 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 422 |  |  | 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 423 |  |  | 18 |  |  | 18226 | 18227 | 18228 | 18229 |
| 424 |  |  | 18232 |  | 18235 | 18236 | 18237 | 18238 | 18239 |
| 425 | 18 | 18 | 18 |  | 18 | 18246 | 18247 | 18248 |  |
| 42 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 427 |  |  | 18 |  |  | 18 | 18 | 18268 |  |
| 428 | 18270 |  |  |  |  | 18276 |  |  |  |
| 429 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 430 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 432 | 18 |  | 18 |  | 18315 | 18316 |  | 18318 | 18319 |
| 433 | 18 |  | 18 |  | 18325 |  | 18327 | 18328 | 18329 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18338 | 18339 |
| 43 | 18 | 18 | 18 |  | 18 | 18346 | 18347 | 8 | 18349 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 18 |  | 18365 | 18 | 18367 | 18368 | 18369 |
| 438 |  |  | 18 |  | 18 | 18 | 18377 | 878 |  |
| 439 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18388 | 18389 |
| 44 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18396 | 18397 | 18398 | 18399 |
| 441 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 18 |  | 18 |  | 18 | 18428 |  |
| 444 |  | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18435 | 18 | 18 | 18438 | 18439 |
| 445 | 18440 | 18441 | 18442 | 18 | 18445 | 18446 | 18447 | 18448 | 18449 |
| 446 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 448 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18474 | 18475 | 476 | 18477 | 478 | 18479 |
| 449 | 18 | 1848 | 18482 | 1848 | 18485 | 18486 | 1848 | 18488 | 18489 |
| 450 | 1849 | 1849 | 1849 | 1849 | 1849 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 18499 |


| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Loworder | Highorder | Loworder | Highorder | Loworder | Highorder |
| 451 | 18500 | 18501 | 18502 | 18504 | 18505 | 18506 | 18507 | 18508 | 18509 |
| 452 | 18510 | 18511 | 18512 | 18514 | 18515 | 18516 | 18517 | 18518 | 18519 |
| 453 | 18520 | 18521 | 18522 | 18524 | 18525 | 18526 | 18527 | 18528 | 18529 |
| 454 | 18530 | 18531 | 18532 | 18534 | 18535 | 18536 | 18537 | 18538 | 18539 |
| 455 | 18540 | 18541 | 18542 | 18544 | 18545 | 18546 | 18547 | 18548 | 18549 |
| 456 | 18550 | 18551 | 18552 | 18554 | 18555 | 18556 | 18557 | 18558 | 18559 |
| 457 | 18560 | 18561 | 18562 | 18564 | 18565 | 18566 | 18567 | 18568 | 18569 |
| 458 | 18570 | 18571 | 18572 | 18574 | 18575 | 18576 | 18577 | 18578 | 18579 |
| 459 | 18580 | 18581 | 18582 | 18584 | 18585 | 18586 | 18587 | 18588 | 18589 |
| 460 | 18590 | 18591 | 18592 | 18594 | 18595 | 18596 | 18597 | 18598 | 18599 |
| 461 | 18600 | 18601 | 18602 | 18604 | 18605 | 18606 | 18607 | 18608 | 18609 |
| 462 | 18610 | 18611 | 18612 | 18614 | 18615 | 18616 | 18617 | 18618 | 18619 |
| 463 | 18620 | 18621 | 18622 | 18624 | 18625 | 18626 | 18627 | 18628 | 18629 |
| 464 | 18630 | 18631 | 18632 | 18634 | 18635 | 18636 | 18637 | 18638 | 18639 |
| 465 | 18640 | 18641 | 18642 | 18644 | 18645 | 18646 | 18647 | 18648 | 18649 |
| 466 | 18650 | 18651 | 18652 | 18654 | 18655 | 18656 | 18657 | 18658 | 18659 |
| 467 | 18660 | 18661 | 18662 | 18664 | 18665 | 18666 | 18667 | 18668 | 18669 |
| 468 | 18670 | 18671 | 18672 | 18674 | 18675 | 18676 | 18677 | 18678 | 18679 |
| 469 | 18680 | 18681 | 18682 | 18684 | 18685 | 18686 | 18687 | 18688 | 18689 |
| 470 | 18690 | 18691 | 18692 | 18694 | 18695 | 18696 | 18697 | 18698 | 18699 |
| 47 | 1870 | 18701 | 18702 | 1870 | 18705 | 18706 | 18707 | 18708 | 18709 |
| 472 | 18710 | 18711 | 18712 | 18714 | 18715 | 18716 | 18717 | 18718 | 18719 |
| 473 | 18720 | 18721 | 18722 | 18724 | 18725 | 18726 | 18727 | 18728 | 18729 |
| 474 | 18730 | 1873 | 18732 | 18734 | 18735 | 18736 | 18737 | 18738 | 39 |
| 475 | 18740 | 18741 | 18742 | 18744 | 18745 | 18746 | 18747 | 18748 | 18749 |
| 476 | 18750 | 18751 | 18752 | 18754 | 18755 | 18756 | 18757 | 18758 | 18759 |
| 477 | 18760 | 18761 | 18762 | 18764 | 18765 | 18766 | 18767 | 18768 | 18769 |
| 478 | 18770 | 18771 | 18772 | 18774 | 18775 | 18776 | 18777 | 18778 | 18779 |
| 479 | 18780 | 18781 | 18782 | 18784 | 18785 | 18786 | 18787 | 18788 | 18789 |
| 480 | 18790 | 18791 | 18792 | 18794 | 18795 | 18796 | 18797 | 18798 | 18799 |
| 481 | 18800 | 18801 | 18802 | 18804 | 18805 | 18806 | 18807 | 18808 | 18809 |
| 482 | 18810 | 18811 | 18812 | 18814 | 18815 | 18816 | 18817 | 18818 | 18819 |
| 483 | 18820 | 18821 | 18822 | 18824 | 18825 | 18826 | 18827 | 18828 | 18829 |
| 484 | 18830 | 18831 | 18832 | 18834 | 18835 | 18836 | 18837 | 18838 | 18839 |
| 485 | 18840 | 18841 | 18842 | 18844 | 18845 | 18846 | 18847 | 18848 | 18849 |
| 486 | 18850 | 18851 | 18852 | 18854 | 18855 | 18856 | 18857 | 18858 | 18859 |
| 487 | 18860 | 18861 | 18862 | 18864 | 18865 | 18866 | 18867 | 18868 | 18869 |
| 488 | 18870 | 18871 | 18872 | 18874 | 18875 | 18876 | 18877 | 18878 | 18879 |
| 489 | 18880 | 18881 | 18882 | 18884 | 18885 | 18886 | 18887 | 18888 | 18889 |
| 490 | 18890 | 18891 | 18892 | 18894 | 18895 | 18896 | 18897 | 18898 | 18899 |
| 491 | 18900 | 18901 | 18902 | 18904 | 18905 | 18906 | 18907 | 18908 | 18909 |
| 492 | 18910 | 18911 | 18912 | 18914 | 18915 | 18916 | 18917 | 18918 | 18919 |
| 493 | 18920 | 18921 | 18922 | 18924 | 18925 | 18926 | 18927 | 18928 | 18929 |
| 494 | 18930 | 18931 | 18932 | 18934 | 18935 | 18936 | 18937 | 18938 | 18939 |
| 495 | 18940 | 18941 | 18942 | 18944 | 18945 | 18946 | 18947 | 18948 | 18949 |
| 496 | 18950 | 18951 | 18952 | 18954 | 18955 | 18956 | 18957 | 18958 | 18959 |
| 497 | 18960 | 18961 | 18962 | 18964 | 18965 | 18966 | 18967 | 18968 | 18969 |
| 498 | 18970 | 18971 | 18972 | 18974 | 18975 | 18976 | 18977 | 18978 | 18979 |
| 499 | 18980 | 18981 | 18982 | 18984 | 18985 | 18986 | 18987 | 18988 | 18989 |
| 500 | 18990 | 18991 | 18992 | 18994 | 18995 | 18996 | 18997 | 18998 | 18999 |

(3) For axis 3

| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { order } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ |
| 501 | 19000 | 19001 | 19002 | 19004 | 19005 | 19006 | 19007 | 19008 | 09 |
| 502 | 19010 | 19011 | 19012 | 19014 | 19015 | 19016 | 19017 | 19018 | 19019 |
| 503 | 19020 | 19021 | 19022 | 19024 | 19025 | 19026 | 19027 | 19028 | 19029 |
| 50 | 19030 | 190 | 19032 | 19034 | 19035 | 19036 | 19037 | 19038 | 19039 |
| 505 | 19040 | 19041 | 19042 | 19044 | 19045 | 19046 | 19047 | 19048 | 19049 |
| 506 | 19050 | 19051 | 19052 | 19054 | 19055 | 19056 | 19057 | 19058 | 19059 |
| 507 | 19060 | 19061 | 19062 | 19064 | 19065 | 19066 | 19067 | 19068 | 19069 |
| 508 | 19070 | 190 | 19072 | 19074 | 19075 | 19076 | 19077 | 19078 | 19079 |
| 50 | 19 | 190 | 1908 | 19084 | 19085 | 19086 | 19087 | 19088 | 89 |
| 510 | 19090 | 19091 | 19092 | 19094 | 19095 | 19096 | 19097 | 19098 | 19099 |
| 511 | 19100 | 19101 | 19102 | 19104 | 19105 | 19106 | 19107 | 19108 | 19109 |
| 512 | 19110 | 19111 | 19112 | 19114 | 19115 | 19116 | 19117 | 19118 | 19119 |
| 51 | 191 | 191 | 1912 | 19124 | 19125 | 19126 | 19127 | 19128 | 29 |
| 51 | 1913 | 1913 | 19132 | 19134 | 19135 | 19136 | 19137 | 19138 | 39 |
| 515 | 19140 | 19141 | 19142 | 19144 | 19145 | 19146 | 19147 | 19148 | 19149 |
| 516 | 19150 | 19151 | 19152 | 19154 | 19155 | 19156 | 19157 | 19158 | 19159 |
| 517 | 19160 | 19161 | 19162 | 19164 | 19165 | 19166 | 19167 | 19168 | 69 |
| 518 | 1917 | 1917 | 19172 | 19174 | 19175 | 19176 | 19177 | 19178 | 19179 |
| 519 | 19180 | 19181 | 19182 | 19184 | 19185 | 19186 | 19187 | 19188 | 19189 |
| 520 | 19190 | 19191 | 19192 | 19194 | 19195 | 19196 | 19197 | 19198 | 19199 |
| 521 | 19200 | 19201 | 19202 | 19204 | 19205 | 19206 | 19207 | 19208 | 19209 |
| 522 | 19210 | 19211 | 19212 | 19214 | 19215 | 19216 | 19217 | 19218 | 19219 |
| 523 | 19220 | 19221 | 19222 | 19224 | 19225 | 19226 | 19227 | 19228 | 19229 |
| 524 | 19230 | 19231 | 19232 | 19234 | 19235 | 19236 | 19237 | 19238 | 19239 |
| 525 | 19240 | 19241 | 19242 | 19244 | 19245 | 19246 | 19247 | 19248 | 19249 |
| 526 | 19250 | 19251 | 19252 | 19254 | 19255 | 19256 | 19257 | 19258 | 19259 |
| 527 | 19260 | 19261 | 19262 | 19264 | 19265 | 19266 | 19267 | 19268 | 19269 |
| 528 | 19270 | 19271 | 19272 | 19274 | 19275 | 19276 | 19277 | 19278 | 19279 |
| 529 | 19 | 19 | 19282 | 19284 | 19285 | 19286 | 19287 | 19288 | 19289 |
| 530 | 19290 | 19291 | 19292 | 19294 | 19295 | 19296 | 19297 | 19298 | 19299 |
| 531 | 19300 | 19301 | 19302 | 19304 | 19305 | 19306 | 19307 | 19308 | 19309 |
| 532 | 19310 | 19311 | 19312 | 19314 | 19315 | 19316 | 19317 | 19318 | 19319 |
| 533 | 1932 | 1932 | 19322 | 19324 | 19325 | 19326 | 19327 | 19328 | 19329 |
| 534 | 193 | 1933 | 19332 | 19334 | 19335 | 19336 | 19337 | 19338 | 19339 |
| 535 | 19340 | 19341 | 19342 | 19344 | 19345 | 19346 | 19347 | 19348 | 19349 |
| 536 | 19350 | 19351 | 19352 | 19354 | 19355 | 19356 | 19357 | 19358 | 1935 |
| 537 | 19360 | 19361 | 19362 | 19364 | 19365 | 19366 | 19367 | 19368 | 19369 |
| 538 | 19370 | 19371 | 19372 | 19374 | 19375 | 19376 | 19377 | 19378 | 19379 |
| 539 | 19380 | 19381 | 19382 | 19384 | 19385 | 19386 | 19387 | 19388 | 19389 |
| 540 | 19390 | 19391 | 19392 | 19394 | 19395 | 19396 | 19397 | 19398 | 399 |
| 541 | 19400 | 19401 | 19402 | 19404 | 19405 | 19406 | 19407 | 19408 | 09 |
| 542 | 19410 | 19411 | 19412 | 19414 | 19415 | 19416 | 19417 | 19418 | 19419 |
| 543 | 19420 | 19421 | 19422 | 19424 | 19425 | 19426 | 19427 | 19428 | 19429 |
| 544 | 19430 | 19431 | 19432 | 19434 | 19435 | 19436 | 19437 | 19438 | 19439 |
| 545 | 19440 | 19441 | 19442 | 19444 | 19445 | 19446 | 19447 | 19448 | 19449 |
| 546 | 19450 | 19451 | 19452 | 19454 | 19455 | 19456 | 19457 | 19458 | 19459 |
| 547 | 19460 | 19461 | 19462 | 19464 | 19465 | 19466 | 19467 | 19468 | 19469 |
| 548 | 19470 | 19471 | 19472 | 19474 | 19475 | 19476 | 19477 | 19478 | 19479 |
| 549 | 19480 | 19481 | 19482 | 19484 | 19485 | 19486 | 19487 | 19488 | 19489 |
| 550 | 19490 | 19491 | 19492 | 19494 | 19495 | 19496 | 19497 | 19498 | 19499 |


| Data <br> No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Loworder | Highorder | Low- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | Loworder | Highorder |
| 551 | 19500 | 19501 | 19502 | 19504 | 19505 | 19506 | 19507 | 19508 | 19509 |
| 552 | 19510 | 19511 | 19512 | 19514 | 19515 | 19516 | 19517 | 19518 | 19519 |
| 553 | 19520 | 19521 | 19522 | 19524 | 19525 | 19526 | 19527 | 19528 | 19529 |
| 55 | 19530 | 19531 | 19532 | 19534 | 19535 | 19536 | 19537 | 19538 | 19539 |
| 555 | 19540 | 19541 | 19542 | 19544 | 19545 | 19546 | 19547 | 19548 | 19549 |
| 556 | 19550 | 19551 | 19552 | 19554 | 19555 | 19556 | 19557 | 19558 | 19559 |
| 557 | 19560 | 19561 | 19562 | 19564 | 19565 | 19566 | 19567 | 19568 | 19569 |
| 55 | 19570 | 19571 | 19572 | 19574 | 19575 | 19576 | 19577 | 19578 | 19579 |
| 559 | 19580 | 19581 | 19582 | 19584 | 19585 | 19586 | 19587 | 19588 | 19589 |
| 560 | 19590 | 19591 | 19592 | 19594 | 19595 | 19596 | 19597 | 19598 | 19599 |
| 561 | 19600 | 19601 | 19602 | 19604 | 19605 | 19606 | 19607 | 19608 | 19609 |
| 562 | 19610 | 19611 | 19612 | 196 | 19615 | 19616 | 19617 | 19618 | 9 |
| 563 | 19620 | 19621 | 19622 | 19624 | 19625 | 19626 | 19627 | 19628 | 19629 |
| 564 | 19630 | 19631 | 19632 | 19634 | 19635 | 19636 | 19637 | 19638 | 19639 |
| 565 | 19640 | 19641 | 19642 | 19644 | 19645 | 19646 | 19647 | 19648 | 19649 |
| 566 | 19650 | 19651 | 19652 | 1965 | 19655 | 19656 | 19657 | 19658 | 19659 |
| 56 | 19660 | 19661 | 19662 | 196 | 19665 | 19666 | 19667 | 19668 | 19669 |
| 568 | 19670 | 19671 | 19672 | 19674 | 19675 | 19676 | 19677 | 19678 | 19679 |
| 569 | 19680 | 19681 | 19682 | 19684 | 19685 | 19686 | 19687 | 19688 | 19689 |
| 570 | 19690 | 19691 | 19692 | 19694 | 19695 | 19696 | 19697 | 19698 | 9 |
| 57 | 19700 | 19701 | 19702 | 19704 | 19705 | 19706 | 19707 | 19708 | 19709 |
| 572 | 19710 | 19711 | 19712 | 19714 | 19715 | 19716 | 19717 | 19718 | 19719 |
| 573 | 19720 | 19721 | 19722 | 19724 | 19725 | 19726 | 19727 | 19728 | 19729 |
| 574 | 19730 | 19731 | 19732 | 19734 | 19735 | 19736 | 19737 | 19738 | 19739 |
| 575 | 19740 | 19741 | 19742 | 19744 | 19745 | 19746 | 19747 | 19748 | 19749 |
| 576 | 19750 | 19751 | 19752 | 197 | 19755 | 19756 | 19757 | 19758 | 19759 |
| 577 | 19760 | 19761 | 19762 | 19764 | 19765 | 19766 | 19767 | 19768 | 19769 |
| 578 | 19770 | 19771 | 19772 | 19774 | 19775 | 19776 | 19777 | 19778 | 19779 |
| 579 | 19780 | 19781 | 19782 | 19784 | 19785 | 19786 | 19787 | 19788 | 19789 |
| 580 | 19790 | 19791 | 19792 | 19794 | 19795 | 19796 | 19797 | 19798 | 19799 |
| 581 | 19800 | 19801 | 19802 | 1980 | 19805 | 19806 | 19807 | 19808 | 19809 |
| 582 | 19810 | 19811 | 19812 | 19814 | 19815 | 19816 | 19817 | 19818 | 19819 |
| 583 | 19820 | 19821 | 19822 | 19824 | 19825 | 19826 | 19827 | 19828 | 19829 |
| 584 | 19830 | 19831 | 19832 | 19834 | 19835 | 19836 | 19837 | 19838 | 19839 |
| 585 | 19840 | 19841 | 19842 | 19844 | 19845 | 19846 | 19847 | 19848 | 19849 |
| 586 | 19850 | 19851 | 19852 | 19 | 19855 | 19856 | 19857 | 19858 | 9 |
| 587 | 19860 | 19861 | 19862 | 19864 | 19865 | 19866 | 19867 | 19868 | 19869 |
| 588 | 19870 | 19871 | 19872 | 19874 | 19875 | 19876 | 19877 | 19878 | 19879 |
| 589 | 19880 | 19881 | 19882 | 19884 | 19885 | 19886 | 19887 | 19888 | 19889 |
| 590 | 19890 | 19891 | 19892 | 19894 | 19895 | 19896 | 19897 | 19898 | 19899 |
| 591 | 19900 | 19901 | 19902 | 19904 | 19905 | 19906 | 19907 | 19908 | 19909 |
| 592 | 19910 | 19911 | 19912 | 19914 | 19915 | 19916 | 19917 | 19918 | 19919 |
| 593 | 19920 | 19921 | 19922 | 19924 | 19925 | 19926 | 19927 | 19928 | 19929 |
| 594 | 19930 | 19931 | 19932 | 19934 | 19935 | 19936 | 19937 | 19938 | 19939 |
| 595 | 19940 | 19941 | 19942 | 19944 | 19945 | 19946 | 19947 | 19948 | 19949 |
| 596 | 19950 | 19951 | 19952 | 19954 | 19955 | 19956 | 19957 | 19958 | 19959 |
| 597 | 19960 | 19961 | 19962 | 19964 | 19965 | 19966 | 19967 | 19968 | 19969 |
| 598 | 19970 | 19971 | 19972 | 19974 | 19975 | 19976 | 19977 | 19978 | 19979 |
| 599 | 19980 | 19981 | 19982 | 19984 | 19985 | 19986 | 19987 | 19988 | 19989 |
| 600 | 19990 | 19991 | 19992 | 19994 | 19995 | 19996 | 19997 | 19998 | 19999 |

(4) For axis 4

| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Loworder | Highorder | Loworder | Highorder | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | High- order |
| 1 | 20000 | 20001 | 20002 | 20004 | 20005 | 20006 | 20007 | 20008 | 20009 |
| 2 | 20010 | 20011 | 20012 | 20014 | 20015 | 20016 | 20017 | 20018 | 20019 |
| 3 | 20020 | 20021 | 20022 | 20024 | 20025 | 20026 | 20027 | 20028 | 20029 |
| 4 | 20030 | 20031 | 20032 | 20034 | 20035 | 20036 | 20037 | 20038 | 20039 |
| 5 | 20040 | 20041 | 20042 | 20044 | 20045 | 20046 | 20047 | 20048 | 20049 |
| 6 | 20050 | 20051 | 20052 | 20054 | 20055 | 20056 | 20057 | 20058 | 20059 |
| 7 | 20060 | 20061 | 20062 | 20064 | 20065 | 20066 | 20067 | 20068 | 20069 |
| 8 | 20070 | 20071 | 20072 | 20074 | 20075 | 20076 | 20077 | 20078 | 20079 |
| 9 | 20080 | 20081 | 20082 | 20084 | 20085 | 20086 | 20087 | 20088 | 20089 |
| 10 | 20090 | 20091 | 20092 | 20094 | 20095 | 20096 | 20097 | 20098 | 20099 |
| 11 | 20100 | 20101 | 20102 | 20104 | 20105 | 20106 | 20107 | 20108 | 20109 |
| 12 | 20110 | 20111 | 20112 | 20114 | 20115 | 20116 | 20117 | 20118 | 20119 |
| 13 | 20120 | 20121 | 20122 | 20124 | 20125 | 20126 | 20127 | 20128 | 20129 |
| 14 | 20 | 20131 | 20132 | 2013 | 20135 | 20136 | 20137 | 20138 | 39 |
| 15 | 20140 | 20141 | 20142 | 20144 | 20145 | 20146 | 20147 | 20148 | 20149 |
| 16 | 20150 | 20151 | 20152 | 20154 | 20155 | 20156 | 20157 | 20158 | 20159 |
| 17 | 20160 | 20161 | 20162 | 20164 | 20165 | 20166 | 20167 | 20168 | 20169 |
| 18 | 20170 | 20171 | 20172 | 20174 | 20175 | 20176 | 20177 | 20178 | 20179 |
| 19 | 20180 | 20181 | 20182 | 20184 | 20185 | 20186 | 20187 | 20188 | 20189 |
| 20 | 20190 | 20191 | 20192 | 20194 | 20195 | 20196 | 20197 | 20198 | 20199 |
| 21 | 20200 | 20201 | 20202 | 20204 | 20205 | 20206 | 20207 | 20208 | 20209 |
| 22 | 20210 | 20211 | 20212 | 20214 | 20215 | 20216 | 20217 | 20218 | 20219 |
| 23 | 20220 | 20221 | 20222 | 20224 | 20225 | 20226 | 20227 | 20228 | 20229 |
| 24 | 20230 | 20231 | 20232 | 20234 | 20235 | 20236 | 20237 | 20238 | 20239 |
| 25 | 20240 | 20241 | 20242 | 20244 | 20245 | 20246 | 20247 | 20248 | 20249 |
| 26 | 20250 | 20251 | 20252 | 20254 | 20255 | 20256 | 20257 | 20258 | 20259 |
| 27 | 20260 | 20261 | 20262 | 20264 | 20265 | 20266 | 20267 | 20268 | 20269 |
| 28 | 20270 | 20271 | 20272 | 20274 | 20275 | 20276 | 20277 | 20278 | 20279 |
| 29 | 20280 | 20281 | 20282 | 20284 | 20285 | 20286 | 20287 | 20288 | 20289 |
| 30 | 20290 | 20291 | 20292 | 20294 | 20295 | 20296 | 20297 | 20298 | 20299 |
| 31 | 20300 | 20301 | 20302 | 20304 | 20305 | 20306 | 20307 | 20308 | 20309 |
| 32 | 20310 | 20311 | 20312 | 20314 | 20315 | 20316 | 20317 | 20318 | 20319 |
| 33 | 20320 | 20321 | 20322 | 20324 | 20325 | 20326 | 20327 | 20328 | 20329 |
| 34 | 20330 | 20331 | 20332 | 20334 | 20335 | 20336 | 20337 | 20338 | 20339 |
| 35 | 20340 | 20341 | 20342 | 20344 | 20345 | 20346 | 20347 | 20348 | 20349 |
| 36 | 20350 | 20351 | 20352 | 20354 | 20355 | 20356 | 20357 | 20358 | 20359 |
| 37 | 20360 | 20361 | 20362 | 20364 | 20365 | 20366 | 20367 | 20368 | 20369 |
| 38 | 20370 | 20371 | 20372 | 20374 | 20375 | 20376 | 20377 | 20378 | 20379 |
| 39 | 20380 | 20381 | 20382 | 20384 | 20385 | 20386 | 20387 | 20388 | 20389 |
| 40 | 20390 | 20391 | 20392 | 20394 | 20395 | 20396 | 20397 | 20398 | 20399 |
| 41 | 20400 | 20401 | 20402 | 20404 | 20405 | 20406 | 20407 | 20408 | 20409 |
| 42 | 20410 | 20411 | 20412 | 20414 | 20415 | 20416 | 20417 | 20418 | 20419 |
| 43 | 20420 | 20421 | 20422 | 20424 | 20425 | 20426 | 20427 | 20428 | 20429 |
| 44 | 20430 | 20431 | 20432 | 20434 | 20435 | 20436 | 20437 | 20438 | 20439 |
| 45 | 20440 | 20441 | 20442 | 20444 | 20445 | 20446 | 20447 | 20448 | 20449 |
| 46 | 20450 | 20451 | 20452 | 20454 | 20455 | 20456 | 20457 | 20458 | 20459 |
| 47 | 20460 | 20461 | 20462 | 20464 | 20465 | 20466 | 20467 | 20468 | 20469 |
| 48 | 20470 | 20471 | 20472 | 20474 | 20475 | 20476 | 20477 | 20478 | 20479 |
| 49 | 20480 | 20481 | 20482 | 20484 | 20485 | 20486 | 20487 | 20488 | 20489 |
| 50 | 20490 | 20491 | 20492 | 20494 | 20495 | 20496 | 20497 | 20498 | 20499 |


| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Loworder | Highorder | Loworder | Highorder | Loworder | Highorder |
| 51 | 20500 | 20501 | 20502 | 20504 | 20505 | 20506 | 20507 | 20508 | 20509 |
| 52 | 20510 | 20511 | 20512 | 20514 | 20515 | 20516 | 20517 | 20518 | 20519 |
| 53 | 20520 | 20521 | 20522 | 20524 | 20525 | 20526 | 20527 | 20528 | 20529 |
| 54 | 20530 | 20531 | 20532 | 20534 | 20535 | 20536 | 20537 | 20538 | 20539 |
| 55 | 20540 | 20541 | 20542 | 20544 | 20545 | 20546 | 20547 | 20548 | 20549 |
| 56 | 20550 | 20551 | 20552 | 20554 | 20555 | 20556 | 20557 | 20558 | 20559 |
| 57 | 20560 | 20561 | 20562 | 20564 | 20565 | 20566 | 20567 | 20568 | 20569 |
| 58 | 20570 | 20571 | 20572 | 20574 | 20575 | 20576 | 20577 | 20578 | 20579 |
| 59 | 20580 | 20581 | 20582 | 20584 | 20585 | 20586 | 20587 | 20588 | 20589 |
| 60 | 20590 | 20591 | 20592 | 20594 | 20595 | 20596 | 20597 | 20598 | 20599 |
| 61 | 20600 | 20601 | 20602 | 20604 | 20605 | 20606 | 20607 | 20608 | 20609 |
| 62 | 20610 | 20611 | 20612 | 20614 | 20615 | 20616 | 20617 | 20618 | 20619 |
| 63 | 20620 | 20621 | 20622 | 20624 | 20625 | 20626 | 20627 | 20628 | 20629 |
| 64 | 20630 | 20631 | 20632 | 20634 | 20635 | 20636 | 20637 | 20638 | 20639 |
| 65 | 20640 | 20641 | 20642 | 20644 | 20645 | 20646 | 20647 | 20648 | 20649 |
| 66 | 20650 | 20651 | 20652 | 20654 | 20655 | 20656 | 20657 | 20658 | 20659 |
| 67 | 20660 | 20661 | 20662 | 20664 | 20665 | 20666 | 20667 | 20668 | 20669 |
| 68 | 20670 | 20671 | 20672 | 20674 | 20675 | 20676 | 20677 | 20678 | 20679 |
| 69 | 20680 | 20681 | 20682 | 20684 | 20685 | 20686 | 20687 | 20688 | 20689 |
| 70 | 20690 | 20691 | 20692 | 20694 | 20695 | 20696 | 20697 | 20698 | 699 |
| 71 | 20700 | 20701 | 20702 | 207 | 20705 | 20706 | 20707 | 20708 | 2070 |
| 72 | 20710 | 20711 | 20712 | 20714 | 20715 | 20716 | 20717 | 20718 | 20719 |
| 73 | 20720 | 20721 | 20722 | 20724 | 20725 | 20726 | 20727 | 20728 | 207 |
| 74 | 20730 | 20731 | 20732 | 20734 | 20735 | 20736 | 20737 | 20738 | 9 |
| 75 | 20740 | 20741 | 20742 | 20744 | 20745 | 20746 | 20747 | 20748 | 20749 |
| 76 | 20750 | 20751 | 20752 | 20754 | 20755 | 20756 | 20757 | 20758 | 20759 |
| 77 | 20760 | 20761 | 20762 | 20764 | 20765 | 20766 | 20767 | 20768 | 207 |
| 78 | 20770 | 20771 | 20772 | 20774 | 20775 | 20776 | 20777 | 20778 | 207 |
| 79 | 20780 | 20781 | 20782 | 20784 | 20785 | 20786 | 20787 | 20788 | 89 |
| 80 | 20790 | 20791 | 20792 | 20794 | 20795 | 20796 | 20797 | 20798 | 20799 |
| 81 | 20800 | 20801 | 20802 | 20804 | 20805 | 20806 | 20807 | 20808 | 20809 |
| 82 | 20810 | 20811 | 20812 | 20814 | 20815 | 20816 | 20817 | 20818 | 20819 |
| 83 | 20820 | 20821 | 20822 | 20824 | 20825 | 20826 | 20827 | 20828 | 20829 |
| 84 | 20830 | 20831 | 20832 | 20834 | 20835 | 20836 | 20837 | 20838 | 20839 |
| 85 | 20840 | 20841 | 20842 | 20844 | 20845 | 20846 | 20847 | 20848 | 2084 |
| 86 | 20850 | 20851 | 20852 | 20854 | 20855 | 20856 | 20857 | 20858 | 2085 |
| 87 | 20860 | 20861 | 20862 | 20864 | 20865 | 20866 | 20867 | 20868 | 2086 |
| 88 | 20870 | 20871 | 20872 | 20874 | 20875 | 20876 | 20877 | 20878 | 20879 |
| 89 | 20880 | 20881 | 20882 | 20884 | 20885 | 20886 | 20887 | 20888 | 20889 |
| 90 | 20890 | 20891 | 20892 | 20894 | 20895 | 20896 | 20897 | 20898 | 20899 |
| 91 | 20900 | 20901 | 20902 | 20904 | 20905 | 20906 | 20907 | 20908 | 20909 |
| 92 | 20910 | 20911 | 20912 | 20914 | 20915 | 20916 | 20917 | 20918 | 20919 |
| 93 | 20920 | 20921 | 20922 | 20924 | 20925 | 20926 | 20927 | 20928 | 20929 |
| 94 | 20930 | 20931 | 20932 | 20934 | 20935 | 20936 | 20937 | 20938 | 20939 |
| 95 | 20940 | 20941 | 20942 | 20944 | 20945 | 20946 | 20947 | 20948 | 20949 |
| 96 | 20950 | 20951 | 20952 | 20954 | 20955 | 20956 | 20957 | 20958 | 20959 |
| 97 | 20960 | 20961 | 20962 | 20964 | 20965 | 20966 | 20967 | 20968 | 20969 |
| 98 | 20970 | 20971 | 20972 | 20974 | 20975 | 20976 | 20977 | 20978 | 20979 |
| 99 | 20980 | 20981 | 20982 | 20984 | 20985 | 20986 | 20987 | 20988 | 20989 |
| 100 | 20990 | 20991 | 20992 | 20994 | 20995 | 20996 | 20997 | 20998 | 20999 |

(4) For axis 4

| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 101 | 21000 | 21001 | 21002 | 21004 | 21005 | 21006 | 21007 | 21008 | 21009 |
| 102 | 21010 | 21011 | 21012 | 21014 | 21015 | 21016 | 21017 | 21018 | 21019 |
| 103 | 21020 | 21021 | 21022 | 21024 | 21025 | 21026 | 21027 | 21028 | 21029 |
| 104 | 21030 | 21031 | 21032 | 21034 | 21035 | 21036 | 21037 | 21038 | 21039 |
| 105 | 21040 | 21041 | 21042 | 21044 | 21045 | 21046 | 21047 | 21048 | 21049 |
| 106 | 21050 | 21051 | 21052 | 21054 | 21055 | 21056 | 21057 | 21058 | 21059 |
| 107 | 21060 | 21061 | 21062 | 21064 | 21065 | 21066 | 21067 | 21068 | 21069 |
| 108 | 21070 | 21071 | 21072 | 21074 | 21075 | 21076 | 21077 | 21078 | 21079 |
| 109 | 21080 | 21081 | 21082 | 21084 | 21085 | 21086 | 21087 | 21088 | 89 |
| 110 | 21090 | 21091 | 21092 | 21094 | 21095 | 21096 | 21097 | 21098 | 21099 |
| 111 | 21100 | 21101 | 21102 | 21104 | 21105 | 21106 | 21107 | 21108 | 21109 |
| 112 | 21110 | 21111 | 21112 | 21114 | 21115 | 21116 | 21117 | 21118 | 21119 |
| 113 | 21120 | 21121 | 21122 | 21124 | 21125 | 21126 | 21127 | 21128 | 21129 |
| 114 | 21 | 211 | 2113 | 21134 | 21135 | 21 | 21137 | 21138 | 39 |
| 115 | 21140 | 21141 | 21142 | 21144 | 21145 | 21146 | 21147 | 21148 | 21149 |
| 116 | 21150 | 21151 | 21152 | 21154 | 21155 | 21156 | 21157 | 21158 | 21159 |
| 117 | 21160 | 21161 | 21162 | 21164 | 21165 | 21166 | 21167 | 21168 | 21169 |
| 118 | 211 | 2117 | 2117 | 21174 | 21175 | 21176 | 21177 | 21178 | 21179 |
| 119 | 21180 | 21181 | 21182 | 21184 | 21185 | 21186 | 21187 | 21188 | 21189 |
| 120 | 21190 | 21191 | 21192 | 21194 | 21195 | 21196 | 21197 | 21198 | 21199 |
| 121 | 21200 | 21201 | 21202 | 21204 | 21205 | 21206 | 21207 | 21208 | 21209 |
| 122 | 21210 | 21211 | 21212 | 21214 | 21215 | 21216 | 21217 | 21218 | 21 |
| 123 | 21220 | 21221 | 21222 | 21224 | 21225 | 21226 | 21227 | 21228 | 21229 |
| 124 | 21230 | 21231 | 21232 | 21234 | 21235 | 21236 | 21237 | 21238 | 21239 |
| 125 | 21240 | 21241 | 21242 | 21244 | 21245 | 21246 | 21247 | 21248 | 21249 |
| 126 | 21250 | 21251 | 21252 | 21254 | 21255 | 21256 | 21257 | 21258 | 21259 |
| 127 | 21260 | 21261 | 21262 | 21264 | 21265 | 21266 | 21267 | 21268 | 21269 |
| 128 | 21270 | 21271 | 21272 | 21274 | 21275 | 21276 | 21277 | 21278 | 21279 |
| 129 | 21280 | 21281 | 21282 | 21284 | 21285 | 21286 | 21287 | 21288 | 21289 |
| 130 | 21290 | 21291 | 21292 | 21294 | 21295 | 21296 | 21297 | 21298 | 21299 |
| 131 | 21300 | 21301 | 21302 | 21304 | 21305 | 21306 | 21307 | 21308 | 21309 |
| 132 | 21310 | 21311 | 21312 | 21314 | 21315 | 21316 | 21317 | 21318 | 21319 |
| 133 | 21320 | 21321 | 21322 | 21324 | 21325 | 21326 | 21327 | 21328 | 21329 |
| 134 | 21 | 2133 | 21332 | 21334 | 21335 | 21336 | 21337 | 21338 | 21339 |
| 135 | 21340 | 21341 | 21342 | 21344 | 21345 | 21346 | 21347 | 21348 | 21349 |
| 136 | 21350 | 21351 | 21352 | 21354 | 21355 | 21356 | 21357 | 21358 | 21359 |
| 137 | 21360 | 21361 | 21362 | 21364 | 21365 | 21366 | 21367 | 21368 | 21369 |
| 138 | 21370 | 21371 | 21372 | 21374 | 21375 | 21376 | 21377 | 21378 | 21379 |
| 139 | 21380 | 21381 | 21382 | 21384 | 21385 | 21386 | 21387 | 21388 | 21389 |
| 140 | 21390 | 21391 | 21392 | 21394 | 21395 | 21396 | 21397 | 21398 | 21399 |
| 141 | 21400 | 21401 | 21402 | 21404 | 21405 | 21406 | 21407 | 21408 | 21409 |
| 142 | 21410 | 21411 | 21412 | 21414 | 21415 | 21416 | 21417 | 21418 | 21419 |
| 143 | 21420 | 21421 | 21422 | 21424 | 21425 | 21426 | 21427 | 21428 | 21429 |
| 144 | 21430 | 21431 | 21432 | 21434 | 21435 | 21436 | 21437 | 21438 | 21439 |
| 145 | 21440 | 21441 | 21442 | 21444 | 21445 | 21446 | 21447 | 21448 | 21449 |
| 146 | 21450 | 21451 | 21452 | 21454 | 21455 | 21456 | 21457 | 21458 | 21459 |
| 147 | 21460 | 21461 | 21462 | 21464 | 21465 | 21466 | 21467 | 21468 | 21469 |
| 148 | 21470 | 21471 | 21472 | 21474 | 21475 | 21476 | 21477 | 21478 | 21479 |
| 149 | 21480 | 21481 | 21482 | 21484 | 21485 | 21486 | 21487 | 21488 | 21489 |
| 150 | 21490 | 21491 | 21492 | 21494 | 21495 | 21496 | 21497 | 2149 | 21499 |


| Data No. |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { Hirder } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { Lorder } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { Lorder } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ |


| 151 | 21500 | 21501 | 21502 | 21504 | 21505 | 21506 | 21507 | 21508 | 21509 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | | 152 | 21510 | 21511 | 21512 | 21514 | 21515 | 21516 | 21517 | 21518 | 21519 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

 \begin{tabular}{ll|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
154 \& 21530 \& 21531 \& 21532 \& 21534 \& 21535 \& 21536 \& 21537 \& 21538 \& 21539 <br>
\hline

 

155 \& 21540 \& 21541 \& 21542 \& 21544 \& 21545 \& 21546 \& 21547 \& 21548 \& 21549 <br>
\hline

 

156 \& 21550 \& 21551 \& 21552 \& 21554 \& 21555 \& 21556 \& 21557 \& 21558 \& 21559 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

 | 158 | 21570 | 21571 | 21572 | 21574 | 21575 | 21576 | 21577 | 21578 | 21579 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

 \begin{tabular}{l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
160 \& 21590 \& 21591 \& 21592 \& 21594 \& 21595 \& 21596 \& 21597 \& 21598 \& 21599 <br>
\hline

 

161 \& 21600 \& 21601 \& 21602 \& 21604 \& 21605 \& 21606 \& 21607 \& 21608 \& 21609 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}




 | 165 | 21640 | 21641 | 21642 | 21644 | 21645 | 21646 | 21647 | 21648 | 21649 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

 | 167 | 21660 | 21661 | 21662 | 21664 | 21665 | 21666 | 21667 | 21668 | 21669 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

 \begin{tabular}{l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
169 \& 21680 \& 21681 \& 21682 \& 21684 \& 21685 \& 21686 \& 21687 \& 21688 \& 21689

 

170 \& 21690 \& 21691 \& 21692 \& 21694 \& 21695 \& 21696 \& 21697 \& 21698 \& 21699 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}





 | 175 | 21740 | 21741 | 21742 | 21744 | 21745 | 21746 | 21747 | 21748 | 21749 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



 \begin{tabular}{ll|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
178 \& 21770 \& 21771 \& 21772 \& 21774 \& 21775 \& 21776 \& 21777 \& 21778 \& 21779 <br>
\hline

 

179 \& 21780 \& 21781 \& 21782 \& 21784 \& 21785 \& 21786 \& 21787 \& 21788 \& 21789 <br>
\hline

 

180 \& 21790 \& 21791 \& 21792 \& 21794 \& 21795 \& 21796 \& 21797 \& 21798 \& 21799 <br>
\hline

 

181 \& 21800 \& 21801 \& 21802 \& 21804 \& 21805 \& 21806 \& 21807 \& 21808 \& 21809 <br>
\hline

 

182 \& 21810 \& 21811 \& 21812 \& 21814 \& 21815 \& 21816 \& 21817 \& 21818 \& 21819

 

183 \& 21820 \& 21821 \& 21822 \& 21824 \& 21825 \& 21826 \& 21827 \& 21828 \& 21829

 

184 \& 21830 \& 21831 \& 21832 \& 21834 \& 21835 \& 21836 \& 21837 \& 21838 \& 21839 <br>
\hline

 

185 \& 21840 \& 21841 \& 21842 \& 21844 \& 21845 \& 21846 \& 21847 \& 21848 \& 21849 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}



 \begin{tabular}{ll|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
188 \& 21870 \& 21871 \& 21872 \& 21874 \& 21875 \& 21876 \& 21877 \& 21878 \& 21879 <br>
\hline

 

189 \& 21880 \& 21881 \& 21882 \& 21884 \& 21885 \& 21886 \& 21887 \& 21888 \& 21889 <br>
\hline

 

190 \& 21890 \& 21891 \& 21892 \& 21894 \& 21895 \& 21896 \& 21897 \& 21898 \& 21899 <br>
\hline

 

191 \& 21900 \& 21901 \& 21902 \& 21904 \& 21905 \& 21906 \& 21907 \& 21908 \& 21909 <br>
\hline

 

192 \& 21910 \& 21911 \& 21912 \& 21914 \& 21915 \& 21916 \& 21917 \& 21918 \& 21919 <br>
\hline

 

193 \& 21920 \& 21921 \& 21922 \& 21924 \& 21925 \& 21926 \& 21927 \& 21928 \& 21929 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

 \begin{tabular}{ll|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
195 \& 21940 \& 21941 \& 21942 \& 21944 \& 21945 \& 21946 \& 21947 \& 21948 \& 21949 <br>
\hline

 

196 \& 21950 \& 21951 \& 21952 \& 21954 \& 21955 \& 21956 \& 21957 \& 21958 \& 21959 <br>
\hline

 197 21960 2196121962 21964 21965 21966 21967 21968 21969 

198 \& 21970 \& 21971 \& 21972 \& 21974 \& 21975 \& 21976 \& 21977 \& 21978 \& 21979 <br>
\hline

 

199 \& 21980 \& 21981 \& 21982 \& 21984 \& 21985 \& 21986 \& 21987 \& 21988 \& 21989 <br>
200 \& 21990 \& 1991 \& 21992 \& 21994 \& 1995 \& 21996 \& 21997 \& 21998 \& 21999 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

(4) For axis 4

| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | Loworder | Highorder | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { order } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ |
| 201 | 22000 | 22001 | 22002 | 22004 | 22005 | 22006 | 22007 | 22008 | 22009 |
| 202 | 22010 | 22011 | 22012 | 22014 | 22015 | 22016 | 22017 | 22018 | 22019 |
| 203 | 22020 | 22021 | 22022 | 22024 | 22025 | 22026 | 22027 | 22028 | 22029 |
| 20 | 22030 | 22031 | 22032 | 22034 | 22035 | 22036 | 22037 | 22038 | 22039 |
| 205 | 22040 | 22041 | 22042 | 22044 | 22045 | 22046 | 22047 | 22048 | 22049 |
| 206 | 22050 | 22051 | 22052 | 22054 | 22055 | 22056 | 22057 | 22058 | 22059 |
| 207 | 22060 | 22061 | 22062 | 22064 | 22065 | 22066 | 22067 | 22068 | 22069 |
| 208 | 22070 | 2207 | 22072 | 22074 | 22075 | 22076 | 22077 | 22078 | 22079 |
| 209 | 22080 | 22081 | 22082 | 22084 | 22085 | 22086 | 22087 | 22088 | 22089 |
| 210 | 22090 | 22091 | 22092 | 22094 | 22095 | 22096 | 22097 | 22098 | 22099 |
| 211 | 22100 | 22101 | 22102 | 22104 | 22105 | 22106 | 22107 | 22108 | 22109 |
| 212 | 22110 | 22111 | 22112 | 22114 | 22115 | 22116 | 22117 | 22118 | 22119 |
| 213 | 22120 | 22121 | 22122 | 22124 | 22125 | 22126 | 22127 | 22128 | 22129 |
| 214 | 22130 | 22131 | 22132 | 22134 | 22135 | 22136 | 22137 | 22138 | 22139 |
| 215 | 22140 | 22141 | 22142 | 22144 | 22145 | 22146 | 22147 | 22148 | 22149 |
| 216 | 22150 | 22151 | 22152 | 22154 | 22155 | 22156 | 22157 | 22158 | 22 |
| 21 | 22160 | 22161 | 22162 | 22164 | 22165 | 22166 | 22167 | 22168 | 22 |
| 218 | 22170 | 22171 | 22172 | 22174 | 22175 | 22176 | 22177 | 22178 | 22179 |
| 219 | 22180 | 22181 | 22182 | 22184 | 22185 | 22186 | 22187 | 22188 | 22189 |
| 220 | 22190 | 22191 | 22192 | 22194 | 22195 | 22196 | 22197 | 22198 | 199 |
| 221 | 22200 | 22201 | 22202 | 22204 | 22205 | 22206 | 22207 | 22208 | 222 |
| 222 | 22210 | 22211 | 22212 | 22214 | 22215 | 22216 | 22217 | 22218 | 22219 |
| 223 | 22220 | 22221 | 22222 | 22224 | 22225 | 22226 | 22227 | 22228 | 22229 |
| 224 | 22230 | 22231 | 22232 | 22234 | 22235 | 22236 | 22237 | 22238 | 222 |
| 225 | 22240 | 22241 | 22242 | 22244 | 22245 | 22246 | 22247 | 22248 | 22249 |
| 226 | 22250 | 22251 | 22252 | 22254 | 22255 | 22256 | 22257 | 22258 | 222 |
| 227 | 22260 | 22261 | 22262 | 22264 | 22265 | 22266 | 22267 | 22268 | 22269 |
| 228 | 22270 | 22271 | 22272 | 22274 | 22275 | 22276 | 22277 | 22278 | 222 |
| 229 | 2228 | 2228 | 2228 | 2228 | 22285 | 22286 | 22287 | 22288 | 222 |
| 230 | 22290 | 22291 | 22292 | 22294 | 22295 | 22296 | 22297 | 22298 | 22299 |
| 231 | 22300 | 22301 | 22302 | 22304 | 22305 | 22306 | 22307 | 22308 | 22309 |
| 232 | 22310 | 22311 | 22312 | 22314 | 22315 | 22316 | 22317 | 22318 | 22319 |
| 233 | 22320 | 22321 | 22322 | 22324 | 22325 | 22326 | 22327 | 22328 | 22329 |
| 234 | 22330 | 2233 | 22332 | 2233 | 22335 | 22336 | 22337 | 22338 | 22339 |
| 235 | 22340 | 22341 | 22342 | 22344 | 22345 | 22346 | 22347 | 22348 | 22349 |
| 236 | 22350 | 22351 | 22352 | 22354 | 22355 | 22356 | 22357 | 22358 | 22359 |
| 237 | 22360 | 22361 | 22362 | 22364 | 22365 | 22366 | 22367 | 22368 | 22369 |
| 238 | 22370 | 22371 | 22372 | 22374 | 22375 | 22376 | 22377 | 22378 | 22379 |
| 239 | 22380 | 22381 | 22382 | 22384 | 22385 | 22386 | 22387 | 22388 | 22389 |
| 240 | 22390 | 22391 | 22392 | 22394 | 22395 | 22396 | 22397 | 22398 | 2239 |
| 241 | 22400 | 22401 | 22402 | 22404 | 22405 | 22406 | 22407 | 22408 | 22409 |
| 242 | 22410 | 22411 | 22412 | 22414 | 22415 | 22416 | 22417 | 22418 | 22419 |
| 243 | 22420 | 22421 | 22422 | 22424 | 22425 | 22426 | 22427 | 22428 | 22429 |
| 244 | 22430 | 22431 | 22432 | 22434 | 22435 | 22436 | 22437 | 22438 | 22439 |
| 245 | 22440 | 22441 | 22442 | 22444 | 22445 | 22446 | 22447 | 22448 | 22449 |
| 246 | 22450 | 22451 | 22452 | 22454 | 22455 | 22456 | 22457 | 22458 | 22459 |
| 247 | 22460 | 22461 | 22462 | 22464 | 22465 | 22466 | 22467 | 22468 | 22469 |
| 248 | 22470 | 22471 | 22472 | 22474 | 22475 | 22476 | 22477 | 22478 | 22479 |
| 249 | 22480 | 22481 | 22482 | 22484 | 22485 | 22486 | 22487 | 22488 | 22489 |
| 250 | 22490 | 22491 | 22492 | 22494 | 22495 | 22496 | 22497 | 22498 | 22499 |


| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Loworder | Highorder | Loworder | Highorder | Loworder | Highorder |
| 251 | 22500 | 22501 | 22502 | 22504 | 22505 | 22506 | 22507 | 22508 | 22509 |
| 252 | 22510 | 22511 | 22512 | 22514 | 22515 | 22516 | 22517 | 22518 | 225 |
| 253 | 22520 | 22521 | 22522 | 22524 | 22525 | 22526 | 22527 | 22528 | 225 |
| 254 | 22530 | 22531 | 22532 | 22534 | 22535 | 22536 | 22537 | 22538 | 22539 |
| 255 | 22540 | 22541 | 22542 | 22544 | 22545 | 22546 | 22547 | 22548 | 22549 |
| 256 | 22550 | 22551 | 22552 | 22554 | 22555 | 22556 | 22557 | 22558 | 22559 |
| 257 | 22560 | 22561 | 22562 | 22564 | 22565 | 22566 | 22567 | 22568 | 22 |
| 258 | 22570 | 22571 | 22572 | 22574 | 22575 | 22576 | 22577 | 22578 | 225 |
| 259 | 22580 | 22581 | 22582 | 22584 | 22585 | 22586 | 22587 | 22588 | 22589 |
| 260 | 22590 | 22591 | 22592 | 22594 | 22595 | 22596 | 22597 | 22598 | 225 |
| 261 | 22600 | 22601 | 22602 | 22604 | 22605 | 22606 | 22607 | 22608 | 226 |
| 262 | 22610 | 22611 | 22612 | 22614 | 22615 | 22616 | 22617 | 22618 | 226 |
| 263 | 22620 | 22621 | 22622 | 22624 | 22625 | 22626 | 22627 | 22628 | 22629 |
| 264 | 22630 | 22631 | 22632 | 22634 | 22635 | 22636 | 22637 | 22638 | 22639 |
| 265 | 22640 | 22641 | 22642 | 22644 | 22645 | 22646 | 22647 | 22648 | 49 |
| 26 | 22650 | 22651 | 22652 | 22654 | 22655 | 22656 | 22657 | 22658 | 22659 |
| 267 | 22660 | 22661 | 22662 | 22664 | 22665 | 22666 | 22667 | 22668 | 226 |
| 268 | 22670 | 22671 | 22672 | 22674 | 22675 | 22676 | 22677 | 22678 | 226 |
| 269 | 22680 | 22681 | 22682 | 22684 | 22685 | 22686 | 22687 | 22688 | 22689 |
| 270 | 22690 | 22691 | 22692 | 22694 | 22695 | 22696 | 22697 | 22698 | 22699 |
| 27 | 22700 | 2270 | 22702 | 22 | 22705 | 22706 | 22707 | 22708 | 22709 |
| 272 | 22710 | 22711 | 22712 | 22714 | 22715 | 22716 | 22717 | 22718 | 227 |
| 273 | 22720 | 22721 | 22722 | 22724 | 22725 | 22726 | 22727 | 22728 | 22 |
| 274 | 22730 | 22731 | 22732 | 22734 | 22735 | 22736 | 22737 | 22738 | 22739 |
| 275 | 22740 | 22741 | 22742 | 22744 | 22745 | 22746 | 22747 | 22748 | 22749 |
| 276 | 22750 | 22751 | 22752 | 22754 | 22755 | 22756 | 22757 | 22758 | 22759 |
| 277 | 22760 | 22761 | 22762 | 22764 | 22765 | 22766 | 22767 | 22768 | 22 |
| 278 | 22770 | 2277 | 22772 | 2277 | 22775 | 22776 | 22777 | 22778 | 227 |
| 279 | 22780 | 22781 | 22782 | 22784 | 22785 | 22786 | 22787 | 22788 | 89 |
| 280 | 22790 | 22791 | 22792 | 22794 | 22795 | 22796 | 22797 | 22798 | 22799 |
| 281 | 22800 | 22801 | 22802 | 22804 | 22805 | 22806 | 22807 | 22808 | 2280 |
| 282 | 22810 | 22811 | 22812 | 22814 | 22815 | 22816 | 22817 | 22818 | 2281 |
| 283 | 22820 | 22821 | 22822 | 22824 | 22825 | 22826 | 22827 | 22828 | 228 |
| 28 | 22830 | 2283 | 22832 | 22834 | 22835 | 22836 | 22837 | 22838 | 22839 |
| 285 | 22840 | 22841 | 22842 | 22844 | 22845 | 22846 | 22847 | 22848 | 228 |
| 286 | 22850 | 22851 | 22852 | 22854 | 22855 | 22856 | 22857 | 22858 | 2285 |
| 287 | 22860 | 22861 | 22862 | 22864 | 22865 | 22866 | 22867 | 22868 | 228 |
| 288 | 22870 | 22871 | 22872 | 22874 | 22875 | 22876 | 22877 | 22878 | 22879 |
| 289 | 22880 | 22881 | 22882 | 22884 | 22885 | 22886 | 22887 | 22888 | 2288 |
| 290 | 22890 | 22891 | 22892 | 22894 | 22895 | 22896 | 22897 | 22898 | 22899 |
| 291 | 22900 | 22901 | 22902 | 22904 | 22905 | 22906 | 22907 | 2290 | 229 |
| 292 | 22910 | 22911 | 22912 | 22914 | 22915 | 22916 | 22917 | 22918 | 22919 |
| 293 | 22920 | 22921 | 22922 | 22924 | 22925 | 22926 | 22927 | 22928 | 2292 |
| 294 | 22930 | 22931 | 22932 | 22934 | 22935 | 22936 | 22937 | 22938 | 22939 |
| 295 | 22940 | 22941 | 22942 | 22944 | 22945 | 22946 | 22947 | 22948 | 22949 |
| 296 | 22950 | 22951 | 22952 | 22954 | 22955 | 22956 | 22957 | 22958 | 2295 |
| 297 | 22960 | 22961 | 22962 | 22964 | 22965 | 22966 | 22967 | 22968 | 22969 |
| 298 | 22970 | 22971 | 22972 | 22974 | 22975 | 22976 | 22977 | 22978 | 2297 |
| 299 | 22980 | 22981 | 22982 | 22984 | 22985 | 22986 | 22987 | 22988 | 22989 |
| 300 | 22990 | 22991 | 22992 | 22994 | 22995 | 22996 | 22997 | 22998 | 22999 |

(4) For axis 4

| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Positioning } \\ \text { address } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ |
| 301 | 23000 | 230 | 23 | 23004 | 23005 | 6 | 23007 | 8 | 23009 |
| 302 | 230 | 230 | 230 |  |  | 23016 | 23 | 23 |  |
| 303 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23028 | 23029 |
|  | 23030 | 23 | 23 | 23034 | 23035 | 23036 | 23037 | 23038 |  |
| 305 | 23 | 23041 | 2304 | 23 | 23045 | 23046 | 23047 | 23048 |  |
| 306 | 230 | 23 | 23 | 23054 | 23 | 23 | 23057 | 23058 |  |
| 307 | 230 | 23 | 230 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23068 | 23069 |
| 308 | 23 | 23071 | 23072 | 23074 | 23075 | 23076 | 23 | 23078 | 23079 |
| 309 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23084 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23088 | 23089 |
| 310 | 2309 | 2309 | 2309 | 2309 | 2309 | 2309 | 2309 | 23098 |  |
| 311 | 23 | 23 | 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23114 | 23115 | 23116 | 23117 | 23118 |  |
| 313 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23128 | 23129 |
| 314 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23136 | 23137 | 23138 | 23139 |
| 315 | 231 | 2314 | 23142 | 231 | 2314 | 231 | 231 | 48 |  |
| 316 | 23 | 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 317 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23166 | 2 | 23168 | 23169 |
| 31 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23174 | 23 | 23176 | 23177 | 23178 | 23179 |
| 31 |  | 23 | 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 321 | 23 | 23 | 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 23218 |  |
| 32 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23228 | 23229 |
| 324 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32 | 23 | 23 | 2324 | 23 | 23 | 23246 | 23247 | 248 | 23249 |
| 326 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 327 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23264 | 23265 | 23266 | 23267 | 23268 |  |
| 32 | 23 | 23 | 23 |  |  | 23 |  | 23278 |  |
| 329 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 330 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23298 |  |
| 331 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 332 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 |  |  |  |  |
| 333 |  |  | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23328 |  |
|  | 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23339 |
| 335 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 233 | 233 | 233 | 233 | 23349 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 338 | 23 |  |  |  | 23375 | $23376$ | 23377 | 23378 | 23379 |
| 339 | 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 340 | 23 | 2339 | 23392 | 2339 | 2339 | 2339 | 2339 | 233 | 23399 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 342 |  | 23 | 23 | 23 |  | 23 | 23 | 23418 |  |
| 343 |  | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 2 | 23428 | 23429 |
| 344 |  |  | 23 |  |  |  |  | 23438 |  |
| 345 | 23440 | 23441 | 23442 | 2344 | 23445 | 23446 | 23447 | 2344 | 23449 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 347 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23468 |  |
| 348 | 23470 | 2347 | 23472 | 2347 | 2347 | 2347 | 234 | 234 | 23479 |
| 349 |  |  | 23 | 23 | 234 | 234 | 234 | 23 |  |
| 350 | 23490 | 2349 | 23492 | 2349 | 2349 | 2349 | 2349 | 234 | 234 |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Data } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} M \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dwell } \\ & \text { time } \end{aligned}$ | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { OH- } \\ \text { Lorder } \\ \text { or } \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { aun } \\ \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { order } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |


| 351 | 23500 | 23501 | 23502 | 23504 | 23505 | 23506 | 23507 | 23508 | 23509 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |




 |  | 355 | 23540 | 23541 | 23542 | 23544 | 23545 | 23546 | 23547 | 23548 | 23549 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |





 | 360 | 23590 | 23591 | 23592 | 23594 | 23595 | 23596 | 23597 | 23598 | 23599 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



 | 363 | 23620 | 23621 | 23622 | 23624 | 23625 | 23626 | 23627 | 23628 | 23629 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

 | 365 | 23640 | 23641 | 23642 | 23644 | 23645 | 23646 | 23647 | 23648 | 23649 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | 565 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |










 | 23740 | 23741 | 23742 | 23744 | 23745 | 23746 | 23747 | 23748 | 23749 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



 | 23770 | 23771 | 23772 | 23774 | 23775 | 23776 | 23777 | 23778 | 23779 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

 | 23790 | 23791 | 23792 | 23794 | 23795 | 23796 | 23797 | 23798 | 23799 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

 | 23810 | 23811 | 23812 | 23814 | 23815 | 23816 | 23817 | 23818 | 23819 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |




 | 23850 | 23851 | 23852 | 23854 | 23855 | 23856 | 23857 | 23858 | 23859 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

 \begin{tabular}{ll|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
23870 \& 23871 \& 23872 \& 23874 \& 23875 \& 23876 \& 23877 \& 23878 \& 23879 <br>
\hline

 

23880 \& 23881 \& 23882 \& 23884 \& 23885 \& 23886 \& 23887 \& 23888 \& 23889 <br>
\hline

 

23890 \& 23891 \& 23892 \& 23894 \& 23895 \& 23896 \& 23897 \& 23898 \& 23899 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

 | 23910 | 23911 | 23912 | 23914 | 23915 | 23916 | 23917 | 23918 | 23919 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

 \begin{tabular}{ll|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
394 \& 23930 \& 23931 \& 23932 \& 23934 \& 23935 \& 23936 \& 23937 \& 23938 \& 23939 <br>
\hline

 

395 \& 23940 \& 23941 \& 23942 \& 23944 \& 23945 \& 23946 \& 23947 \& 23948 \& 23949 <br>
\hline \& 2395 \&
\end{tabular}




 | 399 | 23980 | 23981 | 23982 | 23984 | 23985 | 23986 | 23987 | 23988 | 23989 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 400 | 23990 | 23991 | 23992 | 23994 | 23995 | 23996 | 23997 | 2399 | 23999 |

(4) For axis 4

| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Positioning } \\ \text { address } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { Horder } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 401 | 24000 | 240 | 2400 | 24 | 24 | 24006 | 24007 | 8 | 24009 |
| 402 | 24 | 24 | 24 |  |  |  |  | 24018 |  |
| 403 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 24 | 24028 | 24029 |
|  |  |  | 24032 |  | 24035 | 24036 | 24037 | 24038 |  |
| 405 | 24 | 2404 | 2404 | 2404 | 24045 | 24046 | 24047 | 24048 |  |
| 406 | 240 | 240 | 24 | 2 | 24 | 24 | 24057 | 24058 |  |
| 407 | 24 | 24 | 240 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24069 |
| 408 | 24070 | 24 | 24 | 24074 | 24075 | 2 | 24 | 24 | 24079 |
| 409 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 2 | 2 | 24 | 24 | 24088 | 24089 |
| 410 | 240 | 2409 | 2409 | 2409 | 2409 | 2409 | 2409 | 24098 |  |
| 411 | 24 | 24 | 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 412 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24114 | 2 | 24116 | 24117 | 24118 |  |
| 413 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24124 | 24125 | 24126 | 2 | 24128 | 24129 |
| 414 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24134 | 24135 | 24136 | 24137 | 24138 |  |
| 415 | 24 | 2414 | 2414 | 241 | 241 | 241 | 241 | 24148 |  |
| 416 | 24 |  | 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 417 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 2 | 24166 | 2 | 24168 | 24169 |
| 41 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24174 | 24175 | 24176 | 24177 | 24178 |  |
| 419 |  |  | 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 421 | 24 | 2 | 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 422 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 2 | 24215 | 2 | 24217 | 24218 |  |
| 42 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24227 | 24228 | 24229 |
| 424 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42 |  | 24 | 2424 | 24 | 24245 | 24246 | 24247 | 248 | 24249 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 427 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 2 | 24 | 24267 | 24268 |  |
| 42 | 24 | 24 | 24 |  | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24278 |  |
| 42 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 430 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24297 | 24298 |  |
| 431 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 432 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 243 | 24315 |  | 24317 |  |  |
| 433 |  |  | 24 | 243 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24328 |  |
|  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24339 |
| 435 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 243 | 243 | 243 | 43 | 24349 |
| 436 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 438 | 24 |  |  |  | $24$ | $24376$ | 24377 | 24378 | 24379 |
| 439 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 440 | 24390 | 2439 | 24392 | 2439 | 2439 | 2439 | 2439 | 2439 | 24399 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 442 |  |  | 24 |  |  |  |  | 24418 |  |
| 443 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 24428 | 24429 |
| 444 |  |  | 24 |  | 2 |  |  | 24438 |  |
| 445 | 24440 | 2444 | 24442 | 2444 | 24445 | 24446 | 244 | 2444 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 447 | 24460 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 244 | 244 | 24 |  |
| 448 | 24 | 244 | 24472 | 244 | 244 | 244 | 244 | 244 | 24479 |
| 44 |  |  | 2448 | 2448 | 2448 | 244 | 244 | 244 |  |
| 450 | 24490 | 2449 | 24492 | 2449 | 2449 | 24496 | 2449 | 244 | 24 |



| 451 | 24500 | 24501 | 24502 | 24504 | 24505 | 24506 | 24507 | 24508 | 24509 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | | 452 | 24510 | 24511 | 24512 | 24514 | 24515 | 24516 | 24517 | 24518 | 24519 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



 | 455 | 24540 | 24541 | 24542 | 24544 | 24545 | 24546 | 24547 | 24548 | 24549 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



 | 458 | 24570 | 24571 | 24572 | 24574 | 24575 | 24576 | 24577 | 24578 | 24579 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

 | 460 | 24590 | 24591 | 24592 | 24594 | 24595 | 24596 | 24597 | 24598 | 24599 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

 \begin{tabular}{ll|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
462 \& 24610 \& 24611 \& 24612 \& 24614 \& 24615 \& 24616 \& 24617 \& 24618 \& 24619

 

463 \& 24620 \& 24621 \& 24622 \& 24624 \& 24625 \& 24626 \& 24627 \& 24628 \& 24629 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

 | 465 | 24640 | 24641 | 24642 | 24644 | 24645 | 24646 | 24647 | 24648 | 24649 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



 \begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
\hline 8 \& 24670 \& 24671 \& 24672 \& 24674 \& 24675 \& 24676 \& 24677 \& 24678 \& 24679 <br>
\hline

 

469 \& 24680 \& 24681 \& 24682 \& 24684 \& 24685 \& 24686 \& 24687 \& 24688 \& 24689 <br>
\hline

 

470 \& 24690 \& 24691 \& 24692 \& 24694 \& 24695 \& 24696 \& 24697 \& 24698 \& 24699 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

 \begin{tabular}{l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
472 \& 24710 \& 24711 \& 24712 \& 24714 \& 24715 \& 24716 \& 24717 \& 24718 \& 24719 <br>
\hline

 

473 \& 24720 \& 24721 \& 24722 \& 24724 \& 24725 \& 24726 \& 24727 \& 24728 \& 24729 <br>
\hline

 

474 \& 24730 \& 24731 \& 24732 \& 24734 \& 24735 \& 24736 \& 24737 \& 24738 \& 24739 <br>
\hline

 

475 \& 24740 \& 24741 \& 24742 \& 24744 \& 24745 \& 24746 \& 24747 \& 24748 \& 24749 <br>
\hline

 

476 \& 24750 \& 24751 \& 24752 \& 24754 \& 24755 \& 24756 \& 24757 \& 24758 \& 24759 <br>
\hline

 

477 \& 24760 \& 24761 \& 24762 \& 24764 \& 24765 \& 24766 \& 24767 \& 24768 \& 24769

 

478 \& 24770 \& 24771 \& 24772 \& 24774 \& 24775 \& 24776 \& 24777 \& 24778 \& 24779 <br>
\hline

 

479 \& 24780 \& 24781 \& 24782 \& 24784 \& 24785 \& 24786 \& 24787 \& 24788 \& 24789 <br>
\hline

 

480 \& 24790 \& 24791 \& 24792 \& 24794 \& 24795 \& 24796 \& 24797 \& 24798 \& 24799 <br>
\hline

 

481 \& 24800 \& 24801 \& 24802 \& 24804 \& 24805 \& 24806 \& 24807 \& 24808 \& 24809 <br>
\hline

 

482 \& 24810 \& 24811 \& 24812 \& 24814 \& 24815 \& 24816 \& 24817 \& 24818 \& 24819 <br>
\hline

 

483 \& 24820 \& 24821 \& 24822 \& 24824 \& 24825 \& 24826 \& 24827 \& 24828 \& 24829 <br>
\hline

 

484 \& 24830 \& 24831 \& 24832 \& 24834 \& 24835 \& 24836 \& 24837 \& 24838 \& 24839 <br>
\hline

 

\hline 485 \& 24840 \& 24841 \& 24842 \& 24844 \& 24845 \& 24846 \& 24847 \& 24848 \& 24849 <br>
\hline

 

486 \& 24850 \& 24851 \& 24852 \& 24854 \& 24855 \& 24856 \& 24857 \& 24858 \& 24859 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

 \begin{tabular}{ll|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
488 \& 24870 \& 24871 \& 24872 \& 24874 \& 24875 \& 24876 \& 24877 \& 24878 \& 24879 <br>
\hline

 

489 \& 24880 \& 24881 \& 24882 \& 24884 \& 24885 \& 24886 \& 24887 \& 24888 \& 24889 <br>
\hline

 

490 \& 24890 \& 24891 \& 24892 \& 24894 \& 24895 \& 24896 \& 24897 \& 24898 \& 24899 <br>
\hline

 

491 \& 24900 \& 24901 \& 24902 \& 24904 \& 24905 \& 24906 \& 24907 \& 24908 \& 24909 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

 \begin{tabular}{l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
493 \& 24920 \& 24921 \& 24922 \& 24924 \& 24925 \& 24926 \& 24927 \& 24928 \& 24929 <br>
\hline

 

494 \& 24930 \& 24931 \& 24932 \& 24934 \& 24935 \& 24936 \& 24937 \& 24938 \& 24939 <br>
\hline

 

\hline 495 \& 24940 \& 24941 \& 24942 \& 24944 \& 24945 \& 24946 \& 24947 \& 24948 \& 24949 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

 497 24960 2496124962 24964 24965 24966 24967 24968 24969 \begin{tabular}{l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
498 \& 24970 \& 24971 \& 24972 \& 24974 \& 24975 \& 24976 \& 24977 \& 24978 \& 24979 <br>
\hline

 

499 \& 24980 \& 24981 \& 24982 \& 24984 \& 24985 \& 24986 \& 24987 \& 24988 \& 24989 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

(4) For axis 4

| Data No. | Positioning identifier | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Dwell time | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { order } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ | Loworder | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}$ |
| 501 | 25000 | 25001 | 25002 | 25004 | 25005 | 25006 | 25007 | 25008 | 25009 |
| 502 | 25010 | 25011 | 25012 | 25014 | 25015 | 25016 | 25017 | 25018 | 25019 |
| 503 | 25020 | 25021 | 25022 | 25024 | 25025 | 25026 | 25027 | 25028 | 25029 |
| 50 | 25030 | 25031 | 25032 | 25034 | 25035 | 25036 | 25037 | 25038 | 25039 |
| 505 | 25040 | 25041 | 25042 | 25044 | 25045 | 25046 | 25047 | 25048 | 25049 |
| 506 | 25050 | 25051 | 25052 | 25054 | 25055 | 25056 | 25057 | 25058 | 25059 |
| 50 | 25060 | 25061 | 25062 | 25064 | 25065 | 25066 | 25067 | 25068 | 25069 |
| 508 | 25070 | 2507 | 25072 | 25074 | 25075 | 25076 | 25077 | 25078 | 25079 |
| 509 | 25080 | 25081 | 25082 | 25084 | 25085 | 25086 | 25087 | 25088 | 25089 |
| 510 | 25090 | 25091 | 25092 | 25094 | 25095 | 25096 | 25097 | 25098 | 25099 |
| 51 | 25100 | 25101 | 25102 | 25104 | 25105 | 25106 | 25107 | 25108 | 25109 |
| 51 | 25110 | 2511 | 2511 | 251 | 25115 | 25116 | 25117 | 25118 | 25119 |
| 513 | 25120 | 25121 | 25122 | 25124 | 25125 | 25126 | 25127 | 25128 | 25129 |
| 514 | 25130 | 25131 | 25132 | 25134 | 25135 | 25136 | 25137 | 25138 | 25139 |
| 515 | 25140 | 25141 | 25142 | 25144 | 25145 | 25146 | 25147 | 25148 | 25149 |
| 516 | 25150 | 25151 | 25152 | 25154 | 25155 | 25156 | 25157 | 25158 | 25159 |
| 51 | 25160 | 25161 | 25162 | 25164 | 25165 | 25166 | 25167 | 25168 | 25169 |
| 518 | 25170 | 25171 | 25172 | 25174 | 25175 | 25176 | 25177 | 25178 | 25179 |
| 519 | 25180 | 25181 | 25182 | 25184 | 25185 | 25186 | 25187 | 25188 | 25189 |
| 520 | 25190 | 25191 | 25192 | 25194 | 25195 | 25196 | 25197 | 88 | 9 |
| 52 | 25200 | 2520 | 2520 | 2520 | 25205 | 25206 | 25207 | 25208 | 25209 |
| 522 | 25210 | 25211 | 25212 | 25214 | 25215 | 25216 | 25217 | 25218 | 25219 |
| 523 | 25220 | 25221 | 25222 | 25224 | 25225 | 25226 | 25227 | 25228 | 25229 |
| 524 | 25230 | 25231 | 25232 | 25234 | 25235 | 25236 | 25237 | 25238 | 25239 |
| 525 | 25240 | 25241 | 25242 | 25244 | 25245 | 25246 | 25247 | 25248 | 25249 |
| 52 | 25250 | 25251 | 25252 | 25254 | 25255 | 25256 | 25257 | 25258 | 2525 |
| 527 | 25260 | 25261 | 25262 | 25264 | 25265 | 25266 | 25267 | 25268 | 25269 |
| 528 | 25270 | 25271 | 25272 | 25274 | 25275 | 25276 | 25277 | 25278 | 25279 |
| 529 | 25 | 2528 | 2528 | 252 | 25285 | 25286 | 25287 | 25288 | 25289 |
| 530 | 25290 | 25291 | 25292 | 25294 | 25295 | 25296 | 25297 | 25298 | 25299 |
| 531 | 25300 | 25301 | 25302 | 25304 | 25305 | 25306 | 25307 | 25308 | 25309 |
| 532 | 25310 | 25311 | 25312 | 25314 | 25315 | 25316 | 25317 | 25318 | 25319 |
| 533 | 25320 | 25321 | 25322 | 25324 | 25325 | 25326 | 25327 | 25328 | 25329 |
| 534 | 25330 | 25331 | 2533 | 25334 | 25335 | 25336 | 25337 | 25338 | 25339 |
| 535 | 25340 | 25341 | 25342 | 25344 | 25345 | 25346 | 25347 | 25348 | 25349 |
| 536 | 25350 | 25351 | 25352 | 25354 | 25355 | 25356 | 25357 | 25358 | 25359 |
| 537 | 25360 | 25361 | 25362 | 25364 | 25365 | 25366 | 25367 | 25368 | 25369 |
| 538 | 25370 | 25371 | 25372 | 25374 | 25375 | 25376 | 25377 | 25378 | 25379 |
| 539 | 25380 | 25381 | 25382 | 25384 | 25385 | 25386 | 25387 | 25388 | 25389 |
| 540 | 25390 | 25391 | 25392 | 25394 | 25395 | 25396 | 25397 | 25398 | 2539 |
| 541 | 25400 | 25401 | 25402 | 25404 | 25405 | 25406 | 25407 | 25408 | 25409 |
| 542 | 25410 | 25411 | 25412 | 25414 | 25415 | 25416 | 25417 | 25418 | 25419 |
| 543 | 25420 | 25421 | 25422 | 25424 | 25425 | 25426 | 25427 | 25428 | 25429 |
| 544 | 25430 | 25431 | 25432 | 25434 | 25435 | 25436 | 25437 | 25438 | 25439 |
| 545 | 25440 | 25441 | 25442 | 25444 | 25445 | 25446 | 25447 | 25448 | 25449 |
| 546 | 25450 | 25451 | 25452 | 25454 | 25455 | 25456 | 25457 | 25458 | 25459 |
| 547 | 25460 | 25461 | 25462 | 25464 | 25465 | 25466 | 25467 | 25468 | 25469 |
| 548 | 25470 | 25471 | 25472 | 25474 | 25475 | 25476 | 25477 | 25478 | 25479 |
| 549 | 25480 | 25481 | 25482 | 25484 | 25485 | 25486 | 25487 | 25488 | 25489 |
| 550 | 25490 | 25491 | 25492 | 25494 | 25495 | 25496 | 25497 | 25498 | 25499 |


| Data <br> No. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Posi- } \\ \text { tioning } \\ \text { identi- } \\ \text { fier } \end{array}$ | $\underset{\text { code }}{M}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Dwell } \\ \text { time } \end{array}$ | Command speed |  | Positioning address |  | Arc data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Ip- } \\ \text { Lorder } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { High- } \\ \text { order } \end{array} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low- } \\ & \text { Lorder } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { High- } \\ & \text { order } \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { Low- } \\ \text { order } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { hy- } \\ & \text { ter } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| 552 | 25510 | 25511 | 25512 | 25514 | 25515 | 25516 | 25517 | 25518 | 25519 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |




| 555 | 25540 | 25541 | 25542 | 25544 | 25545 | 25546 | 25547 | 25548 | 25549 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 556 | 25550 | 25551 | 25552 | 25554 | 25555 | 25556 | 25557 | 25558 | 25559 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |





| 560 | 25590 | 25591 | 25592 | 25594 | 25595 | 25596 | 25597 | 25598 | 25599 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

 \begin{tabular}{ll|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
562 \& 25610 \& 25611 \& 25612 \& 25614 \& 25615 \& 25616 \& 25617 \& 25618 \& 25619

 

563 \& 25620 \& 25621 \& 25622 \& 25624 \& 25625 \& 25626 \& 25627 \& 25628 \& 25629 <br>
\hline

 

564 \& 25630 \& 25631 \& 25632 \& 25634 \& 25635 \& 25636 \& 25637 \& 25638 \& 25639 <br>
\hline

 

565 \& 25640 \& 25641 \& 25642 \& 25644 \& 25645 \& 25646 \& 25647 \& 25648 \& 25649 <br>
\hline

 

566 \& 25650 \& 25651 \& 25652 \& 25654 \& 25655 \& 25656 \& 25657 \& 25658 \& 25659 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}



 \begin{tabular}{ll|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
25680 \& 25681 \& 25682 \& 25684 \& 25685 \& 25686 \& 25687 \& 25688 \& 25689 <br>
\hline

 

570 \& 25690 \& 25691 \& 25692 \& 25694 \& 25695 \& 25696 \& 25697 \& 25698 \& 25699 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

 \begin{tabular}{ll|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
572 \& 25710 \& 25711 \& 25712 \& 25714 \& 25715 \& 25716 \& 25717 \& 25718 \& 25719 <br>
\hline

 

573 \& 25720 \& 25721 \& 25722 \& 25724 \& 25725 \& 25726 \& 25727 \& 25728 \& 25729 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

 \begin{tabular}{l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
575 \& 25740 \& 25741 \& 25742 \& 25744 \& 25745 \& 25746 \& 25747 \& 25748 \& 25749 <br>
\hline

 

576 \& 25750 \& 25751 \& 25752 \& 25754 \& 25755 \& 25756 \& 25757 \& 25758 \& 25759 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

 \begin{tabular}{ll|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
578 \& 25770 \& 25771 \& 25772 \& 25774 \& 25775 \& 25776 \& 25777 \& 25778 \& 25779 <br>
\hline

 

579 \& 25780 \& 25781 \& 25782 \& 25784 \& 25785 \& 25786 \& 25787 \& 25788 \& 25789 <br>
\hline

 

580 \& 25790 \& 25791 \& 25792 \& 25794 \& 25795 \& 25796 \& 25797 \& 25798 \& 25799 <br>
\hline

 

\hline 51 \& 25800 \& 25801 \& 25802 \& 25804 \& 25805 \& 25806 \& 25807 \& 25808 \& 25809 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}



 \begin{tabular}{ll|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
25830 \& 25831 \& 25832 \& 25834 \& 25835 \& 25836 \& 25837 \& 25838 \& 25839 <br>
\hline

 

25840 \& 25841 \& 25842 \& 25844 \& 25845 \& 25846 \& 25847 \& 25848 \& 25849 <br>
\hline

 

586 \& 25850 \& 25851 \& 25852 \& 25854 \& 25855 \& 25856 \& 25857 \& 25858 \& 25859 <br>
\hline

 

587 \& 25860 \& 25861 \& 25862 \& 25864 \& 25865 \& 25866 \& 25867 \& 25868 \& 25869 <br>
\hline

 

25870 \& 25871 \& 25872 \& 25874 \& 25875 \& 25876 \& 25877 \& 25878 \& 25879 <br>
\hline

 

25880 \& 25881 \& 25882 \& 25884 \& 25885 \& 25886 \& 25887 \& 25888 \& 25889 <br>
\hline

 

25890 \& 25891 \& 25892 \& 25894 \& 25895 \& 25896 \& 25897 \& 25898 \& 25899 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

 | 592 | 25910 | 25911 | 25912 | 25914 | 25915 | 25916 | 25917 | 25918 | 25919 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

 \begin{tabular}{ll|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
594 \& 25930 \& 25931 \& 25932 \& 25934 \& 25935 \& 25936 \& 25937 \& 25938 \& 25939 <br>
\hline

 

595 \& 25940 \& 25941 \& 25942 \& 25944 \& 25945 \& 25946 \& 25947 \& 25948 \& 25949 <br>
\hline

 

596 \& 25950 \& 25951 \& 25952 \& 25954 \& 25955 \& 25956 \& 25957 \& 25958 \& 25959 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}



 | 599 | 25980 | 25981 | 25982 | 25984 | 25985 | 25986 | 25987 | 25988 | 25989 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 600 | 25990 | 25991 | 25992 | 25994 | 25995 | 25996 | 25997 | 25998 | 25999 |

## Appendix 2 Connection with servo amplifiers

## Appendix 2.1 Connection of SSCNETIII cables

Between the LD77MH and servo amplifiers or servo amplifier and servo amplifier connected by SSCNETIII cable.
When absolute position detection control is executed, installed battery (MR-J3BAT) to servo amplifier.

(Note): It cannot communicate with that the connection of CN1A and CN1B is mistaken.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- Be sure to connect SSCNETIII cable with the above connector. If the connection is mistaken, between the LD77MH and servo amplifier cannot be communicated.
SSCNETIII connector to connect the SSCNETIII cable is put a cap to protect light device inside connector from dust. For this reason, do not remove a cap until just before connecting SSCNETIII cable. Then, when removing SSCNETIII cable, make sure to put a cap.
- Keep the cap and the tube for protecting light cord end of SSCNETIII cable in a plastic bag with a zipper of SSCNETIII cable to prevent them from becoming dirty.
- Do not remove the SSCNETIII cable while turning on the power supply of LD77MH and servo amplifier. Do not see directly the light generated from SSCNETIII connector of LD77MH or servo amplifier and the end of SSCNETIII cable. When the light gets into eye, may feel something is wrong for eye. (The light source of SSCNETIII cable complies with class1 defined in JISC6802 or IEC60825-1.)
When exchanging the LD77MH or servo amplifier, make sure to put a cap on SSCNETIII connector. When asking repair of LD77MH or servo amplifier for some troubles, make also sure to put a cap on SSCNETIII connector. When the connector is not put a cap, the light device may be damaged at the transit. In this case, exchange and repair of light device is required.


## Appendix 2.2 Wiring of SSCNET III cables

Generally use the SSCNETIII cables available as our products.
(1) Model explanation

Numeral in the column of cable length on the table is a symbol put in the " $\square$ " part of cable model. Cables of which symbol exists are available.

Table 2.1 SSCNETIII cable list

| Cable model | Cable length [m(ft.)] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Flex life | Application/ remark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 0.15 \\ (0.49) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.3 \\ (0.98) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.5 \\ (1.64) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ (3.28) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ (9.84) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ (16.40) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10 \\ (32.81) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 20 \\ (65.62) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 30 \\ (98.43) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 40 \\ (131.23) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50 \\ (164.04) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| MR-J3BUSDM | 015 | 03 | 05 | 1 | 3 |  | $7$ |  |  |  |  | Standard | Standard cord for inside panel |
| MR-J3BUSDM-A |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 10 | 20 | $7$ | $7$ |  | Standard | Standard cable for outside panel |
| MR-J3BUSDM-B ${ }^{(\text {Note-1) }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30 | 40 | 50 | Long flex | Long distance cable |

(Note-1) : For the cable of less than $30[\mathrm{~m}](98.43[\mathrm{ft}]$.$) , contact your nearest Mitsubishi sales representative.$
(2) Specification

Table 2.2 SSCNETIII cable list

|  |  | Description |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SSCNET[II cable model |  | MR-J3BUSDM |  | MR-J3BUS $\square$ M-A | MR-J3BUS $\square$ M-B |
| SSCNETIII cable length [m(ft.)] |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.15 \\ (0.49) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.3 \text { to } 3 \\ (0.98 \text { to } 9.84) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 \text { to } 20 \\ (16.40 \text { to } 65.62) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 30 \text { to } 50 \\ \text { ( } 98.43 \text { to } 164.04 \text { ) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Optical cable <br> (Cord) | Minimum bend radius [mm(inch)] | 25(0.98) |  | Enforced covering cord: 50 (1.97) Cord: 25 (0.98) | Enforced covering cord: 50 (1.97) <br> Cord: 30(1.18) |
|  | Tension strength [ N ] | 70 | 140 | 420 (Enforced covering cord) | 980 (Enforced covering cord) |
|  | Temperature range for use $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]{ }^{\text {(Note-1) }}$ | $\begin{gathered} -40 \text { to } 80 \\ (-40 \text { to } 176) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & -20 \text { to } 70 \\ & (-4 \text { to } 158) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Ambient | Indoors (no direct sunlight), No solvent or oil |  |  |  |
|  | External appearance [mm(inch)] |  |  |  |  |

(Note-1): This temperature range for use is the value for optical cable (cord) only.
(Note-2): Dimension of connector fiber insert location. The distance of two cords is changed by how to bend it.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION

- Please use the processing method and the processing treatment device that exists in the connector when you fix the cord part of the SSCNETIII cable to the connector.
- It must not cut squarely when you cut the cord part of the SSCNETIII cable, the cutting edge side must not be made smooth, and garbage etc. must not adhere.
- The damage etc. must not adhere to the optical cord part when you peel off the film of the cable of the SSCNETIII cable.
- If the end face of cord tip for the SSCNETIII cable is dirty, optical transmission is interrupted and it may cause malfunctions. If it becomes dirty, wipe with a bonded textile, etc. Do not use solvent such as alcohol.
- Do not add impossible power to the connector of the SSCNETIII cable.

When incinerating the SSCNETIII cable (optical fiber), hydrogen fluoride gas or hydrogen chloride gas which is corrosive and harmful may be generated. For disposal of the SSCNETIII cable (optical fiber), request for specialized industrial waste disposal services who has incineration facility for disposing hydrogen fluoride gas or hydrogen chloride gas.
(a) MR-J3BUSDM

1) Model explanation

| Type: MR-J3BUS $\square$ M - * |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Symbol | Cable type |
|  | None | Standard cord for inside panel |
|  | A | Standard cable for outside panel |
|  | B | Long distance cable |
| Symbol | Cab | e length [m(ft.)] |
| 015 |  | 0.15(0.49) |
| 03 |  | 0.3(0.98) |
| 05 |  | 0.5(1.64) |
| 1 |  | 1(3.28) |
| 3 |  | 3(9.84) |
| 5 |  | 5(16.40) |
| 10 |  | 10(32.81) |
| 20 |  | 20(65.62) |
| 30 |  | 30(98.43) |
| 40 |  | 40(131.23) |
| 50 |  | 50(164.04) |

## 2) Exterior dimensions <br> - MR-J3BUS015M

[Unit : mm(inch)]


- MR-J3BUS03M to MR-J3BUS3M

Refer to the table of this section (1) for cable length (L).

Protective tube (Note)

(Note): Dimension of connector part is the same as that of MR-J3BUS015M.

- MR-J3BUS5M-A to MR-J3BUS20M-A
- MR-J3BUS30M-B to MR-J3BUS50M-B

Refer to the table of this section (1) for cable length (L).

| SSCNET III Cable | Variation [mm(inch)] |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B |
| MR-J3BUS5M-A to MR-J3BUS20M-A | $100(3.94)$ | $30(1.18)$ |
| MR-J3BUS30M-B to MR-J3BUS50M-B | $150(5.91)$ | $50(1.97)$ |


(Note): Dimension of connector part is the same as that of MR-J3BUS015M.

## POINT

Keep the cap and the tube for protecting light cord end of SSCNETIII cable in a plastic bag with a zipper of SSCNETIII cable to prevent them from becoming dirty.
(b) SSCNET III cable connector


## Appendix 3 Connection with external device

## Appendix 3.1 Connector

Mounted onto an external input signal connector of the LD77MH and used for wiring an external device. The "external device connector" includes the following 3 types.

## (1) Connector type

| Type |  | Type |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Connector |  | Connector case |
| Soldering type <br> (LD77MHIOCON) | Quick release metal latch <br> type | $10126-3000$ PE | $10326-52 F 0-008$ |
| Soldering type (Note) | Threaded type | $10126-3000 \mathrm{PE}$ | $10326-52 A 0-008$ |
| Pressure-displacement type <br> (Note) | Quick release metal latch <br> type | $10126-6000 \mathrm{EL}$ | $10326-3210-000$ |

(Note): These connectors are not options. Please purchase them by customer.

## (2) Specifications of the connector

| Part name | Specification |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Applicable connector | Soldering type <br> (Quick release metal latch type/ <br> Threaded type | Pressure-displacement type <br> (Quick release metal latch type) |
| Applicable wire size | AWG24 to AWG30 $\left(0.2\right.$ to $\left.0.05 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ | AWG28 (Stranded, $0.08 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) |

(Note): The external device connector has been prepared. Please purchase them by customer.

Specialized tool

- MDR assembly press for pressure-displacement type

Model name: 10960 (Hand press)

```
                                    10962 (Fixture unit)
                                    :10963 (Fixture block)
                                    10964-1 (Cable clamp (black) 14-50 position)
```

- Contact for the specialized tool: Sumitomo 3M


## (3) External dimension drawing

(a) Soldering type (Quick release metal latch type) (LD77MHIOCON)

[Unit: mm(inch)]

(b) Soldering type (Threaded type)

(c) Pressure-displacement type (Quick release metal latch type)


## Appendix 3.2 External input signal cable

There are no our option in the external input signal cable. The external input signal cable fabricate on the customer side.
(1) Connection diagram

Make the cable as shown in the following connection diagram.
(a) Differential-output type

Make the cable within 30m(98.43ft.).

(Note-1): Ground FG terminal on the used equipment side. Also, connect it to the shell of connector side.

## (b) Voltage-output/Open-collector type <br> Make the cable within $10 \mathrm{~m}(32.81 \mathrm{ft}$.).



1) The following table indicates the external input signal cables used with motion controller and the manual pulse generator. Make selection according to your operating conditions.

Table 3.1 Table of wire specifications

| Wire model | $\begin{gathered} \text { Core size } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mm}^{2}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Number of cores | Characteristics of one core |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Finish OD } \\ & {\left[{ }_{[\mathrm{mm}]}{ }^{\text {Note-2) }}\right.} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Structure <br> [Number of wires $/ \mathrm{mm}$ ] | Conductor resistance [ $\Omega / \mathrm{km}$ ] | Insulating sheath OD $\mathrm{d}[\mathrm{mm}]^{\text {(Note-1) }}$ |  |
| 20276FACBL 7/0.18mm $\times 4 \mathrm{P}$ | AWG25(0.16mm ${ }^{2}$ ) | 8(4 pairs) | 7/0.18TA | 115 | 1.0 | 6.8 |
| 20276FACBL 7/0.18mm $\times 5 \mathrm{P}$ | AWG25(0.16mm ${ }^{2}$ ) | 10(5 pairs) | 7/0.18TA | 115 | 1.0 | 7.3 |

(Note-1): $d$ is as shown below.

(Note-2): Standard OD. Max. OD is about $10 \%$ larger.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION

When fabricating the cable, do not make incorrect connection. Wrong connection will cause runaway or explosion.

## Appendix 4 Comparisons with positioning modules

Appendix 4.1 Comparisons with LD75P/D model

| Item |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 | LD75P4/LD75D4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of control axes |  | 4 | 16 | 4 |
| Number of positioning data items |  | 600/axis |  |  |
| Interpolation functions | 2-axis linear interpolation | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
|  | 3-axis linear interpolation | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
|  | 4-axis linear interpolation | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
|  | 2-axis circular interpolation | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
| Positioning systems | Position control | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
|  | Speed control | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
|  | Speed-position switching control | ( INC/ABS mode) |  |  |
|  | Position-speed switching control | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
| Machine OPR function (OPR method) |  | (5 types) <br> (Near-point dog method, Count method 1) <br> 2), Data set method and scale origin signal detection method) |  | (6 types) <br> (Near-point dog method, Stopper method 1) to 3) and Count method 1) 2)) |
| JOG operation |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
| Inching operation |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
| Manual pulse generator function |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
| Speed-torque control |  |  |  | $\times$ |
| Synchronous control |  |  |  | $\times$ |
| Acceleration/ deceleration processing | Trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
|  | S-curve acceleration/deceleration | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
| Acceleration/deceleration time |  | Acceleration time and deceleration time setting possible (4 patterns each) |  |  |
| Compensation |  | Electronic gears, backlash compensation |  |  |
| Error display |  | Error LED |  |  |
| History data (Start, error, warning) |  | Provided (3 types, 16 items/axis) |  |  |
| Data storage destination |  | Flash ROM <br> (battery-less backup) |  |  |
| Connected to servo amplifier |  | SSCNETIII compatible servo amplifier <br> (Upper/lower limit signal, <br> Near-point dog signal) |  | Open collector output system compatible drive unit/differential driver output system compatible drive unit (Pulse signal, servo ON signal, Servo READY signal and Zero point signal) |
| ABS function |  | Absolute position system by parameter setting |  | Absolute position restoration function |
| Follow up function |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\times$ |
| Electronic gears ratio |  | Denominator/numerator(32 bit) |  | Denominator/numerator (16 bit) |
| Absolute positioning system (degree) with unlimited length feed can be configured grantee. |  | Provided |  | None |
| External wiring connection system |  | 26-pin connector |  | 40-pin connector |
| Number of input/output points |  | 32 |  |  |
| Number of module occupied slots |  | 2 |  |  |

$\bigcirc$ : Possible, $\times$ : Not possible

## Appendix 4.2 Differences with QD75MH models

When the sequence program used in the $Q$ series system is used to the $L$ series, refer to the "MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals)".
(1) Differences of performance specifications

| $\qquad$ |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 ${ }^{\text {(Note-1) }}$ |  | QD75MH4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of control axes |  | 4 | 16 |  | 4 |
| Operation cycle [ms] |  | 0.88 | 0.88/1.77 |  | 1.77 |
| Control system | Speed-torque control |  |  |  | $\times$ |
| Synchronous control |  | $O^{\text {(Note-2) }}$ |  |  | $\times$ |
| Starting time (1-axis linear) |  | 0.88 ms (Trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration, S-curve acceleration/ deceleration) | 1.77 ms <br> (Trapezoidal <br> acceleration/deceleration, <br> S-curve acceleration/ deceleration) | Trap S- | idal acceleration/deceleration: 3.5 ms e acceleration/deceleration: 4.0 ms |
| Compatible servo amplifier |  | MR-J3-पB/MR-J3W-पB/MR-J3-पB-RJ006/ MR-J3-■BS/MR-J3-पB-RJ004/ MR-J3-पB-RJ080W ${ }^{\text {(Note-2) }}$ |  |  | B/MR-J3W-DB/MR-J3-पB-RJ006/ R-J3-DBS/MR-J3-DB-RJ004/ MR-J3-DB-RJ080W ${ }^{\text {(Note-3) }}$ |
| Controlled servo parameter group |  | PA, PB, PC, PD, PE, PS $, ~ P F^{(\text {Note-2) }}, \mathrm{Po}^{(\text {Note-2) }}$ |  |  | PA, PB, PC, PD, PE, PS |
| Monitor data refresh cycle [ms] |  | Operation cycle |  | 1.77 | Other than the following |
|  |  | 56.8 | Machine feed value, Feedrate, Axis feedrate, External input signal, Forced stop input |
| Manual pulse generator | Signal input form |  |  | Set "differential-output type" or "voltage-output/opencollector type" by parameter (Pr. 89 ). <br> (Note-2) |  |  | atic recognition of "differential-output "voltage-output/open-collector type" by hardware |
|  | 1 pulse input magnification | 1 to 10000 |  |  | 1 to $1000{ }^{\text {(Note-3) }}$ |
| Machine OPR function (OPR method) |  | 5 types <br> (Near-point dog method, Count method 1) 2), Data set method, Scale origin signal detection method ${ }^{(\text {Note-2) })}$ |  | (Nea | 4 types <br> int dog method, Count method 1) 2), Data set method) |
| External signal selection function |  | External input signal of servo amplifier (FLS, RLS, DOG) |  |  | xternal input signal of QD75MH S, RLS, DOG, STOP, CHG) or rvo amplifier (FLS, RLS, DOG) |
| Torque change function |  | Forward/reverse same setting and individual setting |  |  | rd/reverse same setting only ${ }^{\text {(Note-3) }}$ |
| Amplifier-less operation function |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | $\times{ }^{\text {(Note-3) }}$ |
| Virtual servo amplifier function LD77MH16 |  | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\times$ |
| Master-slave operation function |  | $\bigcirc^{\text {(Note-2) }}$ |  |  | $\times$ |
| Mark detection function LD77MH16 |  | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\times$ |
| Optional data monitor function LD77MH16 |  | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\times$ |
| Module error collection function LD77MH16 |  | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\times$ |
| History data <br> (Start, Error, Warning) |  | Information display of "Year ${ }^{(\text {Note-2) }}$, Month ${ }^{\text {(Note-2) }}$,Day ${ }^{\text {(Note-2) }}$, Hour, Minute, Second" |  | Information display of "Hour, Minute, Second" |  |

Differences of performance specifications (Continued)

| Item | Model | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 ${ }^{\text {(Note-1) }}$ | QD75MH4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connection connector |  | LD77MHIOCON: Soldering type |  | A6CON1, A6CON4: Soldering type, Optional A6CON2: Crimp contact type, Optional A6CON3: Pressure-displacement type, Optional |
| Applicable wire size |  | LD77MHIOCON: AWG24 to AWG30 ( 0.2 to $0.05 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { A6CON1, A6CON4: AWG22 }\left(0.3 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right) \\ & \text { A6CON2: AWG24 }\left(0.2 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right) \\ & \text { A6CON3: AWG28 (Stranded, } \left.0.08 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right) \\ & \text { AWG30 (Solid, } \left.0.05 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 5VDC internal current consumption [A] |  | 0.55 | 0.70 | 0.60 |
| Number of module occupied slots |  |  |  | 1 |
| Outline dimensions [mm(inch)] |  | 90.0(3.54) (H) | $(\mathrm{W}) \times 95.0(3.74)(\mathrm{D})$ | 98.0(3.86) (H)×27.4(1.08) (W)×90.0(3.54) (D) |
| Mass [kg] |  | 0.22 |  | 0.16 |
| External command signal | Switching signal | DI signal (External start or speed-position switching can be selected by parameter.) |  | CHG signal (External start or speed-position switching can be selected by parameter.) |

$\bigcirc$ : Possible, $\times$ : Not possible
(Note-1): LD77MH16 cannot be used with GX Configurator-QP.
(Note-2): Use GX Works2 to use this setting in LD77MH4. (Not supported with GX Configurator-QP.)
(Note-3):These functions are equal to the LD77MH's specification in the following version of QD75MH.
Rating plate: 110720000000000-B or more, Product information: 110520000000000-B or more

## (2) Differences of function

(a) Added functions

| Functions | Remarks |
| :--- | :--- |
| Scale origin signal detection method OPR | Refer to Section 8.2.7 |
| Speed-torque control | Refer to Section 12.1 |
| Virtual servo amplifier function LD77MH16 | Refer to Section 14.8 |
| Master-slave operation function | Refer to Section 14.9 |
| Mark detection function LD77MH16 | Refer to Section 14.10 |
| Optional data monitor function LD77MH16 | Refer to Section 14.11 |
| Module error collection function LD77MH16 | Refer to Section 14.12 |

(b) Changed functions

| Function | Description | Specification |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 | QD75MH4 |
| Pr. 22 Input signal logic selection | Range of setting value | b0: Lower limit <br> b1: Upper limit <br> b4: External command/switching signal <br> b6: Near-point dog signal <br> b8: Manual pulse generator input |  | b0: Lower limit <br> b1: Upper limit <br> b3: Stop signal <br> b4: External command/switching signal <br> b6: Near-point dog signal <br> b8: Manual pulse generator input |
| Pr. 24 Manual pulse generator | Name | Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input selection |  | Manual pulse generator input selection |
| /Incremental synchronous encoder input selection | Range of setting value | 0: A-phase/B-phase multiplied by 4 <br> 2: A-phase/B-phase multiplied by 1 <br> 3: PLS/SIGN |  | 0: A-phase/B-phase multiplied by 4 <br> 1: A-phase/B-phase multiplied by 2 <br> 2: A-phase/B-phase multiplied by 1 <br> 3: PLS/SIGN |
| Pr. 42 External command function selection | Range of setting value | 0: External positioning start <br> 1: External speed change request <br> 2: Speed-position, position-speed switching request <br> 3: Skip request <br> 4: High speed input request |  | 0: External positioning start <br> 1: External speed change request <br> 2: Speed-position, position-speed switching request <br> 3: Skip request |
| Pr. 43 OPR method | Range of setting value | 0 : Near-point dog method <br> 4 : Count method 1) <br> 5 : Count method 2) <br> 6 : Data set method <br> 7: Scale origin signal detection method |  | 0 : Near-point dog method <br> 4 : Count method 1) <br> 5 : Count method 2) <br> 6 : Data set method |
| Pr. 89 Manual pulse generator <br>  /Incremental <br>  synchronous encoder <br> input type selection  | New parameter | 0: Differential-output type <br> 1: Voltage-output/Open-collector type |  | No setting <br> (Automatic recognition by hardware) |
| Pr. 80 <br> External input signal <br> selection | Range of setting value | 1: External input signal of servo amplifier |  | 0: External input signal of QD75MH <br> 1: External input signal of servo amplifier |
| External command signal selection LD77MH16 | New parameter | No parameter setting | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0: Not used } \\ & \text { 1: DI1 } \\ & \text { 2: DI2 } \\ & \text { 3: DI3 } \\ & \text { 4: DI4 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | No parameter setting |
| Pr. 96 Operation cycle setting <br> LD77MH16 | New parameter | No parameter setting | $\begin{aligned} & 0: 0.88 \mathrm{~ms} \\ & 1: 1.77 \mathrm{~ms} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | No parameter setting |
| Starting history | Information display of starting time | Starting time is displa <br> Day: Hour : Minute : <br> Md. 54 Start Year: month <br> Md. 5 Start Day: hour <br> Md.6. Start Minute: seco | d by "Year : Month : econd". | Starting time is displayed by "Hour, Minute, Second". $\square$ Md. 5 Start Hour |
| Axis error occurrence time | Information display of axis error occurrence time | Occurrence time of ax "Year, Month, Day, H <br> Md. 55 Axis error occurre <br> Md.11 Axis error occurre <br> Md.12 Axis error occurre | error is displayed by <br> ur, Minute, Second". <br> ce (Year: month) <br> ce (Day: hour) <br> ce (Minute: second) | Occurrence time of axis error is displayed by "Hour, Minute, Second". <br> Md. 11 Axis error occurrence (Hour) <br> Md. 12 Axis error occurrence (Minute: second) |

Changed functions (Continued)

| Function | Description | Specification |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 $\quad$ LD77MH16 | QD75MH4 |
| Axis warning occurrence time | Information display of axis warning occurrence time | Occurrence time of axis warning is displayed by "Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minute, Second". $\qquad$ Axis warning occurrence (Year: month) $\square$ <br> Md. 16 <br> Axis warning occurrence (Day: hour) <br> Md. 17 <br> Axis warning occurrence (Minute: second) | Occurrence time of axis warning is displayed by "Hour, Minute, Second". <br> Md. 16 Axis warning occurrence (Hour) <br> Md. 17 Axis warning occurrence (Minute: second) |
| Md. 26 Axis operation status | Range of monitor value | -2: Step standby <br> -1: Error <br> 0: Standby <br> 1: Stopped <br> 2: Interpolation <br> 3: JOG operation <br> 4: Manual pulse generator operation <br> 5: Analyzing <br> 6: Special start standby <br> 7: OPR <br> 8: Position control <br> 9: Speed control <br> 10: Speed control in speed-position switching control <br> 11: Position control in speed-position switching control <br> 12: Position control in position-speed switching control <br> 13: Speed control in position-speed switching control <br> 20: Servo amplifier has not been connected/servo amplifier power OFF <br> 21: Servo OFF <br> 30: Control mode switch <br> 31: Speed control <br> 32: Torque control | -2: Step standby <br> -1: Error <br> 0: Standby <br> 1: Stopped <br> 2: Interpolation <br> 3: JOG operation <br> 4: Manual pulse generator operation <br> 5: Analyzing <br> 6: Special start standby <br> 7: OPR <br> 8: Position control <br> 9: Speed control <br> 10: Speed control in speed-position switching control <br> 11: Position control in speed-position switching control <br> 12: Position control in position-speed switching control <br> 13: Speed control in position-speed switching control <br> 20: Servo amplifier has not been connected/servo amplifier power OFF <br> 21: Servo OFF |
| Md. 30 External input signal | Range of monitor value | b0: Lower limit signal <br> b1: Upper limit signal <br> b2: Not used <br> b3: Not used <br> b4: External command signal/switching signal <br> b5: Not used <br> b6: Near-point dog signal <br> b7: Not used <br> b8: Not used | b0: Lower limit signal <br> b1: Upper limit signal <br> b2: Not used <br> b3: Stop signal <br> b4: External command signal/switching signal <br> b5: Not used <br> b6: Near-point dog signal <br> b7: Not used <br> b8: Not used |

Changed functions (Continued)

| Function | Description | Specification |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 $\quad$ LD77MH16 | QD75MH4 |
| Md. 31 Status | Range of monitor value | b0: In speed control flag <br> b1: Speed-position switching latch flag <br> b2: Command in-position flag <br> b3: OPR request flag <br> b4: OPR complete flag <br> b5: Position-speed switching latch flag <br> b9: Axis warning detection <br> b10: Speed change 0 flag <br> b12: M code ON LD77MH16 <br> b13: Error detection LD77MH16 <br> b14: Start complete LD77MH16 <br> b15: Positioning complete LD77MH16 | b0: In speed control flag <br> b1: Speed-position switching latch flag <br> b2: Command in-position flag <br> b3: OPR request flag <br> b4: OPR complete flag <br> b5: Position-speed switching latch flag <br> b9: Axis warning detection <br> b10: Speed change 0 flag |
| Md. 47 Positioning data being executed | Storage item | Positioning identifier <br> (Da. 1 to Da. 4 , Da. 5 LD77MH4) <br> Positioning address ( Da.6) <br> Arc address (Da.7) <br> Command speed (Da.8) <br> Dwell time (Da. 9 ) <br> M code (Da.10) <br> Axis to be interpolated ( $\overline{\mathrm{Da.} 20}$ to Da. 22 ) <br> LD77MH16 | Positioning identifier (Da. 1 to Da. 5 ) <br> Positioning address (Da.6) <br> Arc address (Da.7) <br> Command speed (Da.8) <br> Dwell time (Da. 9 ) <br> M code (Da.10) |
| Md. 107 Parameter error No. | Range of monitor value | 1 to 18 $:$ PA01 to PA18 <br> 19 to 63 : PB01 to PB45 <br> 64 to 95 : PC01 to PC32 <br> 96 to $127: ~ P D 01 ~ t o ~ P D 32 ~$  <br> 128 to 167 : PE01 to PE40  <br> 168 to 183 : PF01 to PF16  <br> 184 to 199 : Po01 to Po16  <br> 200 to 231 : PS01 to PS32  <br> 232 : PA19 | 1 to 18 : PA01 to PA18 <br> 19 to 63 : PB01 to PB45 <br> 64 to 95 : PC01 to PC32 <br> 96 to 127 : PD01 to PD32 |
|  |  | Low-order buffer memory <br> b0: Zero point pass <br> b3: Zero speed <br> b4: Speed limit <br> b8: PID control | Low-order buffer memory <br> b0: Zero point pass <br> b3: Zero speed |
| Md. 108 Servo status | Range of monitor value | High-order buffer memory b0: READY ON <br> b1: Servo ON <br> b2, b3: Control mode <br> b7: Servo alarm <br> b12: In-position <br> b13: Torque limit <br> b14: Absolute position lost <br> b15: Servo warning | High-order buffer memory <br> b0: READY ON <br> b1: Servo ON <br> b7: Servo alarm <br> b12: In-position <br> b13: Torque limit <br> b14: Absolute position lost <br> b15: Servo warning |
| Md. 109 Regenerative load ratio/Optional data monitor output 1 |  | Regenerative load ratio/Optional data monitor output 1 | Regenerative load ratio |
| Md. 110 Effective load torque/ Optional data monitor output 2 |  | Effective load torque/Optional data monitor output 2 | Effective load torque |

Changed functions (Continued)

| Function | Description | Specification |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 | QD75MH4 |
| Peak torque ratio/ Optional data monitor output 3 | Name | Peak torque ratio/Optional data monitor output 3 |  | Peak torque ratio |
| Md. 112 Optional data monitor output 4 <br> LD77MH16 | New monitor data | No monitor data | Content set in " Pr. 94 Optional data monitor: Data type setting 4" is displayed. | No monitor data |
| Md. 113 Semi/Fully closed loop <br> status | Buffer memory address | Axis 1: 887 <br> Axis 2: 987 <br> Axis 3: 1087 <br> Axis 4: 1187 | Axis 1: 2487 <br> Axis 2: 2587 <br> Axis 3: 2687 <br> Axis 4: 2787 <br> to <br> Axis 16: 3987 | Axis 1: 881 <br> Axis 2: 981 <br> Axis 3: 1081 <br> Axis 4: 1181 |
| Md. 132 Operation cycle setting LD77MH16 | New monitor data | No monitor data | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0: 0.88 \mathrm{~ms} \\ & 1: 1.77 \mathrm{~ms} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | No monitor data |
| Md. 133 Operation cycle over <br> flag <br> LD77MH16 |  | No monitor data | 0: OFF <br> 1: ON (Operation cycle over occurred.) | No monitor data |
| Md. 134 Operation time |  | Operation time [ $\mu \mathrm{s}$ ] |  | No monitor data |
| Md. 135 Maximum operation time |  | Maximum operation time [ $\mu \mathrm{s}$ ] |  | No monitor data |
| Cd. 43 Simultaneous starting $\quad$ axis LD77MH16 | New control data | No control data | Number of simultaneous starting axes 2 to 4: 2 axes to 4 axes Simultaneous starting axis No. <br> 0 to F: Axis 1 to Axis 16 | No control data |
| Cd. 30 Simultaneous starting own axis start data No. | Name | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 1 start data No.) | Cd. 30 Simultaneous starting own axis start data No. | Cd. 30 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 1 start data No.) |
| Cd. 31 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 1 |  | Cd. 31 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 2 start data No.) | Cd. 31 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 1 | Cd. 31 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 2 start data No.) |
| Cd. 32 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 2 |  | Cd. 32 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 3 start data No.) | Cd. 32 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 2 | Cd. 32 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 3 start data No.) |
| Cd. 33 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 2 |  | Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 4 start data No.) | Cd. 33 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 3 | Cd. 33 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 4 start data No.) |
| Axis stop | Input/output signal | Y4 to Y7 | Cd. 180 Axis stop | Y4 to Y7 |
| Forward run JOG start |  | Y8, YA, YC, YE | Cd. 181 Forward run JOG start | Y8, YA, YC, YE |
| Reverse run JOG start |  | Y9, YB, YD, YF | Cd. 182 Reverse run JOG start | Y9, YB, YD, YF |
| Execution prohibition flag |  | Y14 to Y17 | Cd. 183 <br>  <br> flag | Y14 to Y17 |
| Axis to be interpolated | Item of buffer memory | Da.5 Axis to be interpolated | Da. 20 Axis to be interpolated <br> No. 1  | Da. 5 Axis to be interpolated |

Changed functions (Continued)

| Function | Description | Specification |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LD77MH4 | QD75MH4 |
| Da. 16 Condition operator | Range of setting value | $\begin{aligned} & 01:{ }^{* *}=\mathrm{P} 1 \\ & 02: * * \neq \mathrm{P} 1 \\ & 03:{ }^{* *} \leq \mathrm{P} 1 \\ & 04:{ }^{* *} \geq \mathrm{P} 1 \\ & 05: \mathrm{P} 1 \leq^{* *} \leq \mathrm{P} 2 \\ & 06:{ }^{* *} \leq \mathrm{P} 1, \mathrm{P} 2 \leq^{* *} \\ & 07: \mathrm{DEV}=\mathrm{ON} \\ & 08: \mathrm{DEV}=\mathrm{OFF} \\ & 10: \text { Axis } 1 \text { selected } \\ & 20: \text { Axis } 2 \text { selected } \\ & 30: \text { Axis } 1 \text { and } 2 \text { selected } \\ & 40: \text { Axis } 3 \text { selected } \\ & 50: \text { Axis } 1 \text { and } 3 \text { selected } \\ & 60: \text { Axis } 2 \text { and } 3 \text { selected } \\ & 70: \text { Axis } 1,2 \text { and } 3 \text { selected } \\ & 80: \text { Axis } 4 \text { selected } \\ & 90: \text { Axis } 1 \text { and } 4 \text { selected } \\ & \text { A0: Axis } 2 \text { and } 4 \text { selected } \\ & \text { B0: Axis } 1,2 \text { and } 4 \text { selected } \\ & \text { C0: Axis } 3 \text { and } 4 \text { selected } \\ & \text { D0: Axis } 1,3 \text { and } 4 \text { selected } \\ & \text { E0: Axis } 2,3 \text { and } 4 \text { selected } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 01: ~ \\ & \text { 02: }=\mathrm{P} 1 \\ & \text { 03: } \neq \mathrm{P} 1 \\ & 0 * \leq \mathrm{P} 1 \\ & 04: ~ \end{aligned}$ <br> 05: P1 $\leq * * P 2$ <br> 06: ** $\leq \mathrm{P} 1, \mathrm{P} 2 \leq^{* *}$ <br> 07: DEV=ON <br> 08: DEV=OFF <br> 10: Axis 1 selected <br> 20: Axis 2 selected <br> 30: Axis 1 and 2 selected <br> 40: Axis 3 selected <br> 50: Axis 1 and 3 selected <br> 60: Axis 2 and 3 selected <br> 70: Axis 1, 2 and 3 selected <br> 80: Axis 4 selected <br> 90: Axis 1 and 4 selected <br> A0: Axis 2 and 4 selected <br> B0: Axis 1, 2 and 4 selected <br> CO: Axis 3 and 4 selected <br> D0: Axis 1,3 and 4 selected <br> E0: Axis 2,3 and 4 selected |
| Da. 18 Parameter 1 | Range of setting value | Set by " Da. 16 Condition operator" and " Da. 23 <br> Number of simultaneously starting axes". <br> LD77MH16 | Set by "Da.16 Condition operator". |
| Da. 19 Parameter 2 | Range of setting value | Set by " Da. 16 Condition operator" and " Da. 23 Number of simultaneously starting axes". LD77MH16 | Set by "Da. 16 Condition operator". |
| Da. 23 Number of simultaneously starting axes <br> LD77MH16 | New positioning data | No positioning data$2: 2$ axes  <br>  $\begin{array}{l}\text { 3: } 3 \text { axes } \\ 4: 4 \text { axes }\end{array}$ | No positioning data |
| Da. 24 Simultaneously <br>  starting axis <br>  No. 1 <br> Da.25 Simultaneously <br> starting axis  <br> No. 2  <br> LD77MH16  <br> Da.26 Simultaneously <br> starting axis  <br> No.3  | New positioning data | No positioning data 0: Axis 1 selected <br> 1: Axis 2 selected <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> 3: Axis 3 selected 4 selected <br> 4: Axis 5 selected <br> 5: Axis 6 selected <br> 6: Axis 7 selected 8 selected <br> 8: Axis 9 selected <br> 9: Axis 10 selected <br> A: Axis 11 selected <br> B: Axis 12 selected <br> C: Axis 13 selected <br> D: Axis 14 selected <br> E: Axis 15 selected <br> F: Axis 16 selected | No positioning data |

## Appendix 5 When using GX Works2

Use the "Simple Motion Module Setting Tool" for LD77MH various setting.
The following shows the procedure for positioning operation when GX Works2 is used.


## Appendix 6 When using GX Developer or GX Configurator-QP

This section describes the operation method when GX Developer or GX Configurator-QP is used.

Refer to "MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)" for applicable programming tool's versions.

## REMARK

LD77MH16 cannot be supported with GX Developer and GX Configurator-QP. Use GX Works2 to use LD77MH16.

## Appendix 6.1 Operation of GX Developer

With GX Developer, set the type of the module to be connected and the I/O signal range in the I/O assignment tab of the PLC parameter dialog box.

I/O assignment tab
(1) Operating procedure

1. Open the "L Parameter setting" dialog box.

Parameter $\rightarrow$ [PLC parameter $] \rightarrow[$ I/O assignment $]$

2. Configure settings.

Set the following items.

| Item | Contents |
| :--- | :--- |
| Type | Select "Intelli". |
| Model | Enter the module model name. |
| Points | Select "32point". |
| Start XY | Enter the start I/O number for the positioning module. |

## Appendix 6.2 Operation of GX Configurator-QP

Refer to "GX Configurator-QP Version 2 Operating Manual" for the functions and operation method of GX Configurator-QP.

## Appendix 7 Positioning control troubleshooting

| Trouble type | Questions/Trouble | Remedy | No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parameter | Display reads "FFFFF" when a parameter is read with GX Works2. | The PLC CPU power was turned OFF or the PLC CPU was reset, etc., during flash ROM writing, which deleted the data in the flash ROM. <br> Initialize the parameters, and reset the required parameters. <br> (Refer to Section 14.2 "Parameter initialization function" for details.) | 1 |
|  | How can the parameters be returned to their initial values? | Set the " Cd. 2 Parameter initialization request" to "1". (Refer to Section 14.2 "Parameter initialization function" for details.) | 2 |
|  | A parameter error occurred although the parameter was set correctly by GX Works2. | The parameter may have been overwritten in the sequence program. <br> Review the sequence program. | 3 |
| Hardware stroke limit | The machine overruns if operating at high speeds when the hardware stroke limit range is exceeded. | In the LD77MH, deceleration stops are executed after the machine exceeds hardware stroke limit range. Because of this, more time is required for the deceleration stop as the speed increases, and the overrun becomes larger. (The deceleration time becomes shorter at lower speeds, so the overrun becomes smaller.) | 4 |
|  | When the machine exceeded the hardware stroke limit range, positioning toward inside the range was started, but the machine did not start. | Use a "JOG operation", " Inching operation" or "Manual pulse generator operation" to return the machine to inside the hardware stroke limit range. <br> (When the hardware stroke limit range is exceeded, positioning will not start toward inside the range even when so commanded. Once the range is exceeded, a return to inside the range can only be executed using a "JOG operation", "Inching operation" or "Manual pulse generator operation".) | 5 |
| Degree | Exactly one rotation is required, but the setting range for a "degree" unit setting is "0 to 359.999 ...". <br> Won't the rotation deviate by "0.00...1"? | Designate " 360.000 " in the INC control. The motor will make exactly one rotation. | 6 |
| Movement amount per pulse | If the "movement amount per pulse" is calculated as written in the manual, settings smaller than the basic parameter setting range cannot be carried out. | Set "movement amount per pulse" in the LD77MH using the three parameter values of Pr. 2 to Pr. 4. <br> Try setting the values following the explanations for each parameter. | 7 |
| Override | Will an override setting value written before starting be valid? | It will be valid. | 8 |
|  | During path control, will the override still be valid after the point is passed? | It will still be valid. | 9 |
|  | How can the override be canceled? | Set the " Cd. 13 Positioning operation speed override" to "100". | 10 |


| Trouble type | Questions/Trouble | Remedy | No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acceleration/ deceleration time | How can the deceleration stop time during stopping be shortened using the hardware stroke limit? | Set "1: Sudden stop" in the " Pr. 37 Stop group 1 sudden stop selection", and reduce the setting value of " Pr. 36 Sudden stop deceleration time". | 11 |
|  | The motor does not operate at " 60000 ms " although the acceleration/deceleration time is set to " 60000 ms ". | The value set for the acceleration/deceleration time is the time required for the machine to accelerate from speed "0" to the value set in " Pr. 8 Speed limit value". Because of that, the acceleration/deceleration time will also be shorter than " 60000 ms " if the command speed value is smaller than the " Pr. 8 Speed limit value". (Refer to the explanation for Pr. 9 and Pr. 10 for details.) | 12 |
|  | Can each acceleration/ deceleration time be individually set to trapezoidal or S- curve acceleration/deceleration? | The trapezoidal and S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing is a common setting for all acceleration/deceleration times, so individual setting is not possible. <br> (Refer to Section 13.7.6 "Acceleration/deceleration processing function".) | 13 |
|  | The machine starts and stops suddenly when carrying out JOG operations and positioning operations. | Review the parameter settings for acceleration/ deceleration time, speed limit value, JOG speed limit value, JOG acceleration/deceleration time, etc. | 14 |
| Positional deviation | The physical position deviates from the commanded position, although the positioning is complete (and the monitored current position is correct). | If the deviation counter value is not " 0 ", the servo side is still moving. Increase the torque. | 15 |
| Electronic gear | A setting of " $1[\mu \mathrm{~m}]=1[\mathrm{PLS}]$ " is required in the following system. <br> - Ball screw pitch = 10[mm] <br> - Number of feedback pulses = 262144[PLS] | In this case, the following values will result. <br> - Number of pulses per rotation $=262144$ <br> - Movement amount per rotation $=10000$ <br> - Unit magnification = 10 <br> Therefore, the "Movement amount per pulse" will become " $0.0381 \mu \mathrm{~m} "$. <br> This value is fixed by the machine system, so it cannot be changed. <br> Thus, the setting " $1[\mu \mathrm{~m}]=1[\mathrm{PLS}]$ " cannot be achieved. | 16 |
| Error compensation | The machine only moves to "10081230", although positioning with a command value of "10081234" carried out. <br> How can the error be compensated? <br> The following values are currently set. <br> - " Pr. 2 Number of pulses per rotation (AP)" = 262144[PLS] <br> - " Pr. 3 Movement amount per rotation $(\mathrm{AL}) "=8000[\mu \mathrm{~m}]$ | Reset Pr. 3 and Pr. 2 in the following order. <br> 1) Calculate " $\frac{262144}{8000} \times \frac{10081234}{10081230}$ ". <br> 2) Obtain the reduced value. <br> 3) Set the numerator in "Pr. 3 Movement amount per rotation (AL)", and the denominator in " Pr. 2 Number of pulses per rotation (AP)". | 17 |


| Trouble type | Questions/Trouble | Remedy | No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPR | When carrying out a count-method machine OPR, the message "Leave Sufficient Distance From The OP Position To The Near-Point Dog OFF." appears. Is there a problem <br> if the distance is short? | The near-point dog must be set to turn OFF at a position after the OP is passed. <br> (When the OPR is started on the near-point dog ON in a count-method machine OPR, the machine enters a normal machine OPR operation after returning to the near-point dog OFF region.) <br> (If the near-point dog is turned OFF before the OP, and the machine OPR is started between the near-point dog OFF position and the OP, the machine will mistakenly interpret that its current position is before the near-point dog ON position, and it will pass over the OP and continue moving.) | 18 |
|  | In the near-point dog method machine OPR, the stop positions are not uniform. | Carry out the following measures. <br> 1) Separate the near-point dog signal and zero signal detection positions. <br> 2) Lower the values in " Pr. 46 OPR speed" and " Pr. 47 Creep speed". <br> 3) Confirm whether the zero signal and near-point dog signal turn ON normally. <br> 4) Check that there is no play (backlash) in the machine system. | 19 |
|  | Can the machine OPR be carried out with the OPR retry function when it is started with the nearpoint dog ON and the upper/lower limit OFF? | A "Hardware stroke limit error" will occur and the operation will not be carried out. <br> (The machine will interpret any position where the nearpoint dog is ON as being within the working range, and that the upper/lower limit is ON.) | 20 |
|  | Are ABS and INC positioning possible without carrying out an OPR? | They are possible. <br> In this case, the position where the power is turned ON is handled as the current feed value " 0 ". | 21 |
|  | After an OPR, the OPR request flag sometimes turns ON for no apparent reason. | The OPR request flag turns ON in the following cases. <br> 1) When not using an absolute position system <br> - System power supply on or reset <br> - Servo amplifier power supply on <br> - Machine OPR start <br> 2) When using an absolute position system <br> - When not executing a machine OPR once after system start <br> - Machine OPR start <br> - Erase of an absolute data in LD77MH according to causes, such as battery error (error [1201] occurrence) <br> - Error [2025] (absolute position erase) occurrence (Md. 108 Servo status b14 ON) <br> - Warning [2143] (absolute position counter warning) occurrence (Md. 108 Servo status b14 ON) <br> - When the "Pr. 114 Rotation direction selection" of servo parameter is changed, <br> If no problem is found when the above are checked, then it is possible that the communication is being interrupted by "a fault in the bus cable", "noise influence", etc. | 22 |


| Trouble type | Questions/Trouble | Remedy | No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Start | The positioning start signal [Y10] is kept ON until the BUSY signal is OFF, but is there any problem with turning it OFF before the BUSY signal turns OFF? | After the BUSY signal turns ON, there is no problem with turning [Y10] OFF before the BUSY signal turns OFF. (The LD77MH detects the rising edge (OFF $\rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ ) of the positioning start signal [Y10].) | 23 |
|  | The operation will not start even when the start signal is turned ON. | Check the " Md. 26 Axis operation status" and <br> " Md. 23 Axis error No.". | 24 |
| Stop | How many milliseconds should the axis stop signal ${ }^{(\text {Note })}$ be turned ON for? <br> (Note): <br> LD77MH4: Axis stop signal [Y4] <br> LD77MH16: "Cd. 180 Axis stop" | The signal should be turned ON at 4 ms or more. (If possible, set the signal so it does not turn ON only momentarily, but instead stays ON until the BUSY signal turns OFF. This will keep the stop signal from skipping.) | 25 |
|  | How can a sudden stop be selected? | Set "1: Sudden stop" in the parameter from Pr. 37 to Pr. 39 corresponding to the stop group, and reduce the setting value of " Pr. 36 Sudden stop deceleration time". | 26 |
|  | "Normal deceleration stop" was selected in " Pr. 39 Stop group 3 sudden stop selection", and Y stop was turned ON. If the <br> " Pr. 39 "setting is changed to "sudden stop" during a deceleration stop, and the $Y$ stop signal turns from OFF to ON, will the operation change to a sudden stop from that point? | The operation will not change. <br> Even if the same stop factor is input again during the deceleration stop, it will be ignored. The same deceleration stop process used when the stop signal was first input will be continued. <br> (This also applies for Pr. 37 and Pr. 38 .) | 27 |
| Circular interpolation | ABS system circular interpolation operates normally, but a vertically oblong circle results when INC system circular interpolation is carried out. | The address designation may be incorrect. When carrying out INC system circular interpolation, designate the relative addresses from the starting point of both the center point and end point. | 28 |
| Speed-position switching control | Can the speed be changed during speed control and position control by speed-position switching control? | No. The speed for the speed control and position control cannot be set differently. | 29 |
| JOG operation | Even if the JOG start signal is turned ON, the response until it turns ON is sometimes slow. | Either of the following is possible. <br> 1) The sequence program may be incorrect. Check by creating a test program in which the JOG start signal is turned ON only. <br> 2) If the machine is hitting something when the torque setting is low, it may be trying to move by JOG operation in the opposite direction. In this case, the machine will start moving only after the internal droop pulses have been reached 0 in the counter, even if the JOG start signal has been turned ON. This makes it seem that the response is slow. | 30 |
|  | The operation is not carried out at the set JOG speed, although the speed limit value has not been reached. | Either of the following is possible. <br> 1) The JOG start signal may be chattering. Monitor the JOG start signal to confirm whether it is chattering. (When using the "BUSY signal" in the JOG operation start circuit, check the position of the BUSY signal.) <br> 2) The " Pr. 31 JOG speed limit value" may not be appropriate. Review the setting value and carry out the JOG operation again. | 31 |


| Trouble type | Questions/Trouble | Remedy | No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JOG operation | When a JOG operation is attempted, an error results and the machine does not move. | The " Pr. 31 JOG speed limit value" may be larger than the " Pr. 8 Speed limit value". <br> Review the parameters and carry out the JOG operation again. | 32 |
|  | Why does the positioning complete signal turns ON during the JOG operation? | If a value other than " 0 " is set for " Cd. 16 Inching movement amount", the inching operation is carried out and the positioning complete signal turns ON. <br> Confirm that the " Cd. 16 Inching movement amount" is set to "0". | 33 |
| Manual pulse generator operation | Is it possible to count the pulses when the B phase is set to " 1 ", and only A phase pulses are input? | Possible. <br> Set the " Pr 24 Manual pulse generator input selection" to "3: PLS/ SIGN mode". It is possible to count the pulses when only A phase pulses are input. | 34 |
|  | Can a manual pulse generator other than the Mitsubishi MR-HDP01 be used? | Other manual pulse generators can be used if they conform to Section 3.4 "Specifications of interfaces with external devices." <br> The product warranty by the combination of LD77MH and manual pulse generator other than the MR-HDP01 is not possible. | 35 |
|  | Can one manual pulse generator be operated connected to several LD77MH modules? | This is possible if the system conforms to the electrical specifications. <br> The product warranty by the combination of several LD77MH and one manual pulse generator is not possible. | 36 |
| Current value changing | The BUSY signal is not canceled by the current value changing. How can it be canceled? | The BUSY signal may not be detected if the scan time is long. <br> Use a complete signal to check whether the current value changing has been executed. | 37 |
| LD77 READY signal | The LD77 READY signal does not turn ON even when the PLC READY signal [Y0] is turned ON. | "A parameter error" has occurred. Confirm the error No. in the error history, and correct the parameter. | 38 |
| M code ON signal | Is there any problem with setting an M code ON signal OFF request in the next scan after the M code ON signal ON? | The LD77MH checks the M code ON signal OFF request every operation cycle, so there is a possibility that the M code ON signal OFF may be delayed by a maximum operation cycle after the M code ON signal ON, even if an M code ON signal OFF request is set. | 39 |
| Module | Error 537 (PLC READY signal OFF at positioning start) occurs after the LD77MH is replaced. (The sequence program is the same.) | The internal parameters of the LD77MH may be different. Check if the LD77 READY signal [X0] turns ON when the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns ON. <br> When the PLC READY signal is ON but the LD77 READY signal is OFF, the parameter error has occurred. Check the error code and modify the parameter with the error. | 40 |
| Motor | The motor only rotates in one direction. | The parameter settings on the LD77MH side may not match those on the servo side. Check the parameter settings. | 41 |


| Trouble type | Questions/Trouble | Remedy | No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Error/warning | Error 920 (backlash compensation amount error) occurs even when the backlash compensation value is set to "1". | $0 \leq \frac{\text { Backlash compensation value }}{\text { Movement amount per pulse }} \leq 65535$ <br> Setting is not possible if the above equation is not satisfied. | 42 |
|  | When a JOG operation is attempted, errors such as error 104 (hardware stroke limit+) or error 105 (hardware stroke limit -) occur and the machine does not move. | The hardware stroke limit wiring has probably not been carried out. <br> Refer to Section 13.4.4 "Hardware stroke limit function" for details, and wire accordingly. | 43 |
|  | Error 997 (Speed selection at OP shift error) appears when the PLC READY signal [Y0] turns from OFF to ON. | A value besides " 0 " or "1" may be set in the "Pr. 56 Speed designation during OP shift". <br> Review the set sequence program, and reset the correct parameters. | 44 |
|  | When the start signal was turned ON immediately after the stop signal ON, warning 100 (start during operation) was detected, and the start was ignored. | The LD77MH starts the deceleration stop process when the stop signal ON is detected. Thus, the machine interprets that "positioning is still being executed" immediately after the stop signal ON. Even if the start signal is turned ON at that time, the start request will be ignored and warning 100 will occur. | 45 |
|  | Does warning 500 (deceleration and stop speed change) occur only during "stop deceleration" and "automatically deceleration"? Is there any problem if the operation is continued in that state without resetting the error? | The warning occurs only at those times mentioned at the left. Because this is a warning, there is no problem if the operation can be continued without resetting the error. (When the speed is changed using the override, the new value will not be reflected on the data being executed, but will be reflected from the next start.) | 46 |
| Positioning completion signal | When the position control is carried out, the positioning completion signal is not turned ON. | The positioning may have not been completed properly by the occurrence of the stop factor. <br> Check the axis monitor "Md.26 Axis operation state" after BUSY signal OFF. <br> Stopped : The stop signal is turned ON during positioning. <br> Check the condition of the stop signal (Y stop or external stop) ON. <br> During error occurrence : An error occurred during positioning. <br> Check the cause of error occurrence from " Md. 23 Axis error No.". | 47 |
|  |  | The setting value for detailed parameter 2 "Positioning completion signal output time" is 0 or shorter than scan time. <br> Set the properly detectable time using the sequence program. | 48 |

## Appendix 8 List of buffer memory addresses

The following shows the relation between the buffer memory addresses and the various items.
(Note): Do not use the buffer memory address that not been described here for a "Maker setting".

n: Axis No.-1
O: Compatible $\quad \Delta$ : Partly compatible $\times$ : Not compatible

n : Axis No.-1
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| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Buffer memory address }\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Compatibility of } \\ \text { setting value }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Memory } \\ \text { area }\end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |$]$

n: Axis No.-1
O: Compatible $\quad \Delta$ : Partly compatible $\times$ : Not compatible

| Buffer memory address |  | Compatibility of setting value | Item | Memory area |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  |
| 1200 | 4000 | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 1 In test mode flag |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1206 \\ & 1207 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4006 \\ & 4007 \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 130 OS version |  |  |
| 1208 | 4008 | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 134 Operation time |  |  |
| 1209 | 4009 | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 135 Maximum operation time |  |  |
| 1211 | 4011 | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 131 Digital oscilloscope executing |  |  |
| 1212+5p | 4012+5p | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 3 Start information |  |  |
| 1213+5p | 4013+5p | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 4 Start No. |  |  |
| 1440+p | 4240+p | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 54 Start Year: month तò |  |  |
| 1214+5p | 4014+5p | $\bigcirc$ | Md.5 Start Day: hour |  |  |
| 1215+5p | 4015+5p | $\bigcirc$ | Md.6 Start Minute: second |  |  |
| 1216+5p | 4016+5p | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 7 Error judgment |  |  |
| 1292 | 4092 | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 8 Start history pointer |  |  |
| $1293+4 \mathrm{p}$ | 4093+4p | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 9 Axis in which the error occurred |  |  |
| 1294+4p | 4094+4p | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 10 Axis error No. $\geq$ |  |  |
| 1456+p | 4256+p | $\bigcirc$ | Md.55 Axis error occurrence (Year: month) |  |  |
| 1295+4p | $4095+4 p$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md.11 Axis error occurrence (Day: hour) |  |  |
| 1296+4p | 4096+4p | $\bigcirc$ | Md.12 Axis error occurrence (Minute: second) |  |  |
| 1357 | 4157 | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 13 Error history pointer |  |  |
| $1358+4 \mathrm{p}$ | $4158+4 \mathrm{p}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 14 Axis in which the warning occurred |  |  |
| 1359+4p | 4159+4p | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 15 Axis warning No. |  |  |
| 1472+p | 4272+p | $\bigcirc$ | Md.56 Axis warning occurrence (Year: month) |  |  |
| 1360+4p | 4160+4p | $\bigcirc$ | Md.16 Axis warning occurrence (Day: hour) |  |  |
| $1361+4 \mathrm{p}$ | $4161+4 \mathrm{p}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md.17 Axis warning occurrence (Minute: second) ${ }_{3}^{\text {an }}$ |  |  |
| 1422 | 4222 | $\bigcirc$ | Md.18 Warning history pointer |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1424 \\ & 1425 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4224 \\ & 4225 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 19 Number of write accesses to flash ROM |  |  |
| 1431 | 4231 | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 50 Forced stop input |  |  |
| 1432 | 4232 | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 51 Amplifier-less operation mode status |  |  |
| 1434 | 4234 | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 52 Communication between amplifiers axes searching flag |  |  |
| $\cdots$ | 4238 | $\times$ | Md. 132 Operation cycle setting |  |  |
| $\square$ | 4239 | $\times$ | Md. 133 Operation cycle over flag |  |  |

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- Guide to buffer memory address

In the buffer memory address, "p" in "4012+5p", etc. indicates a pointer No.
Calculate as follows for the buffer memory address corresponding to each pointer No.
(Example) For pointer No. 15
$4012+5 p($ Md. 3 Start information $)=4012+5 \times 15=4087$
$4093+4$ p ( Md. 9 Axis in which the error occurred $)=4093+4 \times 15=4153$

| Buffer memory address |  | Compatibility of setting value | Item | Memory area |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 800+100 n \\ & 801+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2400+100 n \\ & 2401+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 20 Current feed value |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 802+100 \mathrm{n} \\ & 803+100 \mathrm{n} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2402+100 \mathrm{n} \\ & 2403+100 \mathrm{n} \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 21 Machine feed value |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 804+100 n \\ & 805+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2404+100 \mathrm{n} \\ & 2405+100 \mathrm{n} \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 22 Feedrate |  |  |
| 806+100n | 2406+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 23 Axis error No. |  |  |
| 807+100n | 2407+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 24 Axis warning No. |  |  |
| $808+100 n$ | 2408+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 25 Valid M code |  |  |
| $809+100 n$ | 2409+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 26 Axis operation status |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 810+100 n \\ & 811+100 \mathrm{n} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2410+100 n \\ & 2411+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md.27 Current speed |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 812+100 n \\ & 813+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2412+100 n \\ & 2413+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 28 Axis feedrate |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 814+100 n \\ & 815+100 n \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2414+100 n \\ & 2415+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 29 Speed-position switching control positioning amount |  |  |
| 816+100n | 2416+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 30 External input signal |  |  |
| 817+100n | 2417+100n | $\triangle$ | Md. 31 Status |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 818+100 n \\ & 819+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2418+100 n \\ & 2419+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 32 Target value | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\pi}{0} \\ & \frac{\pi}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 820+100 n \\ & 821+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2420+100 n \\ & 2421+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 33 Target speed | 흥 | \% |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 824+100 n \\ & 825+100 n \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2424+100 n \\ & 2425+100 n \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 34 Movement amount after near-point dog ON | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\varphi} \\ & .0 \\ & \underset{x}{x} \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ |
| 826+100n | 2426+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 35 Torque limit stored value/forward torque limit stored value |  |  |
| 827+100n | 2427+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 36 Special start data instruction code setting value |  |  |
| 828+100n | 2428+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 37 Special start data instruction parameter setting value |  |  |
| 829+100n | $2429+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 38 Start positioning data No. setting value. |  |  |
| $830+100 \mathrm{n}$ | 2430+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 39 In speed limit flag |  |  |
| 831+100n | 2431+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 40 In speed change processing flag |  |  |
| 832+100n | 2432+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 41 Special start repetition counter |  |  |
| $833+100 n$ | $2433+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 42 Control system repetition counter |  |  |
| 834+100n | 2434+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 43 Start data pointer being executed |  |  |
| 835+100n | 2435+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 44 Positioning data No. being executed |  |  |
| 836+100n | 2436+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 45 Block No. being executed |  |  |
| 837+100n | 2437+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md.46 Last executed positioning data No. |  |  |

n : Axis No.-1
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| Buffer memory address |  | Compatibility of setting value | Item |  | Memory area |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 838+100n | $2438+100 n$ | $\triangle$ | Md. 47 Positioning data being executed | Positioning identifier |  |  |
| 839+100n | $2439+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | M code |  |  |
| $840+100 n$ | $2440+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | Dwell time |  |  |
| - | $2441+100 n$ | $\times$ |  | Axis to be interpolated |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 842+100 n \\ & 843+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2442+100 n \\ & 2443+100 n \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | Command speed |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 844+100 n \\ & 845+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2444+100 n \\ & 2445+100 n \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | Positioning address |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 846+100 n \\ & 847+100 n \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2446+100 n \\ & 2447+100 n \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | Arc address |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 848+100 n \\ & 849+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2448+100 n \\ & 2449+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 100 OPR re-travel value |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 850+100 n \\ & 851+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2450+100 n \\ & 2451+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md.101 Real current value |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 852+100 n \\ & 853+100 n \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2452+100 n \\ & 2453+100 n \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 102 Deviation counter value |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 854+100 n \\ & 855+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2454+100 n \\ & 2455+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 103 Motor rotation speed |  |  |  |
| 856+100n | $2456+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 104 Motor current value |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 864+100 n \\ & 865+100 n \\ & 866+100 n \\ & 867+100 n \\ & 868+100 n \\ & 869+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2464+100 n \\ & 2465+100 n \\ & 2466+100 n \\ & 2467+100 n \\ & 2468+100 n \\ & 2469+100 n \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 106 Servo amplifier software No. |  |  |  |
| 870+100n | 2470+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 107 Parameter error No. |  |  |  |
| 876+100n | 2476+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 108 Servo status |  |  |  |
| 877+100n | 2477+100n | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |
| 878+100n | 2478+100n | $\triangle$ | Md. 109 Regenerative load ratio/Optional data monitor output 1 |  |  |  |
| $879+100 n$ | $2479+100 n$ | $\triangle$ | Md.110 Effective load torque/Optional data monitor output 2 |  |  |  |
| 880+100n | $2480+100 n$ | $\triangle$ | Md. 111 Peak torque ratio/Optional data monitor output 3 |  |  |  |
| - | $2481+100 n$ | $\times$ | Md. 112 Optional data monitor output 4 |  |  |  |
| $887+100 n$ | 2487+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 113 Semi/Fully closed loop status |  |  |  |
| $888+100 n$ | 2488+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 114 Servo alarm |  |  |  |
| 890+100n | 2490+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md.116 Encoder option information |  |  |  |
| 891+100n | 2491+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 120 Reverse torque limit stored value |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 892+100 n \\ & 893+100 \mathrm{n} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2492+100 n \\ & 2493+100 n \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 122 Speed during command |  |  |  |
| 894+100n | 2494+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 123 Torque during command |  |  |  |
| 899+100n | $2499+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Md. 48 Deceleration start flag |  |  |  |

n : Axis No.-1
○: Compatible $\triangle$ : Partly compatible $\times$ : Not compatible

| Buffer memory address |  | Compatibility of setting value | Item | Memory area |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  |
| 1500+100n | 4300+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 3 Positioning start No. |  |  |
| 1501+100n | 4301+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 4 Positioning starting point No. |  |  |
| 1502+100n | 4302+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 5 Axis error reset |  |  |
| 1503+100n | 4303+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 6 Restart command |  |  |
| 1504+100n | 4304+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 7 M code OFF request |  |  |
| 1505+100n | 4305+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 8 External command valid |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1506+100 n \\ & 1507+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4306+100 n \\ & 4307+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 9 New current value |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1508+100 n \\ & 1509+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4308+100 n \\ & 4309+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 10 New acceleration time value |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1510+100 n \\ & 1511+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4310+100 n \\ & 4311+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 11 New deceleration time value |  |  |
| 1512+100n | $4312+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 12 Acceleration/deceleration time change during speed change, enable/disable selection |  |  |
| 1513+100n | $4313+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 13 Positioning operation speed override |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1514+100 \mathrm{n} \\ & 1515+100 \mathrm{n} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4314+100 \mathrm{n} \\ & 4315+100 \mathrm{n} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 14 New speed value |  |  |
| 1516+100n | $4316+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 15 Speed change request |  |  |
| 1517+100n | $4317+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 16 Inching movement amount |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1518+100 \mathrm{n} \\ & 1519+100 \mathrm{n} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4318+100 n \\ & 4319+100 n \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 17 JOG speed |  |  |
| 1520+100n | $4320+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 18 Interrupt request during continuous operation |  |  |
| 1521+100n | $4321+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 19 OPR request flag OFF request |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1522+100 \mathrm{n} \\ & 1523+100 \mathrm{n} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4322+100 n \\ & 4323+100 n \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 20 Manual pulse generator 1 pulse input magnification |  |  |
| 1524+100n | $4324+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 21 Manual pulse generator enable flag |  |  |
| 1525+100n | $4325+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 22 New torque value/forward new torque value |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1526+100 n \\ & 1527+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4326+100 n \\ & 4327+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 23 Speed-position switching control movement amount change register |  |  |
| 1528+100n | $4328+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 24 Speed-position switching enable flag |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1530+100 n \\ & 1531+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4330+100 n \\ & 4331+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 25 Position-speed switching control speed change register |  |  |
| 1532+100n | $4332+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 26 Position-speed switching enable flag |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1534+100 \mathrm{n} \\ & 1535+100 \mathrm{n} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4334+100 \mathrm{n} \\ & 4335+100 \mathrm{n} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 27 Target position change value (New address) |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1536+100 \mathrm{n} \\ & 1537+100 \mathrm{n} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4336+100 n \\ & 4337+100 n \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 28 Target position change value (New speed) |  |  |
| 1538+100n | $4338+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 29 Target position change request flag |  |  |
| $\cdots$ | 4339+100n | $\times$ | Cd. 43 Simultaneous starting axis |  |  |
| 1540+100n |  | $\times$ | Cd. 30 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 1 start data No.) |  |  |
| $\square$ | 4340+100n |  | Cd. 30 Simultaneous starting own axis start data No. |  |  |

O: Compatible $\Delta$ : Partly compatible $\times$ : Not compatible

Appendices

| Buffer memory address |  | Compatibility of setting value | Item | Memory area |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  |
| 1541+100n |  | $\times$ | Cd. 31 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 2 start data No.) |  |  |
| - | 4341+100n |  | Cd. 31 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 1 |  |  |
| 1542+100n |  | $\times$ | Cd. 32 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 3 start data No.) |  |  |
| , | 4342+100n |  | Cd. 32 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 2 |  |  |
| 1543+100n |  | $\times$ | Cd. 33 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. (axis 4 start data No.) |  |  |
| , | 4343+100n |  | Cd. 33 Simultaneous starting axis start data No. 3 |  |  |
| 1544+100n | 4344+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 34 Step mode |  |  |
| 1545+100n | $4345+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 35 Step valid flag |  |  |
| 1546+100n | 4346+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 36 Step start information |  |  |
| 1547+100n | 4347+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 37 Skip command |  |  |
| 1548+100n | $4348+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 38 Teaching data selection |  |  |
| 1549+100n | 4349+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 39 Teaching positioning data No. |  |  |
| 1550+100n | $4350+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 40 ABS direction in degrees |  |  |
| 1551+100n | 4351+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 100 Servo OFF command |  |  |
| 1552+100n | 4352+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 101 Torque output setting value |  |  |
| 1554+100n | $4354+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 130 Parameter write request |  |  |
| $1555+100 n$ | $4355+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 131 Parameter No. |  |  |
| 1556+100n | 4356+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 132 Change data |  |  |
| $1558+100 n$ | $4358+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 133 Semi/Fully closed loop switching request |  |  |
| 1559+100n | 4359+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 108 Gain changing command |  |  |
| $1563+100 n$ | $4363+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 112 Torque change function switching request |  |  |
| $1564+100 n$ | $4364+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 113 Reverse new torque value |  |  |
| 1565+100n | $4365+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 136 PI-PID switching request |  |  |
| 1574+100n | 4374+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 138 Control mode switching request |  |  |
| 1575+100n | $4375+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 139 Control mode setting |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1576+100 n \\ & 1577+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4376+100 n \\ & 4377+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 140 Command speed at speed control mode |  |  |
| 1578+100n | $4378+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 141 Acceleration time at speed control mode |  |  |
| 1579+100n | $4379+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 142 Deceleration time at speed control mode |  |  |
| 1580+100n | $4380+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 143 Command torque at torque control mode |  |  |
| 1581+100n | 4381+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 144 Torque time constant at torque control mode (Forward direction) |  |  |
| 1582+100n | 4382+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 145 Torque time constant at torque control mode (Reverse direction) |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1584+100 n \\ & 1585+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4384+100 n \\ & 4385+100 n \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 146 Speed limit value at torque control mode |  |  |

n : Axis No.-1
O: Compatible $\quad \Delta$ : Partly compatible $\times$ : Not compatible

| Buffer memory address |  | Compatibility of setting value | Item |  | Memory area |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1900 | 5900 | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 1 Flash ROM write request |  |  |  |
| 1901 | 5901 | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 2 Parameter initialization request |  |  |  |
| 1905 | 5905 | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 41 Deceleration start flag valid |  |  |  |
| 1907 | 5907 | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 42 Stop command processing for deceleration stop selection |  |  |  |
| 1926 | 5926 | $\bigcirc$ | Cd. 137 Amplifier-less operation mode switching request |  |  |  |
|  | $30100+10 n$ | $\times$ | Cd. 180 Axis stop |  |  |  |
| - | $30101+10 n$ | $\times$ | Cd. 181 Forward run JOG start |  |  |  |
| $\cdots$ | 30102+10n | $\times$ | Cd. 182 Reverse run JOG start |  |  |  |
|  | 30103+10n | $\times$ | Cd. 183 Execution prohibition flag |  |  |  |
| 2000+6000n | $6000+1000 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Da. 1 Operation pattern | Positioning identifier | $\stackrel{\Gamma}{i}$ |  |
|  |  | $\bigcirc$ | Da. 2 Control system |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\bigcirc$ | Da.3 Acceleration time No. |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\bigcirc$ | Da. 4 Deceleration time No. |  |  |  |
|  | $2$ | $\times$ | Da. 5 Axis to be interpolated |  |  |  |
| 2001+6000n | 6001+1000n | $\bigcirc$ | Da. 10 M code/condition data No. LEND repetitions | LOOP to |  |  |
| 2002+6000n | $6002+1000 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Da. 9 Dwell time/JUMP destinatio | data No. |  |  |
| - |  |  | Da. 20 Axis to be interpolated No. 1 |  |  |  |
|  | $6003+1000 n$ | $\times$ | Da. 21 Axis to be interpolated No. 2 | Axis to be interpolated |  |  |
|  |  |  | Da. 22 Axis to be interpolated No. 3 |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2004+6000 \mathrm{n} \\ & 2005+6000 \mathrm{n} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6004+1000 n \\ & 6005+1000 n \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Da. 8 Command speed |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2006+6000 \mathrm{n} \\ & 2007+6000 \mathrm{n} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6006+1000 \mathrm{n} \\ & 6007+1000 \mathrm{n} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Da. 6 Positioning address/moveme |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2008+6000 n \\ & 2009+6000 n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6008+1000 n \\ & 6009+1000 n \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Da. 7 Arc address |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 2010+6000 \mathrm{n} \\ \text { to } \\ 2019+6000 \mathrm{n} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 6010+1000 \mathrm{n} \\ \text { to } \\ 6019+1000 \mathrm{n} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\Delta$ | No. 2 |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 2020+6000 \mathrm{n} \\ \text { to } \\ 2029+6000 \mathrm{n} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6020+1000 \mathrm{n} \\ \text { to } \\ 6029+1000 \mathrm{n} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\Delta$ | No. 3 |  |  |  |
| to | to | to | to |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 2990+6000 n \\ \text { to } \\ 2999+6000 \mathrm{n} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 6990+1000 \mathrm{n} \\ \text { to } \\ 6999+1000 \mathrm{n} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\Delta$ | No. 100 |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 3000+6000 \mathrm{n} \\ \text { to } \\ 3009+6000 \mathrm{n} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Set with GX Works2 | $\Delta$ | No. 101 |  |  |  |
| to |  | to | to |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 7990+6000 \mathrm{n} \\ \text { to } \\ 7999+6000 \mathrm{n} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\Delta$ | No. 600 |  |  |  |

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n : Axis No.-1
O: Compatible $\quad \Delta$ : Partly compatible $\times$ : Not compatible

| Buffer memory address |  | Compatibility of setting value | Item | Memory area |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 26600+1000 n \\ \text { to } \\ 2669+1000 n \end{gathered}$ | Set with GX Works2 | $\bigcirc$ | Block start data |  | m 咎 응 |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 26700+1000 n \\ \text { to } \\ 26799+1000 n \end{gathered}$ |  | $\Delta$ | Condition data |  | . |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 26800+1000 n \\ \text { to } \\ 26899+1000 n \end{gathered}$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Block start data |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 26900+1000 \mathrm{n} \\ & \text { to } \\ & 26999+1000 \mathrm{n} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\Delta$ | Condition data |  | 읃 |  |
| 30000 |  | $\bigcirc$ | Condition judgement target data of the condition data |  |  |  |
| to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30099 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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n : Axis No.-1
O: Compatible $\Delta$ : Partly compatible $\times$ : Not compatible

| Buffer memory address |  | Compatibility of setting value | Item | Servo amplifier parameter No. | Memory area |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $30142+200 n$ | 28442+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 142 | PB24 |  |  |
| $30143+200 n$ | 28443+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 143 | PB25 |  |  |
| 30144+200n | 28444+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 144 | PB26 |  |  |
| $30145+200 n$ | 28445+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 145 | PB27 |  |  |
| $30146+200 n$ | 28446+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 146 | PB28 |  |  |
| 30147+200n | 28447+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 147 | PB29 |  |  |
| $30148+200 n$ | $28448+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 148 | PB30 |  |  |
| $30149+200 n$ | 28449+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 149 | PB31 |  |  |
| 30150+200n | 28450+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 150 | PB32 |  |  |
| $30151+200 n$ | 28451+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 151 | PB33 |  |  |
| $30152+200 n$ | 28452+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 152 | PB34 |  |  |
| 30153+200n | 28453+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 153 | PB35 |  |  |
| $30154+200 n$ | 28454+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 154 | PB36 |  |  |
| $30155+200 n$ | 28455+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 155 | PB37 |  |  |
| 30156+200n | 28456+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 156 | PB38 |  |  |
| 30157+200n | 28457+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 157 | PB39 |  |  |
| $30158+200 n$ | 28458+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 158 | PB40 |  |  |
| 30159+200n | 28459+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 159 | PB41 |  |  |
| $30160+200 n$ | 28460+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 160 | PB42 |  |  |
| $30161+200 n$ | 28461+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 161 | PB43 |  |  |
| $30162+200 n$ | $28462+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 162 | PB44 |  | $\stackrel{\text { ® }}{\text { ® }}$ |
| 30163+200n | 28463+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 163 | PB45 |  | $\frac{c_{0}}{\text { \% }}$ |
| $30164+200 n$ | 28464+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 164 | PC01 |  | $\overline{\bar{\circ}}$ |
| $30165+200 n$ | 28465+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 165 | PC02 |  | $\underset{\substack{0}}{0}$ |
| 30166+200n | 28466+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 166 | PC03 |  |  |
| 30167+200n | 28467+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 167 | PC04 |  |  |
| $30168+200 n$ | $28468+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 168 | PC05 |  |  |
| $30169+200 n$ | 28469+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 169 | PC06 |  |  |
| $30170+200 n$ | 28470+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 170 | PC07 |  |  |
| $30171+200 n$ | $28471+100 \mathrm{n}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 171 | PC08 |  |  |
| 30172+200n | 28472+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 172 | PC09 |  |  |
| $30173+200 n$ | 28473+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 173 | PC10 |  |  |
| $30174+200 n$ | 28474+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 174 | PC11 |  |  |
| 30175+200n | 28475+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 175 | PC12 |  |  |
| $30176+200 n$ | 28476+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 176 | PC13 |  |  |
| $30177+200 n$ | 28477+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 177 | PC14 |  |  |
| $30178+200 n$ | $28478+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 178 | PC15 |  |  |
| $30179+200 n$ | 28479+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 179 | PC16 |  |  |
| $30180+200 n$ | 28480+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 180 | PC17 |  |  |
| 30181+200n | 28481+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 181 | PC18 |  |  |
| $30182+200 n$ | $28482+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 182 | PC19 |  |  |
| $30183+200 n$ | 28483+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 183 | PC20 |  |  |
| $30184+200 n$ | 28484+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 184 | PC21 |  |  |
| 30185+200n | 28485+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 185 | PC22 |  |  |

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O: Compatible $\Delta$ : Partly compatible $\times$ : Not compatible

| Buffer memory address |  | Compatibility of setting value | Item | Servo amplifier parameter No. | Memory area |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30186+200n | 28486+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 186 | PC23 |  |  |
| $30187+200 n$ | $28487+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 187 | PC24 |  |  |
| 30188+200n | 28488+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 188 | PC25 | $\stackrel{\square}{\square}$ |  |
| $30189+200 n$ | $28489+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 189 | PC 26 | \% |  |
| $30190+200 n$ | $28490+100 n$ | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 190 | PC 27 | 안 |  |
| $30191+200 n$ | $28491+100 \mathrm{n}$ | 0 | Pr. 191 | PC28 | \% |  |
| $30192+200 n$ | 28492+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 192 | PC29 | . |  |
| $30193+200 n$ | 28493+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 193 | PC30 | $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{0}$ |  |
| $30194+200 n$ | 28494+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 194 | PC31 | $\stackrel{0}{x}$ |  |
| $30195+200 n$ | 28495+100n | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 195 | PC32 |  |  |
| 30196+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 196 | PD01 |  |  |
| 30197+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 197 | PD02 |  |  |
| $30198+200 \mathrm{n}$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 198 | PD03 |  |  |
| 30199+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 199 | PD04 |  |  |
| $30200+200 n$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 200 | PD05 |  |  |
| $30201+200 \mathrm{n}$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 201 | PD06 |  |  |
| $30202+200 n$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 202 | PD07 |  |  |
| $30203+200 n$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 203 | PD08 |  |  |
| 30204+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 204 | PD09 |  |  |
| $30205+200 \mathrm{n}$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 205 | PD10 |  | $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{\text { ¢ }}$ |
| 30206+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 206 | PD11 |  | $\frac{\text { coin }}{}$ |
| $30207+200 n$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 207 | PD12 |  | $\stackrel{\sim}{\circ}$ |
| $30208+200 \mathrm{n}$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 208 | PD13 |  | $\stackrel{3}{8}$ |
| 30209+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 209 | PD14 |  | の |
| $30210+200 n$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 210 | PD15 | \% |  |
| $30211+200 n$ | Set with | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 211 | PD16 | $\stackrel{\text { 으́ }}{\substack{0}}$ |  |
| 30212+200n | GX Works2 | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 212 | PD17 | $\stackrel{ \pm}{\Phi}$ |  |
| $30213+200 n$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 213 | PD18 | 를 |  |
| 30214+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 214 | PD19 | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0}$ |  |
| 30215+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 215 | PD20 | 를 |  |
| 30216+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 216 | PD21 |  |  |
| 30217+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 217 | PD22 |  |  |
| $30218+200 \mathrm{n}$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 218 | PD23 |  |  |
| $30219+200 n$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 219 | PD24 |  |  |
| $30220+200 \mathrm{n}$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 220 | PD25 |  |  |
| $30221+200 n$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 221 | PD26 |  |  |
| 30222+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 222 | PD27 |  |  |
| $30223+200 \mathrm{n}$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 223 | PD28 |  |  |
| 30224+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 224 | PD29 |  |  |
| $30225+200 n$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 225 | PD30 |  |  |
| 30226+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 226 | PD31 |  |  |
| $30227+200 n$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 227 | PD32 |  |  |

n : Axis No.-1
O: Compatible $\quad \Delta$ : Partly compatible $\times$ : Not compatible


| Buffer memory address |  | Compatibility of setting value | Item | Servo amplifier parameter No. | Memory area |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30268+200n | Set with GX Works2 | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 268 | PS01 |  |  |
| $30269+200 n$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 269 | PS02 |  |  |
| 30270+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 270 | PS03 |  |  |
| $30271+200 n$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 271 | PS04 |  |  |
| 30272+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 272 | PS05 |  |  |
| 30273+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 273 | PS06 |  |  |
| 30274+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 274 | PS07 |  |  |
| 30275+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 275 | PS08 |  |  |
| 30276+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 276 | PS09 |  |  |
| 30277+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 277 | PS10 |  |  |
| 30278+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 278 | PS11 |  |  |
| 30279+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 279 | PS12 |  |  |
| $30280+200 \mathrm{n}$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 280 | PS13 |  |  |
| $30281+200 n$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 281 | PS14 |  |  |
| $30282+200 n$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 282 | PS15 |  |  |
| 30283+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 283 | PS16 |  |  |
| 30284+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 284 | PS17 |  |  |
| 30285+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 285 | PS18 |  |  |
| 30286+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 286 | PS19 |  |  |
| 30287+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 287 | PS20 |  |  |
| $30288+200 n$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 288 | PS21 |  |  |
| 30289+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 289 | PS22 |  |  |
| 30290+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 290 | PS23 |  |  |
| $30291+200 \mathrm{n}$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 291 | PS24 |  |  |
| 30292+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 292 | PS25 |  |  |
| 30293+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 293 | PS26 |  |  |
| 30294+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 294 | PS27 |  |  |
| 30295+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 295 | PS28 |  |  |
| 30296+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 296 | PS29 |  |  |
| 30297+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 297 | PS30 |  |  |
| $30298+200 n$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 298 | PS31 |  |  |
| 30299+200n |  | $\bigcirc$ | Pr. 299 | PS32 |  |  |

n: Axis No.-1
O: Compatible $\quad \Delta$ : Partly compatible $\times$ : Not compatible


The following shows the relation between the buffer memory addresses for mark detection function and the various items.
(Note): Do not use the buffer memory address that not been described here for a "Maker setting".

| Buffer memory address |  | Compatibility of setting value | Item |  | Memory area |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD77MH4 | LD77MH16 |  |  |  |  |
| - | $54000+20 k$ | $\times$ | Pr. 800 Mark detection signal setting |  |  |
| - | $54001+20 k$ | $\times$ | Pr. 801 Mark detection signal compensation time |  |  |
| - | $54002+20 k$ | $\times$ | Pr. 802 Mark detection data type |  |  |
| - | 54003+20k | $\times$ | Pr. 803 Mark detection data axis No. |  |  |
| - | $\begin{aligned} & 54004+20 k \\ & 54005+20 k \end{aligned}$ | $\times$ | Pr. 804 Mark detection data buffer memory No. |  |  |
| - | $\begin{aligned} & 54006+20 k \\ & 54007+20 k \end{aligned}$ | $\times$ | Pr. 805 Latch data range upper limit value |  |  |
| - | $\begin{aligned} & 54008+20 k \\ & 54009+20 k \end{aligned}$ | $\times$ | Pr. 806 Latch data range lower limit value |  |  |
| - | 54010+20k | $\times$ | Pr. 807 Mark detection mode setting |  |  |
| - | $54640+10 \mathrm{k}$ | $\times$ | Cd. 800 Number of mark detection clear request |  | Mark detection control data |
| - | $54641+10 \mathrm{k}$ | $\times$ | Cd. 801 Mark detection invalid flag |  |  |
| - | 54960+80k | $\times$ | Md. 800 Number of mark detection counter |  |  |
| - | $\begin{aligned} & 54962+80 k \\ & 54963+80 k \end{aligned}$ | $\times$ | Md. 801 Mark detection data storage area | 1 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 54964+80 k \\ & 54965+80 k \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 2 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 54966+80 k \\ & 54967+80 k \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 3 |  |
|  | to |  |  | to |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 55024+80 k \\ & 55025+80 k \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 32 |  |
| k: Mark detection setting No.-1 |  |  |  |  |  |

Appendix 9 External dimension drawing
[1] LD77MH4

[2] LD77MH16


## MEMO

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## WARRANTY

Please confirm the following product warranty details before using this product.

## 1. Gratis Warranty Term and Gratis Warranty Range

If any faults or defects (hereinafter "Failure") found to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi occurs during use of the product within the gratis warranty term, the product shall be repaired at no cost via the sales representative or Mitsubishi Service Company.
However, if repairs are required onsite at domestic or overseas location, expenses to send an engineer will be solely at the customer's discretion. Mitsubishi shall not be held responsible for any re-commissioning, maintenance, or testing onsite that involves replacement of the failed module.

## [Gratis Warranty Term]

The gratis warranty term of the product shall be for one year after the date of purchase or delivery to a designated place.
Note that after manufacture and shipment from Mitsubishi, the maximum distribution period shall be six (6) months, and the longest gratis warranty term after manufacturing shall be eighteen (18) months. The gratis warranty term of repair parts shall not exceed the gratis warranty term before repairs.

## [Gratis Warranty Range]

(1) The range shall be limited to normal use within the usage state, usage methods and usage environment, etc., which follow the conditions and precautions, etc., given in the instruction manual, user's manual and caution labels on the product.
(2) Even within the gratis warranty term, repairs shall be charged for in the following cases.

1. Failure occurring from inappropriate storage or handling, carelessness or negligence by the user. Failure caused by the user's hardware or software design.
2. Failure caused by unapproved modifications, etc., to the product by the user.
3. When the Mitsubishi product is assembled into a user's device, Failure that could have been avoided if functions or structures, judged as necessary in the legal safety measures the user's device is subject to or as necessary by industry standards, had been provided.
4. Failure that could have been avoided if consumable parts (battery, backlight, fuse, etc.) designated in the instruction manual have been correctly serviced or replaced.
5. Failure caused by external irresistible forces such as fires or abnormal voltages, and Failure caused by force majeure such as earthquakes, lightning, wind and water damage.
6. Failure caused by reasons unpredictable by scientific technology standards at time of shipment from Mitsubishi.
7. Any other failure found to not be the responsibility of Mitsubishi or that admitted not to be so by the user.

## 2. Onerous repair term after discontinuation of production

(1) Mitsubishi shall accept onerous product repairs for seven (7) years after production of the product is discontinued. Discontinuation of production shall be notified with Mitsubishi Technical Bulletins, etc.
(2) Product supply (including repair parts) is not available after production is discontinued.

## 3. Overseas service

Overseas, repairs shall be accepted by Mitsubishi's local overseas FA Center. Note that the repair conditions at each FA Center may differ.

## 4. Exclusion of loss in opportunity and secondary loss from warranty liability

Regardless of the gratis warranty term, Mitsubishi shall not be liable for compensation to damages caused by any cause found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi, loss in opportunity, lost profits incurred to the user by Failures of Mitsubishi products, special damages and secondary damages whether foreseeable or not, compensation for damages to products other than Mitsubishi products, replacement by the user, maintenance of on-site equipment, start-up test run and other tasks.

## 5. Changes in product specifications

The specifications given in the catalogs, manuals or technical documents are subject to change without prior notice.

Microsoft, Windows, Windows NT, and Windows Vista are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and other countries.
Pentium is a trademark of Intel Corporation in the United States and other countries.
Ethernet is a trademark of Xerox Corporation.
All other company names and product names used in this manual are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective companies.

## MELSEC-L LD77MH Simple Motion Module User's Manual <br> Positioning Control

| MODEL | LD77MH-U-S-E |
| :---: | :---: |
| MODEL <br> CODE | 1XB942 |
| IB(NA)-0300172-B(1112)MEE |  |


[^0]:    Section 1 is configured for the following purposes (1) to (5).
    (1) To understand the outline of positioning control, and the LD77MH specifications and functions
    (2) To carry out actual work such as installation and wiring
    (3) To set parameters and data required for positioning control
    (4) To create a sequence program required for positioning control
    (5) To understand the memory configuration and data transmission process

    When diverting any of the program examples introduced in this manual to the actual system, fully verify that there are no problems in the controllability of the target system.

    Read "Section 2" for details on each control.

[^1]:    © : Always set
    O: Set as required (Read "-" when not required.)
    $x$ : Setting not possible
    $\triangle$ : Setting restricted

    - : Setting not required. (This is an irrelevant item, so the set value will be ignored. If the value is the default value or within the setting range, there is no problem.)

[^2]:    * 1: Range of speed limit value when " Pr. 83 Speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to valid: 0 to $2000000000\left(\times 10^{-2}\right.$ degree $/ \mathrm{min}$ )

[^3]:    *: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

[^4]:    -     -         - Calculation example
    ' (Conditions)
    Number of pulses per rotation (AP) : 262144 [PLS]
    Movement amount per rotation (AL) : $5000.0[\mu \mathrm{~m}]$
    Unit magnification (AM) : 1
    (Positioning results)
    Command movement amount (L) : 100 [mm]
    Actual movement amount (L') : 101 [mm]
    (Compensation value)
    

    Number of pulses per rotation (AP') : 262144 ... Pr. 2
    Movement amount per rotation (AL') : 5050.0 .... Pr. 3
    Unit magnification (AM')
    Set the post-compensation " Pr. 2 Number of pulses per rotation (AP')",
    " Pr. 3 Movement amount per rotation (AL')", and " Pr. 4 Unit magnification (AM')" in the parameters, and write them to the LD77MH. The set details are validated at the rising edge (OFF $\rightarrow$ ON) of the PLC READY signal [YO].

[^5]:    *: Refer to Section 5.7 "List of control data" for details on the setting details.

[^6]:    *: Refer to Section 5.6 "List of monitor data" for information on the storage details.

[^7]:    *: Refer to Section 5.2.4 "Detailed parameters 2 " for details on the setting details.

[^8]:    *1: Only the value specified against the axis 1 is valid for the logic selection of external command signal/switching signal (b4).
    *: Refer to Section 5.2 "List of parameters" for the information on detail settings.

